The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 1 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Governor Pleads in Vain for Women

Attempt to Revive Women's 8-Hour Bill Rejected by Illinois Senate.

Springfield, Ill., June 28.—Gov. Lowden's attempt to revive the women's eight-hour bill proved a failure in the senate when the body rejected the proposal.

The state executive sent a special measure to the legislature urging a reduction of hours in this case and called attention to last year's declarations of all political parties for shorter hours for women.

"Clearly, we are committed to legislation which will substantially limit the hours of labor for women employed in industrial pursuits," said Gov. Lowden.

"But it is said that war alters the situation. I submit that if it does alter the situation, it makes this legislation more imperative. England thought at the opening of the war that it was made necessary, because of the war, to increase rather than decrease the number of hours of labor. It has been shown very conclusively by the experience of England that this increase was at the expense of both efficiency and economy.

"The British government last year, after an exhaustive investigation through a very able committee, reached the conclusion that from every standpoint, that of efficiency as well as the health of the women, overtime should be abolished and an eight-hour day established for them. Hence the argument of even temporary necessity fails. Moreover, let us not forget the purpose of this legislation.

"That purpose is to safeguard the future of the nation.

"War must of necessity impair the fatherhood of future generations, doubly important is it then that we take every precaution to protect the mothers of the next generation. I believe that need for legislation limiting the hours of work for women is more imperative than if we were at peace."

CARPENTERS CONTINUE GAINS.

Indianapolis, June 28.—General Secretary Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports these recent gains by affiliates:

Peoria, Ill., wages increased from 60 to 70 cents an hour; the union shop. Nine towns in lower anthracite fields, Pennsylvania, wages increased from 37 to 45 cents an hour. Ennis, Tex., 45 to 50 cents an hour. Quincy, Ill., 50 to 55 cents and the Saturday half-holiday. Evansville, Ind. (mill), 2 1-2 cent increase. Omaha, Neb., from 50 to 52 1-2 cents, May 1; 55 cents, August 1; 57 1-2 cents, November 1, and 60 cents from May 1, 1918, for at least one year. Miles City, Mont., from 62 1-2 to 75 cents. Bremerton, Wash., from $4.50 to $5 a day.

WINNING EIGHT HOURS.

Canton, Ohio, June 28.—Machinists' Union No. 812 is enforcing its demand for an eight-hour day with ten hours' pay. In many of the shops the unorganized have joined with the unionists to improve conditions.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, June 28.—Striking machinists employed by the Manitoba Bridge and Iron Works have returned to work with increased wages.

RETAIL CLERKS STRIKE.

East St. Louis, Ill., June 28.—A general walk-out of retail clerks in this city followed a refusal to raise wages 20 per cent and reduce the hour for closing on Saturday night.

Many of the merchants have since signed the agreement.

Print Paper Panic or Control by U. S.?

Relief of Present Serious Situation Rests Solely With Government.

Announcing failure of its plan to relieve the news print paper situation and predicting a panic crisis unless the government steps in, the federal trade commission has asked Congress to authorize a government pooling scheme to insure both an equitable distribution of the product to consumers and a fair profit to manufacturers. Under the plan of producing the commission states that its efforts to restore competitive conditions in this industry and to arbitrate and to effectively project a fair price for news print paper have failed, and as a war emergency it is urged that Congress pass laws that would provide these plants to be operated on government account and a federal agency established to set a fair price and to effect fair distribution. The Canadian government would be asked to create a similar agency to act jointly with officials in this country in distributing the big Canadian output. If such a Canadian agency were not created, all importations into the United States would be under government supervision.

In its report, the commission indicates as follows the enormous profits to news print paper manufacturers:

"The consumption of news print paper in the United States in 1916 amounted to about 1,775,000 net tons, valued at more than $70,000,000. At the prices now prevailing this tonnage will cost news print consumers in 1917 more than $105,000,000, an increase of $35,000,000, or 50 per cent. Most of this increase will fall upon newspaper publishers. If the average increase in cost of manufacture in 1917 over 1916 is estimated at $10 per ton, which is liberal, one-half of the $35,000,000 increase in paper cost represents additional profits to the manufacturers."

STRIKERS ENJOINED.

Bloomington, Ill., June 28.—Striking street car men have been enjoined by Judge Welty, at the request of the Bloomington & Normal Railway and Light Company, from "interfering with, hindering or obstructing the company's operations." The strikers are debarred from soliciting the public not to patronize the cars.

Bloomington trade unionists protested against this injunction at one of the largest mass meetings ever held in this city.

The strike was called when the company refused to meet a committee of its employes and discharged workers because they joined the union. The company has a union agreement with employed on its lines in other cities.

BUILDING LOCK-OUT ENDS.

Peoria, Ill., June 28.—Carpenters' Union No. 183 has defeated the Carpenter Contractors' Association which locked out these workers because they refused to sign an objectionable contract. Wages are increased to 70 cents an hour and several working conditions are improved. The lock-out affected the entire building industry in this city.

STATE UNIONISTS TO MEET.

Paterson, N. J., June 28.—Officers of the state federation of labor have issued a call for the thirty-ninth annual convention to be held in this city next August.

Teamsters' Union of Tacoma, Wash., has secured a one-year contract with the Team Owners' Association. The union shop and increased wages are agreed to.

Seattle Mayor Will Not Play Favorites

Refuses to Side With Electric Company Against Jitney Bus Men.

Seattle, Wash., June 28.—Mayor Gill has notified the Seattle Electric Company that it can expect no aid from the police department in its battle with jitney bus men. In a letter to the company, the mayor says:

"Not even you would pretend that this fight is being made for the general public's benefit; it is entirely a company affair, and in my opinion the company should employ its own people to get evidence and then go to the prosecuting attorney. In regard to your suggestion that I cause the police officers to require the operators of the vehicles to produce their authority for operating upon the streets of Seattle, your legal staff will tell you that I have no such right, in the first instance. You might as well say that I had the right to compel each of your employes to show me authority for your company to operate whenever I felt like it.

"In order that there may be no misunderstanding, so far as I am concerned, the police force in the future, as in the past, will do its best to try to prevent violations of ordinance provisions by machines, whether operated by jitney men, traction magnates or any one else; but so far as expecting the city police force to redress the real or imaginary legal wrongs accruing to your company through the operation of a statute passed by the state legislature, I am unable to comply with your request."

TAILORS PROGRESSING.

The Journeymen Tailors of this city are fast rehabilitating Local 188. These Washington tailors are waking up. Large and enthusiastic meetings are being held at their hall at 811 E street northwest. Many new members are being enrolled. A successful campaign is on. There is hope and confidence all along the line of this earnest forward movement. D. G. Biggs of the National Union has charge of the work. Extra meetings will be held right along through the summer. These tailors feel that by the opening of the fall season they will have a strong organization.

"Do your bit" by demanding the union label when making a purchase of a suit or pair of trousers.

WON'T WORK ON FARMS.

Boston, June 28.—The government suspended the literacy test of the Burnett immigration law and admitted 250 Portuguese from Cape Verde Islands but these immigrants have refused to work on farms. They came here, they say, to work in munitions factories for $3 and $4 a day, and if they don't get those jobs—no farm life for them.

In the meantime the Portuguese are guests of Uncle Sam.

LESS HOURS FOR WOMEN.

Columbus, Ohio, June 28.—The women's fifty-hour work week will be effective in this state June 29, supplanting the present statute which provides for a fifty-four-hour maximum. The new law was passed by the last legislature and marks another advance by the trade union movement.

WANT 48-HOUR WEEK.

Philadelphia, June 28.—Wool and Carpet Yarn Workers' Union No. 825, the largest affiliate of the United Textile Workers, is demanding a forty-eight-hour week. About 2,500 employes are involved, although suspension of work would be most far reaching, as this is one of the basic branches of the textile industry.

"Freedom for All" Is Duncan's Guide

Cablegram Forwarded to Member of Russian Mission by President Gompers.

President Gompers has forwarded this cablegram to James Duncan, first vice president A. F. of L., and member of the special diplomatic mission of the United States, now in Petrograd:

"Cablegrams from Petrograd published in American newspapers of June 11 contain information that a conference has been called at Petrograd to consider advisability of calling a congress of socialistic bodies and federations of trade unions of the world. The credential issued to you by executive council, American Federation of Labor, authorizes you to participate in such conference, and if invited, you are advised to accept and participate. The American Federation of Labor is the most democratically organized and controlled labor movement in the world, and of course you will insist upon acceptance of fundamental principles of democracy for every country; also the necessity for all the peoples of each country, large and small, to live their own lives and work out their own destiny. The cause for which America entered the war was to safeguard these principles and much as we desire peace, no false notions should prevail. The world cannot longer endure half autocracy and half democracy; either the one or the other will prevail and American labor is in the fight for the destruction of autocracy and for the victorious universal establishment and maintenance of democracy."

SHOP MEN RAISE WAGES.

Columbus, Ohio, June 28.—Federated shop men employed by the Hocking Valley railroad have pried this management loose from wage standards that have been notoriously low and secured an agreement that raises wages 4 cents an hour for all mechanics.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28.—The system federation of the Wabash railroad has secured an agreement for a flat increase of 5 cents an hour and the eight-hour day.

Toronto, Ontario, Canada, June 28.—Federated shop men on the western division of the Canadian Pacific railroad have secured a new agreement and raised wages 6 cents an hour.

STREET CAR STRIKE ENDS.

Springfield, Mo., June 28.—Street Car Men's Union No. 691 has won its strike against the Springfield Traction Company after 252 days of industrial warfare. Wages are increased, seniority rights guaranteed and no discrimination is promised by the company. The strike was waged with unusual vigor and the police records tell its story of methods used by imported strikebreakers and thugs who attempted to terrify the unionists.

LABOR SHARKS THRIVE.

Houston, Tex., June 28.—The "shortage of labor" cry has been taken advantage of by employment sharks in this city who are charged with receiving $10 from individual workmen who are sent to Oklahoma wheat fields only to find that they have been cheated.

PLASTERERS ADVANCE.

Wichita, Kan., June 28.—Every contracting plasterer in this city but one has accepted the new wage scale of Plasterers' Union. Rates are increased 12 1-2 cents an hour and the forty-four-hour week is included.

War Exploiting Will Not Be Tolerated

Street Car Companies Must Bear War Burdens, Says New York Mayor.

New York, June 28.—Mayor Mitchel has notified street car companies in this city that they, too, are expected to bear war burdens instead of exploiting the public.

In a letter to President Shonts of the New York Railways Company, this city's executive, in opposing increased rates, said:

"We have heard no suggestion that during this temporary period of stress the abnormal present profits of the subway be divided with the public. It is currently reported that the Interborough Company has recently declared a quarterly dividend of 5 per cent, thereby placing the company upon a 20 per cent annual dividend basis .

"The whole community, including and not excepting the street railway companies, must bear the burdens of the present war crisis. Perhaps this will entail a temporarily reduced income, but it seems to me that the New York Railways Company may fairly be expected to 'do its bit' and carry its share of the burden with the rest of the country."

In answer to Shonts' plea that increases were necessary to avert bankruptcy, Mayor Mitchel said:

"To my mind it would seem that this appeal for higher rates to avoid bankruptcy is in striking contrast to the attitude of your company at the time of reorganization. The public service commission then sounded notes of warning and endeavored to prevent, to the limit of its authority, the adoption of a financial plan which, in its opinion, was unsound and represented overcapitalization. The public can hardly be blamed because your company paid no heed."

MINERS ON WAR BOARD.

The following trade unionists have been added to the committee on coal production, council of national defense: President White, Vice President Hayes, Secretary-Treasurer Green and Chief Statistician Lewis of the United Mine Workers; President Lord of the mining department, A. F. of L.; John Mitchell, chairman New York state industrial commission, and James Kerwin, secretary to Secretary Wilson of the federal Department of Labor. The United Mine Workers protested against the one-sided make-up of the committee on coal production and certain rules of the committee which, it is now believed will be modified.

MINERS RAISE WAGES.

Seattle, Wash., June 28.—Representatives of the United Mine Workers, district No. 10, and the Washington Coal Operators' Association have agreed on a new wage scale, which includes an advance of 50 cents a day for labor, specified and unspecified, except miners, timbermen and track layers, who will be paid $4.49 a day. Many employes are increased 60 cents a day and proportionate raises are granted to other classes of workers.

LOUIS A. SCHWARZ DIES.

Philadelphia, June 28.—Louis A. Schwarz, secretary-treasurer of the International Photo-Engravers' Union, died in this city. Deceased was forty-seven years old and for years has been active in the trade union movement.

UNIONISTS LOCKED OUT.

Girard, Ohio, June 28.—The A. M. Byers Company discharged officers of the newly-formed union affiliated with the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers. Fellow unionists suspended work as a result.

Chicago Teachers Regain Positions

Organized Workers Stuck Faithfully by Them in Their Fight for Justice.

Chicago, June 28.—Policemen ejected Jacob E. Loeb from headquarters of the local board of education after he was defeated for the office of president of that body.

Chicago, June 28.—By a vote of 14 to 5 the Chicago board of education has voted to reinstate sixty-eight teachers dropped last June. The list includes officers of the teachers' federation. The board had previously passed a rule against trade unionism among the teachers, proposed by President Loeb. Opposition to unions and resistance to salary cuts by the teachers and their refusal to support an educational vocational bill that would only apply to workers' children aroused opponents of this militant organization of teachers, and the Loeb rule was adopted to crush it.

The teachers carried their fight to the state supreme court, which ruled that the board has the right to refuse to employ any one belonging to a trade union. The teachers then withdrew from the Chicago federation of labor and started a movement to secure reinstatement by having the board reverse itself. While the teachers, as an organization, withdrew from the trade union movement because of necessity, the organized workers stuck by them in their fight for justice. Before the final vote, President Loeb, author of the anti-union rule, arose in his purity and hinted of "deals" with union labor and city aldermen.

Member Holpuch, one of the five who opposed reinstatement, was likewise suspicious because his colleagues would not favor a starvation policy against women who believe in unity.

Then, for good measure, the board raised the salary of Supt. of Schools Shoop, who recommended the teachers for re-appointment last year, but was defeated when sixty-eight of them were dismissed.

BREWERY WORKERS ACTIVE.

Tacoma, Wash., June 28.—Organized brewery workers employed in the Columbia plant secured a union shop agreement and the eight-hour day with nine-hours' pay after a four-hours' strike.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 28.—Brewery proprietors in this city and vicinity have signed an agreement with the Brewery Workers' unions which includes all classes of workers. Shop conditions are bettered and wages are increased 10 and 20 per cent.

St. Paul, Minn., June 28.—Wages have been increased $2 a week and a three-year agreement secured by the Brewery Workers' Union of this city.

HINT ON H. C. OF L.

Georgetown, Del., June 28.—Strawberry growers in this locality are receiving from 75 cents to $1.25 for a thirty-two-quart crate of berries which cost them $1.09 to deliver to the railroad station.

These berries are retailed in Washington for 15 cents a quart or $4.80 a crate.

RETAIL CLERKS UNITE.

Beaver Falls, Pa., June 28.—About 100 retail clerks in this city and vicinity have organized a union and will affiliate with the Retail Clerks' International Protective Association.

The Illinois legislature has amended the workmen's compensation law by making compensation compulsory for employers, instead of optional.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ... FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JUNE 29, 1917.

If you think you can't, it's a cinch you won't.

Hope for the best and make the best of what you get.

The "dignity of labor" is appropriate. Let everybody dig.

Don't look for soft snaps; the hard snaps are the ones that have the ginger in.

A town is like a girl. It's wonderful what a little fixing up will do for her.

Laugh a little more at your own troubles and a little less at your neighbor's.

There never was a man as great as the average dog believes his master to be.

Opportunity knocks once at every man's door; better be home when the lady calls.

The world owes every man a living, but the street corner is a poor collection agency.

Nothing else jolts a small-minded man like being forced to admit that he is wrong.

If you would like to have somebody working for you, put a little money in the bank.

It is better to love the person you can't marry than to marry the person you can't love.

BUSINESS AGENTS WHO MAKE GOOD.

BY THE REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

When troubles come in the labor world they are usually charged up to the business agent—"the walking delegate," as he is called. But when everything is moving finely all the credit is given to the "good sense of the workingmen"—and the bosses.

The business agent is the "scapegoat" of the labor movement. Peoples do not call him that, of course, but, nevertheless, as in the days of the wanderings of the Israelites in the Wilderness, all the sins of others are heaped upon him and he is sent out to square himself as best he can.

But the business agent is no fool. If he were, he wouldn't be on the job—that is, he wouldn't be there very long. But there are a good many people who are all the time trying to have him make a fool of himself. For example, there is the man without conscience who tries to bribe him either before or during a strike. Now a big roll of bills must look mighty tempting to a fellow who never in all his life saw so much money at one time. It is a fine thing that very few business agents give way to the temptation—although it is commonly supposed that every business agent is a crook.

Then there is that class of men which is trying to make a fool of the business agent by thinking that he should always be a "good fellow." He is expected to "set them up" for the boys and he is counted cheap skate if he doesn't. Meanwhile it is quite forgotten that he has a family of his own to support and that he usually gets no more in the form of salary than the average trade union member in the same craft is receiving. Why should the business agent be looked upon as a sort of an easy mark, simply because his salary is paid by other trade unionists.

If the business agent is doing half of what the members of the union expect of him, he is doing twice as much as he ought, when it comes to a question of earning his salary. Not every business agent earns his salary. Some of them are costly even though the union paid them no salary at all. But if a business agent is making fifty-two weeks in the year—for, of course, he isn't expected to take a vacation—in a quiet, business-like way, keeping the men at work rather than constantly calling them out on strike instead of using his brain power to settle the difficulty without a resort to warfare—if he's doing this, he is a pretty good sort of man to keep on the job.

When the time comes to call a strike—and there will come such occasions—he will be in a much better position to win because he has not exhausted his power to call the men out, weakening his forces through petty strife—just because it was the easiest way out.

It doesn't require much brain power to command men to quit their jobs. Anybody can issue a strike order providing that he has the authority. It requires a whole lot more in the way of genuine ability to keep men on their jobs and still have them receive all that a strike could possibly win for them.

If war is hell, then strikes are "purgatory." But if men must strike, let's at least give them decent arguments for doing so and then stand by them until they win out. And if they lose, let's stand by the right kind of a business agent, for he's done the best he knew how. If he never makes mistakes, he is more than human—and that kind of an individual wouldn't make a good business agent anyway.

IMMIGRATION FIGURES.

War and the Burnett immigration law have stopped immigration from Bulgaria, Serbia, Montenegro and Roumania, the former source of supply for trusts and large corporations in this country.

This is shown by the April report of the federal bureau of immigration which states that but five immigrants were admitted from these four countries. In April, 1914, or before the war or the passage of the Burnett act, 2,433 were admitted from Bulgaria, Serbia and Montenegro and 366 from Roumania.

The total immigration for April, 1917, was 25,929, as against 142,207 during April, 1914. During the latter period 17,333 Hungarians were admitted, while the number from that country during April, 1917, dropped to 24.

BOSTON BARBERS STRIKE.

Boston, June 28.—Several hundred organized barbers have suspended work to enforce a wage scale of $16 a week and half of the receipts over $21.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

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Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater, 15th and Madison Pl.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 9th and F N.W.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - - Ga. Ave. and Park Rd.
Glen Echo Park - - Glen Echo, Md.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol and Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Victoria - - - - 7th and E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

LABOR MUST BE ALERT.

Lafayette, Ind., June 28.—"We must be alert and diligent to see that war-time wages keep pace with war-time prices," is the advice of the Painter and Decorator, official magazine of the Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators.

SIGNS LOAN SHARK BILL.

Springfield, Ill., June 28.—Gov. Lowden has signed the Hicks loan shark bill, limiting the rate of interest on salary and chattel loans of less than $300 to 3 1-2 per cent a month.

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High	Close	Extended	Price
24 in.	22 in.	23 in.	45c
24 in.	22 in.	37 in.	55c
18 in.	22 in.	33 in.	45c
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Hedge Pruning Shears....$1.75

The Best Woven Rubber Hose—does not crack or break. The most durable hose made. Price, per foot, 25c.

Good Quality Garden Hose, per foot	20c
Iron Hose Reels	$3.25
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Pruning Shears	25c
Garden Weeders	10c
Brass Fountain Mist Sprinklers	40c
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PASTIME PARAGRAPHS

By CYCLE.

Every day is flag day.

* * *

Come in out of the draft.

* * *

Signs indicate a beer famine.

* * *

There may be some good railway Kings, but not in Washington.

* * *

When the war will end is as easy of solution as the disputed age of Ann.

* * *

The dove of peace must realize that the barred zone has been extended somewhat.

* * *

THE LIBERTY BELL.

Its tones are heard throughout the world.

* * *

A division of "sprints" like Ty Cobb, for stealing bases, would avail much in trench warfare.

* * *

There are enough automobile fatalities to remind one that war does not furnish all the victims.

* * *

More and more are events reminding us that Gen. Sherman gave birth to one great and solemn truth.

* * *

It is something to a man's credit now-a-days if it can be said of him that he amounts to a hill of beans.

* * *

Uncle Sam's big printery responded to the liberty bond proposition to the tune of $300,000. Call again, Uncle.

* * *

THEIR COUNTRY CALLS.

Shoulder, Arms! Forward, March!

* * *

Fortunate indeed is the public servant who does not need to change the size of his hat during his term of office.

* * *

Obnoxious militant suffragists are presuming too much if they expect to win favor by adopting the Emma Goldman tactics.

* * *

Suburban employees of the Government Printing Office are looking forward to a good 'turn in" from crops now well advanced.

* * *

DEFENDERS OF THE SEAS.

New perils await them.

* * *

Willful disregard of the rights of its employees has proven a costly experiment to the Electric Railway magnates of Washington, and the end is not yet.

* * *

Conscienceless price fixers of foodstuffs and other life sustaining necessities may some day realize that the lamp-post has its uses other than for illuminating purposes.

* * *

The stream of work which at one time threatened the Saturday half holiday at the Government Printing Office was happily forded by posted notice last Friday, whereat "all hands" rejoiced.

* * *

GERMAN WAR LORD.

A "pal" of the Kaiser.

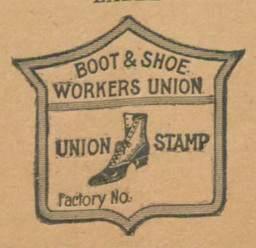
* * *

Here and there is to be found a man who is willing to admit that the President and his cabinet have better knowledge of international conditions than those who have no means of knowing.

* * *

The original manuscript of "Home, Sweet Home," by John Howard Payne, recently sold for $300; but the real tribute to the author is the influence this poem has produced and by which the home has been greatly exalted. Its tenderness and simplicity of expression is an appeal to all hearts, like the nursery songs of blessed memories.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS LABEL



Shoes are not Union Made unless they bear a plain and distinct impression of the Union Stamp. An indistinct impression resembling our Union Stamp is likely to be a counterfeit.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Miss Eleanor H. Andrews, probational clerk, $720 per annum.

Miss Mamie L. Davis, Bismark E. Turner, Thomas J. McGuire, Stanhope N. Booker, Charles M. Greene, Fleming J. Carr, George R. Edmonson, Vivian A. Brayboy, Francis A. L. Reynolds, Robert Hammond, Clifford H. Mitchell, John W. Sheedy, Harry Smallwood, probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Julius M. Brown, Erskine L. Perkins, William S. Cooney, Miguel L. Fernando, Edward Shanahan, Raleigh O. Bell, Frank P. Readmond, Charles E. Clark, Charles L. Banks, John J. B. Plummer, Daniel R. Ware, William E. Maddox, Robert P. Chandler, William A. Jackson, Vincent Trivelli, William H. Mankins, Milton L. Perry, Frances T. Wilson, Madeline Thomas, Nellie Smith, Florence A. Newell, Onie M. Nash, Reba Murphy, Luvenia J. Khan, Bessie H. Irving, Marguerite M. Harrison, Hassie J. Harris, Lillian R. Fling, Elsie Farmer, Susie B. Dickerson, Alice K. Cooney, Alice M. Chaffee, Addie Beverly, Pauline Haina, Sadie T. Jackson, Aurelia M. Canaday, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Henrietta Craig, Mary A. Glotzbach, Mary P. Barghausen, Alice J. Birmingham, Annie W. Silence, Victoria M. Mortimer, Mary Wise, Vandora Huggins, Esther E. Perry, Maude E. Ginesi, Belle B. Bright, Elizabeth M. Barrett, Emilie J. Wetzell, Flora M. Snow, Nellie E. DeBaus, Emma C. Snowden, Mary Nally, Mary T. Schulz, Sallie B. Bogue, emergency pressfeeders, 25 cents per hour.

Wesley D. Laning, George A. Forden, John A. Clinton, Frank P. Tobin, John Schroeder, Joseph H. McClure, Frank Jenkins, Joseph Binnig, Howard J. Conlan, John J. Whalen, Jacob Hageman, Alfred C. Rosen, William H. Snyder, Abraham D. Langley, George N. Dickerson, Edwin C. Guyger, Edgar K. Clifton, John J. Driscoll, Robert H. Brown, John W. Watson, Richard H. Powell, Lewis H. Breswitz, Leo T. Callahan, Harry W. Cuppett, Hugh B. Marsh, William Kitson, Harry F. Gunther, emergency pressmen, 55 cents per hour.

Separations.

Miss Inoa M. Randall, cataloguer, resigned.

Dominic J. Moran, temporary pressman, resigned.

Edward F. Scarborough, monotype keyboard operator.

Mrs. Eva F. Fischer, machine operator, resigned.

Gertrude Fowler, Martin U. White, Roland O. Groomes, Elmer P. Hardy, Robert V. Barnes, Albert A. Dreear, Carl M. Skinner, skilled laborers, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

William S. Schinnerer, assistant foreman, 80 cents, to foreman, $2,250 per annum.

Walter F. Mulligan, electrican, 60 cents, to electrician in charge, 70 cents.

Thomas J. Corlwy and Charles G. Benker, bookbinders, 50 cents per hour, to bookbinders in charge, 60 cents per hour.

Virginia M. Evans, Julia M. Smith, folders, 25 cents, to directresses, 35 cents per hour.

Murray Hackett, Carroll Harbaugh, Wilfred H. Garlick, compositors, 50 cents, to makers-up, 60 cents per hour.

Joseph H. Taylor, electrotype finisher apprentice, to electrotype finisher, 60 cents per hour.

John L. Wrenn, electrician in charge, 70 cents per hour, to chief electrician, $2,000 per annum.

William F. Crump, copy editor, 65 cents, to assistant foreman, 70 cents.

Carl V. White, pressman, 55 cents, to pressman in charge, 60 cents.

Charles R. Yates, caster helper, 35 cents, to folding machine operator, 40 cents.

RAISE WAGES 20 PER CENT.

Du Bois, Pa., June 28.—Organized blast furnace workers employed by the Punxsutawney Furnace Company and the Adrian Furnace Company have raised wages 20 per cent and will receive an additional increase in event of competing firms going above the new rate. Seniority shall prevail in the discharge of employes and mediation provisions are agreed to. These workers are affiliated with the A. F. of L.

203 JOIN UNION.

Wellston, Ohio, June 28.—Organizers Best and Sexton of the Cigarmakers' International Union organized blast furnace workers at this place. Two hundred and three workers signed the application for an A. F. of L. local union charter.

Organized dock freight handlers of Boston have raised wages 25 cents a day.

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7th & Q Sts. N.W.	3113 14th St. N.W.	3420 M St. N.W.
1105 H St. N.E.	701 H St. N.E.	1714 14th St. N.W.
1632 N. Capitol St.	726 7th St. N.W.	3608 14th St. N.W.
3420 Ga. Ave. N.W.	1440 P St. N.W.	2030 P St. N.W.
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The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wasaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickelson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Locke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 214 Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. R. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

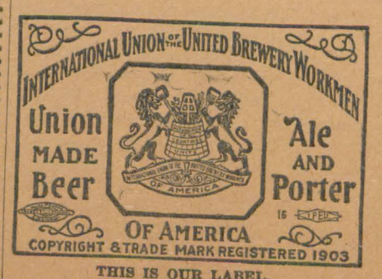
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.



THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE

Against Prohibition

DEMAND

Personal Liberty

IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK

ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.

As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

Gigantic Protest Made by Organized Labor

Against Prohibition of the Manufacture and Sale of Beer as a War Measure

LIST

OF PROTESTS RECEIVED,
REPRESENTING

Membership by States

CALIFORNIA	16,501
CONNECTICUT	23,598
DIST. OF COLUMBIA	567
FLORIDA	5,000
ILLINOIS	415,296
INDIANA	31,771
KENTUCKY	2,360
LOUISIANA	24,000
MARYLAND	132,473
MASSACHUSETTS	244,944
MICHIGAN	54,500
MINNESOTA	22,000
MISSOURI	208,300
MONTANA	10,135
NEBRASKA	15,053
NEW JERSEY	18,765
NEW MEXICO	1,500
NEW YORK	505,382
OHIO	132,512
PENNSYLVANIA	282,541
RHODE ISLAND	700
TEXAS	17,375
WASHINGTON	13,705
WISCONSIN	34,197
WYOMING	1,200

Following is a draft of the RESOLUTION, as presented to the President of the United States, the Senate of the United States, and the House of Representatives:

A PETITION

To the President of the United States, to Congress, to the United States Senate, and to the Council of National Defense, asking for the preservation of our country's institutions, including the liberties of its people:

At this grave juncture, when the undivided and unswerving support of every citizen is due to the Government of the United States, we, the members of....., L. U....., representing.....of loyal American Workingmen, whose devotion to their country cannot be questioned, call attention to the following facts:

A fanatical and bigoted element of the population is bending every effort and making use of every misrepresentation to force the Government into the adoption of National Prohibition on the pretext that such a measure is necessary for the conservation of food. Only ONE PER CENT of the country's grain is consumed in the production of beer, that has become the habitual beverage of hosts of American workingmen as well as millions of other citizens. MORE THAN ONE-HALF of the original amount of this grain is returned in the form of milk-producing feed.

We urge you to consider the fact that none of the European nations, whose situation is much more acute than ours, has adopted Prohibition; but that, on the contrary, they serve beer or light wine as rations to their soldiers.

We protest with all our power against any measure, urged by the forces of intolerance and hypocrisy, which would deprive us of the use of a beverage which we have come to know as refreshing and beneficial, and we demand that the voice of the people who toil and upon whom the greater part of the burden of this war will be placed shall be heard against the adoption of arbitrary and tyrannical legislation curtailing their liberties.

The forgoing petition has been adopted by a meeting of.....
.....which has a membership of.....,
this.....day of....., 1917.
.....President.
(Seal.) .....Secretary.

TOTAL OF MEMBERSHIP BY STATES	2,214,375
International Union of United Brewery Workmen, exclusive of Canadian members, approximately	45,000
Hotel & Restaurant Employees International Alliance and Bartenders International League, exclusive of Canadian members, approximately	55,000
GRAND TOTAL	2,314,375

THIS PETITION IS THE WORK OF ONLY THREE WEEKS AND MANY HUNDREDS OF ORGANIZATIONS COULD NOT BE REACHED IN THIS TIME

THE INTERNATIONAL UNION OF UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA.

Will America Profit By England's Trial?

Should Heed Lessons Taught in Present Great World War by Ally.

Boston, June 28.—Will America profit by the bitter experience of England during the first year of the war when that country's workers collapsed through sheer exhaustion, asks Grace Scribner, in a statement issued by the Methodist Federation for Social Service.

When the war broke there was a hysterical demand in England for production, and pressure was brought upon practically every agency of production to speed up to its fullest capacity, she writes.

"Men, women and children worked to the very limit of their endurance. But in a few months the strain began to tell. Strikes began to break out; production was lowered, despite the excessive hours and speed. A thoughtless public accused the workers of 'slacking' and indignantly demanded that they raise no questions concerning hours and wages while the nation's life was in peril.

"But a few of the more thoughtful saw in the nation's unrest something more than a lack of patriotism. And finally the government itself, alarmed by a disastrous shortage of munitions, appointed a special committee to look into conditions among the munitions workers.

"Will America profit by that experience? Or must we travel the same hard road? Many agencies are trying to head off the danger, chief among them the government itself."

The writer insists that the government needs help in maintaining this attitude.

POISONING IN MUNITIONS.

The federal bureau of labor statistics has issued a bulletin (No. 219) on industrial poisons used in the manufacture of explosives. The forty-one factories visited employ 90,000 workers, of which one-third were exposed to poisons.

It is stated that it was impossible to obtain accurate figures as to the amount of sickness and death since the war started. Many cases were never recognized; in some factories there was either no medical care or it was inadequate, and in other plants records were so incomplete "as to render the data somewhat misleading."

Based, however, upon physicians' reports only, although information as to other cases was obtained, it was found that in twenty-eight plants, in about one year's time, there were 2,507 cases of industrial poisoning, in which seventy-five were women. Of the total number of cases fifty-three were fatal, two of them being women.

The report states that "the character of the work required" leads to a very high labor turnover. One plant reported that it was necessary to employ about 4,000 men during thirteen months to keep up a force of 200. On the whole, wages are high and living conditions poor in many of those places.

BOILER MAKERS GAIN.

Florence, Col., June 28.—Organized boiler makers employed on oil tanks raised wages after a short strike. The old rate of 53 1-8 cents an hour is increased to 62 1-2 cents, and helpers are raised from 43 3-4 cents to 53 1-8 cents.

Kansas City, Mo., June 28.—In his weekly report International President Franklin of the Brotherhood of Boiler Makers and Iron Ship Builders says:

"Practically all of our officers and representatives are devoting their entire time in negotiating new agreements and wage scales, as this seems to be the order of the day to overcome as far as possible the enormous advance in the cost of living. Many of our members have been able to secure very material increases and earnings. There never was a greater demand for organizers."

PATRIOTISM DEFINED.

Indianapolis, June 28.—The United Mine Workers' Journal suggests this lesson on patriotism to a certain class of American employers:

"Patriotism requires personal sacrifice, and the workers ever have and will be among the foremost in laying their all upon the altar of their country's needs. But it does not necessarily follow that they cannot recognize a move on the part of those who have ever striven to degrade their conditions to that of the chattel slave of old to turn the country's necessities to their own advantage."

Uncle Sam Dodges Profiteer's Trap

Government Refuses to Intervene in Favor of Union-Smashing Associations.

Cincinnati, June 28.—"A number of associations of manufacturers are endeavoring to use the condition of war for the purpose of more effectively carrying on their union-smashing campaigns," writes John P. Frey, editor of the International Molders' Journal.

"We have secured the most definite information indicating that certain manufacturers, under the guise of patriotism, have endeavored to prevail upon the government to lend its assistance in breaking strikes which have been in progress for some time.

"One gentleman, a prominent character in the Metal Trades Association in one of our large industrial centers, recently sent a communication to the government as a representative of the group of employers in the industry in which he is connected. In substance this communication contained profuse expressions of loyalty to the government and expressed the desire to be of service to the government in every possible way, including the production of war supplies.

"The joker was incorporated in the closing paragraph of the communication, which stated that a strike had been in progress in this industry for some time, and that the group of employers would be unable to render full service in the production of munitions for the government should the government fail to lend assistance in breaking the strike.

"It is gratifying to report that the government was not misled in this case, and, instead of lending its assistance to break the strike, the patriotic gentlemen found it necessary to enter into an agreement which provided for a wage scale considerably above that which they had paid previous to the strike, namely the scale paid in the same vicinity in all union establishments."

Organized dock builders and pile drivers employed at Sparrows Point, near Baltimore, Md., are on strike for an eight-hour day and an increase in wages.

HARVESTER TRUST PROFITS.

New York, June 28.—The International Harvester Corporation, which handles the export business of the harvester trust, reports gross earnings of $9,771,021, compared with $6,608,466 the year before. Clear profits for 1916 totaled $5,137,098, against $3,720,141 in 1915. This does not include large sums set aside for depreciation and to offset possible war losses.

These stupendous profits interest thousands of employes in the Deering and McCormick plants of the trust who struck last year to secure the eight-hour day and wage increases. Sweeping injunctions were issued against them and a Polish newspaper was enjoined from printing an appeal to all working men to stay away from these plants.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

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JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W

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A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E

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Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
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William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
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The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 2 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Make-Up of War Boards That Assists President

A. F. of L. Secretary Morrison Gives Out Information of General Interest.

In reply to a query regarding the personnel and duties of the council of national defense and the advisory commission of the council of national defense, A. F. of L. Secretary Morrison writes a trade unionist this information of general interest:

"Legislation creating the council of national defense is contained in the military appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1917. It provides that the council shall consist of the Secretary of War, Secretary of the Navy, Secretary of the Interior, Secretary of Agriculture, Secretary of Commerce and Secretary of Labor. It is the duty of this council to supervise and direct investigations and make recommendations to the President.

"The law also provides that the President shall appoint, on recommendation of the council, seven persons as an advisory commission, each of whom shall have special knowledge of some industry, public utility or be otherwise specially qualified, and shall serve without compensation.

"The members of this commission, and their duties, follow:

"Daniel Willard, of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad—Transportation and communication.

"Howard E. Coffin, of the Hudson Motor Company, Detroit—Munitions and manufacturing, including standardization and industrial relations.

"Julius Rosenwald, of Sears, Roebuck & Company, Chicago—Supplies, including clothing, etc.

"Bernard M. Baruch, financier, of New York—Raw materials, minerals, and metals.

"Dr. Hollis Godfrey, of the Drexel Institute, Philadelphia — Engineering and education.

"Samuel Gompers, president A. F. of L.—Labor, including conservation of health and welfare of workers.

"Dr. Franklin Martin, of Chicago—Medicine and surgery, including general sanitation.

"Members of the advisory commission have appointed various subcommittees. To illustrate the scope of this work, the committee on labor, of which Mr. Gompers is chairman, is assisted by the following subcommittees: Wages and hours, mediation and conciliation, women in industry, welfare work, information and statistics, press, publicity, cost of living and domestic economy."

PICKETING UPHELD.

Houston, Texas, July 5.—Judge Dannenbaum of the district court has ruled that picketing is legal and discharged several strikers. "In my opinion," said the court, "the strikers and their friends and sympathizers have a right under the law to picket the plaintiffs' places of business and to use all peaceful persuasion to induce the public not to trade with the plaintiffs."

PLASTERERS WIN.

St. Paul, Minn., July 5.—The Plasterers' union has been successful in its contest with employers over the question of wages. Starting September 17 wages of plasterers will be increased 5 cents an hour and tenders' rates will be immediately advanced 25 cents a day. For the first time these workers secured arbitration provisions in their agreement.

ADOPT TWO-PLATOON PLAN.

St. Paul, Minn., July 5.—The two-platoon system for St. Paul's municipal firemen has been adopted. These employes were recently organized and are affiliated with the A. F. of L.

Identifies Accused But Never Saw Them

Woman's Testimony Played Important Part in Conviction of Billings and Mooney.

San Francisco, July 5.—In the language of printers, Sadie Edeau was "pied up" when she took the stand against Mrs. Rena Mooney, charged with complicity in last year's bomb outrage. The Edeau woman's testimony played an important part in the conviction of Warren K. Billings and Thomas J. Mooney, both of whom were identified by the witness.

The state was given a hard blow, however, when Mrs. Mooney's attorneys forced Sadie to acknowledge that when she made the statement to District Attorney Fickert that she identified the accused she had not seen any of these persons nor had they ever been pointed out to her.

This admission caused such an uproar that court was adjourned for ten minutes.

The witness acknowledged that while she was making her statement to the district attorney "Mr. Swanson was there." Swanson is a private detective employed by the gas company and who is charged by the defense with being one of the chief instigators of a "frame up" plot.

"At the time you made this statement you had not seen these defendants in jail?" asked Attorney McKenzie, for the defense.

"No."

"How could you identify them, then?"

"There was something else put on to my statement after lunch," replied the witness.

EVERYBODY IS ENJOINED.

Omaha, July 5.—The attempt of the Business Men's Association to destroy Omaha trade unionism has resulted in an unusual injunction by District Court Judge Leslie, who enjoins the Business Men's Association and its individual members from punishing in any way any person no longer willing to aid the association. It is further ordered that these business men must not decline to "pay fair and seasonable wages."

The unionists are ordered to refrain from picketing, "or otherwise seeking to interfere with any individual, whether he belongs to a union or not."

The court also orders that "the question of union or non-union shops, whether advocated or contended for or against by any of the defendents herein, shall be held in abeyance until the close of the present war, in which the United States government is now engaged."

The injunction was issued on the request of State's Attorney General Reed, who pleaded "military necessity."

LOW WAGES A MENACE.

Portland, Ore., July 5.—Low wages in this city menace higher rates at other points along the coast, declared the Pacific coast metal trades conference at its annual session. The unionists protest against the local ordinance adopted by referendum vote which prohibits picketing and makes it unlawful "to compel or force any person to alter his mode of carrying on his business."

8 HOURS FOR SHOP MEN.

Chicago, July 5.—The Chicago & Northwestern railroad shop federation has secured the eight-hour day for all journeymen, apprentices and helpers and practically all others in the motive power and car departments, excepting seven-day men in the latter department. The federation is now discussing rates with the railroad management.

International Organizer Upholsterers Assaulted

Henry Nolda, Sixty-Year-Old Labor Man, Beaten by Non-Unionist.

Henry Nolda, of this city, international organizer of the Upholsterers, was brutally assaulted by one of Levine's non-union employes recently on the East Side, Minneapolis, Minn. Nolda, who is close to sixty years old, was talking to a number of Levine's men when the notorious non-union foreman, Bayerle, came along and called one of the men to one side. This man, who is young and strong, had asked Nolda a question and Nolda proceeded to go over to Bayerle and the man and answer it. No sooner did Nolda reach the two than the Levine employe struck him two terrific blows. Nolda fell to the ground, gashing the back of his head severely and making it necessary to have several stitches taken.

In police court the offender was finded $20.

Organizer Nolda has been meeting with wonderful success in his work in Minneapolis, and it has evidently aroused the wrath of those cheap labor exploiters, Levine Brothers. Whether or not they had plotted to have Nolda put in the clear cannot be said. However, Nolda and the organization holds nothing against the man who struck him, figuring he was simply the dupe of Bayerle and that in time he will realize the benefits of organization and come into the union.

Minneapolis, because of Levine's non-union shop, now bears the stigma of being the cheapest city for upholsterers in the United States. This is not much of a boost for quality.

GROCERS OBJECT.

Chicago, July 5.—Unfair competition is driving small retailers from business in increasing numbers, according to a report to the convention of the National Wholesale Grocers' Association.

It is charged that manufacturers sell large consignments direct to chain stores, mail order houses and department stores at prices which are normally charged to the wholesaler and at which the manufacturer cannot profitably sell to the individual small retailer. The wholesalers insist that this is unfair competition and they want the federal trade commission to take action.

The wholesalers defend the wildest kind of competition, however, when their employes suggest contrary action.

MACHINISTS MAKE GAINS.

St. Louis, Mo., July 5.—Machinists employed at the Vulcan iron works have secured average wage increases of 6 cents an hour and the eight-hour day.

Granite City, Ill., July 5.—Machinists employed by the Commonwealth Steel Company have raised wages 5 cents an hour and reduced their workday from nine to eight hours. The workday of other metal craftsmen is also reduced.

BOSTON BARBERS WIN.

Boston, July 5.—All union barber shops in this city have conceded the increased wage demand of striking employes. President Noschang of the Journeymen Barbers' International assisted the local unionists in arranging a conference with employers with a view to closer co-operation.

BOOKBINDERS ADVANCE.

Toronto, Ontario, July 5.—Bookbinders' Union No. 28 has raised wages $4.50 a week, after a long series of conferences with employers.

Local 368, Painters, Elect New Officers

George Miles Chosen President; Hugh Digney Again Named Business Agent.

Local No. 368 of the Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators, at its meeting last Friday night in Painters' Hall, cast ballots for local officers to serve for the ensuing year, with the exception of trustee, whose term of office will be eighteen months.

George Miles, for president, received 235 votes, against John O'Neil, who received 57 votes.

Garrett Tucker, for vice president, had no opposition, and was unanimously elected.

Joseph Miles, for conductor, had 163 votes cast in his favor, defeating Joseph Whiting, with 41, and E. F. Edwards, with 65.

Louis Lehman was unanimously elected warden. He had no opponent.

George Sengstack, with 163 votes, was elected trustee, defeating L. H. Ford, who received 117 votes.

W. L. Morris received 173 votes for almoner, against 90 votes for Cliff Sparks.

Hugh Digney was elected business agent with 275 votes. His opponent, W. Arthur Hancock, received 14 votes.

These officers will be installed tonight at the regular weekly meeting of the painters.

The Trades Unionist congratulates the Painters upon choosing such able men to head their local and feels certain that the new officers will prove a credit to the organization, as have those who have served faithful terms and were re-elected.

WAGE LAW ATTACK FAILS.

Phoenix, Ariz., July 5.—The attempt to repeal the women's minimum wage law has failed. The law was passed by the last legislature and provides for a minimum wage of $10 a week for women employed in any store, office, shop, restaurant, dining room, laundry, rooming house or manufacturing establishment, on the ground that a lesser amount is inadequate to supply the necessary cost of living.

Employing interests backed a movement to repeal the law through the referendum, but the eagle eye of organized labor discovered that many of the signatures were fraudulent. Enough names were thrown out to bring the number below the figure necessary for a referendum.

STEREOTYPERS GAIN.

Baltimore, July 5.—Beginning 1, the five-year agreement secured by Stereotypers' Union No. 10 will be in effect. The old scale was $3.75 day or night, eight hours a day, seven hours night and ten hours Saturday night straight time. From July 1, 1917, to June 30, 1920, new scale, foremen, $4.50 day or night; journeymen, $4.16 2-3 day or night; July 1, 1920, to June 30, 1922, foremen, $4.75 day or night; journeymen, $4.25 day or night; new hours, eight hours day, seven hours night and eight hours Saturday night.

LABORERS RAISE WAGES.

St. Louis, Mo., July 5.—After a short strike plumbers' laborers have raised wages to $3.75 a day and secured an agreement with the Master Plumbers' Association. Time and one-half rates will be paid for Saturday afternoon work.

MACHINISTS RAISE WAGES.

Fort Wayne, Ind., July 5.—Machinists employed by the Nickel Plate railroad in this city and Stony Island (Chicago) have raised wages 4 and 4 1-2 cents an hour respectively.

Bread Higher Here Than in Europe

Great Britain, France, Belgium and Italy Pay Less Than Washingtonians.

The price of broad is much higher in Washington than in Great Britain, France, Belgium or Italy.

Statistics compiled at A. F. of L. headquarters, covering approximately the same period, show bread prices to be as follows:

Great Britain—32 ounces, 11 cents. Composition, "war bread."

France (southern provinces) — 35 ounces, 8 cents. Composition, 80 per cent wheat; 20 per cent, rye, barley and corn.

City of Lyons (France)—35 ounces, 9 cents.

Belgium—35 ounces, 10 cents.

Italy—35 ounces, 8 cents. Composition, "war bread."

Washington, D. C.—14 ounces, 10 cents. Composition, white wheat.

Authorities for the above figures are:

Great Britain—Board of Trade Labor Gazette. Southern France—Personal observation of J. W. Sullivan, member of Typographical Union. City of Lyons—"Le Semeur," Lyons. Belgium—Herbert C. Hoover, ex-chairman Belgium relief commission. Italy—"Bollettino dell 'Ufficio del Lavoro." Washington, D. C.—Retail bakers' agreement.

BOILER MAKERS GAIN.

Wilmington, Del., July 5.—Organized boiler makers at the Pusey & Jones Company plant were forced to suspend work for three days to reinstate a fellow unionist. This concern is continually victimizing its union employes, and strikes are continually happening, as a result.

St. Paul, Minn., July 5.—Boiler makers announce that the Great Northern railroad shops here are 95 per cent organized.

Kansas City, Mo., July 5.—President Franklin of the Brotherhood of Boiler Makers has received information from far-off Honolulu that Boiler Makers' Union No. 204, affiliated with the brotherhood, has secured a new wage rate of $6 for eight hours and $6.50 for flange turners and layerouts. It is stated that business is very good on the island.

New Orleans, July 5.—Organized boiler makers in this city and in Algiers have won their strike against the New Orleans Metal Trades Association. Wages are increased 50 cents a day for inside work and 80 cents a day for outside work. The agreement calls for better working conditions.

PATRIOTISM A CLOAK.

Dayton, Ohio, July 5.—President Keyes of the Dayton Street Railway said his striking motormen and conductors are "unpatriotic" because they went on strike after refusing to accept the company's terms.

This declaration did not prove as effective as the official anticipated, but he came nearer the truth in his second announcement that he had promised "certain business men" not to recognize the Street Car Men's Union because it would set a bad precedent and business would be disturbed if other employes in low-wage concerns organized.

WIRE MEN RAISE WAGES.

Detroit, Mich., July 5.—Electrical Workers' Union No. 514, on strike to raise wages, is meeting with success, a majority of employers having agreed to the new rates, which increase wages from 50 cents to $1.25 a day.

Miners Will Insist on Right to Unite

Organization Stands Ready to Give Efficient Aid to Nation During War Times.

Indianapolis, July 5.—The United Mine Workers stand ready to give efficient aid to the government to secure an adequate coal supply in these war times, but this does not mean that they will surrender their right to unite or that they will accept vicitimization policies.

The above declaration is made by the United Mine Workers' Journal, which gives this sidelight on practices of operators:

"Today, as in the times we speak of, the miners of what until now has been the non-union fields are flocking into our organization, insistently demanding that we accept them in our union. And because, when the operators follow their established policy of discharging those who join our union, they find they cannot replace them, there is a demand made that we suspend our natural functions, inasmuch as organization plus the arbitrary, unfair policy of the operators, tends to lessen the possible output of coal.

"We demand that the operators abandon their unfair discrimination. Inasmuch as the fact must be patent, even to their unwilling minds, that their employes desire to join with and be represented by the miners' union and inasmuch as they have a perfect right to do so if they so elect, and since they cannot provide men to take the places of the people of entire communities as they have done in the past, it is just up to these operators to make a virtue of necessity; to take the same course of recognizing what has always been the absolute right of their employes—the right to organize with their fellow workers for mutual uplift.

"Thus only can we be assured of peace with justice to all in the industry recognized as the most important to the country's ability to carry on the war."

R. R. EARNINGS INCREASE.

Nearly complete returns from all railroads for the four months ending with April, made public by the interstate commerce commission, show continual improvement in net earnings in every section, notwithstanding the greater increased cost of factors entering into operating expenses. Southern roads showed net revenue for April, 1917, of $4 per mile less than April, 1916, while western roads, grouped as a whole, made more money than ever before, exceeding by $91 per mile net revenues over the banner period a year ago.

Operating revenues reached new high figures, $1,192,911,654 for the four months, an increase of nearly $106,000,000.

SHOE WORKERS CONVENE.

Philadelphia, July 5.—The recent convention of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union was a record-breaker. Every officer was re-elected without a contest and the gathering was so harmonious that many an "old timer" rubbed his eyes in wonderment as he recalled former days when it was thought the proper thing to stage a contest on every proposition, rather than discuss the question, as was done at this convention.

SHIP WORKERS GAIN.

San Francisco, July 5.—About 1,200 shipwrights, joiners, caulkers and boat builders are benefited by the new wage scale which was negotiated by the maritime bay district council of carpenters. Former rates of $4.75 for new work and $5.50 for old work are increased to $5 and $6 respectively for an eight-hour day.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL WASHINGTON D.C. FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JULY 6, 1917.

Don't get critical when your boss tells you to do things.

The average wage of masons in 1793 was 50 cents a day

There are two federations of labor in Argentina, South America.

Many a young man goes away to seek his fortune when Fortune is seeking him at home.

A single man realizes that he is homeless. So he gets married and is home less than he should be.

Being able to adjust one's self to one's position isn't all; staying adjusted takes some ability, too.

When you discover a man who knows all about everything you should loose him quickly in self-defense.

If the cost of living continues to increase everybody will have to enlist to keep from starving to death.

The unions are the schools of the workers where they learned the lessons of democracy and independence.

The successful mine strike against the United Verde Company involved men of twenty-two nationalities, welded together in trade unionism.

At a hearing before the public service commission in New York it was shown that the New York Edison Company has piled up a surplus of $59,193,705 in sixteen years.

Texas state authorities revoked the license of an employment agency in Houston which was found guilty of sending workers to places where no demand for labor existed.

Seventeen mining companies in the northwest have paid in dividends $7,128,660 during the first half of 1917. This is the greatest record these properties have ever made.

For the first time in the history of the Erie railroad shops at Susquehanna, Pa., women are being employed to operate drill presses and to work at other mechanical occupations.

By a referendum vote the people of Portland, Ore., have passed an anti-picketing ordinance which makes it unlawful "to compel or force any person to alter his mode of carrying on his business."

Canners in Maryland are pleading with the legislature of that state to reduce the age limit in the child labor law from fourteen to twelve years. They say it is impossible to secure women labor. Trade unionists suggest that they experiment with the living wage plan.

No firm or corporation, or their agents, in Texas, shall employ any child under fifteen years of age to labor in or about any factory, mill, workshop, laundry, theater or other place of amusement, or in messenger service in towns of more than 15,000 population.

The mayor of Rossville, Ga., has established a new brand of "justice" by fining five striking textile workers who were found guilty of "being associated with a crowd that made disturbing noise in the public streets, with the result of attracting the attention of those employed in the mills."

The state legislature of Massachusetts has conferred upon the governor wide powers during the war period. He may take possession of any land, buildings, machinery, equipment, fuel, cattle or other provisions which he deems necessary for the use of the military or naval forces of that state.

If the war continues three years more many railroads in this country will be operated largely by women, is the opinion of H. F. Anderson, general manager of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad. In referring to this railroad's training school for women in Dallas, the official said he believes women could sell tickets, do routine work in railroad stations, act as clerks in freight offices and even collect fares on trains.

An illustration of what a middleman can do to the price of coal came out during the trial before Judge Grubb of the federal district court of New York, where fifty-one soft coal operators are charged with violating the Sherman anti-trust law. Boden Covel, president of the Northern Coal Company, Boston, admitted that coal for which he paid only $1.35 a ton at the mine was sold to the English government at any price up to $8 a ton. Freight charges from the mine to tidewater are $1.40 a ton, and the middleman received more than the operator and the carrier combined.

LAND MONOPOLY IS GREAT INJUSTICE

Industrial centers of the North are today threatened with an influx of negroes in such numbers as to menace wage standards and union organization. Half a million colored laborers are said to have deserted the southern states, attracted north by the higher wages and the employers' demand for cheap labor.

What is wrong in the South, where the negro is at home among his kind and where the great agricultural industries of that section should provide him with suitable employment? The question is answered by an editorial in the Hartford Courant, reprinted by the New York Evening Post. Says the Courant:

"It will be remembered that the 'submerged 85 per cent' of the Mexican people were greatly on President Wilson's mind a few months ago. They had no fair chance to get so much of the Mexican land as was needed for their physical support. But our southern negroes are in the same predicament, or at least this is the testimony of Taylor Kennerly, a white Southerner born and bred, most of whose life has been passed in the South, and who is now, we believe, managing editor of the Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser, one of the oldest and best newspapers of the Old South and of the New South.

"In a published article over his own name, dealing with the movement of southern negro labor to the West and the North, Mr. Kennerly declares that 'land monopoly by the white man has virtually put the laborer, especially the negro, into industrial slavery.' He says that this is the basic cause of the negro exodus. It is not the social distinctions, nor the political tyranny, nor the freedom from punishment of white men who violate the honor of negro girls and women, that has started this migration, so much as it is that 'the average negro farm hand gets little more for his work than the very mule he ploughs with—that is, something to eat and a very poor place to sleep.' Mr. Kennerly adds to this that 'in many instances, especially when it comes to food, the mule fares better than the negro.'"

In other words, Southern negroes are coming North for the same reason that farmers' boys have been for years deserting the country to compete against each other in industrial centers; for the same reason that our farmers are being turned into tenants; for the same reason that the "hired man," respected in the old days as a future farm owner, is today a migratory farm laborer owning nothing but the clothes on his back and never hoping to own anything else; for the same reason that industrial workers in the cities pay out all they earn in rents to the landlords—their own landlord and the landlord of their butcher and grocer, the same landlords who exact such enormous fixed charges as rents or interest from industrial enterprises as to leave less than living wages, and who take toll of those scanty wages after they are paid.

In that reason lies the most glaring of all social and economic injustices—the private ownership and control of land and other natural resources put here for the use of all men. Said Frank W. Garrison in a recent article in the Atlantic Monthly: "Well may the conservationist ask himself if the bounties of nature were stored during the ages for the special benefit of the Morgans, Rockefellers and Carnegies, their heirs and assigns. Large sums are readily obtained to fight consumption, to build hospitals, to further temperance, to care for the victims of a city's vice. But show that consumption results from land monopoly in slum conditions, and from tariff monopoly, which makes the price of warm clothing prohibitive; point out that intemperance is largely the result of poverty and taxation; reveal the landlord, (whose name may head the list of charities) drawing his rentals from resorts of vice; demand the repeal of privilege in any of its manifold forms, and its beneficiaries raise a loud cry of spoliation and declares that vested interests umst not be disturbed.

"The rich are slow to see that they are in truth the great recipients of charity. Blinded by custom, we detect no irony in the fact that the laboring class is synonymous with the poor, and the idle class with the rich."

Mr. Garrison's proposal is the same as that urged upon the federal government by President Gompers and by the 20,000 farmer members of the Washington State Grange—to place a tax on land values. That tax should be high enough to provide all the expenses of government except such as are provided by high income taxes. Income taxes are necessary to break up the huge fortunes based on monopoly and privilege. When the government strikes at privilege by taking in taxes what now go to the landlord in rent, as in the case of mines and railroads and oil wells, income taxes will no longer be necessary.

President Wilson and Congress are now being urged by those who see land monopoly as the greatest injustice to strike this blow at privilege by initiating a scheme of land value taxation.

LABOR CONSCRIPTION THEORY REPUDIATED

A warning against possible labor conscription was sounded and opposition to the theory that judges have the right to issue injunctions in personal relations was recorded by the Pattern Makers' League at its convention in this city.

On the question of labor conscription the unionists declare that now is the time to effectively combat such a possibility and labor organizations, farmers and friends of freedom everywhere are urged to join hands in resisting this innovation that would place wrokers on a military basis.

Regarding labor injunctions, the convention declared:

"Whereas, Equity power to forbid, to issue injunctions for the protection of property rights where there is no remedy at law, came to us from England and was adopted into our system as it existed in England prior to the American revolution; therefore be it

"Resolved, That we will not admit that the court, sitting in equity, has any jurisdiction in personal relations—the relation between employers and employes; that we will plead the court's lack of jurisdiction in all such instances in which such jurisdiction seeks to fasten itself upon us, and that we will in all such cases disobey the equity court, taking whatever consequences may be our lot; and further be it

"Resolved, That we do these things out of regard for our duty as citizens of the United States, having received from our fathers the freedom which we deem it our sacred duty to transmit at least unimpaired to our sons."

AMEND COMPENSATION LAW.

Hartford, Conn., July 5.—The new workmen's compensation act passed by the last general assembly, is now effective. Hereafter only seven days will have to elapse before compensation is due and the maximum compensation allowed is $14 instead of $10.

The commissioners are given authority and are permitted to even issue attachments against employers who violate the law. Although occupational diseases are not included the commission has the power of decision as to cause, and the right of appeal is given the worker.

CARPENTERS RAISE WAGES.

Indianapolis, July 5.—General Secretary Frank Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports the following recent gains by affiliates: San Jose, Cal., wages increased from $5 to $5.50 a day for outside men and 50 cents a day for mill men. Washington, D. C. (mill men), an increase of 50 cents a day. Bartlesville, Okla., an increase from $4.50 to $5.50 a day.

MORE "EFFECIENCY."

New York, July 5.—More than 100,000 barrels of new southern potatoes are standing in railroad yards in this city and vicinity. Until they can be delivered there is an embargo against further shipments.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 52 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
FAMOUS WHISKIES
35 Varieties
Buy at Once — Great Advance in Price Coming
909 7th Street, Northwest.
No Branch House. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
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STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses
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The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

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WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The. G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

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QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
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WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS.

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UNION CUSTOM TAILORS
Novelties in Spring and Summer Goods
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WINDOW SCREENS

Should Be in Place Now

RUSTLESS METAL SCREENS

Are the most enduring. Adjusted to any size window.

High	Close	Extended	Price
24 in.	22 in.	23 in.	45c
24 in.	22 in.	37 in.	55c
18 in.	22 in.	33 in.	45c
30 in.	24 in.	37 in.	75c
30 in.	24 in.	44 in.	90c

FOR GARDEN AND LAWN

Hedge Pruning Shears....$1.75

The Best Woven Rubber Hose—does not crack or break. The most durable hose made. Price, per foot, 25c.

Good Quality Garden Hose, per foot	20c
Iron Hose Reels	$3.25
Brass Hose Nozzles	40c
Steel Sickles	40c
Steel Trowels	10c
Pruning Shears	25c
Garden Weeders	10c
Brass Fountain Mist Sprinklers	40c
Galvanized Water Sprinkling Cans	70c up

Dulin & Martin Co.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

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Merchants Transfer

— AND —

Storage Company

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Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

Labor Should Be on Exemption Boards

President Gompers Explains the Workings of Government's Exemption System.

"Local labor movements should urge their claim for representation on district exemption boards, says President Gompers, in a statement issued recently, in which he explains the workings of the government's exemption system. He says:

"Numerous communications have been received at this office relative to labor representation upon exemption boards. Many of these communications indicate that the general plan for exemption boards is not understood and that an explanation would be helpful in assisting local organizations to present and maintain their rights and interests.

"There are two classes of exemption boards—the local, or what might be called the zone board, and the district board, which corresponds geographically to the federal judicial districts. The suggestion of names of persons to serve on the local boards is delegated to local government authorities. These boards will have jurisdiction over matters of fact. The district boards will have jurisdiction over all matters involving discrimination or discretion and, therefore, will have either original or appellate jurisdiction over claims for exemption from military service.

"The president of the American Federation of Labor was asked to submit the names of labor representatives to serve on these district boards. Each board is to consist of five members, one of whom is to be a labor man. Officials of the organized labor movements of the various states and districts were asked to submit the names of men to serve on the district boards corresponding to the federal judicial districts within their states. The names suggested by the state and district labor representatives have been submitted to Provost Marshall General Crowder.

"From this explanation it is plain that the local labor movements must present and urge their claim to labor representation on the district boards to the local officers responsible for such nominations. It is of importance that labor representatives should be on all such boards in order that labor's interests may be properly safeguarded both on the board that passes upon questions of fact as well as on the board having appellate jurisdiction.

"If local organizations have not already taken steps to insist upon and maintain their rights, they are urged to do so immediately as the time is limited."

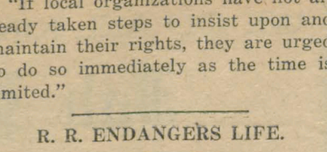
R. R. ENDANGERS LIFE.

St. Louis, Mo., July 5.—Train service employes of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad are talking of asking their various state commissions to assure them protection against incompetent operators on this railroad. The company forced a strike of its organized keymen, members of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, who demanded better working conditions. Conductors, engineers, firemen and brakemen say the strikebreakers endanger their lives. Company officials insist that no strike exists, but this does not satisfy its train service employes or the scores of towns in several states which have been denied regular freight service.

PLATE PRINTERS TO MEET.

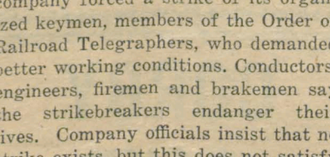
Boston, July 5.—The twenty-fifth annual convention of the International Steel and Copper Plate Printers' Union will be held in this city next month.

UNITED GARMENT WORKERS LABEL



READY MADE CLOTHING

This organization uses two Labels, one for ready made clothing and the other for special order clothing. The ready made Label appears upon shirts, collars, cuffs, men's summer underwear, and overalls. Particular attention should be given to the ready made Label of this organization in the purchasing of men's shirts. Millions of shirts are produced yearly



SPECIAL ORDER CLOTHING

under the contract prison labor system and are sold under so many various names and brands that it is almost impossible to trace them. To be absolutely sure that the shirt you purchase is not made by the contract prison labor trust, the Union Label of the United Garment Workers should appear upon the same.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Elbert A. Holmes, probational elevator conductor, 30 cents per hour.

James A. Callan, emergency plasterer, 70 cents per hour.

Garfield C. Thompson, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, reinstated.

Jesse B. Cooley, probational messenger boy, 15 cents per hour.

Miss Helen A. McNicholas, helper, $870 per annum, reinstated.

Mrs. Maude W. Duncan, James E. Sheahan, Frank I. Gregory, Isaac M. Capayas, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

James G. Brown, Charles L. Harris, Mary C. Tobin, Helen M. Gaskins, Dorothy E. Freeman, Olive L. Handy, Georgie A. Tucker, Edyth M. Johnson, probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Thomas J. Nugent, Robert E. Dowling, William J. Driscoll, Thomas O'Brien, Frank Mason, William H. Straub, Edward Petithory, George E. Williams, Clinton D. Godman, emergency bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

Mary J. Finney, Fannie A. Beamer, Clara M. Byrd, Mary Kirby, Katie L. Dean, Louise L. Gray, Pauline A. Kein, Nettie Reese, Blanche V. Dant, Neila R. Smith, Maude C. Hawkins, Maggie D. Taylor, Mary A. Fisher, Maude E. Perkins, Barbara M. Eisler, Sarah C. Berger, Elizabeth K. Bradley, Mattie J. Bennett, Lola C. Smithson, Eva A. Dant, Rose G. Sheridan, emergency pressfeeders, 25 cents per hour.

John H. Bryson, Ernest Childs, Walter Daniel, Joseph Grier, Richard White, Theodore L. Alexander, C. H. Harris, John Hawkins, Hosie V. Price, Clarence Greene, David E. Gibson, E. D. George, Isaiah Miles, Lewis W. Veney, James H. Brooks, Roger B. Wesley, Curtis N. Stotts, Ulysses G. Bell, Charlie L. Childs, James H. Hungerford, Thomas E. Ford, temporary unskilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

William W. Warner, Manuel K. Kline, jr.; Charley W. Hassett, William F. Simmons, Patrick Henry Hussey, Richard A. Hassett, William J. Harrington, Walter C. Scheller, Richard I. Savage, James V. Connolly, E. A. Sullivan, Fred B. Lohlein, Thomas Mahan, Arthur L. Phillips, Louis H. Stern, John S. Fitzgerald, Philip W. King, Charles F. Stevens, Franklin S. Mathews, Walter J. Barbee, George B. Johnston, Frank Fabrizio, jr.; William B. Cherry, James Donovon, emergency pressmen, 55 cents per hour.

Separations.

Mary A. Barghausen, Nettie Reese, Sallie B. Bogue, Victoria M. Mortimer, Emilie J. Wetsell, Nellie DeBaus, Eva A. Dant, Maggie D. Taylor, emergency pressfeeders.

William E. Burchfield, proofreader, resigned.

Thomas E. Lee and Richard T. Adams, unskilled laborers, resigned.

Mrs. Mary A. Burke, Vincent Trivelli, Aaron C. Selis, Frank F. Readmond, Raymond O. Smith, William M. Hopkins, Daniel R. Ware, Robert P. Chandler, skilled laborers, resigned.

W. Brooke Hunter, jr., skilled laborer, mustered into the service.

Jacob C. Morgan, compositor.

Transfers, Etc.

Charles O'Connell, deskman, 70 cents an hour, to estimator and jacket writer, $6.40 per diem.

Eugene E. Jackson, Robert J. Bowler, George V. Porter, skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour, to caster helpers, 35 cents per hour.

Miss Katie O. Keenright, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to machine operator, 27 1-2 cents per hour.

Samuel J. Clinkscale, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to counter, 35 cents per hour.

Benjamin A. Nicholson, skilled laborer, 25 cents, to helper, 35 cents.

George F. Saur, messenger, 25 cents per hour, to counter, 35 cents per hour.

Jacob M. Weidman, George T. Berkeley, Louis M. Allen, bookbinders, 50 cents per hour, to machine operators, 55 cents per hour.

Benjamin H. Swain, proofreader, 60 cents per hour, to assistant medical and sanitary officer, $2,000 per annum.

DEMAND HIGHER WAGES.

Hamilton, Ohio, July 5.—Freight handlers employed by the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad are on strike to enforce a wage scale of $2.40 and $2.50 a day. The former rate for truckmen was $2 and for checkers $2.10.

STOVE MOUNTERS GAIN.

Newark, Cal., July 5.—Stove Mounters' Union No. 61 secured an agreement with the James Graham Manufacturing Company. Day rates are advanced to 40 cents an hour and piece prices are raised 10 per cent.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Toronto, Ontario, July 5.—Typographical Union No. 91 has raised wages of its job office members $4 a week, making a minimum of $24. Conferences between the two parties made this gain possible.

Opposition to Union Cloak for Privilege

People of Chicago May Some Day Awaken and Establish a New System.

Chicago, July 5.—Last year the Chicago board of education was given strong support by editors and other citizens because it opposed organization among the teachers.

In the interest of peace the Teachers' Federation withdrew from the trade union movement. It is evident that the editors and good citizens did not correctly size up the situation, according to this statement by the Illinois Teacher, published in the interest of public school teachers:

"The Chicago aggregation of politico-educational acrobats, gymnasts, strong men, necromancers and wild men, in a gigantic four-ring circus and multitudinous sideshows, continue to exhibit their stupendous spectacle of subordinating modern methods in school management to selfish greed and personal ambition—as Barnum would say. But to speak plain English, the political factions in Chicago make us heartsick and disgust everybody with their mismanagement of the city school system.

"A year or two ago the schools were divorced from any relation with labor and teacher organizations for the sake of the children. Now the people who thus saved the schools have fallen out among themselves and are accusing each other of trying to 'loot' and 'wreck' the school system—and the schools must be saved again. Some people are beginning to suspect that common, every-day teachers and laborers may be as sincere and efficient in their support and promotion of public school interests as the politicians are, and that cooperation between teachers and other workers may not be so dangerous to the real welfare of the children after all.

"Some day the people of Chicago will wake up and establish a new order of things under which the school system will actually be used to educate children instead of being used as a political football by factional leaders and as a feeding trough for big business. Let it be soon!"

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G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. .Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 320 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. F. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preaton, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

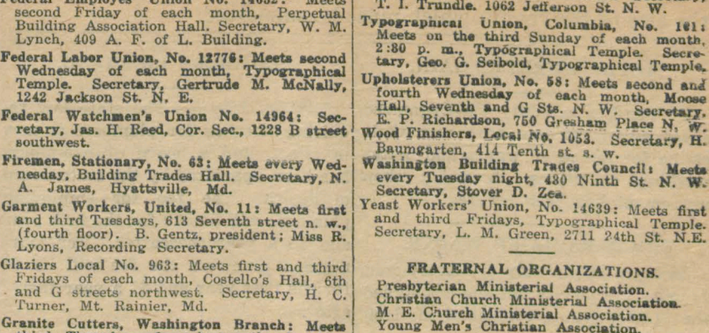
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

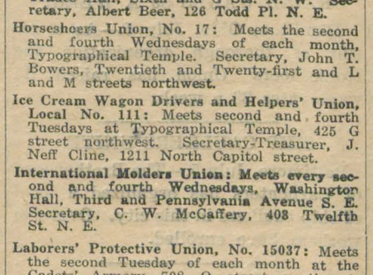
Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.





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How Canada Provides for the Wives and Children of Her Enlisted Men

How Canada provides for the wives and children of her enlisted men is described in a report by Mr. S. Herbert Wolfe of New York, prepared at the request of the Secretary of Labor and just published by the Children's Bureau of the U. S. Department of Labor.

In presenting the report, Miss Lathrop, chief of the Children's Bureau, says:

"In the fifty years since the civil war, legislation affecting the family and its economic status has shown marked growth. Mothers' pension laws and minimum-wage laws are recognized examples, and it is acknowledged that their result has not been to pauperize but distinctly to improve the power of the family to protect itself. In view of this tendency it is to be expected that a system of compensation for soldiers and sailors can be developed whereby the government will make possible for their children the home life and parental care which are the common need of every child."

The report points out that in Canada two notable elements have been added to the government provision for soldiers and their families: First, insurance on the lives of soldiers is carried by various municipalities, and, second, the Dominion has undertaken as a part of its military system the re-education, in a suitable occupation, of the disabled soldier so that he can assume again, in whole or in part, the care of his family.

The Canadian compensation for the soldier and his family includes not only $33 of monthly pay for the private in active service but a separation allowance to his dependents of $20 a month from the Dominion government and further assistance in special cases from the Canadian patriotic fund.

For example, the wife of a private soldier with three children between the ages of ten and fifteen may receive either $15 or $20 from the assigned pay of her husband, $20 separation allowance, and $25 from the Canadian patriotic fund, or in all $60 or $65 a month.

If her husband is killed, she will receive $40 a month for herself, and an additional $6 a month for each of her children until her boys are sixteen years of age and her girls are seventeen years of age. In addition, if she lives in Toronto or one of a number of other cities, she will receive life insurance. This will be paid to her in monthly installments unless she shows that she needs the entire amount at once to pay off a mortgage or to make a start in business.

If her husband is disabled she will receive a special maintenance allowance while he is having medical treatment and learning a new occupation, and when he is finally discharged, if his physical disability continues, a pension will be paid according to the extent of his disability and the number of his children under sixteen or seventeen years of age.

Every officer and enlisted man residing within the city limits of Toronto who volunteers for oversea service has from the date of his enlistment been protected by a life insurance policy of $1,000, the protection running from the time of his enlistment to his death or six months after his discharge or resignation.

The report refers also to the fact that each of the European countries makes government provision for the famiiies of private soldiers and sailors. In Great Britain, France and Germany the amount of the governmental separation allowance depends upon the size of the family which must be supported.

METAL WORKERS GAIN.

Portland, Ore., July 5.—Organized sheet metal workers have won their strike for increased wages and better working conditions. A union shop agreement has been secured.

MOLDERS RAISE WAGES.

Jackson, Mich., July 5.—Every iron foundry in this city but one has signed the $4.50-a-day agreement of the Iron Molders' Union.

UNIONS AMALGAMATE.

San Francisco, July 5.—The Bookbinders' Union and the local of bindery women have amalgamated.

CLOTH HAT AND CAP MAKERS LABEL

Size: One inch square, serial No. across surface of Label is printed in red. It is pasted and sewed in all Union-made cloth hats and caps of all description, including uniform, regulation, motormen, shop, engineer, miner, and straw caps.

TOBACCO WORKERS LABEL

This is the Union Label of the Tobacco Workers International Union, and is found on wrappers of all tobaccos, snuff, and cigarettes that are Union made. The Label is printed in black on blue paper. Do not accept from your dealer any goods which do not bear this Label.

A. F. OF L. LABEL

The Label of the American Federation of Labor is issued to Local Unions who are directly affiliated. This Label is used upon various commodities, among them being badge and lodge paraphernalia, suspenders, horse nails, paper boxes and neckwear. The Label is printed on both cloth and paper.

PLUMBERS LICENSED.

Denver, July 5.—The state law requiring licenses for plumbers is now in effect, and a board of examiners has been appointed by the state board of health. The fee for employing plumbers will be $10 for the first year and $5 a year thereafter. For journeymen plumbers the fee will be $2 for the first year and $1 a year thereafter.

RAISE WAGES $3 A WEEK.

Hamilton, Ohio, July 5.—As a result of thorough organization the Horseshoers' Union has raised its wage rates $3 a week.

SHIP CAULKERS UNITE.

Baltimore, July 5.—The Brotherhood of Carpenters has organized a local of ship caulkers in this city. Over 100 workers have enrolled.

POLISHERS RAISE WAGES.

Hamilton, Ohio, July 5.—Organized metal polishers employed at several large plants in this city have raised wages 5 cents an hour.

LABEL OF BROOM AND WHISK MAKERS UNION

The blue label of this organization appears at the finish of broom and fastened under the wire.

MEAT CUTTERS AND BUTCHER WORKMEN'S UNION STORE CARD

The Store Card of the Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen's Union is prominently displayed in such establishments as employ members of this organization.

Labor Not Scarce; Negroes Exploited

Toledo's Central Labor Union's Legislative Committee Has Produced Facts.

Toledo, Ohio, July 5.—In a report on the importation of negro labor to this city, the Central Labor Union's legislative committee has brought out these facts:

That there is no scarcity of labor where employers work their employes decent hours and pay fair wages.

That thousands of negroes have been imported during the past three months and are not paid a living wage.

That while one large contractor was advertising for Toledo labor to go to France to help in the rebuilding of railroads he was importing hundreds of negroes to this city to work on his own jobs.

That crime has increased as a result of these importations and law-abiding Toledo negro citizens suffer thereby.

The committee is most emphatic that racial considerations do not enter into this summary, and it stands squarely on the trade union declaration against discrimination because of creed, color, race or nationality.

"It becomes our duty at this time," it is stated, "to call the attention of the public to this condition and to do all in our power to have these men organized so that we may be able to raise their wages and better their conditions in accordance with the standards that we, as citizens, believe in. If some effort is not made to stop this importation and have those already here organized, Toledo labor will be forced to compete with southern standards of living which, at the best, are deplorable as well as detrimental to the city as a whole."

The city authorities are called upon to awaken to conditions or the Central Labor Union will advise organized labor throughout the country to stay away from Toledo.

MACHINISTS WANT MORE.

Bridgeport, Conn., July 5.—Organized machinists have asked contract shops in this city to raise wages 15 per cent on account of continuous increase in living expenses.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS LABEL

Shoes are not Union Made unless they bear a plain and distinct impression of the Union Stamp. An indistinct impression resembling our Union Stamp is likely to be a counterfeit.

TEXTILE WORKERS LABEL

This Label is used upon hosiery of all kinds, underwear, coat sweaters, bar cloths, wash cloths, and silk shoe laces and hat bands.

MACHINISTS LABEL

This Label is put on small tools, such as are used by machinists, carpenters, shoe cutters and shoe workers, and on razors, cutlery, micrometers, mechanics tools, levels, seals, model makers' tools and novelties. Label is printed in black on rose tint background.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

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JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
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Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater, 15th and Madison Pl.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 9th and F N.W.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - - Ga. Ave. and Park Rd.
Glen Echo Park - - Glen Echo, Md.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - **624 9th St. N. W.**
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol and Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Victoria - - - - 7th and E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

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1105 H St. N.E. | 701 H St. N.E. | 1714 14th St. N.W.
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The Trades Unionist

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I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 3 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Appeal to Members of Organized Labor

Retail Clerks' Union, No. 262, Seeks Moral Support of All Trades Unionists.

We desire to call your attention to the struggle that is now on between the Retail Clerks' Union, Local No. 262, and the firms of Friedlander Bros., 428 9th street, and the W. L. Douglas Shoe Store, 905 Pennsylvania avenue, who absolutely refuse to sign a union agreement to operate their stores as most all of the reputable firms are doing who are in competition in their vicinity.

Not only have they refused to comply with our reasonable demands, but they have even gone so far, we believe, as to influence others to combine against signing our agreement, which is a fair one. We have been struggling for over twenty years to gain recognition from the merchants of Washington and have succeeded in signing most all of the reputable firms. The W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. and Friedlander Bros. have apparently used many unfair methods to retard our progress—humanitarian work of bettering the conditions of the salespeople of this city.

We need your moral support in this fight against these unfair firms. We cannot expect to win without the support of our brother unionists and their friends, therefore we appeal to you individually and collectively to assist us in advertising the fact that the firms of W. L. Douglas and Friedlander Bros. are not worthy of the patronage of the members and friends of the labor movement. They employ non-union Clerks and refuse to comply with a trades union agreement. Our action has been indorsed by the Washington Central Labor Union and numerous individual locals, and we ask that you indorse our action. We assure you the Retail Clerks' Union will appreciate your assistance and stand ready to reciprocate when called upon.

Yours fraternally,
Retail Clerks' Union, Local No. 262.

RAILWAY EMPLOYES' DEPARTMENT NEWS

St. Louis, Mo., July 12.—President A. O. Wharton of the Railway Employes Department in his last official circular has this to say:

An additional one cent an hour increase has been granted to the machinists on the west end of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern systems, which establishes the following rates:

Northern Pacific east of the Mandan, 53 cents per hour. West of latter place, 54 cents per hour. Great Northern, Minot and east, 53 cents per hour, and west of the latter place, 54 cents per hour. Northern Pacific carmen have accepted a 5-cent per hour increase for all car department employes under the nine-hour day.

The New York, New Haven and Hartford System Federation has secured a flat increase of 3 cents per hour for all trades, effective June 1.

BAKERS OPEN UP SHOP.

Denver, July 12.—Because three of the largest bakeries in the city refused to meet the increased cost of living by agreeing to a small advance in wages the bakers went on strike. The Bakers' Union has now opened up a shop and will employ a portion of the strikers. This is the second shop that has been opened up by the union bakers in Denver since the difficulty arose. The Department of Labor sent a representative here for the purpose of making an effort to secure a settlement, but the bakery owners were obdurate. The outlook for the success of the new union bakeries is excellent.

NEED MORE MONEY.

The total amount of money received by the American Federation of Labor as contributions to the Danbury Hatters for the purpose of reimbursing them for the loss of their homes is not sufficient to meet the emergency. It is urged upon all those unions whose members have not contributed the one hour's voluntary assessment to do so at the earliest possible moment. According to announcements, all of the Hatters' homes will be disposed of by August 9. These workmen should be reimbursed at the earliest possible moment.

Homes of Danbury Hatters Will Be Sold

Amount of Judgment, Including Interest, More Than $300,000; $60,000 Already Paid Over.

Danbury, Conn., July 12.—At the foreclosure by sale, which was entered into by the United States district court of Connecticut by Judge Thomas in the Hatters' case on June 7, 1917, Sidney T. Hawley, former sheriff of Fairfield county, was appointed to sell the homes. The number of homes to be sold is 141. A number of appraisers were appointed by the court to appraise the property with a final limit for their report to be made July 2. The sale will begin on July 16, 1917, at 10 a.m., in Danbury, and will continue at the rate of six or seven homes per day until August 9, when, in accordance with the schedule, all the property will have been disposed of. The successful bidder for each piece of property must pay 25 per cent of the purchase price at the time of the sale and the remaining 75 per cent fifteen days after the order of the court approving the sale has been entered. The amount of the judgment was $252,000, but this sum has been drawing interest at the rate of 6 per cent since October, 1912, and now amounts to over $300,000. Loewe, to whom the court awarded damages, has already taken $60,000 of the Hatters' money, which was deposited in the banks of Danbury and South Norwalk.

MAY DEPOPULATE STATE.

Chicago, July 12.—"The law ought to depopulate West Virginia—any state is better to live in than West Virginia now."

This is the opinion of the West Virginia "slave law," expressed by Secretary Olander of the Illinois State Federation of Labor. The West Virginia law makes it an offense for any citizen to fail to perform at least thirty-six hours' labor. Similar legislation was introduced in the Illinois legislature, but the trade union movement defeated it. Advocates of the bill were asked how could they enjoy their annual vacations and comply with the law. They replied that they would have to leave Illinois. The trade unionists intimated that many workers would follow this suggestion if the bill was approved.

TELEPHONE GIRLS QUIT.

Aberdeen, Wash., July 12.—Telephone girls employed by the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company quit their employment rather than surrender membership in their union. Citizens have signed a petition to the company in behalf of the girls. It is stated that "this is a workingman's city and we believe in the right of all workers to join legitimate trade unions and that by so doing they surrender none of their rights as citizens of a free country." The girls must work four months for $1 a day, and $9 a week is the maximum wage.

Central Body Holds Semi-Annual Election

All Officers, With Exception of Vice President, Renamed----De Nedrey Defeats Hassett.

The Central Labor Union held its semi-annual election of officers last Friday evening at Typographical Temple, and with the exception of vice president no changes were made.

Hugh D. Digney was elected president unanimously.

Sam De Nedrey defeated Daniel Hassett for the office of vice president, receiving 52 votes against Hassett's 44. By motion the election was made unanimously.

Newton A. James was re-elected secretary; Jos. E. Toone, financial secretary; W. H. Schaeffer, treasurer, and Joseph Clark, sergeant-at-arms.

J. L. Considine, Wm. Zell and W. W. Keeler were unanimously elected trustees.

Past President E. L. Tucker installed the officers.

Stenographers reported that they had secured an increase of $2 for all employes of the A. F. of L. and the machinist.

International Organizer A. J. Kugler of the Brewery Workers, in addressing the delegates, stated that his international now has jurisdiction over the Yeast Workers and that he had signed a contract with the Corby Company.

Land Monopolists and Speculators Must Be Put Out of Business

The people of Belgium have been better fed since the war began than the people of Williamsburg district in Brooklyn, N. Y., or the people of the stockyards district in Chicago.

We have Mr. Hoover's word that not a child or a mother in Belgium suffered from undernourishment. Hundreds of thousands have so suffered under the walls of great packing houses, sugar refineries and wheat elevators in the United States. The board of health in New York city has the details for doubters.

American workers would rather starve under the Stars and Stripes than be fed regularly from soup kitchens under the Prussian eagle. They will fight to enforce that choice.

Thanks to Herbert Hoover and the power of organized labor at Washington, American workers will not starve. Gambling middlemen will be regulated—their profits reduced from 100 or 200 per cent to some such decent figure as 10 or 20 per cent. The people will be fed, to prevent riots and revolution, to keep the populace in order. But they will not eat porter house, fresh eggs, strawberries and cream.

When a fleet of battleships fears attack by the enemy, its destroyers and other fast, speedy craft steam between it and the enemy and throw off dense clouds of black smoke, called a smoke screen, to shield the bigger ships from the enemy's gunners. Today the gambling middlemen whom Mr. Hoover proposes to regulate are performing that identical and very valuable service for special privilege in America.

Back of the food gamblers, invisble to men whose eyes are blinded by custom and meek acceptance of things as they are, loom the real rulers of America—its landlords. They stand guard between the people and the source of the people's necessities—the nation's land and other natural resources. They own the mines, the forests, the oil wells, the steel mills, the railroads, the railroad terminals, the market places, the land in city and country.

John Moody, the financial expert and statistician, estimates the wealth of the nation in 1907 as about $120,000,000,000, and figures that about one-half is what might be called created wealth. The balance he calls "spontaneous wealth," or unearned increment. In other words, in 1907 the people were paying about four billions a year in tribute to the landlords.

But the landlords are never satisfied. They are holding nearly half the farm land in the United States entirely out of use. They are holding out of use every big open tract of land on the otuskirts and in the suburbs of every big city in the country. They are holding thousands of vacant lots out of use in the cities themselves. They are keeping this land beyond the reach of the people who need it, because as the population grows, the need grows, and the price they can extort for permission to use the land rises in proportion.

There is just one simple, direct way to solve the food problem, put an end to atrocities and injustices wrought by our Huns at home, and transform this nation into such a happy, prosperous people that men will no longer welcome the opportunity to escape the horrors of peace for the excitement and comfortable fatalism of war. This way is to put the land monopolist and the land speculator out of business by raising every penny of public revenues from a tax on land values, taking for the community the values that belong to the community and that now flow into the pockets of the Astors, Rockefellers, Morgans, Fields, and the whole crew of parasites who are protected by policemen while they stand guard over the necessities of men, women and little children, doling out just enough to keep starvation away to those who pay the price, and letting the others starve.

Ask your Congressman if he has the courage to act now. The New York World of June 14 said in an editorial: "The ordinary wage-earner, the man of moderate salary, can barely stagger along under the burden that is imposed on him—unless there is legislation. This country can easily be brought to the verge of a social revolution. Hunger may make its own laws as it has done in Russia."

BUSHELMEN FORM UNION.

Hartford, July 12.—A new local bushelmen's union, affiliated with the Journeymen Tailors of America, was organized last evening by Frank Deluca, general organizer. About thirty members were present.

GAINS BY PRESSMEN.

Uniontown, Pa., July 12.—The Pressmen's Union has signed a union shop agreement with a morning and afternoon paper in this city.

Duncan Urges 8-Hour Day for Russians

Explains How America Had Met Its Labor Problems in the Last Decade.

A dispatch from Petrograd, Russia, to the New York Times contains the following reference to James Duncan, first vice president of the American Federation of Labor, who was a member of the United States commission to Russia:

James Duncan, labor member of the United States commission to Russia, held the attention of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates for more than an hour tonight while he explained how America had met its labor problems in the last decade, and begged the Russian delegates to benefit by the experience and mistakes of the United States. Organized workers of America, he said, might be of service to the working people of Russia in helping them to develop practical trade unions.

In connection with the munitions question in Russia he expressed the hope that the workingmen here would follow the example of America in introducing an urgency clause in their eight-hour legislation which, in time of war, would allow the operation of factories to their full capacity, so that the army might be adequately supplied with ammunition. He proposed a system of eight-hour shifts which, without imposing hardship on laborers, would increase the output to a point necessary for the successful conduct of the war.

"Soldiers at the front," Mr. Duncan said, "cannot be covered by an eight-hour day provision; war is not conducted that way. In giving the best possible service within twenty-four hours workingmen will be subjected to no greater hardship than soldiers in the trenches."

At one time the speaker was interrupted by a sailor who shouted that America was a nation of capitalists, but he was promptly hooted down by the rest of the council. Except for this one incident, the delegates were sympathetic and attentive.

Replying to Mr. Duncan, President N. O. Tcheidse, of the council, said that if America agreed with Russia in its democratic aims, including a speedy conclusion of the war, as indicated by utterances of President Wilson that they were in full sympathy, he extended the heartiest greeting to the American delegate and would earnestly welcome America's assistance in the achievement of those aims. The Russian people, President Tcheidse said, were in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war in order to bring about peace as soon as possible.

In conference with M. Skobeleff, minister of labor, before the meeting, Mr. Duncan discussed the interpretation of the Russian watchword, "peace without annexation."

"The minister of labor made it clear to me," Mr. Duncan told an Associated Press correspondent, "that Russian democracy means nothing by this phrase which we cannot heartily subscribe to. Before this phrase was defined it seemed to mean that Germany was to emerge from the war with impunity and without making reparation for the damage she had done. But the Russian delegates do not mean this at all. They believe that Germany should be compelled to restore and make full reparation for Belgium, and they are not opposed to the principle of indemnities. Their word 'contribution' refers exclusively to the kind of war levy imposed by Germany upon Brussels. There is no important difference between the aims of the Russian democracy and our own. We both agree upon the conditions upon which peace can be determined."

Demand the Union Label!

Untimely Peace Plan Opposed by A.F. of L.

Executive Council Declines to Send Representatives to International Conference of Unions.

The A. F. of L. executive council has declined the invitation to have American trade unionism represented at "an international conference of trade unions" on September 17, in Switzerland to discuss "the demands of peace of the trade unions."

This conference was agreed to at a meeting on June 8, in Stockholm, of Holland, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Finland, Germany, Austria, Hungary and Bulgaria trade unionists. In answer to the invitation to attend the Switzerland conference, forwarded by President Lindquist of the Stockholm conference, President Gompers forwarded the following cablegram:

"The executive council of the American Federation of Labor, in session, after due deliberation upon invitation received from you and from Oudegeest of Amsterdam, Holland, to send delegates to a conference proposed to be held at Stockholm September 17, decided that we regard all such conferences as premature and untimely and can lead to no good purpose. We apprehend that a conference such as is contemplated would rather place obstacles in the way to democratize the institutions of the world and hazard the liberties and opportunities for freedom of all peoples. Therefore, the American Federation of Labor with its 2,500,000 members cannot accept invitation to participate in such a conference. If an international trade union conference is to be held it should be at a more opportune time than the present or the immediate future, and in any event the proposals of the American Federation of Labor for international conference should receive further and more sympathetic consideration. Shall be glad to continue correspondence."

The Gompers' cablegram was also transmitted to the French federation of labor, to the British trades union congress and to the federation of labor of Holland.

MILITARY INSURANCE.

A conference has been held between the Secretary of the Treasury and representatives of the life insurance companies of the country. An effort is being made to formulate some feasible plan of insurance for those engaged in military service, with the possible doing away with the pension system now in vogue. It is a gigantic problem, but there appears to be a strong sentiment in favor of making an exhaustive investigation into the subject. No other country has ever attempted the institution of such a plan, but expert insurance men are expected to present some basis after giving the subject consideration. It is stated that the amount of money paid in pensions growing out of the civil war approaches $5,000,000,000, while the number of men engaged in that conflict approximated 2,200,000.

CARPENTERS' INCREASE.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 12.—Secretary Duffy of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters reports the results of trade movements as follows: Lincoln, Ill., an increase from 45 to 50 cents per hour; Texarkana, Texas, from 50 to 60 cents per hour; Franklin, Mass., from 45 to 50 cents per hour; Geneseo, Ill., from 40 to 45 cents per hour.

PLUMBERS RAISE WAGES.

Ogden, Utah, July 12.—Plumbers' Union has secured a union shop agreement and increased wages, after conferring with their employers. The new rate is $5 instead of $4.50; juniors will receive $4 instead of $3.50.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

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EMBLEM OF ALLIED PRINTING TRADES COUNCIL WASHINGTON D.C. FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JULY 13, 1917.

NO SHAM ECONOMY.

Much has been said on the subject of economy since the beginning of the war.

Some have advocated that every citizen organize his living along lines of rigid economy. No sooner was this idea set forth than others declared that we must not radically change our mode of living lest we unsettle the industrial and commercial world. They pointed out the fact that nothing is so sensitive as the credit organization of business and that sudden changes in national mode of living would react disastrously. This latter advice seemed a bit ironical to the great masses of the nation who are wage-earners and who compared the swiftly rising prices with their almost stationary wages.

Out of the discussion there developed this fact—the nation is preparing itself for the greatest test it has ever endured; it is stripping itself for the fight, and, like an athlete, getting into training to develop hard sinews of endurance. Weak places are disclosed that they may be eliminated. The whole process must go on under rigid, scientific principles. We must know the truth of our weakness in order to achieve our greatest strength. So our nation is passing through a period of shifting values and changing economies. The purpose is to eliminate the waste and to make everything count for national effectiveness.

As a nation we must get rid of those qualities and customs that are associated with soft living in the times of peace and national luxury. We must develop endurance, power, spiritual insight and creative ability. With this changing of values there must come a readjustment in the commercial and industrial world. Occupations and industries may for a time disappear completely and new ones be developed to meet war necessities.

The guiding thought of new economies will be the elimination of waste and the enhancement of effectiveness. Our economic, social, and political institutions as they existed in peace times were loosely co-ordinated and widely differentiated.

In order to meet war needs and serve war purposes these must be co-ordinated and unified. The spirit and purpose of the whole nation must be unified. In a democratic people this cannot be accomplished by compulsion, but it must come through the voluntary response of every citizen. In each household there must develop the purpose to adjust the household economy to the national economy. The elimination of waste in the household will contribute to the elimination of national waste. Waste here refers not only to the material things but to the spiritual and creative abilities of the members of the household. No one must be a waster or a shirker; the effort must be a genuine one and not a pretense.

Among certain families has been inaugurated with striking publicity a conspicuous program of economy featured by a three-course dinner. With the accounts of this conspicuous economy, enumerating the articles comprising the menu, the whole sham was disclosed. It was a mockery to those thousands of families who must live in most rigid economy in order to make ends meet.

The war must be won by genuine efforts based upon the right principles. It is of no advantage, nor does it further our purpose, to deceive ourselves or try to deceive our neighbors; every effort must be genuine and must be intelligently directed to further the best interests of the whole people. Personal interests and personal activities must be subordinated to national welfare.—July American Federationist.

CHILDREN'S PLAY—A PATRIOTIC CALL.

"Public provision for recreation is not a luxury to be cut off but a necessity to be conserved." Miss Julia C. Lathrop, chief of the Children's Bureau of the United States Department of Labor, in discussing the report on Facilities for Children's Play in the District of Columbia which was recently issued by the bureau, said:

"An English authority has lately pointed out the demoralization to boys and girls caused by the breaking down of clubs and the withdrawal to the army of recreation leaders, and he has traced much of the increase in juvenile delinquency in England to the chaos in recreation activities which has prevailed since the war.

"This is a good time to remind ourselves that the continuance and development of all types of innocent and healthful recreation in every community offer a call to patriotic service for many who cannot go to the front. The strain and anxiety which are certain to grow in this country for an indefinite period ahead of us need to be counterbalanced by greater community effort to provide opportunity for wholesome play."

The report on children's play in Washington describes the various sections of the city and the extent of the playgrounds and athletic fields provided by the District government, by the public schools, and in connection with the federal parks. It includes an analysis of distances and population in relation to play facilities and makes recommendations for the further development of recreation in Washington.

The amended workmen's compensation law, making it compulsory for all employers to operate under the present compensation act, has been signed by Gov. Lowden of Illinois, who urged this measure in a special message to the legislature.

Patriotic Addresses Indorsed by Press

Porto Rican Papers Comment Favorably on Speeches by F. C. Roberts.

While in Porto Rico recently representing the federal Department of Labor in an industrial dispute between the steamship companies and the longshoremen in San Juan, Mr. Roberts, who was formerly labor commissioner of Porto Rico, made a number of public addresses on "Patriotism." The people of the island having recently been made citizens of this country the speeches were well received, and a hearty co-operation expressed by the people to do their "bit" in the present war struggle. The great mass of people of the island feel grateful to this country for honoring them with citizenship, and more than one hundred thousand young men registered under the selective draft bill for service in the army.

The following editorial appeared in the El Tempo of San Juan (the speeches were printed in English and Spanish):

"A great many people were glad to see Mr. Roberts in Porto Rico again, and it was a matter of great regret that he did not return to his old position as head of the Labor Bureau. He is a genuine friend of labor, and is broad enough to conceive and understand the difficult problems to be solved in Porto Rico. He is fair, and because he is fair, he commands the respect of all parties to the labor question. His public utterances were timely and forceful. His appeal to labor to step to the front and assume the duties and responsibilities due from every citizen to a flag and a government that protects all alike was an inspiration; it was like the coming into a sick room of a current of fresh air, because it was both a stimulant and a medicine 'for what ails us.'"

In speaking of the patriotism of the people of the island, Mr. Roberts said: "A country that has offered over a hundred thousand of its young men to fight for the United States certainly is entitled to assistance economically."

CHEAPER POTATOES.

Reports coming in from various sections of the country indicate that the price of potatoes is rapidly tumbling and the prediction has been made that $1 a bushel will be the prevailing price shortly, wholesale prices on June 30 showing a reduction from 40 to 50 cents per bushel.

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CARPENTERS UNITING.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 12.—Deplorable conditions in the wood working industry has awakened union carpenters and millmen to the need for greater organization. This city of boasted "industrial freedom" pays a lower rate and works longer hours in this industry than any city in the state. Cut-throat competition between contractors has intensified the situation. The unionists have adopted a novel system in their campaign. They are making a job-to-job canvas for signatures of non-unionists who agree to pay a small initiation fee "with the understanding that 2,000 others will sign one of these applications and pledge themselves to do the same."

The system is proving successful as the non-unionists are impressed with the mass movement feature of this venture.

BARBERS RAISE WAGES.

Norfolk, Va., July 12.—It was necessary for the Barbers' union to call a short strike before employers in this city agreed to a new wage scale which raises rates $2 a week.

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Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w
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Belasco Theater, 15th and Madison Pl.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 9th and F N.W.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - - Ga. Ave. and Park Rd.
Glen Echo Park - - Glen Echo, Md.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol and Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Victoria - - - - 7th and E Sts. S.W.
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Anna M. Montier, Geneva Denney, Florence M. Barker, Minnie A. Stuart, Katie E. Harris, Esther C. James, Willie C. Dillworth, Katherine Z. Benson, probational skilled laborers (female) 25 cents per hour.

Vincent T. Roddy, John D. Allen, James Rembert, William T. Newby, Chester B. Simms, John O. Marshall, Herbert C. George, George J. Stewart, James E. Cobbs, John L. Akers, Edwin C. Gary, John H. Blake, Maurice C. Clark, Richard A. L. Contee, Samuel R. Keene, Edward J. Link, probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Thomas B. Gleason and Francis M. Boucher, probational messenger boys, 15 cents per hour.

L. Thomas Pennington, James E. Swick, Joseph E. McCalister, James J. Reagan, Walter A. Thornton, emergency bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

Aaron T. Smith, William Myers, Edward Downes, Richard L. Stevenson, Joseph L. Mooney, Abraham D. Langley, Samuel Birbeck, George J. Boyce, Malcolm E. Bradley, Allen B. Frazee, Owen J. Smith, Arthur J. McCough, John M. Walsh, Robert H. Goetz, Peter E. Jones, Edward Dering, William E. Maher, emergency pressmen, 55 cents per hour.

Bettie M. Price, Margaret S. Holmes, Fannie H. Fant, Louise E. Perry, Rose E. White, emergency pressfeeders, 25 cents per hour.

William Smith, Louis Atkins, Isadore R. Nelson, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Willis James, Grant Hines, Isaac Hines, Isaac R. Calloway, James B. Holmes, George H. Simmons, William Dorsey, George L. Lee, George M. Washington, Robert D. Craig, Robert Jones, Julian Stevenson, James A. Linguist, Edward R. Jaymes, John L. Randall, Charles Washington, John F. Roy, Innis P. Skinner, Sheridan Carter, William A. Taylor, William M. Clarke, Alfred J. Disbro, John E Hutchinson, William A. Boyd, jr., Herbert D. Foster, Lloyd W. Dodson, Jas. S. Monroe, William C. Byrd, Leonard J. Lilly, Charles H. Williams, Joseph H. Taylor, Ernest B. Jones, Melvin J. Jones, temporary unskilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Alice I. Muller, Mary A. Griffin, Ellen Allen, Enman V. M. Graham, Edna L. Taylor, Thelma E. Murray, Lottie A. Goines, Jenie E. Bell, Maude L. Adams, Annie E. Coran, Christine C. Irving, Irene J. Dent, F. Pearl De Laplaine, Ada Haithcock, Louise Murray, Mary Prender, Ethel L. Smith, Mattie L. Thomas, Eunice O. Bates, Jessie I. Yancey, Etta B. Cumberland, Ethel R. Gallagher, Myrtie L. Adams, Wilbertine K. Ford, Almeda V. Leary, Mary Haynes, Mary E. Loveless, Lottie M. O'Brien, Eleanor C. Hardy, Rena O. Burrell, Hortense O. Thomas, Lilie A. Martin, Elsie L. Newman, Hattie E. Bailey, Eleanor E. Grove, Marguerite F. Roberts, Margaret Frazier, Pearl E. Gray, Mary R. Sullivan, Bessie Rabey, Ethel L. Lusby, Leotta M. Connell, Edna M. Stewart, Ida A. Fitzpatrick, Lillian C. Boryer, Nellie M. Wiley, Anna M. Hueter, Jennie L. Schofer, Mary J. Malone, Bessie A. Calnan, Nora Mould, Zella Lynch, Mildred N. Healy, Margaret V. Chamberlain, Catherine E. Corbin, K. Lorraine Anderson, Mary E. Poore, Mary S. Booth, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Separations.

Jesse B. Cooley and Donald B. Tavenner, probationary messenger boys, resigned.

John E. Hogan, jr., emergency messenger boy.

William H. Mellach, messenger, resigned.

Olien E. Harrison, helper, resigned.

Reed F. Martin and Joseph S. George, clerks, resigned.

James A. Callan, emergency plasterer.

I. Walter Sharp, proofreader, resigned.

Garnett Denham, compositor (temporary).

Miss Naomi C. Soders, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

William H. Carey and Joseph Grier, temporary unskilled laborers, resigned

Walter Thomas and Thomas Kirksey, probational skilled laborers, resigned.

Minnie W. Bardwell, skilled laborer, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Simon Radouski, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to counter, 35 cents per hour.

Alan R. C. Benner, shipper in charge, $1,400 per annum, to foreman, $1,400 per annum.

Miss Helen A. McNicholas, helper, $870 per annum, to assistant foreman, $1,200 per annum.

Finley S. Hayes, pressman, 55 cents per hour, to pressman in charge, 60 cents per hour.

Reuben A. Scarborough, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to elevator conductor, 30 cents per hour.

Thomas Gates, permanent unskilled laborer, to probational skilled laborer.

Vincent J. Hart, messenger boy, to skilled laborer.

Bernard L. Douglas, messenger, to counter, 35 cents per hour.

Lewis C. Frey, compositor, 50 cents per hour, to maker-up, 60 cents.

Earl S. King, Frank Turano, Chas. A. Munzner, temporary bookbinders, to probational bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

Elizabeth G. Cooksey, Helen T. Chace, Minnie O. Morris, Louise M. Browne, Helen M. O'Brien, Lauretta E. Keehan, George H. B. Reid, Chas. L. Banks, William A. Johnson, Julian V. Richardson, Edward Shanahan, Julius M. Brown, Charles E. Clark, Edward H. Markwood, William M. Bohanan, John J. B. Plummer, Raymond H. Spriggs, temporary skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to probational skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

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New York, July 12.—The American Car and Foundry Company made a gross profit of nearly 400 per cent last year in the manufacture of war munitions and railroad cars. The net income of $10,310,872 was $7,494,854 greater than the previous year.

REDUCE WORK DAY.

Albany, N. Y., July 12.—The newly organized union of chemical workers has reduced their ten and eleven hour work day to nine hours and increased wages, with time and one-half for overtime. The union's committee will be recognized.

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1105 H St. N.E.	701 H St. N.E.	1714 14th St. N.W.
1632 N. Capitol St.	726 7th St. N.W.	3608 14th St. N.W.
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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave. Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 787 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wasaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary. No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 92 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. .Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seiboid, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
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INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

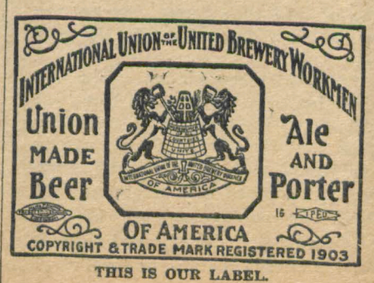
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 816 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month,

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.



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Slogan of Equal Pay for Women

Labor Organizations Should Be Interested in Industrial Welfare of Female Workers.

"Every labor orgainzation in the country should be keenly interested in the welfare of women in industry," remarked a labor man in this city. "In all adaptable employments women have an equal right to positions. They should be encouraged rather than discouraged. With the transition of industry during the war period the employers, true to their well known concepts, will endeavor to substitute women at a lower wage scale than they are now paying their male employes. It is already being done. Patriotism is the cloak with which they are endeavoring to hide their financial gains by a lower labor cost. Women are being employed in railroad shops and other forms of employment entirely unsuited to them while thousands of men are available for these positions. The opportunity which the war affords unfair and unscrupulous employers to secure cheaper labor by the employment of women should be met by vigorous action by the unions of labor in the localities where this practice is being inaugurated. Equal pay for equal work should be the slogan. Every central body in the country should provide for a standing committee to collect data in its locality relative to the employment of women. If those who are substituting women for men are not paying wages formerly paid to men a local campaign should be inaugurated against the practice and the facts given the widest possible publicity and the officers of the American Federation of Labor informed. When a nation-wide campaign for equal pay is instituted by the labor unions the results will not only be beneficial to women who will enter industry, but the standards established by the unions will largely be maintained. We should not delay our efforts. It will be infinitely easier to check a tendency than correct an abuse."

SHIFTING OF LABOR, "ST. VITUS DANCE"

George School, Pa., July 12.—The continual shifting of labor from one place to another was termed "the industrial St. Vitus dance" by Robert C. Clothier, of Philadelphia, in a discussion of the labor problem at the Friends' summer school.

This shifting, the speaker said, which was costly to the employer, was largely due to preventable causes, which he enumerated as low wages, long hours, fear of discharge, petty injustices, disagreeable working conditions and for the failure of the employer to treat the worker as a human being.

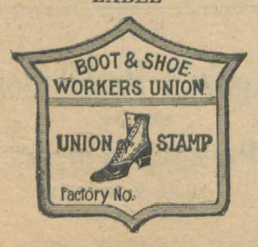
This, the speaker urged, was the result of the drifting apart of the employer and employe since the days of the apprentice who lived directly with the employer. He declared for shorter hours, saying that the output of shorter hours was in the main greater than in longer hours.

In an arraignment of the present industrial system Dr. Jesse H. Holmes declared against the monotony to the employe because of machine-run and speeding-up processes which increase the strain. He cited breaker boys in coal fields and girls employed in silk mills and in canning establishments, whose labor, while increasing efficiency from a business standpoint, was deadly to the people from a social standpoint. The monotonous performance, in his opinion, led to vicious amusements and destroyed ingenuity and real art—deadened the creative sense. The making of cheap things made cheap men and women, was his ultimatum, in a plea that the worker be given more leisure for self-development.

STREET CAR MEN WIN.

Dayton, Ohio, July 12.—The Dayton Street Railway has concluded that the business of smashing trade unions is not a paying one and will hereafter recognize the new union of Street Car Men, through its executive committee. It took a two-week strike before the company accepted this viewpoint.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS LABEL



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Shortage of Labor After War Prophesied

Commissioner of Immigration Foresees Large Emigration From This Country.

New York, July 12.—Immigration to the United States after the war will be limited to the peoples of Poland, Hungary, Bohemia and the Balkan states, and may be entirely offset by a large emigration from this country to Europe, according to Frederic C. Howe, commissioner of immigration at the port of New York.

In an article appearing in a recent issue of "The Public," Commissioner Howe says:

"In my opinion all the warring countries will do everything they can to keep their able-bodied men at home. They will need them for reconstruction purposes. Certainly this will be true of England, Germany and France. Any material emigration from Germany is doubtful. The same is true of France. There has never been much emigration out of France for the reason that the French people are home-owning peasants. In addition, France has been socialized almost as completely as Germany. Something of the same sort has happened in England. In Russia and Austria-Hungary necessity has forced similar activities upon these countries, and they, too, will be in a better position than ever before so far as national political organization is concerned, to take care of their people. In addition, millions of men have been killed or incapacitated, and there is likely to be a shortage in the labor market which may materially increase wages; and this of itself is sufficient to keep the workers at home, for immigration to this country is always determined by economic conditions. Men come here because they get better wages than they do at home or because of the general improvement in their social and economic well-being.

"While all this is true, unless the governments forbid it, there will almost certainly be a heavy emigration from Poland, Hungary, Bohemia and the Balkan states. This part of Europe has suffered most from the war. At least 10,000,000 people have been driven from their homes. Millions of these people have friends and relatives in the United States, and these millions will look longingly toward a war-free country. And they will be helped to come to America by friends already here.

"One thing is certain, there is going to be a big competition for men all over the world. Canada has lost heavily, and Canada will try to draw people from the United States, as well as from England. Mexico will probably be at peace; and while Mexico is not inviting immigration, she is planning to break up the big monopolistic land holdings in that country and provide free land for settlers. The same is true of Australia.

"Instead of a surplus of labor, there may be quite a universal shortage, and those countries that make conditions most attractive for labor are going to secure immigrants and keep their own population. It would not be surprising if hundreds of thousands of able-bodied foreigners leave the United States for Europe. In fact, the steamship companies report from 500,000 to 1,000,000 persons are planning to return to Europe after the war. It may be that the action of Europe is preventing emigration, the curiostiy and desire of foreigners already in this country to go back home, but most of all the belief on the part of many that they can acquire a piece of land in Europe, will convert America from a nation of immigrants into a nation of emigrants. Of course this is speculation, but unless our cities and states work out plans for the more humane treatment of the working classes in this country, such an exodus is quite likely. Especially is this true as to our land policy. Immigrants want to own their own farms, but wherever they turn they find so many difficulties in the way that they remain in the cities. Land is held at speculative prices. Farmers have difficulty in marketing their products. As soon as a considerable number settle in a community, the price of land goes up. As against this, western Canada is planning to take taxes off houses, improvements and farm products, and in addition to put a heavy tax upon idle land, with the aim of breaking up land speculation, especially the holding of land out of use. Europe, too, is turning to the land tax for the same purpose.

"Should Europe adopt a comprehensive land policy on the one hand, and Canada on the other, it is quite possible that the United States will be confronted with a permanent shortage of labor, and that immigrants will leave this country—as many have already done—for Canada; and not only for the latter country, but for Europe as well."

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The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 4 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 20, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Memphis Clerks Win After Long Conflict

Right to Join Union and the Minimum Wage Among the Concessions Granted.

Memphis, July 19.—The strike of department store clerks in this city has been settled, with full honors for the International Retail Clerks' Union and the Central Labor Union of Memphis, which kept the spirit of the pickets alive by co-operation and encouragement through several hard months of strife.

The settlement was underwritten by Charles Bendheim, conciliator for the Department of Labor, and the following local men: Putnam Dye, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen; John J. Vogt, Trades and Labor Council; C. W. Miller, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and O. L. Biggs, Building Trades Council.

It was the ready sympathy of the working people of the city that won the strike for the clerks, who went out only after redress of grievances had been refused by the combination of department store interests.

This is one of the most encouraging advances that have been made by department store employes in a number of years. They have established a minimum wage of $6, fifty-seven hours a week for women, sixty for men; paid holidays on Christmas, New Year day, Independence day, Thanksgiving and Labor day, and the right to join the union.

The strike was caused by an attempt to have the stores open on Sundays. Secretary Conway of the Retail Clerks union directed the strike.

The struggle drew national attention to the clerks' efforts to organize from members of the National Dry Goods Association, a powerful group of employers that has so far managed always to crush the attempt, in the large cities of their clerks to organize.

Memphis is an important railroad town, and the withholding of buying by the labor public was the important factor in the struggle.

METAL WORKERS WIN.

Port Arthur, Tex., July 19.—What is declared to be the first agreement established in any oil refinery, has been secured by 600 striking metal trades men employed by the Gulf Refining Company, after a twelve-day suspension. The agreement includes shop rules covering every trade affected and extra time for overtime.

Shop committees will be recognized and there will be no discrimination because of membership on these committees. No employe will be discharged without proper cause and any man, who, after investigation, is found to have been discharged without sufficient cause, will be reinstated.

SWEAT SHOPS CORNERED.

Trenton, N. J., July 19.—Anti-sweat shop legislation, passed by the last general assembly, took effect last week. No portion of a dwelling can hereafter be used for manufacturing purposes without a state license that must be renewed every six months. Each room must contain at least 250 cubic feet of air space for each person employed in the day time and not less than 400 cubic feet for each person at night. Strict regulations as to sanitary conditions are also provided.

8 HOURS FOR MACHINISTS.

New Britain, Conn., July 19.—The New Britain Machine Company has abandoned its ten and twelve-hour day and installs the eight-hour system. This plant is rushed with government work but machinists and other employes protested against the killing pace. The company has agreed to pay overtime for work over eight hours.

Western Soldiers Would Awe Strikers

Striking Smeltermen Secure Increases Despite Intimidating Tactics of Idaho Troops.

Salt Lake City, Utah, July 19.—Striking smeltermen at the International Smelting Company's plant have secured wage increases despite intimidating tactics of the 2d Idaho regiment, which was sent to "guard the company's property," although none of the strikers had been near the property after they suspended work.

The plant is four miles from Tooele and on one occasion twenty of the soldiers formed in line near the depot and went through the manual of arms, including bayonet thrusts.

One of the strikers made a remark about being able to take a gun away from Capt. Claude V. Biggs, in command of the troop. The captain ordered the worker arrested and placarded his back and breast with the inscriptions, "I am sorry," and "I will never again insult a uniform," or similar words. Tin cans were tied to the worker and two soldiers, with fixed bayonets, marched him through the main streets, keeping the cans jingling with the points of their bayonets.

A. F. of L. Organizer Young made vigorous protest against Biggs' conduct, which is being investigated by his superior officers. State officials who were aiding the trade unionists in settling the strike when Biggs attempted to create violence, assert that if the colonel of this regiment does not punish the officious captain, the government will be asked to court-martial him.

When the strike started most of the employes were non-unionists. Since the settlement the union's membership has increased from a mere handful to over 1,000.

BONUS IS FAR AWAY.

Denver, Col., July 19.—It is stated that 2,000 employes of the Santa Fe railroad in this state will receive a 10 per cent bonus — next December. Employes who do not have contracts made with the company through collective bargaining are not eligible to this bonus.

This means that non-unionists, if they remain patient and long-suffering until next December, will receive 10 per cent of their wages between July and December from the kindly Santa Fe.

It must be remembered that if any of these workers join a union that has contractural relations with the road, and thereby automatically come under a higher wage standard, they will forfeit all rights to this bonus.

WORKERS VICTIMIZED.

New York, July 19.—President Maher of the Third Avenue Railway Company has discharged four employes who asked for a conference that the demands of the men they represented might be considered.

Last year this corporation battled with the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, and these workers have developed a solidarity which Maher would destroy by victimization tactics.

GAINS BY TEAMSTERS.

Yonkers, N. Y., July 19.—Teamsters' Union No. 306 has negotiated a union-shop agreement with the Coal Dealers' Association. Wages are increased 10 per cent, overtime will be paid at the rate of 40 cents an hour, and the ten-hour day is agreed to.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 19.—The Teamsters' Union in this city has been organized just one year and has secured wage increases, that in no case is less than $3 a week per member.

Central Labor Union Indorses Colpoys

Pledges Support to Labor Delegate at Primaries to Select a Choice to Be Presented to President for Appointment as Commissioner.

At the regular weekly meeting of the Central Labor Union last Monday night at Typographical Temple the delegates adopted the following resolution, proposed by Secretary N. A. James, indorsing Mr. John B. Colpoys for the position as one of the District Commissioners and pledging their support to procuring the necessary number of names that his name appear on the official ballot:

"Whereas, A preferential primary is soon to be held to select a candidate, whose name will be presented to President Wilson, for the position as one of the District Commissioners, and

"Whereas, We know that the necessary qualifications for one holding this position and one who would give eminent satisfaction to all classes of the taxpayers is possessed by Delegate John B. Colpoys. Therefore be it

"Resolved, That we, the delegates to the Central Labor Union, indorse John B. Colpoys for this position and pledge our support to procuring the necessary number of names that his name appear on the official ballot and urge all members and friends of the trades unions to go to the polls on Primary Day and cast their ballot for John B. Colpoys."

REDUCE WOMEN'S WORK.

Madison, Wis., July 19.—The state industrial commission has prohibited night work for women in manufactories and laundries in Wisconsin. Night work is declared to be work performed between the hours of 6 p.m. and 6 a.m. Pea canning factories are excepted.

The commission's order is the result of hearings upon the petition of the Wisconsin state federation of labor and other bodies which urged the prohibition of all night work for women and a reduction of day labor to eight hours. The commission disposes only of that part of the petition which relates to night work in manufactories and laundries and gives notice that it will make further investigation of other industries.

This order of the commission merely restores the provisions of the law of 1913. In a decision last year the supreme court construed an ambiguous statute as meaning that an eight-hour limit applies only when all of a woman's work is done at night time.

UNORGANIZED STRIKE.

Kansas City, Mo., July 19.—The discharge of a box maker in one of the many unorganized plants in this city aroused 2,000 of these workers to their deplorable condition and every box factory is tied up. Trade unionists came to the assistance of the strikers, who are now organized. With the consciousness of power they are demanding union recognition and a higher rate than they formerly asked.

PRINTERS APPROVE PACT.

Indianapolis, July 19.—Official figures on the proposed ten-year arbitration agreement with the union-shop division of the United Typothetae and Franklin clubs of America, submitted to the referendum, has been announced by the International Typographical Union. The vote was 26,757 for and 14,282 against.

BOILER MAKERS WIN.

Superior, Wis., July 19.—Contract boiler shops have tired of their strike-breakers and agree to recognize shop committees of Boiler Makers' union No. 174. Strikebreakers are dismissed, wages are increased and an additional increase is promised in the near future.

ARMY COSTS COMPARED.

In the Official Bulletin, issued by the government's committee on public information, is printed these comparative figures on army costs this year and in 1915:

"In the year 1915, $450,000 was appropriated for aeronautics; under the urgent deficiency act, $47,000,000.

"In the year 1915, for sustenance, $9,800,000; this year, $133,000,000.

"In the year 1915, $10,000,000 for regular supplies; this year, almost $110,000,000.

"In 1915, $13,000,000 for transportation; this year, almost $222,000,000.

"In 1915, for clothing and camp garrison equipage, $6,500,000; this year, $231,500,000.

"In 1915, $300,000 for ordnance service; this year, $2,650,000.

"In 1915, $450,000 for manufacture of arms; this year, something over $55,000,000."

FAVOR NON-UNIONISM.

Grand Rapids, Mich., July 19.—The builders and traders' exchange has issued an appeal to merchants to aid them in a campaign against trade unionism and the theory of collective bargaining. These employers attempt to conceal their real purpose by the use of that bedraggled and hypocritical term, "the open shop."

BREWERY WORKERS GAIN.

Philadelphia, July 19.—Although agreements exist between the brewery workers' unions and employers in this city, the latter have voluntarily raised wages, on the claim of their employes that this was necessary to meet the high cost of living. The increase means an additional $7,000 a week to 1,500 workers.

BOILER MAKERS GAIN.

El Paso, Tex., July 19.—A minimum rate of 60 cents an hour is the main feature of an agreement between Boiler Makers' Union No. 216 and the El Paso Foundry and Machine Company.

WAGE GAINS BY PLUMBERS.

Bridgeport, Conn., July 19.—Organized plumbers have raised wages from $4.36 to $5 a day, to date back from March 1.

Injunction Stopped When Strike Is Lost

Court, However, Evades Request That It Pass Upon Right of Free Press.

Springfield, Ill., July 19.—The Illinois state supreme court has reversed Judge Frederick Smith of the Cook county circuit court, who sentenced Jan Michalek, a striking malleable iron worker, to ten days in jail and to pay a fine of $100 for violating an injunction. He was found guilty of causing the publication of a strike notice and call for a meeting of strikers in a Polish newspaper in Chicago.

While Michalek will not go to jail the fact remains that the strike was broken by the injunction and the supreme court has dodged the request of the Chicago federation of labor, Michalek's defender, that it pass upon the right of a free press. The court evades this request and makes no comment on the principle involved, although it does hold that Michalek did not violate the injunction and Judge Smith's decision is reversed because "the liberty of the citizen cannot be taken away upon a pretext so slim as this."

The supreme court's decision is summed up as follows by Victor Olander, secretary of the Illinois State Federation of Labor:

"In passing upon his injunction, Judge Smith did not rightly construe the meaning of his own language and, therefore, the charge against the defendant was not well founded."

While the case has been won, what redress is there for Jan Michalek? asks Olander.

"What remedy is offered to the hundreds of malleable iron workers whose strike was broken by the injunction? None! The equity process—'equity and good conscience' is the legal fiction used to describe the proceedings—has no remedy to offer them. The strikers had no property involved in the case. Only their personal rights—the sacred rights of a free citizenship—had been interfered with. And the injunction judge deals with such rights only in the interest of property."

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Louisville, Ky., July 19.—An arbitration board has conceded two-thirds of the wage demands of Typographical Union No. 10. Day men on newspapers are increased from $24 to $26 a week and night men receive $28.80, an increase of $2.40.

Toronto, Ontario, Canada, July 19.—The Typographical Union has raised wages of its members employed in commercial shops $4 a week, making their minimum $24.

The union recently secured substantial increases for its members employed in newspapers.

REFUSE INJUNCTION.

Ardmore, Okla., July 19.—District Judge Freeman has denied an application of the Pioneer Telephone company for an injunction against trade unionists who are requesting sympathizers to remove their telephones because of a strike of telephone girls, who are demanding higher wages.

The trade union movement is backing the girls and local sentiment is shown by the action of the mayor, who issued a proclamation declaring a half holiday on the afternoon of a street parade and demonstration in favor of the girls.

UNIONISTS TO MEET.

Boulder, Col., July 19.—Officers of the Colorado State Federation of Labor have issued a call for the twenty-second annual convention to be held in this city beginning Monday, August 6.

Boston Self Seekers Given Tart Answer

Charge That Trade Unionists Were Responsible for East St. Louis Riots Replied To.

Two members of the Boston branch, Equal Rights League, were given tart answer by Frank Morrison, secretary A. F. of L., in reply to their telegram to President Gompers, in which they charged "labor unionists" with committing the East St. Louis outrages against negroes and called on President Gompers to "declare your position."

President Gompers was in New York at the time and Secretary Morrison replied:

"Your attempt to secure publicity, regardless of facts, has evidently been noticed by Mr. Victor Olander, secretary-treasurer of the Illinois Federation of Labor, Chicago, who has just forwarded this telegram to President Gompers, which you will please consider my answer to your telegram to President Gompers:

"'Press dispatches allege Negro Equal Rights League of Boston has telegraphed to you charging trade unionists with responsibility for East St. Louis riots. Any such charge is viciously untrue. It was the East St. Louis Central Labor Council, including locals having negroes in membership, that requested the investigations by the state council of defense following the disorders in May that investigations showed that southern negroes had been mislead by false advertisements and unscrupulous employment agents to come to East St. Louis in such numbers that they could not secure either work nor decent living quarters. The effect was to make acute the exploitation of labor, both negro and white, and to seriously disarrange social as well as economic conditions and to arouse bitterness on all sides.

"'The chamber of commerce was urged by one of its own officers weeks ago to use its influence against the campaign of misrepresentation and false promises responsible for the influx, but the chamber took no action.

"'It is shocking to me that such organizations as the alleged Negro Equal Rights League have little or nothing to say about the fraud practiced against negroes by unscrupulous employing interests, that such associations remain discreetly silent while southern negroes were cheated into leaving their homes for northern cities and towns already overcrowded, exhibit no concern regarding miserable living and working conditions which many negroes are forced to endure under such circumstances and offer no protest against vicious exploitation of labor through which blacks and whites suffer alike.

"'The Illinois trade union movement is striving to organize the workers of both races. Many of our local unions have negro members, some exclusively, and negro delegates attend our conventions and central bodies, but I have not learned of a single instance here where such associations as the Negro Equal Rights League have aided or encouraged negro workers to join together for purpose of self-help in trade unions, to prevent exploitation, to secure recognition of economic rights, to obtain improvements in working conditions, shorter hours or better wages.

"'On behalf of the Illinois State Federation of Labor and its entire membership of both races, I protest against the rank injustice of the charge alleged to have been made by the league, and I characterize that charge as unqualifiedly false and untrue. V. A. OLANDER,

"'Secretary-Treasurer.'"

Baltimore, July 19.—Wage increases that total $15,000 a year have been secured by Yeast Makers' Union, affiliated with the A. F. of L.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

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The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL AND TRADES COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JULY 20, 1917.

THE ACTION OF THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS AND SENATE ON NATIONAL PROHIBITION.

BY JOSEPH PROEBSTLE.

These are abnormal times; many people have become hysterical over the war, the German spies, and the national food question.

It also has given the professional Prohibition agitator an opportunity to use every congregation of the Methodist, Baptist and Presbyterian churches, along with the moral uplift squads of the Y. W. C. A. to make special hysterical efforts to impress upon Congress and the Senate of the United States the necessity of establishing the first Bone-Dry Republic against the will of its people.

Thousands of representatives of all the above mentioned forces under the guidance of the Anti-Saloon leaders, pestered, hounded, threatened and begged from one office to the other of every Congressman and Senator for their pet measure. Millions of letters and telegrams were sent from the Congregations of "world savers" at home. A great many of the leading papers of the country, thinking to humor the proposition as not really serious, gave space and encouragement for reasons of their own to this movement, and when the first test came in the House of Representatives on a food conservation bill drawn by a Southern Dry Congressman, but not in favor of National Prohibition, the House, spurred under threats and intimidations of polical effacement by the greatest and most unscrupulous lobby which ever infested Washington or any other capitol of a nation, ran wild and irresponsible, and passed the Lever Food Control Bill with an amendment giving the President thirty days to stop the brewing of beer and the making of wine, but allowing the whiskey which is now in bond to be sold. Many of our liberal friends were absent from the House on that fateful Saturday afternoon.

When the bill reached the Senate, the members of the House commenced to realize that they had done something which was unjust and not to the best interests of the country. It was generally conceded that the United States Senate would not be swayed by hysterical emotions. The committee in charge of the bill received the views of the President of the United States, recognized the force of his argument, and changed the bill to at least a proposition justified by the present emergency.

The recommendation of the committee provided for the undisturbed manufacture and sale of beer and wine, and of the present supply of whiskey in bond, but stopped for the duration of the war the manufacture of whiskey.

Seemingly, every interest was agreed to this proposition and it was expected that even the prohibition advocates themselves would not expect more. But everybody figured without "mine host," the political paid agitator of the Anti-Saloon League and the Methodist Churches of America.

No appeal to reason is possible to men representing intolerance and the political enslavement of a nation to certain religious sects and fanatics. Their slogan is: "We are in possession of the power, we hold the lash, and war or no war, our dictum must prevail or we ruin your political future."

The sarcastic answer Dr. James Cannon and Edwin C. Dinwiddie gave the President of the United States when he appealed to them in a communication, shows clearly that their own personal interest and position is of far greater moment than the interest of the government and the nation.

The same as in the House, the Senate was driven by the lash of threats and intimidations into actions of which men who consider themselves statesmen should be heartily ashamed of. Confiscation of hundreds of millions of dollars of property, elimination of millions of dollars in revenues at a time when every voice of the government is heard in appeal to its citizens to come forward and do their share.

Why is the government not making an investigation into the ramifications of these traitors who have never contributed one cent toward the maintenance of the government and its institutions? Is it not time to stop looking for the enemies amongst the foreign born, loyal, tax-paying Americans, who only ask for the privilege of life and the pursuit of happiness as guaranteed in the Constitution, and look where the traitors of the country actually are, in the lobby of the Anti-Saloon League and in the Methodist Church, under the very dome of the Capitol, stealing hundreds of millions out of the Treasury of the United States, while they attempt to rob the people of their dearest possession—"Freedom and Liberty."

Protective standards for labor are the foundation of national strength both in peace and war.

THE COAL MONOPOLIST.

The Federal Trade Commission takes note of the fact that land monopoly is at the bottom of the shortage in coal supply and recommends removal of the landlord, who happens in this case to be the coal-carrying railroads. The commission deserves credit for its boldness in making clear what other official investigators have blinked.

The ownership of coal lands by railroad corporations or interest of coal land owners in railroads has made independent operation of coal mines difficult. Congress and state legislatures have tried to remedy the matter by forbidding ownership of coal lands by railroads. The futility of such a measure could be foreseen easily. Now the Trade Commission recommends that the government take over the railroads and mines, and thus become itself both landlord and carrier. The private monopolist will thus be abolished, and with him out of the way less difficulty is to be expected in production and distribution of the coal supply.

This is not the way that all progressives would have handled the question. The single taxers, for example, would say that government ownership of the mines might be avoided, if it were made unprofitable to withhold valuable coal lands from use. A tax on land values sufficient to absorb the entire rental value, would compel the owners to permit use of enough coal lands to ensure production of a sufficient supply, while substitution of government control of public highways for private control would be the remedy for discrimination.

However, it is a splendid thing that one kind of land monopolist has been officially recognized as an enemy of the public good. And whatever difference of opinion there may be concerning methods to get rid of him, there is much to be thankful for in the fact that some kind of determined effort to abolish him is to be made.

Efficient enforcement of labor laws is even more important than their enactment.

Every foreign ruler having firmly announced that the war must go on, there's nothing for the people to do but make good.

WAGES NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR HIGH COAL PRICES.

In its suit against West Virginia coal operators the government smashed the pet theory of these employes that "high wages" are responsible for present coal prices.

The government presented official documents which showed that the miners have received a total increase of but 13 cents a ton in the last three years, as against a price boost by the operators ranging from $1.75 to $2.25 a ton.

Of the 13-cent advance 3 cents were fought for and got at one time, 5 cents at another time, and another 5 cents was granted under the April, 1917, wage agreement.

Many are predicting that with the coming of peace will come the greatest industrial and social conflict this world and this land has ever seen.

JOINT AGREEMENTS BETTER THAN LAW.

Under the caption "Labor and the Law," the Daily Herald of Adelaide, South Australia, intimates that collective bargaining is a more effective method of settling disputes between employer and employe than courts of law and other governmental institutions.

"Wage boards and industrial courts have been established for the purpose of amicably arranging matters," says this paper, "but it is a notorious fact that instead of decreasing they have increased the troubles in the industrial field.

"According to the deputy president of the local arbitration court, the employers are puzzled through not knowing for certain what particular wages board determination they are expected to obey, and meanwhile if they happen to err through ignorance they are liable to be penalized. On the other hand the employes seek blindly for means of settling disputes on a basis of stability and are met at every turn by almost insurmountable barriers, chief among which are legal complications and heavy expenditures.

"In the opinion of many, however, legal arbitration at best is but a palliative, and the only safe remedy for or prevention of industrial disputes is a mutual arrangement in which the principle of collective bargaining is recognized and expressed in a trade agreement between the employer on the one side and employe on the other under the terms of which each respects the rights of the other, and a method of settlement of all differences is provided. When mutual distrust is replaced by confidence between employers and employes a system of co-operative effort will be the order of the day. The first consideration would then be human rights, and there would be no need for reference to arbitration courts or any other legal tribunal."

LUDLOW RECALLED.

Denver, Col., July 19.—Maj. Hamrock has been appointed colonel of the 1st Colorado infantry. This official had charge of the state militia when the lives of women and children were destroyed at the Ludlow tent colony, in April, 1914, during the miners' strike.

Jesse Northcutt, of Trinidad, another defender of the coal companies' interests at that time, has been appointed colonel of the 2d Colorado infantry.

FEW IMMIGRANTS ARRIVE.

The federal bureau of immigration reports that 16,022 immigrants were admitted to this country last May. This is the lowest figure in years, and is the direct result of the war and the Burnett immigration law. In May, 1916, the arrivals totaled 37,925; in May, 1915, 32,363, and in May, 1914, 126,848.

Last May but one lone immigrant came from Bulgaria, Serbia and Montenegro. In May, 1914, the number from these countries was 1,122.

LABOR LAWS IN EFFECT.

Nashville, Tenn., July 19.—These new laws, passed at the last session of the legislature, became effective the first of the month:

Requiring owners of foundries to provide shower baths, regulate sale of mattresses, regulate employment agencies, compel semi-monthly pay days, fixing hours of labor for minors under sixteen, regulating contracts between employer and employe.

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Legal Aid Society Lauds Seamen's Act

Bill Is Bound to Prove in Time Its Soundness and Its Efficiency.

New York, July 19.—In the annual report of the Legal Aid Society, of which ex-United States Supreme Court Justice Charles E. Hughes is president, it is declared that "the seamen's bill is bound in time to prove its soundness and efficiency."

The report is a complete vindication of labor's attitude on this question and supports the claim of organized seamen—now in the law—that if the United States will no longer arrest seamen on their arrival at American ports, but will permit them to leave their positions, as is the case with other workers, seamen's wages will be raised and working conditions improved, because ship owners will be compelled to meet the standards of American ports. Before the seamen's law was passed if a seaman on a foreign vessel quit his ship on arrival at an American port, he was arrested and returned to the vessel.

"One need not be a mathematician or a student of economy," says the report, "to conclude that the enforcement of this legislation means the creation of an opportunity to the American shipowner to compete with foreigners on a par, so far as labor cost is concerned, and, secondly, gives America an opportunity to build up a merchant marine by reason of the fact that higher wages are paid on board all vessels, and rules for safety appliances, better food, larger crews' quarters and general conditions on board, are enforced on American vessels."

This complete repudiation of the ship owners' antagonism to the seamen's law is given added weight by the fact that included in the list of honorary vice presidents of the Legal Aid Society are such names as Hon. Woodrow Wilson, W. H. Taft, Elihu Root, Theodore Roosevelt and Andrew Carnegie.

R. R. MILEAGE INCREASE.

Reports from railroads controlling fifty-one per cent of the country's mileage, shows that the railroad war board's conservation campaign resulted in the transportation over these lines of 3,354,000,000 more ton-mileage of freight in April than they carried in the corresponding month of 1916. It is stated that this increase is equivalent to adding 35,000 miles to the nation's railroad facilities, and was made possible by urging railroads and shippers to make every freight car do the work that two did before the war.

BLACKSMITHS STRIKE.

SaltLake City, Utah, July 19.—Blacksmiths employed by the Denver and Rio Grande railroad are on strike to enforce a wage increase of 8 cents an hour. The wage of these workers averages $3.77 a day, while blacksmiths employed in smelters and mills average $5.25 to $5.50 for an eight-hour day.

ARTHUR E. HOLDER NAMED.

Arthur E. Holder, member of the International Association of Machinists, has been appointed by President Wilson the three-year term member of the federal board for vocational education. The other appointees are Charles A. Greathouse, farmer, Indiana, two-year term; James Phinney Munroe, business man, Boston, one-year term.

PAPER WORKERS GAIN.

Marinette, Wis., July 19.—The Munsing Paper Company has signed a three-year union shop agreement with the Paper Mill Workers' Union. Wages are increased 4 cents an hour and provision is made for yearly readjustments of the wage rate.

WIRE MEN STRIKE.

Dubuque, Iowa, July 19.—Electrical Workers' Union No. 704 has called a strike because contractors refused to meet these employes and discuss working conditions.

MEAT CUTTERS ADVANCE.

Uniontown, Pa., July 19.—The Meat Cutters' Union has secured signed agreements with employers in this city covering working hours for one year.

PAINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Norwich, Conn., July 19.—The Painters' Union has reached a wage agreement with employers. From September 1 next until April 1, 1918, rates will be increased from $18 to $19 a week. After April 1, $20 will be paid.

"Anti-Idleness" Law Used Against Unions

Miners Arrested—Had Suspended Work After Company Refused to Hear Grievances.

Charleston, W. Va., July 19.—The state legislature, at its last session, passed a so-called "vagrancy act" under the pretext of aiding the war by putting professional vagrants to work. Under this act it is unlawful for any citizen of this state between the ages of sixteen and sixty to fail to work a certain number of hours.

And now the inevitable has happened—the act is being used to break strikes.

Because miners employed by the Monte Coal Company at Ottawa were not permitted to present grievances to the management, they suspended work, and the company seized upon the vagrancy law to drive them back to their employment. Two miners and their sons were arrested and the company employed an attorney to assist the county prosecutor.

At the trial it was shown that one of the miners had secured employment elsewhere and was arrested while on his way to work. The jury could not agree in this case and the trial was transferred to Madison at the request of the company, which claimed an impartial jury could not be secured at Clothier.

Coal companies lobbied for an anti-strike law at the last session of the legislature, but were defeated by organized labor. The vagrancy law is used for the same purpose, while the companies loudly proclaim that "we must win this war that democracy may survive."

NO LABOR SHORTAGE.

Sacramento, Cal., July 19.—Excepting Imperial county there is no farm labor shortage in California, despite the fact that crops are being harvested in many parts of the state, is the gist of a report made to the state council of defense by its committee on resources and food supply.

The reason for farm labor shortage in Imperial county, it is stated, is that workers are unwilling to go into this extreme southern section of the state because of poor housing conditions and the extreme heat.

The report is based upon information obtained by the committee from the University of California farm advisors, who have conducted the investigation.

HOW ABOUT THE EMPLOYES?

Officials of the Southern Railway Company announce that out of nearly 18,000,000 passengers handled by this corporation during the last fiscal year, not a single one was killed. The management states that it "takes the utmost satisfaction in this achievement."

No mention is made of the poorly paid section worker who contracted rheumatism in all kinds of weather, the train service employes who lost life and limb or the shop men who suffer from occupational diseases.

TILE LAYERS ADVANCE.

Dayton, Ohio, July 19.—Tile Layers and Helpers' Union No. 78 is an example of what can be done through organization. A year ago these workers labored nine and ten hours a day for $3 and $3.50. They have just raised wages 11 cents an hour, which makes their rate 65 cents an hour, with an eight-hour day.

FORM REGULAR UNION.

Portland, Ore., July 19.—Motormen and conductors employed by the local traction company have abandoned their mutual admiration society, which was officered by the company, and have joined the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes.

CLERKS GAIN HOLIDAYS.

Boston, July 19.—Clerks employed by the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad have adjusted their half-holiday controversy with this corporation, and in the future clerks will have a full half-holiday every two weeks.

LAUNDRY WORKERS GAIN.

Belleville, Ill., July 19.—Organized laundry workers have raised wages 12 1-2 per cent after a long series of negotiations. The old contract expired May 30 and the new agreement dates back to June 1.

ALABAMA MINERS UNITE.

Birmingham, Ala., July 19.—During the past month the United Mine Workers have organized fifty-six local unions in this state with a total membership of 17,000.

ENGINEERS REDUCE HOURS.

Dayton, Ohio, July 19.—Stationary engineers employed at ice plants in this city have secured the eight-hour day and raised wages $2 a week. The former workday was ten and twelve hours.

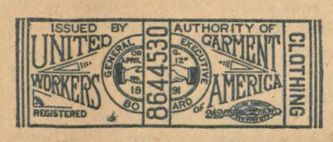
RUBBER WORKERS WIN.

East Palestine, Ohio, July 19.—Employes of the McGraw Tire and Rubber Company and the National Tire and Rubber Company have won their seven-week strike for higher wages and better working conditions.

WOMEN WANT MORE.

Philadelphia, July 19.—Organized women bindery workers have asked employers to raise wages beginning September 4. The request includes a forty-eight-hour week, time and one-half for overtime and double time for Sundays and holidays.

UNITED GARMENT WORKERS LABEL



READY MADE CLOTHING

This organization uses two Labels, one for ready made clothing and the other for special order clothing. The ready made Label appears upon shirts, collars, cuffs, men's summer underwear, and overalls. Particular attention should be given to the ready made Label of this organization in the purchasing of men's shirts. Millions of shirts are produced yearly

SPECIAL ORDER CLOTHING

under the contract prison labor system and are sold under so many various names and brands that it is almost impossible to trace them. To be absolutely sure that the shirt you purchase is not made by the contract prison labor trust, the Union Label of the United Garment Workers should appear upon the same.

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M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.

THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.

L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.

G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.

W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.

A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.

GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

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A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

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C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

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R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

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J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

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Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

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Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

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Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave. Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 43: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leake, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hiale, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 92 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. .Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 426: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. **Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.**

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. **Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.**

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

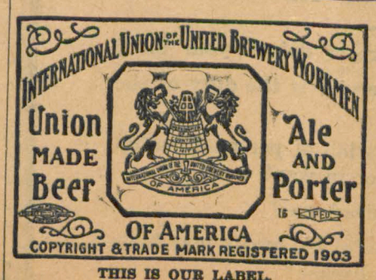
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.



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TALKING POINTS FOR ORGANIZED LABOR.

BY THE REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

In arguing for the value of trade unionism, the average friend of organized labor frequently makes the mistake of discussing questions which are debatable, and concerning which there will probably always be a difference of opinion. No doubt these debatable questions have their place in a full discussion of trade unionism, but for the sake of a better understanding of the aims and objects of organized labor, it would seem to be more tactful and more logical to first talk about what it has accomplished.

There are many matters with which organized labor has to do, concerning which there can be absolutely no dispute. Trades unionists would make more friends for their cause among the public if they presented more frequently the ethical value of their organizations.

For instance, one might proclaim the fact that labor halls have come to be important social centers. Here helpful lecture courses on moral and economic subjects are frequently given. The labor press has its educative value. Many of the labor journals, especially those published by Internationals, give courses in technical training.

A genuine moral uplift comes through the regular meetings of the union, because a man must present his facts in a definite convincing form if he hopes to win over his associates to his beliefs. Every man has a fair chance to preach these views, no matter how unpopular they may be.

Nowhere does one get a more patient hearing than at a labor union meeting. Here, too, he learns the lesson of subordination to the wills of others. He learns the value of "team work"—of co-operation.

In the labor movement the workingman learns the lesson of thrift. Rarely does a trade unionist apply to organized charity or any other form of charity for relief. It is easily possible to talk about the value of the trade union as a force for temperance. One can easily make a strong argument in this direction. The question of the education and the Americanizing of the immigrant must be discussed in favor of the trade union.

Child labor, the sweat shop, unsanitary conditions in shop and home, are all questions concerning which trade unionism need not be ashamed to speak.

Having clearly established these points, it will be easier to discuss the measures through which these ends have been and shall be secured.

An intelligent presentation of the broader work of organized labor must win to its support the thousands of impartial men and women whose endorsement will be of great value to the cause.

BETTER SANITATION NEEDED IN RURAL SCHOOLS.

In the interests of efficiency and health there is increasing necessity for the application of scientific medical and sanitary knowledge to the administration of the public schools, in the opinion of the Public Health Service.

In general, the faults observed in rural schools, the annual report of the service declares, are due to a lack of skilled advice, especially in regard to the location, construction and equipment of school buildings and disregard of sanitary principals governing water supplies, the disposal of sewage, ventilation, temperature, illumination, and the arrangement of school desks and blackboards. During the past fiscal year surveys have been made in rural districts of several states and many thousand school children have been examined. These examinations have included thorough testing of the eyes by competent oculists, tests of mental capacity, and the effect of sanitary environment on school progress, as well as inspections for the customary physical defects.

The conclusion is reached that there is great need for improvement in rural schools and that communities themselves will beenfit if conditions are bettered, the schools serving as object lessons for surrounding sections. Conditions in country districts have been found below those in the cities, and it is apparent that organized health work has largely been confined to the latter. Considered from a sanitary standpoint alone the Public Health Service is in favor of the consolidation of rural schools, since it must eventually result in the providing of better buildings and the organization of systems of efficient sanitary inspections.

HALT IT!

The more one studies the way men supposed to represent the country in the lower house of Congress have let Prohibition step in and use the great emergency of war for its own particular purposes, the more preposterous the situation appears.

Say nothing of the grave economic disturbances threatened by the willful destruction of an industry.

Say nothing of the sudden wiping out of national revenues estimated at anywhere between $300,000,000 and $500,000,000.

Say nothing of the injustice of imposing upon 100,000,000 people summary and sweeping regulation of such a character without referring it to popular vote.

Consider only the special and limited point of view of the Prohibitionists themselves.

Prohibition professes to aim at saving lives by removing the curse of liquor.

Is there not grim absurdity in seeking to attain that end by taking advantage of a national exigency which itself threatens to destroy lives at a rate impossible to calculate?

Is the terrible business of war to be seized upon and exploited for the benefit of reformers and social regenerators of all sorts?

Is moral uplift to block national war measures unless its pet programs are at the same time put in action?

There ought to be a saving element of stern, uncompromising common sense still left in the Senate of the United States.

We hope there is enough to halt this joy-ride of Prohibition at the expense of national need.—New York Evening World.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Keeping healthy is a part of doing "your bit"?

Universal public health service is the duty of the nation?

Good health is the foundation of personal usefulness either in peace or in war?

The only good fly is the dead one?

He who is too busy to care for his health may have to take time to cure disease?

STATE URGES PERJURY.

San Francisco, July 19.—District Attorney Fickert, who secured the conviction of Thomas J. Mooney on perjured testimony, is now charged with attempting to secure the conviction of Mooney's wife by the same process.

Thomas S. Straub, attorney for the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, makes the positive declaration that he told Mrs. Belle Hammerberg, on authority of Fickert, that the life of her sister, Mrs. Mooney, would be spared if she (Mrs. Hammerberg) would change her statement as to the time she arrived on the roof of the Ellers building. The offer was declined.

Mrs. Hammerberg's testimony has been one of the strongest obstacles met by the state in making a case against the defendants. She swore that she was with the Mooneys on the roof of the Ellers building from 1:45 until 5 o'clock of the afternoon of the preparedness parade, last year, when the bomb was exploded.

A photograph in the possession of the prosecution during the Billings trial showed Mooney and his wife on the roof of the Ellers building at 2:01 o'clock, the time being established by a clock in the picture. When the defense demanded, and with difficulty obtained, a print of this picture the clock dial had been blurred in the printing so that the time did not show. On this account the defense was unable to establish the time. When in the Thomas J. Mooney trial, the defense obtained the negative and, on enlarging the clock dial, established the time, the state has resorted to extreme measures to offset this evidence.

SULPHITE COST SKY HIGH.

Ottawa, Ontario, Canada, July 19.—At an investigation into the cost of newspaper print, one paper manufacturer testified that sulphite was sold in the United States last year for $101.26 a ton, although it cost but $33.50 a ton.

Other companies acknowledged that prices had been set without regard for costs.

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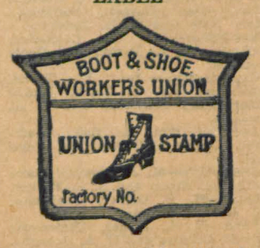

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SHOP MEN RAISE WAGES.

Cincinnati, July 19.—A strike of shop men employed by the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad has forced substantial wage increases. The management offered "penny" increases, but when the men suspended work this offer was quickly forthcoming: Three cents an hour increase for all mechanics receiving 40 cents an hour or over; 5 cents increase for those receiving less than 40 cents; helpers increased 2 1-2 cents an hour and apprentices, 1-2 cent an hour.

These increases are in addition to the increase of 2 1-2 cents an hour for mechanics and 1 1-2 cents for apprentices and helpers granted by the company last April, and which was accepted by the men, but not as a final settlement.

Kansas City, Mo., July 19.—The federated shop committee of the Kansas City Southern has secured an agreement which raises wages for every mechanic employed by this system.

STREET CAR MEN WIN.

Waterbury, Conn., July 19.—The Street Car Men's union has won its demand that interurban employes shall not be compelled to take out extra runs after their day's work. The company has agreed to withdraw the compulsory feature of its order and these runs will be treated as overtime.

ON HIS WAY TO FRANCE.

Julian Simpson, 2439 Ontario road, son of Stephens M. Simpson of the Government Printing Office has volunteered and joined the hospital corps and is on his way to France.

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Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 6 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Central Labor Union Holds Busy Session

Adopt Resolutions Pledging Support to Stenographers and City Firemen. Committees Appointed.

The Central Labor Union held a busy session last Monday night at Typographical Temple, among the business performed being the indorsement of resolutions from the Stenographers' Union and a communication from City Firemen's Union No. 15665.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association No. 11773 has started a vigorous campaign for new members, under the direction of Organizers Sterne and Pollock, and has asked the aid of all unionists in their endeavors. The C. L. U. pledged its support in every way. The resolution reads:

> Whereas the Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants' Association have entered upon a vigorous campaign for new members by the appointment of two paid organizers (Brothers Sterne and Pollock); therefore be it
>
> Resolved, That the Central Labor Union pledges its aid in every possible way, and that a copy of this resolution shall be printed in The Trades Unionist and also sent to the affiliated locals with the request that the Stenographers' Union be advised of any opportunities coming to their knowledge either in the way of business houses willing to unionize their clerks, or names of individual persons who could be advantageously approached on the subject.

The C. L. U. expressed itself heartily in accord with the efforts of City Firemen's Union No. 15665 to secure the two-platoon system for the members of the local fire department. The legislative committee and other officers were instructed to assist the new union in securing shorter hours for the firemen. The communication reads:

> The Washington Central Labor Union is in hearty accord with the efforts of City Firemen's Union No. 15665 to secure the two-platoon system for the members of the Fire Department of this city, and this body hereby instructs its legislative committee and other officers to assist the City Firemen's Union No. 15665 in impressing upon the proper officials the need for this humane treatment of men who protect our lives and property.
>
> The two-platoon system has passed the experimental state. Its efficiency is no longer denied, nor is it denied that the two-platoon system is a social asset to the community in which it is applied because it makes possible the development of a home life among this portion of our citizenry.
>
> Because a twenty-four-hour workday has no place in our community arrangements in these days of public enlightenment, we urge all affiliates, and good citizens generally, to assist the firemen in their movement for shorter hours, the first step in a higher development of the individual.

Machinists' Local 193 called the attention of the Central Body to the fact that 200 employes of the District government were to be laid off owing to lack of funds. A committee, consisting of John McGuigan, H. F. Oehler and John Lorch, was appointed to see the District Commissioners and enter protest against this proposed dismissal of workmen.

President Digney appointed committees to serve for the ensuing six months.

STAND FOR UNION SHOP.

Atlantic City, N. J., August 2.—The National Brotherhood of Operative Potters' convention indorsed a resolution giving its members the right to refuse to work with non-unionists "after certain processes of the organization have been gone through with in strict conformity with the constitution." Membership campaigns will be undertaken immediately on the return of the delegates to their homes and an appeal will be made to suspended members to reinstate themselves in good standing.

The convention raised strike benefits in local disputes from $7.50 to $10 a week, beginning August 1. General strike benefits of $5 a week remain the same, with the exception that provision has been made that any member thrown out of work by a general strike is privileged to earn $10 a week at some other calling without endangering his benefits.

ONE WORD CAUSES WORRY.

Chicago, August 2.—In wage conferences with the joint committee of their shop employes officers of the Inciana Harbor Belt railroad refused to permit the use of the term "federated."

The workers agreed to compromise by dropping the objectionable word if the officials would increase wages. The company has made one offer but this has been rejected and negotiations are still pending.

LEATHER WORKERS GAIN.

Lowell, Mass., August 2.—Leather Workers' union, affiliated with the A. F. of L., has secured a one-year union shop agreement. Wages are increased 25 per cent for those receiving less than $20 a week, and 20 per cent for those receiving more than $20. Piece workers will be advanced 20 per cent, and the general wage increase will average 24 per cent.

Low-Wage Employes Ignore Race or Color

Industrial Captains Deceive by Offering Shining Inducements to Downtrodden Workers.

St. Louis, Mo., August 2.—Writing in Reedy's Mirror on the East St. Louis anti-negro riots, Harry B. Kennon says:

"Whatever of filthily dispensed rotten whisky, or rotten politics common to the misgovernment of our municipalities, investigation of the recent East St. Louis massacre may disclose, back of all looms the primary cause—an artificial migration of labor to an industrial center unable to assimilate it. That the laborers were negroes is the negro's misfortune—irreparable to individual sufferers. But had East St. Louis been called upon to assimilate a like surplus of any foreign labor there would likewise have been trouble. Not so swiftly terrible, perhaps, but trouble of the gravest nature.

"It is no secret that our captains of industry systematically pull wires to maintain a surplus of labor in the centers, nor that they depend upon municipal, state and federal aid to down the surplus when unruly. They declare themselves innocent and injured when mobs arise, trusting in their powerful organization and in the need of the public for their output to conquer mobs of their creation. Their declarations are taken by the public with that grain of salt that removes the unpalatable from the inconvenient.

"The negro will have to be his own best friend in killing race prejudice and, furthermore, he will have to recognize the fact that he is not the sole sufferer from such conditions as existed in East St. Louis. For white men have been as freely exploited for surplus labor material as negroes—more so, since negro labor is not particularly prized by northern captains of industry. What the writer saw being done in the south in the fall and winter of 1916 he had seen in southern Europe ten years before. Hired labor agents from the United States, efficiently assisted by the steamship companies, were raking the land, offering shining inducements to downtrodden men, who did not know they were downtrodden until fired with the fact to migrate to the land of milk and honey. The assimilation of that artificial, over-accelerated migration has been so complete and satisfactory that the United States, through municipal police, her national guard and federal troops, has been quelling rebellions almost constantly that would have wrecked a country of less extent or a government less elastic."

MINERS POSTPONE STRIKE.

Denver, August 2.—The call for a strike on August 1 in all the mines of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company (Rockefeller's concern) was cancelled by the United Mine Workers and a conference will be held by both parties to discuss grievances.

President Welborn of the company said he would be very glad if the conference will bring to light any grievance among the men of which the officials have been kept in ignorance.

Three years ago this company answered their employes with strike guards, state militia, a subsidized press, and a controlled legislature and state officials. But since that strike, the Ludlow affair and the failure to "railroad" miners to the state penitentiary may have induced the company to adopt different methods.

WIN EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Pittsburgh, Kan., August 2.—The Joplin and Pittsburgh Traction Company has signed a union shop agreement with its firemen, who struck against a twelve-hour day.

Enjoined Since 1907 Coal Miners Now Quit

United Mine Workers of America Will Now Compel Company to Recognize Organization.

McMechen, W. Va., August 2.—Federal Judge Dayton, in October, 1907, enjoined officers of the United Mine Workers from visiting the homes of the employes of the Hitchman Coal and Coke Company, or attempting to organize them "without the company's consent."

Last week these miners distributed the following notice:

"To whom it may concern: The miners employed at the Hitchman mine, located at McMechen, W. Va., have quit their jobs because the company refuses to recognize the United Workers of America. They are going where they can belong to the union."

In a telegram to Secretary of Labor Wilson, asking that the federal department of labor assist them, the miners declare their willingness, as patriotic citizens, to help the government, and insist that they "have the right to exercise at home the spirit of democracy for which our country is fighting."

Judge Dayton's injunction is pending in the United States supreme court, on appeal by the coal company, because the federal court of appeals, at Richmond, Va., has reversed the order. In its reversal the court said:

"In the first place it should be understood once and for all that so long as capital employs legitimate means for the protection of property rights, that it is to be accorded the protection of the law; but this does not mean that capital may, by improper methods, form combinations for the purpose of preventing labor from organizing for mutual protection."

In 1915 Congressman Neely, of West Virginia, started impeachment proceedings against Judge Dayton, but the latter escaped by the committee reporting a Scotch verdict. "Not guilty, but don't do it again."

The majority report of the committee stated that "the evidence shows many matters of individual bad taste on the part of Judge Dayton—some not of that high standard of judicial ethics which should crown the federal judiciary." Among these was included proof that he held stock in mining companies.

WAR SHERIFFS PROTESTED.

Fairmont, W. Va., August 2.—Organized labor in this state is protesting against some of Gov. Cornwell's appointments of special war deputy sheriffs. The West Virginia State Federationist says: "Many good citizens of this state are not falling over themselves to serve as special war deputy sheriffs. In Fayette county many have refused to serve because it smacks too much like Baldwin 'guards' to suit self-respecting citizens." This paper says that in the notorious company-ruled coal fields these deputies are being recruited from "boot leggers, gamblers and political prostitutes" and that the law was rushed through the special session of the legislature during the midnight hour, after the session should have legally adjourned.

IRON MOLDERS ENJOINED.

Cleveland, August 2.—Judge Morgan believes striking iron molders have a right to picket—but the picketing must be conducted along lines laid down by him.

He has issued an injunction to this effect, and orders that the pickets shall be limited. The molders refuse to have the court sit in judgment over their rights and will appeal the writ. The local federation of labor has promised to assist.

City Firemen Affiliate With the A. F. of L.

Union Has Support of Organized Labor in Efforts to Secure Two-Platoon System for the District.

Realizing the advantages of organization and affiliation, the members of the local fire department have formed a union, with a charter from the American Federation of Labor, and shall in future be known as City Firemen's Union, Local 15665. Although little more than a week old, the organization is already making its influence felt, and each day new members are enrolling.

R. E. Oden has been elected to head the union, with Ed. O'Connor, first vice-president; W. A. Smith, recording secretary; F. J. Neslin, financial secretary, and J. D. Sullivan, treasurer.

Regular meetings are held every second Sunday at 7:30 p.m. in Perpetual Hall, 1101 E street northwest.

Fire departments throughout the country have been watching with interest the movements of the local members and waiting for them to act as regards affiliation with the A. F. of L. At the time of the issuance of the charter to the local firemen, on July 21, but twenty-nine departments throughout the United States were affiliated. Now thirty-eight departments possess charters.

District Organizer Toone deserves much credit for his able work in organizing this local, which promises to become a factor in securing improvements in labor conditions for the firemen. Now that the organization has the backing of the entire organized labor movement these improvements are likely to be gained in the near future.

The local firemen are desirous of securing the two-platoon system for the District. This system is no longer an experiment, as it is being used to advantage in thirty-five cities, while others are about to put the same into effect. Under the system, as desired in this city, two shifts would be worked. One force would go on duty at 8 a.m. and quit at 6 p.m. (ten hours), while the second shift would report at 6 o'clock and go off duty at 8 o'clock the next morning (fourteen hours). Every third day the shifts would alternate. At all times, however, members would be subject to call when off duty.

DEFEAT MANY LABOR BILLS.

Madison, Wis., August 2.—The state legislature, which has just adjourned, defeated many measures beneficial to labor. Included in the list is the anti-injunction bill, which was approved by the assembly but rejected by the senate.

"The issue involved in this bill," says the Wisconsin State Journal, "was plainly one of placing the outworn doctrine of conspiracy as applied in injunctions issued in labor disputes out of the reach of anti-labor judges who are willing on any pretext to enjoin labor organizations from doing anything or everything that employers do not want them to do.

"The senate was strong for proclamations about fighting for democracy in Europe, but it refused to allow the same freedom of action to labor organizations in Wisconsin that has been allowed to labor organizations in Germany for many years; in England since 1896 and by the federal government for several years."

The Wisconsin State Journal, which is not a trade union publication, says the men who voted against injunction regulation "voted for autocracy in its worst form."

APPROVE PENSION PLAN.

Harrisburg, Pa., August 2.—Gov. Brumbaugh has signed the senate bill establishing a state teachers' retirement system on a basis of the teachers paying one-half and the state and the local district each one-fourth. The law will become operative when organizations are effected.

EIGHT HOURS FOR DRIVERS.

San Francisco, August 2.—Organized beer wagon drivers report that the eight-hour day in this calling has been inaugurated practically throughout the entire state.

UNORGANIZED STRIKE.

San Francisco, August 2.—Unorganized employes of the Pacific oil and lead works have been forced to strike because of a twelve-hour day and unbelievable working conditions.

These workers are Greeks, Italians and Austrians and know nothing of trade unionism, but they asked for organized labor's help when several of their number were arrested on the charge of violating the anti-picketing ordinance, although they were not in the vicinity of the plant at the time. The strikers say they are compelled to punch a time clock and change their clothes on their own time. If they forget the clock or are a minute late, they are docked an hour's pay. They are not allowed to wash their hands at the factory, although they work in oil. The water is shut off just before quitting time. On one occasion they say the engineer forgot to shut off the water and when some of the employes washed their hands they were each docked an hour's pay.

SEEK INSURANCE PLAN.

San Francisco, August 2.—Because the United States supreme court has recently held that the workmen's compensation law does not apply to employes under the maritime contract, water front and shipping employers and employes are attempting to evolve their own compensation system. Both parties are agreed to the necessity of this plan. The problem is made easier because of the employers' opposition to old individual insurance systems.

REJECT WAGE PROFFER.

San Francisco, August 2.—Electrical Workers' Union No. 92 has rejected the wage agreement submitted by the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph Company. The company's plan to promote men by examination was almost unanimously defeated.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF [UNION LABEL] FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUGUST 3, 1917.

The new local of City Firemen has the best wishes of The Trades Unionist and all trades unionists should give their earnest support to this organization in its efforts to secure shorter hours.

To assist, not to hinder, to build constructively, not unwisely, is the purpose of the labor movement.

Trade unionism has been the great revolutionizing force that has secured opportunities for better lives and work to those who work.

Sporting goods, golf clubs, baseball bats and the like are expected to raise $2,000,000 for the government's necessity, which is another reason for not stopping all recreation even in these trying times.

It is proposed to assess a war tax on dogs, the claim being that they eat as much as a human being, and that they are useless. The first claim may be true, and the second will start a storm of protests throughout the country.

The increase in the number of young men called for the new National Army of 929 to 1022 should cause no unrest among those who figure they will be summoned. They should be glad to fight for their country, and in the event of their having dependents, they may rest assured they will be dismissed.

The kaiser's opinion that women should confine their activities to the church, kitchen and nursery made an exception in favor of his sister, the queen of Greece, whose participation in politics met with his imperial approval. However, his inconsistency in the matter did not do him much good, to judge by the way it hastened the present change of policy in Greece.

"JUNKERS" DENOUNCED.

When working men are forced to go on strike these days to maintain their living standards, the cry of "lack of patriotism" is raised by those who now have the tables turned on them by Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Vrooman.

"There is a pernicious breed of tories, junkers and reactionaries in every large city and in every state in this land," says this federal official. "They belong to no one party. They bear the black flag of financial piracy and the yellow flag of economic treason. At every election from this time forth, the liberals of all political parties should make common cause against the junker reactionaries. A political realignment is demanded with patriots whose motto is 'service to country' arrayed in a solid phalanx against those unscrupulous, disloyal self-seekers."

Wonderful as this hour is for democracy and labor, it is the greatest hour in history for the women of the world. After centuries of discrimination women are coming into the labor and festival of life on equal terms with men. Woman's labor in the field feeds the soldiers on the firing line. Woman's labor in factories and mills feeds the cannon in the trenches. Woman's labor in shops and stores feeds the homes of Europe.

An interesting conclusion has been reached by an English physician after study of the growth of immorality in that country observable since the outbreak of the war. The main trouble, he says, is the concentration of women and men in the munitions plants and villages without proper accommodations for social intercourse. He points out that the natural attraction of one sex for the other demands companionship, and that there would be more marriages and less carousing if segregation of the workers were abandoned.

An expert of the American Chemical society says that the liquid fire used by the Germans is a mixture of benzol and crude oil, in equal parts, sent out of a nozzle from a tank under a pressure of about 300 pounds to the square inch, so as to throw a flame of burning oil about thirty yards long. This expert says that casualties have been caused by the liquid fire, but that its effect is chiefly psychological and that it is not so dangerous a weapon, now that it is understood and that means of defense have been worked out. It is lucky for the American troops bound to France that they will reap the benefit of this knowledge and will not have to work out a defense for themselves.

WANTS WOMEN PROTECTED.

"An army of women has come into the industries for the first time," said State Labor Commissioner Morrissey of Denver in an address protesting against the undermining of wage standards on the plea of 'war necessity', "and the tendency is to speed up without paying women on the same basis as men. These should be the same pay for women as for men providing the work is equal, and there should be no discrimination because of sex.

"Labor strength is impaired by long hours and the speeding up processes. Women must be protected from dangerous tasks, from moral or physical exploitation. It is necessary to have strict administration of the labor laws in order to insure complete protection of working men and women under the pressure of war."

FARMERS TO FEDERATE.

Union City, Ga., August 2.—Charles S. Barrett, president of the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union, announces that preliminary meetings have made almost certain the federation of all farmers' societies into one grand organization.

One result of this federation will be, says President Barrett, "that we will have in the city of Washington a temple of agriculture owned by these confederated societies which will be creditable to us from every standpoint. In that temple we will have a permanent home for all the organized farmers of America, and being at the seat of government we will be in position to protect our interests by keeping our members advised as to what is being done by suggestions when occasions arise which call for action."

REJECT LOW WAGE OFFER.

New York, August 2.—Officers of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union have rejected the offer of employers to raise wages of cutters ad pressers $1 a week. Wages of all other workers are to remain the same. The garment workers asked for a 20 per cent increase and in their letter declining the offer they assure the manufacturers that the high cost of living strikes all workers alike, and that "our union could not under any circumstances consider an arrangement which would favor a small portion of its members and leave the bulk of them in want of the barest necessaries of life, nor will its members be satisfied with a purely nominal wage increase."

STREET CAR MEN STRIKE.

Tacoma, Wash., August 2.—Because the Tacoma Railroad and Power Company discharged members of the newly formed Street Car Men's union the street car service of this city is completely tied up. Manager Bean insists on the right to "discipline his employes," but his employes reply that disciplinary measures shall not include anti-unionism. The manager boasts of his membership in the Employers' association.

Seattle, Wash., August 2.—Employes of the Puget Sound Traction, Light and Power Company are on strike because of the anti-union attitude of this company and in sympathy with striking Tacoma street car men. Both railway systems are operated by the same parties.

SEAMEN'S STRIKE ENDS.

Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, August 2.—Striking seamen at British Columbia ports have compromised their wage demand and secured a 15 per cent wage increase, and pay for overtime. The latter gain ends the practice of ship owners who will now pay extra for overwork for the first time. The settlement also includes a practical recognition of the union.

WILL ARBITRATE NOW.

Ayer, Mass., August 2.—Contractors engaged in the construction of the army cantonment at Ayer have agreed to arbitrate differences with their striking plumbers and these workers have returned to work. The plumbers objected to union conditions being disregarded and appealed to the contractors to arbitrate. A short strike was necessary before the contractors accepted this common-sense view.

ANTI-STRIKE LAW OPPOSED.

Hamilton, Ontario, Canada, August 2.—"The Lemieux act is a dead letter because the workers refuse to obey it and it cannot be enforced," says the Hamilton Herald in discussing the Canadian industrial disputes act. This legislation prohibits public utility employes from striking until after the government has been notified and a commission appointed. The act is the basis of similar legislation in Colorado, which is also opposed by the organized workers of that state.

COSSACKS IN COLORADO?

Denver, August 2.—The special session of the state legislature is asked to establish the cossack system in Colorado. Representative Ardourel has introduced the resolution. This is the favorite subject of Mr. Ardourel. He has introduced the subject on two previous occasions.

MILL MEN ORGANIZE.

Dallas, Tex., August 2.—Officials of the Carpenters' union have organized the mill men in this city, despite threats of employers that they will close their plants. One mill has already announced that working hours will be reduced from nine to eight.

The annual convention of the metal polishers' international will be held in Cincinnati this month.

IF WOMEN ORGANIZED.

Los Angeles, Cal., August 2.—"Isn't it a stinging indictment against employers as a class?" asks the Citizen, published by organized labor, in commenting on the minimum wage decision of $10 a week for women by a state commission.

"Think of the tens of thousands of women in California and in every other state in this nation," says this paper, "working for wages barely sufficient to keep body and soul together.

"Were women as wise as they are gentle, they would look to themselves instead of to men. They would organize. And once organized they would not beg men or the state for justice. They would take it.

"Instead of meekly and thankfully accepting the paltry sum of $10 for a week's wages, they would demand and get the same wages that men receive for the same service."

QUIZ CANDIDATES.

Richmond, Va., August 2.—The state federation of labor has received many favorable replies to a list of legislative measures which it has submitted to candidates. The list includes: Workmen's compensation law, regulation of injunctions in labor disputes, eight-hour day on state work, state printing plant to print free school books, increased appropriation for the prevention and cure of tuberculosis, additional factory inspectors, minimum wage law for women, eliminating the manufacture of all convict made goods, amend state constitution so as to allow the payment of poll taxes up to thirty days before election, equal suffrage, inspection of steam boilers.

SAVE COMPENSATION LAW.

Harrisburg, Pa., August 2.—Old line insurance companies have lost their fight against the Pennsylvania workmen's compensation law, with Gov. Brumbaugh's signature to the Woodward bill which releases premium incomes for the purpose of meeting the expenses of the fund, if such release is necessary.

The success of the compensation law threatens private liability companies and these concerns threw a strong lobby into the state capital in an effort to hamper the measure.

NON-PARTISAN TOPS ALL.

Fargo, N. D., August 2.—Practically complete unofficial returns from the First congressional district show that John M. Baer, farmers' candidate, indorsed by the Non-partisan League, received more votes than all his seven opponents together. The size of Baer's vote and the total number of votes cast at this special election has staggered the special interests who depended on a small vote and who now find that the farmers, for the first time in America, have elected a congressman on a non-partisan basis.

R. R. TELEGRAPHERS GAIN.

Cincinnati, August 2.—A strike of organized telegraphers employed by the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad was averted when General Manager Stevens agreed to advance wages and reduce the workday of telegraphers employed more than eight hours.

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Appointments.

Jesse L. Nave, temporary linotype operator, 60 cents per hour.

Lloyd M. Patterson, emergency monotype keyboard operator, 60 cents per hour.

Daniel J. Ryan, probational bookbinder, 50 cents per hour.

Louis Bresemer, emergency bookbinder, 50 cents per hour.

Mrs. Alice I. Campbell, clerk reinstated.

Miss Carrie L. Blick, skilled laborer, transferred from Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

James A. Simmons, unskiled laborer, reinstated.

Louis J. Cavanaugh, emergency pressman, 55 cents per hour.

Joseph L. Soper, Charles E. Kendrick, Herbert A. Robertson, Gilbert W. St. Clair, Ernest B. Hancock, William O. Parsons, Otis E. Bastin, Raymond H. Birch, Thomas S. Pitt, Abraham J. Sachs, Edward M. Richardson, John R. Fletcher, Frederick C. Rogerson, Harry I. McNamee, Francis M. Taylor, Owen A. Madigan, probational messenger boys, 15 cents per hour.

Alpheus Sholl, Arthur S. Jones, temporary compositors, 50 cents per hour.

Martin DeWaters, temporary compositor, 50 cents per hour.

George N. Hallback, Edward Young, Charles Lane, Charles H. Joy, William W. Burke, Ernest T. Nelson, G. F. Banks, James T. Clark, Robert I. Henry, George P. Mills, temporary unskilled laborers.

John S. Noonan, clerk, $900 per annum.

Paul H. Mertens, clerk, $1,000 per annum.

Edith R. Schroell, Faith Kohl, Helen L. Brandenberg, Mary Banagan, probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Separations.

Charles R. Yates, folding machine operator; Louis J. Campbell, clerk; Homer M. Mohr, linotype operator; William J. Schnabel, bookbinder; Lawrence W. Trumbull, assistant messenger; Townsend M. Lucas, skilled laborer; Louis C. Vogt, estimator and jacket writer; Hynes E. Terry, helper; Innis R. Skinner, temporary unskilled laborer; William T. Windsor, messenger boy; Daniel S. Herzog, caster helper; mustered into the service.

Richard T. Turner, messenger boy; Joseph W. Edwards, unskilled laborer; George W. Shaffer, compositor; Harper J. McClurg, proofreader; Bernard L. Douglas, counter; H. Paul Snyder, emergency bookbinder; Morris H. Murray, temporary skilled laborer; resigned.

Katie L. Dean, Belle B. Bright, Anna M. Bradshaw, emergency pressfeeders.

Joseph H. McClure, Alexander Burke, George B. Johnston, Walter C. Scheller, Philip W. Kunz, Edward Dering, Malcolm E. Bradley, Richard A. Hassett, Abraham D. Langley, Louis H. Stern, George W. Evans, Peter E. Jones, Walter J. Barbee, H. B. Marsh and Frank Venture, emergency pressmen.

Charles H. Robinston, David A. Harmon, Raleigh O. Bell, Victor V. Dickson, John A. Davis, skilled laborers, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

George B. Hedges, temporary to probationary bookbinder, 50 cents per hours.

Harry G. Heiges, clerk, $1,200, to stockkeeper, 60 cents per hour.

William H. Skinner, Charles B. Austin, Paul I. Butler, skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour, to caster helpers, 35 cents per hour.

Marguerite F. Roberts, Ethel R. Gallagher, Mildred N. Healy, Agnes H. Campbell, May E. Smith, Ruth Rowley, May Haynes, Mary J. Malone, Edna E. Clarke, temporary skilled laborers to probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

TEXTILE WORKERS STRIKE.

Stonington, Conn., August 2.—An agreement violation by the American Velvet Company has caused another strike at that plant. A few weeks ago these workers, then unorganized, suspended work to secure a 15 per cent wage increase. They organized a United Textile Workers' union and secured a settlement which included a 10 per cent wage increase and recognition of their organization. Later a grievance arose and when a committee waited on the superintendent to adjust the differences as provided in the agreement, he refused to recognize them. The plant is tied up as a result.

CLERKS FALL IN LINE.

New Haven, Conn., August 2.—Retail clerks in this city have abandoned the Retail Employes' League and will join the bona fida trade union movement. The league was started for the purpose of reducing hours, but when the clerks awakened to the opposition of their employers and to the indifference of organized labor, because of their refusal to be recognized as trade unionists, they changed their tactics.

STRIKE FOR LESS HOURS.

Seattle, Wash., August 2.—Timber workers and shingle weavers throughout western Washington have suspended work to secure a shorter workday after making repeated efforts to induce employers to meet them in conference. The only answer of the employers was to vote $500,000 to fight.

These workers demand eight hours in the saw mill branch and nine hours in the logging branch. Working conditions in this industry is shown by these additional demands:

Sanitary toilets in all mills; heated lunch rooms; semi-monthly pay days; freedom to board and trade at the option of the employe; abolishing of brass checks and trading coupons and the substitution therefore of legal money; no loss of time when breakdown occurs and the men are kept on the job; freedom of speech shall not be abridged; no tampering with the worker's mail; sanitary bunkhouses and sufficient light in same.

The strikers are members of the International Shingle Weavers' Union affiliated with the A. F. of L.

TO ORGANIZE STOCKYARDS.

Chicago, August 2.—Refusing to be discouraged by repeated repulses, organized labor is arranging for another trade union "drive" on the meat packing industry in this city.

It is declared that packers have forced their employes down to such depths of poverty and industrial slavery that it constitutes a national disgrace, and the local federation of labor has instructed its officers to call a meeting of representatives of trade unions having jurisdiction over these workers for the purpose of launching an organizing campaign among the exploited men, women and children.

It is stated that of 40,000 workers only the hair spinners, coopers, teamsters and some of the butchers are organized.

Denver, August 2.—Over 1,000 men and women employed in the Swift and Armour packing plants in this city are on strike because of the discharge of employes who joined the new union of butcher workmen.

CAR MEN SCORE HEAVILY.

Toronto, Ontario, Canada, August 2.—After a complete tie-up of nearly three days the Street Car Men's union scored heavily against the Toronto Railway Company. Before the strike the wage rate was 26, 28 and 30 cents an hour and the men demanded 36, 38 and 40 cents, according to length of service. The company offered 2 cents raise but this was not considered. The second offer of 6 cents an hour was accepted. The scale is now 32, 34 and 36 cents. All other questions are submitted to a conciliation board. As the company raised wages voluntarily 2 cents an hour a short time ago the actual increase during the past few months is 8 cents.

CONSCRIPT WEALTH.

Faribault, Minn., August 2.—At the convention of the Minnesota state federation of labor it was voted that conscription of wealth is as necessary as conscription of men for the successful conduct of the present war. All officers were re-elected and Virginia was chosen as the next convention city.

TEXTILE WORKERS LABEL

This Label is used upon hosiery of all kinds, underwear, coat sweaters, bar cloths, wash cloths, and silk shoe laces and hat bands.

CLOTH HAT AND CAP MAKERS LABEL

Size: One inch square, serial No. across surface of Label is printed in red. It is pasted and sewed in all Union-made cloth hats and caps of all description, including uniform, regulation, motormen, shop, engineer, miner, and straw caps.

LABEL OF BROOM AND WHISK MAKERS UNION

The blue label of this organization appears at the finish of broom and fastened under the wire.

UNION WITHDRAWS OFFER.

Chattanooga, Tenn., August 2.—Textile workers have abandoned their attempts to compromise their strike and announce they will fight for a 25 per cent wage increase. They quote the associated charities whose officers admit that they have assisted families who were employed in the mills and who did not receive sufficient pay to meet living expenses.

NINE-HOUR DAY STANDS.

Topeka, Kan., August 2.—The Kansas Retailers' Association has lost its fight against the nine-hour day for women, which has been established by the state industrial welfare commission. The merchants pleaded that it was necessary to keep their stores open later than 9 o'clock on Saturday evenings, but the commission rejected the appeal.

UNITED GARMENT WORKERS LABEL

READY MADE CLOTHING

This organization uses two Labels, one for ready made clothing and the other for special order clothing. The ready made Label appears upon shirts, collars, cuffs, men's summer underwear, and overalls. Particular attention should be given to the ready made Label of this organization in the purchasing of men's shirts. Millions of shirts are produced yearly

SPECIAL ORDER CLOTHING

under the contract prison labor system and are sold under so many various names and brands that it is almost impossible to trace them. To be absolutely sure that the shirt you purchase is not made by the contract prison labor trust, the Union Label of the United Garment Workers should appear upon the same.

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A. F. MORRISETT, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, Business Agent, 804 A St. S.E.

TRUSTEES

A. P. TAYLOR, 622 Eye St. N. E.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth St. N. E.

DELEGATES TO DISTRICT COUNCIL

T. E. ARNOLD, 1222 Md. Ave. N. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K St. N. W.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G St. N. W.
M. A. FOLEY, 116 Seaton St. N. E.
L. LUEBKERT, 1314 Kearney St. N. E.
P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh St. S. E.
T. W. WOLTZ, 604 Thirteenth St. N. E.

DELEGATES TO C. L. U.

H. S. HOLLOHAN, 1109 K St. N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G St. N. W.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth St. N. E.
W. L. STRATTON, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
T. W. WOLTZ, 604 Thirteenth St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
C. A. SWANK, 79a L St. N. E.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

GABRIEL EDMONSTON, 1128 Twelfth St.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

TYPOGRAPHICAL TEMPLE
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Main 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
SAM DE NEDRY.....V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

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Laws—N. A. James, Chairman; W. A. Huttel and Sam De Nedrey.

Resolutions — Jas. L. Considine, Chairman; E. L. Tucker and D. Southerland.

Organization—J. C. Clark, Chairman; T. A. Franklin, H. F. Oehler, Frank Manning and J. W. Reynolds.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; J. L. Considine and W. W. Keeler.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; A. Bridges and S. S. Parker.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Sam De Nedrey and Mary Ganzhorn.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 747 Varnum St. N.W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 73: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 727 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 706 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3809 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructers, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pa. Ave. N.W. Secretary, David P. McCracken, 473 E St. S.W.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leake, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 92 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. .Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 320 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 9: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. H. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
TELEPHONE MAIN 828
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

Arizona Thuggery Violates Constitutional Rights of Workers

"The government should take immediate action to prevent men from being deported. If they violate the law the courts are open and they should be tried in an orderly manner."

The above is included in A. F. of L. Secretary Morrison's protest to government officials in forwarding an appeal against the deportation of workingmen from Bisbee, Ariz., by so-called "leading citizens," who are taking advantage of war excitement to attack every workingman who opposes exploitation.

This thuggery and violation of all law is explained by C. E. Tracy, secretary of the Phoenix (Ariz.) Typographical Union, in a telegram to Secretary Morrison, which says:

"Twelve hundred men, 30 per cent A. F. of L., deported from Bisbee by armed Citizen's Alliance. No union men allowed to enter town. Many women and children left destitute. Members of alliance insulting women. Don't be misled by Associated Press dispatches. We demand federal investigation."

In additional reports to A. F. of L. headquarters unionists charge that the Phelps-Dodge corporation dominates the Arizona copper district and public officials in that section. It is stated that men are put in jail and charged with every sort of crime if they are in any way interested in the labor question.

The methods of this corporation is shown in its refusal to permit telegrams to be forwarded from Bisbee during the deportation. Later the corporation, through its New York office, apologized to the Associated Press and gave assurance that this "was contrary to their policy."

Kansas City, Mo., August 2.—In the weekly bulletin of the Brotherhood of Blacksmiths International President Franklin says protests have been made to federal officials against the Bisbee deportation.

"We are advised that the families of many men are in destitute circumstances," he says, "while their husbands, fathers and brothers are being held in a detention camp in Columbus, and that men in Miami, Globe and Morenci are being arrested on any trivial or protest charge and thrown in jail.

"We have no sympathy with the I. W. W. movement, but we most emphatically protest against the high-handed method used by the mob who deported all men who were in any way obnoxious to the interest of their bosses, who evidently control the prosecutors' office, the sheriff's office, and in fact all other county and state officials, and who will not only permit, but are the instruments with which the high-handed methods are perpetrated."

El Paso, Tex., August 2.—In its last issue the Labor Advocate has this to say of the Bisbee deportation:

"General Organizer Hayden of the Brotherhood of Carpenters has just returned from Bisbee and reports that the so-called Loyalty League of Bisbee is simply a self-constituted body of men who stated to him that their avowed purpose was to destroy every labor union in the city of Bisbee; that the I. W. W. question is purely a blind so that these merchants and manufacturers' representatives may have an excuse for endeavoring to disrupt organized labor."

Organizer Hayden has notified building craftsmen to stay away from Bisbee because of the kangaroo court of the self-appointed Law and Order League, which has declared for non-unionism.

"HOPEFUL" FOR LABOR.

New York, August 2.—The National city bank, of which William Rockefeller, jr., J. Ogden Armour, Henry C. Frick and other captains of industry are directors, announces through its bulletin that the American labor situation has so developed as to "stimulate the interest of our industrial captains in working out a new relationship between the managements and the labor forces of our enterprises."

The bank management is inspired—or affects to be—over the outlook, but it is positive that the new order of things will not come "through the old idea of collective bargaining between the unions and industry in general."

It is proposed that workers be "given a larger share in the management of various industries." Trade unions are to be tabooed by those who have awakened to the fact that there is a "labor question," and who are puzzled to know what effect the end of the war will have on America's labor supply.

It is predicted that the signs are hopeful for workers—if they follow the advice of these employers, rather than do their own thinking and act collectively.

LOW WAGES IN TOPEKA.

Topeka, Kan., August 2.—"There are many able-bodied men in Topeka working for 17 1-2 cents an hour," writes W. T. Luce in the organized labor department of the Topeka Daily Capital.

"This is $10.50 a week for a eleven-hour day, $9.45 for a nine-hour day, or $8.40 for an eight-hour day. How would you like to support a family on that kind of an income? How much would you 'lay by' for sickness or other misfortune? How many liberty bonds could you buy? Yet the men who are employed at these wages are doing necessary work to keep our transportation facilities in operation."

MUSICIANS WANT MORE.

Philadelphia, August 2.—Failure to negotiate a new wage scale resulted in a strike of 200 musicians employed in theaters and motion picture houses.

The musicians are affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. The last wage scale negotiated by the men and the theater managers expired last April, and since then the men have been working on a supplementary contract.

The demands include an increase of $3 a week for all musicians except the leaders.

WANT EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Pineville, Ky., August 2.—An eight-hour day was demanded by organized miners employed in southern Kentucky and Tennessee at their convention at this place. Other demands include recognition of the union, wage increases, uniform wage scale for outside and inside work, check weighmen and pay for all coal mined.

BLAME RETAILERS NOW.

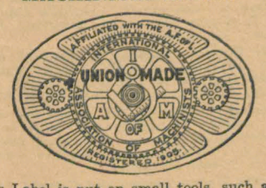
Trenton, N. J., August 2.—The weekly expose of the reason for the high cost of retailed farm products in New Jersey places the burden upon the retailers, who are making enormous profits, ranging from 4 per cent to 460 per cent.

This expose is issued by the state department of agriculture at the instance of Gov. Edge.

The comparative tables show that in nearly every instance the wholesale city price, as compared with the farm price of certain vegetables, does not show anything like the margin of profit exacted by retailers in cities.

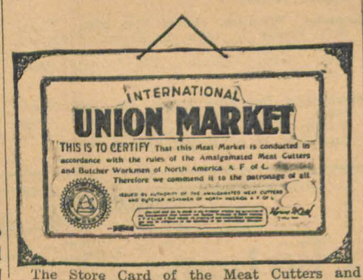
One of the interesting facts in this week's statement is that with the farm and wholesale price of cabbage running comparatively low, the retail profits again soared from 60 per cent to 460 per cent, with the highest margins of profit existing in Mount Holly and Philadelphia, which are the market centers nearest the Wrightstown camp of the United States Army.

MACHINISTS LABEL



This Label is put on small tools, such as are used by machinists, carpenters, shoe cutters and shoe workers, and on razors, cutlery, micrometers, mechanics tools, levels, seals, model makers' tools and novelties. Label is printed in black on rose tint background.

MEAT CUTTERS AND BUTCHER WORKMEN'S UNION STORE CARD



The Store Card of the Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen's Union is prominently displayed in such establishments as employ members of this organization.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

METAL MINERS STRIKE.

Leadville, Col., August 2.—After months of negotiations and repeated concessions, metal miners in this district have suspended work to enforce a living wage rate. Several weeks ago the state industrial commission decided that the mine owners could not afford higher wages. The federal department of labor has attempted to adjust differences and the employes cut their wage demand in half, but the offer was rejected.

Most of the strikers are affiliated with the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers, formerly the Western Federation of Miners. The usual charges of "disloyalty" and "emissaries" are hurled at the strikers, but this is answered by a special correspondent of a Denver newspaper who has investigated the strike and who writes as follows:

"Before entering into a consideration of the rights and wrongs of the Leadville situation, it may be well to sweep away the mass of fallacies that has well-nigh buried the truth. But it may be stated at the outset that there is only one reason for the strike in the Leadville mines—demand for higher wages based on the abnormal increase in the cost of living."

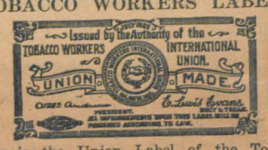
HOW TO CURE CONSUMPTION.

Manchester, England, August 2.—At the annual conference of the national union of railway men, it was declared that "the most effective way of eradicating the fearful scourge of consumption is to insure that the citizens are not lacking in nourishing food, healthy homes and reasonable facilities for leisure and open air life." These railway workers insist that everything possible should be done to provide adequate accommodations for consumption victims.

STRIKEBREAKERS STRIKE.

Kasnas City, Mo., August 2.—Strikebreakers employed at a box factory in this city quit their jobs in disgust when they were paid 18 and 19 cents an hour instead of the princely wage promised them. The Carpenters' union has charge of this strike which was caused by low wages. Several hundred men, women and children are involved.

TOBACCO WORKERS LABEL



This is the Union Label of the Tobacco Workers International Union, and is found on wrappers of all tobaccos, snuff, and cigarettes that are Union made. The Label is printed in black on blue paper. Do not accept from your dealer any goods which do not bear this Label.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
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A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
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M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

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J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
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William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
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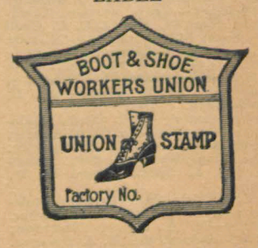

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HIGHER WAGES URGED.

Greenville, S. C., August 2.—"Mill employes are entitled to more than free house rent and small bonuses," said H. K. Townes, attorney of this city, in a local newspaper. He says Greenville cotton mills are making larger profits than ever before and that the clear profits of some mills in the south equal as much as their entire capital stock.

"The mills are making tremendous profit and cannot afford to stop running. Their employes should have a substantial wage increase. They could not have a better opportunity than right now to organize and enforce their demands for higher wages."

UNIONISTS TO MEET.

Jefferson City, Mo., August 2.—Officers of the Missouri state federation of labor have issued a call for the twenty-sixth annual convention, to be held in this city, beginning Monday, September 17.

SECURE 8-HOUR DAY.

Peru, Ill., August 2.—The Illinois Zinc Company has placed its organized machinists on the eight-hour day basis, with ten-hour pay.

A. F. OF L. LABEL

The Label of the American Federation of Labor is issued to Local Unions who are directly affiliated. This Label is used upon various commodities, among them being badge and lodge paraphernalia, suspenders, horse nails, paper boxes and neckwear. The Label is printed on both cloth and paper.

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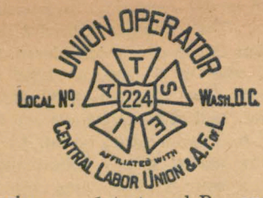

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater, 15th and Madison Pl.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 9th and F N.W.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - - Ga. Ave. and Park Rd.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol and Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Victoria - - - - 7th and E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
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7th & Q Sts. N.W. | 3113 14th St. N.W. | 3420 M St. N.W.
1105 H St. N.E. | 701 H St. N.E. | 1714 14th St. N.W.
1632 N. Capitol St. | 726 7th St. N.W. | 3608 14th St. N.W.
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The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U. — READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 8 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 17, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Labor Law Upheld by Pennsylvania Governor

Law of 1911, Which Provides for Full Crews on Freight Trains, Remains in Full Operation.

Harrisburg, Pa., August 16.—Gov. Brumbaugh has vetoed the "full crew suspender," and the law of 1911, which provides for full crews on freight trains, remains in full operation.

The "suspender" was intended to set aside the law so long as the war would last and for one month thereafter. The railroads adopted this policy when they realized a complete nullification of the act could not be secured. Two years ago the railroads induced the legislature to repeal the law, but Gov. Brumbaugh vetoed the repealer.

In declining to suspend the act, the state executive expressed the opinion that to disturb any labor conditions in war times might lead to grave consequences, and President Wilson is cited as disapproving repeal of labor legislation.

Personal observation, the governor says, has convinced him that the extra man on railroad trains is necessary, particularly since many trains have been abolished and those retained are longer and heavier.

"I think," said the governor, "it would be most unfortunate for any of the states to relax the laws by which safeguards have been thrown about labor. I feel that there is no necessity for such action, and that it would lead to a slackening of the energy of the nation rather than to an increase of it, besides being very unfair to the laboring people themselves."

New York, August 16.—Railroads lost their fight to suspend the Pennsylvania full crew law when Gov. Brumbaugh vetoed the bill. He cited President Wilson's position in favoring present labor laws, and the New York Times, running true to past performances, is angry at the governor's "false pleading and labor demagogy."

The Times denounces "false pleading," and then proceeds to put its judgment against practical railroad men.

"It is not possible that upon any correct understanding of the facts the President could regard the full crew law as a safeguard of labor. The compulsory employment of unnecessary labor is waste of labor, not safeguarding of labor in any economic or humane sense. It is contrary to public interest at a time when thrift is necessary to win the war."

STEREOTYPERS GAIN.

Omaha, Neb., August 16.—In the official journal of the International Stereotypers and Electrotypers' union, President Freel reports that gains have been made in Toronto, Canada; Binghamton, N. Y.; Kansas City, Mo.; Cleveland, Ohio; Baltimore, Md.; Lowell, Mass. (including Lawrence and Haverhill, Mass., and Manchester, N. H.); Salt Lake City, Utah. These gains include wage increases for journeymen and apprentices.

CEMENT WORKERS GAIN.

Hartshorne, Okla., August 16.—Organized cement workers have secured an agreement with the Choctaw Portland Cement Company, which includes the union shop, check-off system, reinstatement of discharged unionists with pay for time lost, and a 10 per cent wage increase.

SHORTEN BARBERS' HOURS.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, August 16.—At the request of the Barbers' union and the Master Barbers' Association the city council has changed the law respecting Saturday night closing for barber shops by reducing the time from 11 to 10 o'clock.

"Master and Servant" Theory Knocked Out

Indiana Public Service Commission Will Ignore the So-Called "Governor's Agreements."

Indianapolis, August 16.—The public service commission of this state has ruled that it will ignore the so-called "governor's service agreements" that prevail on Indiana non-union city and interurban railroad lines.

It is stated that former Gov. Ralston, after the 1912 street car strike in this city, united as a party to these agreements, which provide that the public service commission shall arbitrate differences between a street car company and employes. This feature was intended to satisfy the public against protests of workers who were compelled to sign the agreement which included a "no strike" clause and made it possible to perfect an air-tight non-union shop.

The commission has refused to accept this agreement. It shows that the law creating it never intended that it should take charge of labor disputes. In defense of this position the commission refers to other laws which have established machinery "for mediation, conciliation and arbitration in controversies between employer and employe."

MAY DISCHARGE UNIONISTS.

Melbourne, Victoria, Australia, August 16.—The high court has ruled that an employer may discharge a man because of membership in a trade union. The court does not use these words, as do courts in the United States, but it upholds an employer who discharged a worker because he refused to sign a statement that he was satisfied with working conditions. As the commonwealth arbitration act makes it unlawful to victimize unionists, the worker appealed to the court for justice. The employer insisted that unionism had nothing to do with the case, and that the worker was discharged for the sole reason that he would not sign the statement. The employer was dismissed, although two of the judges held that this excuse was merely a trick to evade the law's clear intent.

UNIONISTS VICTIMIZED.

Tacoma, Wash., August 16.—Organized longshoremen protest against the victimization policy of the Employers' Association. The unionists point to a secret punch code used by the employers. An applicant for work is given a card about the size of a meal ticket. This is a working permit. Various punch marks are used to carry secret information, telling the employer just what the union affiliations of the worker are. It is claimed the purpose of this scheme is to flood the local labor market.

WANT NON-UNION SHOP.

Wichita, Kan., August 16.—Building contractors refuse to recognize the unions of their striking employes and plead for non-unionism, which they call "the open shop." The fact that wages are $1 and $2 less in Wichita than in any other town of equal size is why the employers talk about the "right to run their own business."

LABOR NOT SCARCE HERE.

Albany, N. Y., August 16.—The state industrial commission reports that the scarcity of labor in this state, which has been so much discussed, is more apparent than real. One good thing that has come out of the present situation, the report says, is that "it will no longer be possible to draw a dead line in so many industries against men of forty-five and over."

RECIPIENT OF AUTO FROM HIS MANY LABOR FRIENDS

JAMES DUNCAN

One of the Special Commissioners of the Root Commission to Russia.

James Duncan, first vice president of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor, at a very simple affair, was presented by his many friends in the labor movement a five-passenger fully equipped Oakland automobile as a testimonial for his services in representing labor on the Root Commission to Russia. The Central Labor Union also arranged a very pleasant evening for Mr. Duncan upon his arrival in this city recently. Mr. Duncan made a very interesting resume of his trip to Russia. Good luck to Friend Duncan!

FAVORS CONCILIATION.

Salem, Ore., August 16.—Governor Withycombe urges the creation of a board of seven members to conciliate and arbitrate Oregon industrial disputes. He suggests that three members be chosen from organized labor, three from employers and the seventh member to be the chief justice of the state supreme court.

Governor Withycombe expresses this opinion on industrial conditions: "I am not afraid of the I. W. W.—their propaganda and their agitation are too vicious and too contemptible to become a permanent menace. But I believe that this country is on the verge of grave industrial difficulties."

EARNINGS HAVE TRIPPLED.

New York, August 16.—The report of the American steel foundries for the six months ended June 30 shows a profit of $3,948,187, compared with $1,374,226 last year.

As trade unionism would materially affect these enormous profits, this corporation believes in "free and independent workmen."

COSSACKS FOR COLORADO.

Denver, August 16.—Both branches of the state legislature have passed a bill creating a state constabulary, despite vigorous trade union protests. The bill provides for 200 cossacks, who will act under the governor's orders and will be paid $60 a month.

ACCEPT NEW CONTRACT.

Memphis, Tenn., August 16.—The Master Painters' Association has signed the new wage agreement of Painters' Union No. 49.

Metal polishers employed by the Singer Manufacturing Company of Elizabeth, N. J., have secured wage increases.

MAY SHUN NON-UNIONISTS.

Hartford, Conn., August 16.—The state supreme court has upheld the superior court of Hartford county which ruled that organized building craftsmen of this city have the right to refuse to work with employes of the non-union Cohn & Roth Electric Company.

Every Citizens' Alliance element in the state supported the company, though this was in direct violation of their sacred dictum that workers have the right to work where they please and for whom they please.

The unionists' victory is especially sweet because this city is the home of George Pope, president of the national association of manufacturers.

ELECTRICIANS WIN.

Pittston, Pa., August 16.—Electrical Workers' Union No. 163 has won a three-month strike for higher wages; former rates were $3.50 a day. Under the new agreement wages are advanced to $3.75 a day until November 30, 1917, and $4 a day from that date until April 30, 1918.

MACHINISTS LOCKED OUT.

Columbus, Ohio, August 16.—Because they asked for a wage increase, machinists employed by the Ohio Elevator Company were locked out. As a solution the management suggested that the machinists work ten hours a day instead of nine, but the offer was declined.

MAY SEIZE COAL MINES.

Chicago, August 16.—The Illinois state council of defense has issued a call for a conference of the governors of sixteen states for the purpose of taking concerted action to reduce coal prices, even to the extent of seizing coal mines.

Non-Union Forces Are Broken by Hatters

Manufacturers' Association Has Received Its Hardest Blow in Its Long Series of Combats.

Danbury, Conn., August 16.—Eight hat companies have withdrawn from the Hat Manufacturers' Association and this organization has received its hardest blow in its long series of combats with the United Hatters of North America.

The strike started last June when the hatters refused to change their system of setting prices after they had altered their constitution in conformity with an agreement between their representatives and hat manufacturers.

The latest demand was made on these workers almost immediately following the end of the long fight against the Loewe Company, but the hatters again arranged their battle line and refused the request.

Every attempt was made to induce the strikers to withdraw from the trade union movement and at one of the mass meetings the workers again pledged allegiance to the A. F. of L. The hatters' officials were also attacked.

The unionists are hopeful that other manufacturers will withdraw from the hostile organization that peace may prevail in this industry.

SHOP MEN RAISE WAGES.

Fort Smith, Ark., August 16.—Federated shop men employed by the Fort Smith and Western railroad have secured an agreement which raises rates for mechanics, helpers and apprentices. Machinists, blacksmiths, sheet metal workers and boiler makers are advanced to 50 cents an hour. Old rates were 45 cents, except for blacksmiths, who were paid 45, 44, 43 and 42 cents.

Fort Worth, Tex., August 16.—Federated shop employes have secured an agreement with the Fort Worth and Denver City railroad. Wages are increased 6 cents an hour for all trades and a 52-cent minimum is established. The agreement dates back from June 1.

Buffalo, N. Y., August 16.—The shop men's federation of the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg railroad has secured a new agreement. Wage increases range from 3 to 12 cents for day rates, and piece work prices are increased 20 per cent. Mechanics' rates below 39 cents are abolished, and this rate is made the minimum. The workers' representatives waged a stubborn fight to abolish piece work and it was finally agreed that the company would make the piece work system satisfactory to the men and if not it would be an issue again in six months' time with a view of abolishing it. A helpers' apprentice system was established with progressive rates to displace specialists for the future.

8 HOURS FOR MACHINISTS.

St. Paul, Minn., August 16.—Machinists employed in the locomotive department of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railroad, have secured the eight-hour day and raised wages 7 1-2 cents an hour, making the rate 53 cents. Machinists employed in the car department secure the nine-hour day and similar wage increases.

R. R. EARNINGS INCREASE.

Prelimary reports from one-third of the railroads of this country show an increase in net revenues for the month of June of nearly 10 per cent over June, 1916. Net revenues per mile show an increase of $48, rising from $501 in June, 1916, to $549 in June, 1917.

Families Swamped by High Living Cost

Wage Commission Reports That $747 a Year Is Necessary for Bare Existence.

The federal bureau of labor statistics publishes a summary of the findings of the recent Dallas wage commission appointed by the mayor to obtain data on the cost of living to be used by city officials as a guide for wage advances to city employes.

Fifty families were investigated and it was found that 39 families showed a deficit averaging $20.25 a month and 10 families showed a surplus averaging $8.86 a month. The average annual deficit reported by the 50 families was $171.72. These facts prompted the commission to conclude:

"That with rapidly increasing food and clothing costs, the families are accumulating debts.

"That wage and chattel loans are made and concealed.

"That relatives are giving aid in money and supplies which is not divulged."

The heads of these families were employed as follows: Twenty-nine were city employes and 21 were factory employes. Wages were as follows: Seventeen received less than $60 a month; 11, $60 to $70, four, $70 to $80; 15, $80 to $90, and three, $90 to $100.

The commission reported that $747 a year is necessary for the "bare existence" for a family of five. The amount necessary for a "safe, normal living" is placed at $1,081.72. The closeness with which the latter figure is estimated is shown under the heading "insurance, recreation," etc., which places $57.46, or a little more than $1 a week, as sufficient for a "normal" family for insurance, recreation, church, charity, fraternal and other organizations.

CONVICTS ON HIGHWAYS.

Springfield, Mo., August 16.—Highways will be built with convict labor in the future, says E. L. Sanford, chairman of the Missouri state highway commission.

Under the tentative plan, state prisoners will be equipped by the highway commission and the prison board, each sharing in the expense. While the prisoners are working the road the expense will be borne by the highway commission.

The convicts will also be available to counties for work on the roads. The men will be placed in camps in the district where the work is to be done, the camps to accommodate fifty, 100 and as many as 200 men.

STREET CAR MEN GAIN.

Pueblo, Colo., August 16.—Members of Street Car Men's Union No. 662 are being paid an additional 1 cent an hour since the first of the month. An increase of 4 cents was secured last July and the maximum rate is now 37 cents. Wages for barn men, switchboard operators and other workers are increased $5 per month with one Sunday off with pay.

MINERS RAISE WAGES.

Leadville, Colo., August 16.—Metal miners in this district have raised wages 50 cents a day after a short strike. Operators howled loud and long about their low-paying properties but they finally agreed to compromise with their employes, who demanded $1 a day. The minimum rate is now $4 a day.

PENSION LAW UPHELD.

Bismarck, N. D., August 16.—The state supreme court has upheld the teachers' pension act and orders Ransom county officials to make the levy prescribed by the law.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUGUST 17, 1917.

DON'T SACRIFICE WOMANHOOD.

By SAMUEL GOMPERS, in American Federationist.

When we consider that at least three civilian workers are necessary to maintain one soldier in the field; that it will be necessary for the shops and the fields of this country to supply many of the essentials of our allies in the war; that the undertaking upon which we have just entered is one of gigantic proportions and we fear will not soon be finished; that the first draft for soldiers will remove men who are now employed in industries most of which must be maintained, and that in all probability many other drafts will be made, it becomes apparent that there must be definite plans formulated to maintain a continuous supply of workers.

Several ill-considered plans and methods have already been proposed and some adopted. Most of these have been based on a proposal to secure additional workers without effort to readjust workers under new economies. In order to deal with the problem nationally we must determine which are the essential industries, whether men can be spared and women workers employed without injury to the women and therefore to the life of the nation. Some protests have been made to the employment of women workers, upon the ground that women should remain at home and not "desert the true sphere of women." Others, without even the pretense of scruples, are hastening women into employment for which they are not fitted and are advocating the importation of foreign workers or any other humans that can be exploited so that human flesh and blood can be coined into war profits.

Undoubtedly we must work out a national policy to deal with the matter of substitutions after drafts begin. There are numbers of women willing to work; willing to do their utmost for the nation. There is no need to force them into industry now, but plans should be ready when men are withdrawn for military service. There are a number of trades which will necessarily have less and less work to do as the war progresses. Among these may perhaps be counted the building trades.

Reports from many localities already reports come to the effect that all the building trades are not employed. For instances, in Chicago in more than half the trades of the building industry men are unemployed. There should be devised a comprehensive plan for dealing with the general problem of employment scientifically and humanely.

Such a plan should begin with an industrial survey, thus securing accurate information of opportunities for employment and of the labor power of the country. Then the necessary machinery to connect workers with opportunities for employment should be established and workers and employers intelligently advised in furtherance of the best interests of humanity as well as production.

Under such conditions, women would be aided to find development in work instead of exploitation.

Instead of working out our problems upon a rational basis, we find that this has occurred: A skillfully conducted campaign is being carried on to establish the idea that a scarcity of workers exists, followed by clamorous demands for freely importing Mexicans and coolie workers and for rushing women into all kinds of employment. In Cleveland between 75 and 100 women are running Bradley hammers in one shop. Women are wiping engines in the running house at Akron, Ohio; many are running engines in the machine shops and doing other laborious work around large manufacturing plants. One woman has been employed by the Baltimore and Ohio railroad as a shop hand; she packs journal boxes, which are on the axles of wheels and must be filled with waste and oil. Flag women have appeared on railroads. Women are employed in the foundry trade, in machine shops and munitions plants. One lumber yard in Chicago is reported to be employing women to handle lumber. Truly there can be no justification for employing women with so little discrimination. We cannot disguise the fact that during the progress of the war women may be employed in constantly increasing numbers, but surely our nation has enough intelligence to see that women are not employed in handling Bradley hammers and doing the roughest sort of manual labor for which they are physically unfit and that when they do equal work with men they receive equal pay.

An intelligent way to start on this problem would be to have physicians and scientists formulate fundamental principles for guidance and then adopt a national employment policy based upon these principles. We cannot afford to wage a war for humanity and democracy and refuse to recognize the fundamental principles of human welfare in dealing with the women of our nation.

The Central Leather Company of New York reports gross earnings of $6,179,410 for the quarter ending June 30, an increase of $1,529,959 over the same period last year.

Stockholders of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad are in clover, as the financial report of this corporation shows a clear profit last year of $31,130,438, an increase of $11,609,000 over the previous year.

On the surface it would appear that there is a shortage of labor, but investigation reveals the fact that many employers who complain of an inadequate labor supply fail to offer a scale of wages commensurate with the needs of workers due to the increased cost of living.

Oppressors Escape; Censure for Victims

Very Little Is Said About the Menace to the Workers of Insufficient Wages.

Persons who are blind to social wrong have no right to censure labor when forced to strike, says the Daily Herald, of Adelaide, South Australia.

"It has become quite the fashion of late in certain quarters," says this paper, "to lecture severely the workers on the obligations they owe to the general community. These verbal castigations, no doubt, are all very well in their way, but it is time a little eloquence was expended for the benefit of some one else. The employing class, and also the much discussed general community, might receive a little attention with beneficial results. The homilies which are being hurled at labor are apt to pall somewhat when they are repeated with such frequency as has been the case recently. No doubt labor has its faults, and a remonstrance now and again if it happens to kick over the traces may have a salutary effect. But labor is beginning to wonder why it should bear all the brunt of scornful condemnation and public contumely when there are others whose conduct is not above reproach who go scot-free. Whenever the workers are forced, after every reasonable and legitimate effort fails, to requisition the weapon of strike, they are characterized as industrial anarchists, who are a menace to the well-being of society. Very little is said about the menace to the workers of insufficient wages and oppressive conditions of labor. This is the real menace which has to be removed, and upon society itself rests the responsibility of removing it. Therefore society, or the general community, before it and its interested mouthpieces condemn the workers, should first of all see that it itself is above reproach. If the workers owe a duty to society in keeping the wheels of industry revolving, society none the less owes a duty to the workers in seeing that they are not oppressed."

WHEAT IS ROTTING.

St. Charles, Mo., August 16.—Because the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad is attempting to destroy the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, wheat in this vicinity is lying out in fields in sacks exposed to the heavy rains. Farmers are having little success in moving their grain because of the mixed up condition of the railroad's freight service.

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CARPENTERS, 132, INDORSE COLPOYS FOR COMMISSIONER

The following communication from H. S. Hollohan was ordered printed in The Trades Unionist by the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, Local 132:

"At the regular weekly meeting of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, Local 132, last Friday evening, August 3, Typographical Temple, Mr. John B. Colpoys was indorsed for the position as one of the District Commissioners, the members pledging their support. This organization has a membership of sixteen hundred who would like to see the President appoint a labor man as one of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and the candidate put forth by the Carpenters, we feel sure, will meet the necessary qualifications for one holding this position and one who would give eminent satisfaction to all the classes.

"The secretary was instructed to send a copy of our action to the President of the United States, asking his consideration; also a copy to the C. L. U., notifying them of our action.

"H. S. HOLLOHAN, President."

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Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - - Ga. Ave. and Park Rd.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & F St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol and Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Victoria - - - - 7th and E Sts. S.W.
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Separations.

Robert E. Dowling, emergency bookbinder; James V. Connelly, emergency pressman; Mrs. Mary Henrick, emergency pressfeeder; John L. Price, Eldridge T. Tate, Edward H. Markwood and Samuel G. Bullock, skilled laborers, resigned; Mrs. May D. Duvall and Miss Sarah E. Meyer, pressfeeders, resigned; Albert Y. Dreisonstok, caster helper; Augustus E. Sullivan, machine helper, resigned; Cyril W. Sandifer and Daniel F. Noone, emergency messenger boys, resigned; Raleigh M. Black, compositor, resigned; Elwood S. Moorhead, jr., linotype operator; Frank P. Tobin, emergency pressman; John A. Clinton, Frank Jenkins and Alfred C. Rosen, emergency pressmen, resigned; Miss Mabel S. Heizer and Miss Annie E. Dolan, clerks, resigned; Andrew Lukei, watchman, resigned; John R. Parker, caster helper, resigned; Alfred J. Disbro, temporary unskilled laborer, resigned; Ulysses F. Reed, unskilled laborer.

Transfers, Etc.

Increases in annual salary were granted the following clerks: Miss Josephine G. Adams, Thomas F. Hendren, Miss Eleanor E. Chambers, Miss Alice Gray, Miss Clara S. Follin, Mrs. Minnie U. Burton, Miss Charlotte Davis, William J. Cassiday, Stephen Wools, Benedict E. Finotti, Mrs. Naomi Ellis, Miss Josephine H. McDonald, Miss Josephine C. Buckley.

Joseph T. Gillin, from bookbinder, to bookbinder in charge, 60 cents an hour, pamphlet binding section.

Joseph H. Hurley, from machine operator, to bookbinder in charge, 60 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section.

Allan C. Clough, from reviser, to press reviser, 70 cents per hour.

Ovilup H. George, plumber and steamfitter, 55 to 60 cents per hour.

William J. Holahan, Magnus T. Young, Edward N. Rees, Thomas J. McDonough, Henry M. Brown and Charles E. Allison, steamfitters, 55 to 60 cents per hour, engineer section.

William F. Maher, John M. Barrett and William B. Bagnam, plumbers, 55 to 60 cents per hour, engineer section.

Aloysius F. Burns, sheet metal worker, 55 to 60 cents per hour.

James A. Johnson, James J. Kavanagh, and Horatio W. Stevens, engineers, 50 to 55 cents per hour.

Edward D. Boteler, Douglas B. Baskerville, Christian C. Hansen, William H. Brown, George Kraus, Andrew Mortensen, Friedrich Strobel, Richard B. Nelson and John F. Waple, firemen, 40 to 45 cents per hour.

Thomas B. Houston and Henry W. Kottmann, from temporary compositors to probationary compositors.

REVIEWS MOONEY CASES.

Springfield, Mass., August 16.—The influential Springfield Republican makes this editorial comment on the Mooney trials at San Francisco:

"The state has not made out a thoroughly convincing case against Mr. Mooney, who was convicted of murder in the first degree not long ago, in the opinion of many coolheaded people, and their opinion will be strengthened by the jury's verdict in the case of the wife. Outside judgment has been cautious owing to the peculiar bitterness between the organized employers and the labor unionists of San Francisco, and indications have not been lacking that an effort was made to manufacture a case against Mr. Mooney and his wife. The doubt as to their guilt has been a growing one and, while the crime of the bomb throwing was particularly atrocious because of the mangling and murder of so many innocent people, the right persons to punish should unmistakably be found."

NEW LAWS IN EFFECT.

San Francisco, August 16.—Several beneficial laws passed by the last legislature are now in effect. One of these acts creates the state-land colonization board to carry out the colonization plan backed by the state.

Other important laws are: Examination of plumbers, inspection of elevators, requiring labels on prison-made goods, inspection of steam boilers, state meat inspection, continuation of social insurance investigation, free text books for high school pupils to be furnished by districts if desired until 1920, when the act becomes compulsory, strengthening of workmen's compensation act, making women eligible for jury service by having the law read "persons" instead of "men," extension of vocational training in schools.

BIG PROFITS IN SHIPS.

New York, August 16.—Enormous profits to the shipping industry as a result of the war is disclosed in the annual report of the International Marine Company for the fiscal year ending December 31, 1916. Despite the 80 per cent tax on excess profits levied by the British government, which amounted to $23,510,217, the company had a profit of $25,946,650 for the year and now has a surplus of $24,686,172.

The announcement of these huge profits followed the recent public statement by President Wilson that certain ship owners in this country "are doing everything that high freight charges can do to make the war a failure, to make it impossible," and that "those who have fixed war freights have taken the most effective means in their power to defeat the armies engaged against Germany."

CAR MEN RAISE WAGES.

Cincinnati, August 16.—Members of the Brotherhood of Railway Car Men are jubilant over their successful ending of a wage controversy with the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad. Increases average 5 1-2 cents an hour.

Denver, August 16. The Colorado and Southern railroad has promised 200 striking car men that it will recognize a committee to draw up working agreements and these employes have returned to work. The railroad also promises to meet any wage rate paid in other shops working under the same conditions and in the same territory.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, August 16.—The Typographical Union has increased wages from $22 a week to $25 for members employed in commercial shops. The workers compromised their original demand of $5 a week increase. The new scale dates from the first of last month.

The Lehigh Valley railroad's report for last June shows profits at a rate equal to 30 per cent per annum on its stock.

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 747 Varnum St. N.W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 188 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pa. Ave. N.W. Secretary, David P. McCracken, 473 E St. S.W.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 92 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 100: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1787 Willard Street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division [illegible]: Meets Typographical Temple first and [illegible] days at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. [illegible] tary, G. W. Calderhead, Room Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. B. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

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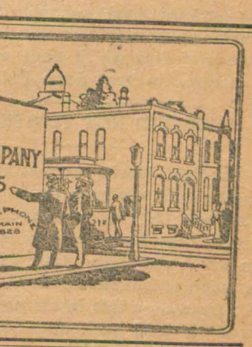

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Workers, However, Do Not Propose to Be Robbed of Their Economic Rights.

Trade unionists will give without stint to the government in this crisis, says President Perkins of the Cigar Makers' International Union, but they do not propose to be robbed of their economic rights by profiteers and speculators.

"No one can tell what the final outcome of this war will be. Nearly every war of the past has had an altogether different ending from the one contemplated when the war started. Democracy was not the paramount issue when the present world war started. Democracy as the only safe means of a proper, just and lasting peace, has developed and has been made a part of the purpose of the world-war since it started.

"The workers, especially trade unionists, while loyal to our country and determined to discharge their full obligations to the government and for our common country, will, nevertheless, strive with might and main to protect the economic condition and standards of work in civil life. While fighting the enemy from without we propose to fight the enemy within. While giving without stint or reservation to our government and our country in this crisis, we don't propose to be robbed by profiteers and speculators of our economic and social rights. To maintain our economic standards and well being is just as important as it is to maintain the standards of well being of the men on the firing line. It is claimed that it requires the labor of five people to fully sustain in all departments one soldier, hence it follows that in being loyal to ourselves, that is, loyal to and determined to maintain economic standards, we are loyal to our government and our country. Starve and cripple the workers at home and we expose the men at the front to untold suffering, hardships and extinction."

MACHINISTS ENJOINED.

[illegible]oo, Mich., August 16.—Cir[illegible] Weimer has issued a permanent injunction against Machinists' Union No. 843.

To use the language of the court, the strikers are enjoined "from peaceably or otherwise picketing" the plant of the Clarage Fan Company. The court declares that the defendants "have no lawful right" to picket the plaintiff's premises "even though they use no force or violence," and they are ordered not to interfere "in any way" with the company's business, or visit the homes of the strikebreakers for the purpose of inducing them to cease their employment.

Mixed up in the order is the usual jumble about "violence," which is used to conceal the real purpose of the injunction and which ignores the fact that violence is punishable under Michigan statutes after the accused is accorded a trial by jury.

DISCUSS NEGRO QUESTION.

Columbus, Ohio, August 16.—A conference of employers, real estate dealers, clergymen and other eminent citizens discussed the negro question at a conference in this city. It was stated that 100,000 negroes have migrated to Ohio during the past few months, and that many of them are working for as low as $1.80 a day, with transportation deducted. The conference was divided. Some insisted that the negro has the right to choose his home, while others urged that this migration was stimulated by low-wage contractors and the strikebreaking and employment agencies.

No trade unionist was present and the conference was not told of the economic side of this movement or of the race prejudice which some employers encourage to beat down living rates.

BONDED NOT TO STRIKE.

Tacoma, Wash., August 16.—Striking butcher workmen employed by the Carstens Packing Company show contracts they have been forced to sign, in which they agree they will not join a union or become involved in strikes. To guarantee this latter promise $1 a week is held back until an amount equal to one week's wages is in the hands of the company. This money is forfeited if they "violate" the agreement.

The strikers are demanding recognition of their newly formed union and an eight-hour day with no wage reduction.

CANNERS' WAGES INCREASED.

San Jose, Cal., August 16.—The Santa Clara Valley cannery strike is ended by the employers raising wages from 25 to 30 cents an hour.

COMPENSATION RATES CUT.

Trenton, N. J., August 16.—An investigation by state officials has resulted in the reduction by one-half of the minimum rates for workmen's compensation. Private insurance companies were charging a minimum rate of $15 on certain classifications of compensation insurance, while the new state-fixed rate is $10. A classification that previously called for $35 is now $17.50. Under the compulsory insurance law, which took effect last month, the state is empowered to enforce fair rates of insurance, although it does not affect employers financially responsible to the extent of forcing them to buy insurance.

Department stores, furniture factories and other industries are wheeling into the eight-hour column in Tacoma, Wash., as a result of persistent agitation by organized labor.

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This organization uses two Labels, one for ready made clothing and the other for special order clothing. The ready made Label appears upon shirts, collars, cuffs, men's summer underwear, and overalls. Particular attention should be given to the ready made Label of this organization in the purchasing of men's shirts. Millions of shirts are produced yearly

SPECIAL ORDER CLOTHING

under the contract prison labor system and are sold under so many various names and brands that it is almost impossible to trace them. To be absolutely sure that the shirt you purchase is not made by the contract prison labor trust, the Union Label of the United Garment Workers should appear upon the same.

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WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 12 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

'Iron Cross' Conferred Upon Delegate Miller

Brewery Workers Business Agent Is "Decorated" for "Meritorious" Services.

With great ceremony and pomp, the "Iron Cross" was conferred, last Monday night, at the conclusion of the regular session of the C. L. U., upon Delegate Henry Miller, of the Brewery Workers, by a group of his friends, for "meritorious" services. This "handsome badge of honor" is a work of art, being almost a duplicate of the famous "Iron Cross" conferred by the Kaiser on his heroes. In the center is engrossed a figure of a tremendous "bull," the emblem of strength and of other things not uncommon to so many of us.

President Digney presented Delegate Miller with this token of esteem, while Secretary James delivered the presentation speech. Seldom, indeed, has such oratory been heard as flowed from the lips of the speaker. His words in praise of the work of Mr. Miller in behalf of his organization and the C. L. U. could hardly be equaled for eloquence, and his eulogy will long ring in the ears of his auditors.

In accepting the "Iron Cross" Mr. Miller betrayed a little nervousness, but nevertheless he replied with words of thanks in such flowery utterances that he was long applauded.

All jokes aside, however, Mr. Miller is well worthy of considerable praise, for his efforts in behalf of the betterment of the members of his organization have been untiring, and his record as business agent speaks for itself upon its merits. His fight against the prohibition movement will long be remembered.

MESSENGER BOYS WIN.

Kansas City, Mo., September 13.—Messenger boys won their strike against the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies after being on strike for three days, the companies being unable to secure help to fill their places. The companies have agreed to pay each boy a wage of $40 a month. The boys receive 6 cents for the first message taken in a group and one cent for each additional message. All the boys make over $40 will be paid them. The cause of the strike was an effort on the part of the companies to reduce the pay of the boys 50 per cent. The companies have also agreed to recognize the union.

NEW UNIONS FORMED.

Little Rock, Ark., September 13.—The active work being done in this section is best told by the formation of three unions during the past week and there is every evidence that the good work will continue. These unions were added to those already in existence here: The stationary engineers, the office employes, and the jitney buss drivers, the latter chartered by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters.

DRAFTED UNIONIST HONORED.

Mr. Earl Lyles, a bookkeeper of the A. F. of L. and member of Stenographers' Union who goes to Admiral, Md., September 26, with the first draft, was presented Wednesday with a military wrist watch by the employes of the A. F. of L.

The presentation speech was made by L. A. Sterne, which was responded to admirally by Mr. Lyles.

BREWERY WORKERS GAIN.

Newark, N. J., September 13.—Over 500 members of Brewery Workers' Union No. 2 raised wages $1 a week after a short strike. An additional $1 a week will be discussed by the interested parties.

Unnecessary Taxes on Papers Fought by Typos

I. T. U. Convention Adopts Resolutions Tendering Aid to Press of Country.

Desiring to be helpful in every way possible in preventing the placing of unnecessary taxes on newspapers, believing that such taxes must inevitably bring disaster to many of these publications, the International Typographical Union, at its sixty-third annual convention, recently held in Colorado Springs, adopted the following resolutions:

"Whereas, The Congress of the United States, in considering war taxes, has had several proposals before it relating to the taxing of newspapers, both on the volume of advertising and profits, and by means of increased postage rates; and,

"Whereas, The public press, and more especially the labor press, is the bulwark of our liberty and our freedom and a great educational factor, and should be free and untrammeled in its right to express opinions and its opportunity to circulate among the people; and,

"Whereas, The newspaper industry is one that does not profit because of war conditions but, on the contrary, is burdened with unusual financial obligations to the end that it may function at the maximum of efficiency; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That, in the opinion of this convention, the congress should not, without thorough investigation and the fullest knowledge of all of the facts, levy taxes so burdensome to the press as to result in decreased publicity, nor to impose a tax that will materially and unwisely curtail newspaper circulation; and, be it further

"Resolved, That we tender our aid and assistance to the press of the United States in any way that may be effective in securing for it justice and fair dealing as to direct taxation and indirect taxation."

STRIKEBREAKERS CHEATED.

San Francisco, September 13.—"We're cheated!" cried a bunch of Washington, D. C., strikebreakers in the office of State Labor Commissioner McLaughlin.

The "free and independents" say they were lured to this city by agents of the United Railroads by the claim that they would be paid $5 a day as cooks. Now they are told they must work as motormen and conductors for a wage of $2 a day. They want the street car company officials and everybody else arrested.

SHOP MEN STRIKE.

Gassaway, W. Va., September 13.—Broken promises and the importation of gun men while negotiations were pending caused a strike of federated shop men employed by the Coal and Coke railroad at this place. Conferences were being held and the company promised to present its plan of settlement and also agreed to give back pay to certain employes. This promise was not kept, and when the gun men arrived and began walking through the shops for "suspicious characters," the men quit work.

PLUMBERS WANT MORE.

New London, Conn., September 13.—The plumbers are out for $4.80 a day and forty-four hours per week. Heretofore they have been receiving $3.50 and working forty-eight hours, except during the summer months. The employing plumbers have served notice that they will fight it out with the journeymen, claiming that they have an agreement running until January 1, 1919. The journeymen dispute that and assert they are at liberty to demand more money.

Say Draft Is Used To Coerce Workers

Charges Are Made That Several Corporations Take Unfair Advantage of Law.

Philadelphia, September 13.—Trade unionists have protested to a local district appeal board that the Midvale Steel Company and the Baldwin Locomotive Works are holding exemption from the draft as a club over the heads of their employes to coerce them into working under objectionable conditions.

The steel company is also charged with violating the federal eight-hour law and abandoning three shifts in many shops and substituting two shifts of ten hours each with the same wage formerly paid for the eight-hour day.

Vice President Tobin of the International Brotherhood of Blacksmiths and Helpers made the charges, which were supported and later elaborated upon, by a dozen trade union executives, who urged the board to exercise caution so as to prevent employers from intimidating workers into submitting to unjust working conditions under the threat of having their industrial exemption from the draft revoked by the district board.

Vice President Tobin said that when employes of the steel company protested against conditions, officials told the men they could "either take it or leave it." They made it clear to the protesting men, however, that by leaving the company's employ all rights to industrial exemption would be forfeited.

Charges that unfair advantage is being taken of the draft law by industrial corporations was not confined alone to the Midvale and Baldwin plants. The shipbuilding companies on the Delaware river also came in for sharp criticism. They were accused of banding together to "blacklist" workers and prevent them from leaving their places of employment.

THUGS AROUSE MINERS.

Charleston, W. Va., September 13.—Failure of state authorities to protect organized miners from assaults by Baldwin-Feltz strike guards has forced representatives of the United Mine Workers to call a special convention to consider the matter. At Clarksburg one miner was assaulted by these thugs while on his way to purchase medicine for a sick wife. He is now lying at the point of death. At Fire Coal, in Raleigh county, another miner was brutally assaulted, and in Braxton and Gilmer counties miners are evicted from their homes and in some cases the roofs of the cabins are torn off to force the families to leave. At Bower and Gilmer these guards have assaulted unionists with their rifles. Gov. Cornwell has been appealed to in vain against the terrorizing policy of the thugs who are employed by the coal companies in their anti-union campaign.

TEXTILE WORKERS WIN.

Chattanooga, Tenn., September 13.—Organized Southern textile workers have won a most important victory in this city after waging a fight for improved conditions since last May. Several mills, employing 3,000 workers, have accepted the strikers' original demands. The mill owners were assisted by imported gun men and the Tennessee Manufacturers' Association.

MACHINISTS RAISE WAGES.

Chicago, September 13.—Machinists have won their strike against the Automatic Electric Company and have raised wages 10 per cent. Representatives of the federal Department of Labor, acting as conciliators, assisted in the adjustment.

Local Painters Obtain $5 a Day Wage Scale

Secure Increase Without Loss of Single Shop — Establish Sick Benefit Fund for Members.

Five dollars a day instead of $4.50 is now the wage scale for members of Local Union No. 368, Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators. The increase was secured without the loss of a single shop, and much of the credit is due to the committee which had the matter in charge, which was composed of William E. Zell, recording secretary, chairman; George Miles, president; Arthur Chamberlane, E. E. Hancock and Hugh D. Digney, business agent.

Local 368 has a membership of more than 500, and has a record of progressiveness that few organizations can boast of. At a recent special meeting a fund was established to take care of needy men, in case of sickness or accident. A weekly sick benefit of $5 a week is paid, besides free medical aid. In case a member is taken to the hospital, all expenses are paid.

A member who has been in the organization three months or longer is entitled to $100 death benefit. Fifty dollars is paid to a member upon the death of his wife.

Death benefits are paid also by the international body on the following scale: First year, $50; second year, $100; third year, $150; fourth year, $200; seven years, $250; ten years or over, $300.

BOY CONTRACTORS GET PAY.

Philadelphia, September 13.—Probably the first payment ever made by the United States government to school boys for army contract work was recorded when a War Department check was received here to pay high school students for the manufacture of tent pegs supplied several weeks ago.

The check for $125.87 is drawn to Charles C. Heyl, of the civilian service and labor department of the Pennsylvania committee of public safety. Dr. Heyl, superintendent of the West Philadelphia high school, obtained the tent peg contract for the boys of the several high schools in this city and 10,459 hard wood pegs were turned out in the school woodworking shops for the government. Five pegs, or "pins," as the soldiers call them, are used to peg down the "dog" tents, furnishing shelter in active campaigning.

BAKERS ON STRIKE.

Buffalo, N. Y., September 13.—The long-anticipated strike of union bakers against the unfair conditions existing in the bake shops of the Collins and Brunner firms of this city and Beininger and Rochester baking companies of Rochester is now in full force. The cessation of work was due to a demand on the part of the bakers for increased wages and improved sanitary conditions, negotiations to secure these betterments having been under way for sometime past.

INCREASE FOR POLISHERS.

St. Louis, Mo., September 13.—The Metal Polishers' Union, after a three-day strike, secured an advance from 40 to 50 cents an hour and a reduction in hours from 54 to 49 1-2 per week. None of the members are working below 50 cents per hour, and are receiving time and half for overtime and double time for holidays.

GET AN ADVANCE.

Los Angeles, Cal., September 13.—The 350 striking garment workers have reached an agreement with the employers by which they will get 7 1-2 per cent increase. They asked for 10 per cent.

Private Interests Oppose Insurance

Exception Is Taken to the Cheap Rates Which the Government Provides.

Private insurance companies, acting through a committee appointed by Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo to consider the war insurance bill, favor the measure except the life insurance feature.

The bill is indorsed by Secretary McAdoo and has been reported favorably to the house by its interstate and foreign commerce committee. The bill is based on the workmen's compensation theory—that fixed sums shall be awarded where soldiers and sailors and army and navy nurses are disabled, temporary or permanently. To cover cases of death, provision is made for soldiers, sailors and nurses to take out life insurance, issued by the government, at the rate of $8 per $1,000 up to $10,000, which the house committee has reduced to $5,000. This government will meet all expenses necessary to conduct the fund and after the war the insured can take out other insurance which will mature more quickly.

Insurance at the rate of $8 per $1,000 is decidedly unsatisfactory to insurance companies, who praise all other portions of the bill, but insist that the optional feature is not "equitable," and that the government should furnish insurance, without cost, to all. This plan, of course, would remove those ghostly figures, "$8 per $1,000."

Another objection is the clause which permits soldiers, sailors and army nurses to change their insurance, after the war, to an earlier maturing plan, details to be left to future regulation and adjustment. This, the insurance men declare, is "vague and loosely constructed," although friends of the bill insist that it is impossible to lay down strict rules for this legislation, which is entirely new in legislative history and which was drawn by a committee appointed by President Gompers.

FORMING NEW UNIONS.

Portland, Ore., September 13.—A new union of the International Timber Workers has just been completed here and it is expected to have a membership running into the thousands in the near future. The authorities made every effort to prevent the completion of the union, but were unsuccessful. Plans have been made for following the start with a vigorous organizing campaign. A number of mills and logging camps in the northwest are now operating under an agreement with the Timber Workers' Union and the eight-hour plan is reported to be proving satisfactory to all.

THREATS CAUSE STRIKE.

East St. Louis, Ill., September 13.—A strike of 450 employes of the East Side Packing Company was caused by the manager declaring that if any employe was asked to join the Butcher Workmen's Union, the unionist would be discharged. The management is now facing a demand for union recognition.

CANDY WORKERS STRIKE.

Seattle, September 13.—Candy workers, affiliated with the Bakery and Confectionery Workers' Union, are on strike for better conditions. Employers are evading the $8.90 a week minimum law for women by holding these workers in the apprentice class.

Women bindery workers of Philadelphia, affiliated with the Bookbinders' Union, have secured union shop agreements and raised wages 20 per cent in over a score of shops in this city.

State Court Rebukes Injunction Judges

Highest Tribunal of California Has Rendered a Decision of Far-Reaching Importance.

Sacramento, Cal., September 13.—The supreme court of California, in an opinion written by Chief Justice Angellotti, has rendered an anti-injunction decision of far-reaching importance.

About two years ago an injunction was issued forbidding officers and members of the Moving Picture Operators' Union of Sacramento from picketing a theater. After several of these pickets, charged with contempt of court, had been acquitted a new move was made. Berger, a man picketing in the vicinity, was served with a copy of the injunction. He continued to picket. An affidavit was filed, which did not attempt to connect him with the case in which the injunction issued. A John Doe order to show the cause was issued and served upon Berger. He ignored the order. Then the court in his absence found him guilty of contempt; practically holding that an injunction ran against the whole world; that the criminal law was suspended in cases of persons charged with contempt; that the burden of establishing innocence was on a defendant charged with the crime of contempt, and that all the ordinary formalties of a trial might be dispensed with. There was no beating about the bush; the argument was something like this: Since they never could prove that a picket was connected with the injunction, all rules of law should be suspended, and they were suspended. Berger was convicted and ordered to pay a fine of $10, or go to jail for one day.

A writ of certiorari was issued by the district court of appeals on twelve different grounds.

Any one of these twelve grounds should have been sufficient to annul the judgment, but the district court of appeals, in a sixteen-page opinion, overruled every one of those objections. Happily, the supreme court has now relegated that opinion to the ash can.

The supreme court held that, in order to punish for contempt of court, in such cases, the affidavit must allege that the person was either a party to the suit, or an agent of such party, or an accomplice of such party. The clear-cut, able opinion of Chief Justice Angellotti, in this case, will definitely settle this point for all time.

STRIKE OF RAILROAD MEN.

Du Bois, Pa., September 13.—The men employed at various points on the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh railroad are on strike. The 800 employes presented demands for better working conditions, increased wages and recognition of their union. When the demands were presented several weeks ago the representative of the company informed the committee they would be met. No action being taken to comply with that promise, representatives of the Department of Labor were called in and made two ineffectual efforts to avert the strike.

GET EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Louisville, Ky., September 13.—Trainmen and firemen employed by the Kentucky & Indiana Terminal Railroad Company in conference with officials of said company have completed arrangements to put into immediate force the eight-hour day.

BOILER MAKERS STRIKE.

Port Arthur, Tex., September 13.—Boiler Makers employed by the Magnolia Refining Company are on strike to enforce the prevailing rate of 50 cents an hour.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TRADES UNION AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON D.C. FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER 14, 1917.

NEED OF ECONOMY AND SAVING.

With the United States at war a large part of our country's human energy is taken away from the farms, factories, and industries of peace, and until the war ends all their energies will be devoted to fighting.

As much of the human energy and productive capacity of the nation are now being devoted to the purposes of war, so should the proper amount of the money of the United States be so devoted. He who offers his life for his country is offering the greatest sacrifice, but the American men and women who support the government with their money are doing their part.

This war is going to be financed largely out of the savings of the American people during the war. It is not too great a sacrifice to make for one's country in time of war to deny one's self luxuries, to cut down unnecessary expenses, to lead quieter and busier lives. Not only will the money thus saved and used to buy liberty loan bonds help the United States, but the diminished consumption of food and other articles will do much to relieve the country from the strain of war.

The less the people use the less strain there is upon the productive capacity of the nation and the more can be devoted to winning the war; the more the people save the more liberal financial support can they give the government. This is the people's war, and it is to be financed by the American people; not by the rich and not by the poor, but by rich and the poor, the capitalist and the wage-earner, the miner and the farmer and the manufacturer.

It is the patriotic duty of every trades unionist to contribute liberally to the American Red Cross Fund. This is only another way of helping fellow trades unionists—those who have offered their lives for their country's sake on the battlefield.

Utah trade unionists are opposing the importation of Chinese labor, urged by organized employing interests.

The Pennsylvania railroad employed thirty-two women two months ago to take the places of section workers. The experiment has failed.

Officers of the Brotherhood of Boiler Makers report that last month was a recordbreaker in the history of their organization. The total membership approximates 40,000 and the month's receipts were $11,000 more than any other month.

Answering the charge that Japan has 200,000 ex-soldiers in Mexico, the Japanese legation in Mexico City reports that it has investigated this question and finds that there are in Mexico some 2,000 Japanese, of whom about 300 are women and children.

Now some of the people are demanding that the government red tape be abolished. Such thoughtlessness must not be encouraged. To abolish red tape would abolish offices, and we must never forget that the prime function of government is to supply offices.

There never was a time when the training of those who are to manage the affairs of the nation in the near future was so important. We cannot have, must not have, any slacking in education. Keep the schools and colleges up to the mark. If not, we shall pay doubly for the war in this and the following decades.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION ADOPTS RESOLUTIONS.

In an effort to secure overtime pay for Printing Pressmen employed in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing who have been called upon to work extra hours, the Central Labor Union has pledged its support, and at its meeting last Monday night adopted the following resolutions, which were presented by Thomas A. Franklin, representing Printing Pressmen's Union, No. 1, and indorsed by John B. Colpoys, D. M. Hassett and A. Bridges:

"Whereas, The Printing Pressmen employed in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing have been called upon to work additional hours without added compensation for the same; and,

"Whereas, The Central Labor Union considers it their patriotic duty to help, aid and assist the Treasury Department in the execution of government security; and,

"Whereas, The Secretary of the Treasury is given full power of discretion; and,

"Whereas, The appropriation for the execution of the bond issue does not come out of the lump sum appropriated for the fiscal year; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the Central Labor Union indorse the precedent established by an executive order of the President of the United States in granting added compensation to per diem Navy Yard employes, and the Comptroller of the Currency's decision in regard to overtime in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing; and, be it further

"Resolved, That the Central Labor Union, assembled, do hereby request the Secretary of the Treasury to recognize the customary differential charges for overtime; and that a copy of these resolutions be conveyed to the Secretary of the Treasury, and spread upon the minutes, and forwarded to every International body represented in said Bureau."

ECONOMIC POWER FIRST.

Saratoga, N. Y., September 13.—In a statement to the convention of the New York state woman's suffrage party President Gompers declared for equal suffrage as a "fundamental principle of democracy," but disagreed with the theory that the ballot will solve industrial problems.

"The right to use the ballot increases the power and the resourcefulness of voters," he said, "whether they be men or women, and thereby puts them in such a position that they are better able to work out their industrial problems.

"The relations between suffrage and industrial betterment must not be confused. It is a matter of justice that there should be equal pay for equal work. The ballot will help but will not necessarily bring this about. It will result only from the intelligent self-interested activity on the part of the women.

"The right to vote does not mean that women will necessarily have work. Equal suffrage does not necessarily mean equal pay for equal work. These industrial problems will work out through organization when they have industrial power and influence that will enable them to secure higher wages, shorter hours and better working conditions."

MUST TRAIN CHILDREN.

Harrisburg, Pa., September 13.—In a proclamation Gov. Brumbaugh calls upon the public and the school authorities to see to it that the schools and colleges are kept open during the war period and that the youth of the state are in attendance. The governor declares that the nation would sustain a real loss if school activities were to be diminished.

NO HEAVY WORK FOR WOMEN.

Columbus, Ohio, September 13.—The Ohio branch, Council of National Defense, has started a campaign to discourage the entry of women into industrial work, such as railroad employment, and to let it be known that the committee, representing the state, is flatly opposed to any suspension of labor laws, the child labor law in particular.

NEW UNIONS ORGANIZED.

Kansas City, Mo., September 13.—The following new unions of railway carmen were organized during the past month: Buffalo, N. Y.; Hurley, Wis.; Harvard, Ill., and Ashley, Pa. Reports indicate that all the other unions are making good progress and many are improving wages and shortening hours.

DUE TO EFFICIENCY.

The average freight rate per ton per mile received by the railroads of the United States in 1916 was 7.16 mills, the lowest on record.

This fact has been officially confirmed by the abstract of statistics for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, just issued by the interstate commerce commission.

The decrease in 1916 is probably attributable mainly to the increase in the proportion of low-rated commodities during the year, principally of coal and other products of mines.

The commission's report also shows that the average operating expenses per train-mile increased from $1.77 in 1915 to $1.83 in 1916.

The fact that the railroads were able to show the largest gross and net earnings in their history in the face of such an increase in operating costs, while receiving a lower average rate than ever before, is attributed to a remarkable increase in efficiency of operation.

Increase in employes' wages does not appear to have pauperized the railroads to any noticeable extent in view of the facts here presented.

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Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - - Ga. Ave. and Park Rd.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol and Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Victoria - - - - 7th and E Sts. S.W.
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APPOINTMENTS.

Oliver Graf, probational linotype operator, 60 cents per hour.

Charles E. Greene, emergency linotype machinist, 60 cents per hour.

Charles A. Morgan, copy editor, 65 cents per hour, reinstated.

Ray R. Dodge, Henry T. Heinold, Arnold A. Pichon, John M. Breene, John L. Rapier, probational bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

Lorenzo C. Hoover, Francis Benzler, Harry W. Wade, L. LeRoy Hurley, probational compositors, 50 cents per hour.

Margaret E. Holmberg, Anna A. Swanson, probational clerks, $720 per annum.

Fred W. Hill, probational elevator conductor, 30 cents per hour.

Kathryn E. Angermann, Pearle D. Joyner, Joanna C. Simpson, emergency pressfeeders, 25 cents per hour.

Charles H. Piggott, John D. Hartigan, emergency pressmen, 55 cents.

William B. Hall, Morgan S. Brown, George A. Brown, William H. Lohmar, Hiburnia T. J. Queen, Edna L. Fletcher, Annie E. Adams, Isabelle V. Parker, Rosa L. Lewis, Barbara Opdyke, Edith I. Wilkinson, Mary C. Burke, Florence E. Williamson, Kitty Downs, Edyth M. Jobe, Mary Feldman, Helen R. Moran, Rebecca W. Wallis, Lelia I. Coleman, Bessie T. Willett, Bert Price, Ella P. Burr, Corine E. Whitfore, Mary J. Brown, Marie M. Walker, Holland A. Mann, Ethel B. Cannon, Myrtle A. Smith, Celestine E. Lott, Marie E. Sharp, Cornelia F. Jones, Pauline Needle, Lillian J. Dent, Jennie M. Richards, Naomi M. Lark, Mabel J. Godwin, Marie J. Smith, Mary E. Norris, Isabelle A. Gingell, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

SEPARATIONS.

James J. Allen, probational bookbinder, resigned.

Charles M. Slack, proofreader, resigned.

Altamont M. Rogers, linotype operator, resigned.

Nissim S. Cadranel, James Donovan, William Kitson, Thomas Mahon, Louis W. Plowman, pressmen, resigned.

TRANSFERS, ETC.

Charles N. Travis, proofreader to press corrector, 60 cents per hour.

Sidney C. Sommers, linotype operator, to compositor, 50 cents per hour.

Taylor C. Hurt, probational linotype operator, to probational compositor, 50 cents per hour.

Robert T. Bray, George L. Eminisor, Archibald Maddox, Henry C. Nicol, jr., George H. Aschenbach, temporary to probational compositors, 50 cents per hour.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

El Paso, Texas, September 13.—The local Typographical nion has raised wages 50 cents a day for members employed in daily newspapers. A five-year contract has been signed.

Montreal, Canada, September 13.—The Montreal Typographical union has signed up a new scale for its job printers that fixes the minimum at $24 per week for day work and $27.60 for night work, being an increase of $4 per week.

The Jacques Cartier Typographical union signed up a similar scale with the proprietors of the French speaking offices.

Ottawa, Canada, September 13.—The Ottawa Typographical union has secured a substantial increase in the wage rate, which advances the minimum to $24 per week, dating from July 1, 1917, to July 1, 1919.

MAILERS WIN INCREASE.

Seattle, Wash., September 13.—A demand for more wages had been pending between the publishers and the Mailers' union for some months past. It was finally agreed to submit the dispute to a board of arbitration composed of three men, one to represent the union, one the publishers, and the third to be neutral. A finding has just been rendered which fixes the wage rate at $3.50 per day and granting the members of the union back pay for the time the demand was pending. At the end of the present year the wages will be $4 with a contract lasting for one year.

GRANTED AN INCREASE.

Salt Lake City, September 13.—After a three-day conference between the railroad telegraphers and the management of the Oregon Short Line railroad company, the officials of the company granted an increase in wages of telegraphers to the amount of $32,000 a year to be effective August 1. It will mean an aggregate monthly increase of 7.8 per cent.

IRON MOLDERS UNITE.

Galesburg, Ill., September 13.—Iron molders in this city have organized under the jurisdiction of the International Molders' Union.

STRIKE GUARDS VANISH.

Belleville, Ill., September 13.—Armed guards and strikebreakers employed by the Orbon Stove and Range Company, and who started a riot in front of that plant several months ago, have failed to appear for trial and the state's attorney talks of starting proceedings against those responsible for the disappearance of thirty-four thugs.

The escape of these guards was accomplished by officers of the Orbon company telephoning a simple-minded magistrate that if he would accept the guards' personal bond the Orbon people would later call and sign a bond for $1,000 each. The magistrate "bit" at this promise of these respectable citizens, who now refuse to stand good for $34,000.

Peace officials are wrathy over what they declare is an attempt to frustrate justice, and are talking of civil and criminal action against the Orbon concern.

ENGINE MEN RAISE WAGES.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, September 13.—An eight-hour day and 5 and 9 per cent wage increases have been secured by engineers and firemen employed on the western lines of the Canadian Pacific railroad. The increase will be effective as of August 1.

SHIP YARDS RESUME WORK.

Aberdeen, Wash., September 13.—The four Grays Harbor ship yards are again in operation, after having been idle for some ten days, as a result of a strike of ship carpenters and mill workers, members of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners.

STRIKE FOR 8-HOUR DAY.

San Francisco, September 13.—Members of the Leather Workers' Union are striking for an eight-hour day and a $3.50 wage.

Dallas, Texas, September 13.—The Leather Workers' Union has been making a battle for a straight eight-hour day and an increase that will bring wages up to a $4 rate. The government recently made contracts for, it claimed, $20,000,000 worth of harness and leather goods, a large part of which was given to Dallas firms. It is claimed that when these contracts were given the firms involved knew an eight-hour day would be insisted on, and the men are making a determined fight to have that law enforced. Efforts have been made by a government mediator to reach an adjustment, but no results have yet been secured.

PAY ENVELOPE LARGER.

Brantford, Canada, September 13.—The Journeymen Tailors' Union has secured a readjustment of wages with the merchant tailors that will enable them to more easily meet the high cost of living. The price list has been advanced 50 cents on coats, 20 cents on vests and 25 cents on trousers.

WOMEN IN LUMBER CAMPS.

St. Paul, Minn., September 13.—Labor Commissioner W. F. Houk discloses the fact that lumber barons of the state are employing women to do the extremely hard and laborious work that is required of lumber jacks. This can hardly be looked upon as elevating womanhood.

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J.-L. Considine, 747 Varnum St. N.W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 45: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G St. N.W.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 528: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Washington Hall, 3d and Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Harry A. Disney, 536 10th St. N.E.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pa. Ave. N.W. Secretary, David P. McCracken, 473 E St. S.W.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th St. N.E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N.E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenoli Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 92 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. .Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

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Unionism Justified in World-Wide Struggle

Could Not Remain True to Principles and Stand Aloof, Declares Morrison.

Trade unionism could not remain true to its principles and stand aloof from the present world war, declared Frank Morrison, secretary of the A. F. of L., in a recent speech delivered in Indianapolis.

"Regardless of the first cause for the present world-wide field of carnage," he said, "the logic of events has compelled our country to unsheath the sword in a contest that has since developed between forces that justify government based on the theory that rulers receive power from on high and government that acknowledges its dependence on the individual.

"In this struggle organized labor has taken the only course it can take and remain true to its policy and its principles. It is no answer to say that we should favor peace and take no part in a struggle 3,000 miles away. We favor peace on the industrial field, and yet our numbers in the state of Maine will rally to the support of attacked workers on the Pacific slope.

"We cry for peace and yet our members were in the ranks in this country's army when our nation went on sympathetic strike against Spanish domination in Cuba and secured freedom for the peoples of that island and of Porto Rico and the Philippines. We cry for peace, and yet our workers continually brave death in the mines, in transportation service and in all lines of industry, through occupational diseases and other causes.

"The longing for liberty is inherent in the members of organized labor, and when this aspiration of other peoples is checked by a power backed by educational development, by economic organization and by the greatest military machine the world has ever known, the American trade union movement true to principles so continuously urged, took the open road to democracy when it was called on to choose.

"In opposition to this war, attention is called to profiteers who will reap benefit. This is true, but in protesting against these profiteers, and in supporting every movement that will check them, and will conscript their wealth, as has been done with men, I urge you not to lose sight of the principle that has been developed in this war since our country's entrance. This principle overshadows all else and must not be subordinated to secondary questions of internal affairs that can be solved by an alert citizenship that must insist each shall do his share.

"The one outstanding fact that the historians are interested in is that the civil war destroyed the auction block for black men as a part of the business relations between white men, and the one great fact that will come out of the present great war is that the cause of democracy will be served as never before, for when the world's armies are disbanded it is inconceivable that men will accept conditions that are a denial of that freedom for which they so courageously and successfully battled."

TRADE UNIONISM PRAISED.

Albany, N. Y., September 13.—The Sunday Telegram, in an editorial on "Organized and Unorganized Labor," says that as a result of this war organized labor has completely demonstrated its worth; its economic value and its absolute necessity to the orderly conduct of business.

"More than this," says the editor, "organized labor has proved its case to the complete satisfaction of capital, and has taught capital that its fight against organization was the result of lack of foresight, a failure to recognize real economic conditions; in fact, the result of a woeful lack of intelligence on the part of men who should have been bigger mentally than they have proven."

CONTRACTS AWARDED.

The shipping board emergency fleet corporation has awarded contracts for the immediate building of three government-owned ship yards where the construction of fabricated steel merchant vessels will begin as soon as possible. The yards will cost $35,000,000. The construction of 200 ships has already been arranged for and the prospects are that more will immediately follow. Ways will be laid for the construction of twenty-two ships simultaneously and it is hoped to have facilities in shape to turn out one 5,000-ton ship every two days.

SHIP BUILDERS GAIN.

Superior, Wis., September 13.—The Superior Ship Building Company has raised wages of its 600 employes 5 and 10 per cent.

GREETINGS TO ENGLAND.

President Gompers cabled the following message to Charles W. Bowerman, secretary of the British Trade Union Congress, recently:

"Permit me to add a word of sincere greeting to those of the American Federation of Labor delegates to the British Trade Union Congress and through your congress to the great rank and file of the workers of Great Britain and the democracies of the world. The righteous cause for which our movements and our countries are engaged in this world struggle must be triumphant, for it is writ in the skies that the end of autocracy is near at hand and the world will be made safe and better for labor, justice, freedom and democracy. The American Federation of Labor delegates in addition to attending the British Trade Union Congress will participate in the international labor conference of the trade unions of allied countries to be held in London, September 10."

The annual convention of the British Trade Union Congress was held at Blackpool last week. The American Federation of Labor was represented by Fraternal Delegates John Golden, president of the United Textile Workers, and James Lord, president of the A. F. of L. mining department. The latter is serving as substitute for Frank Farrington, president Illinois district, United Mine Workers, who was elected by the A. F. of L. convention, but was unable to attend because of industrial conditions in Illinois.

The Congress, by a vote of 2,394,000 to 91,000, refused to take part in the international socialist conference at Stockholm. It was declared that this conference is useless until an agreement as to war aims is reached among the workers of the allied nations.

UNIONIST IS MAYOR.

Memphis, Tenn., September 13.—As the result of ouster proceedings Mayor T. C. Ashcroft was compelled to resign. He was succeeded by Harry Litty, a well-known trade unionist.

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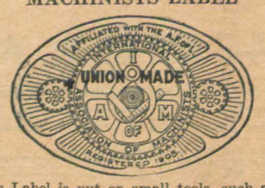

This Label is put on small tools, such as are used by machinists, carpenters, shoe cutters and shoe workers, and on razors, cutlery, micrometers, mechanics tools, levels, seals, model makers' tools and novelties. Label is printed in black on rose tint background.

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Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 13 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

"Can't-Strike" Plan Waged by Employers

Inform Council of National Defense They Are "Interested in Abolishment of Strikes."

Organized employers inform the Council of National Defense they are "interested in the abolishment of strikes," and suggest that their latest plan be submitted by the council to the trade union movement.

It is the old system—ask all and give nothing, with their pet scheme—compulsory arbitration—carefully kept in the background, for the time being.

The proposal was submitted to the Council of National Defense by a national industrial conference board of 150 members, representing sixteen manufacturing associations.

The employers favor no modification of present safety or health standards during the war period except upon recommendation of the Council of National Defense. Wages shall be the standard prevailing locally at the beginning of the war except where it has been "demonstrated" that increases are necessary to meet higher living costs. This clause would indicate that some employers have their doubts about old General High Cost of Living.

Hours are not to be changed except on the word of the Council of National Defense when "it is necessary to meet the requirements of the government."

All union shop agitation is to be tabooed under the new system. The employers refer to the union shop as "closed shop."

A board consisting of representative employers, employes and the government will be created and this board is to be given sweeping authority: "With full power to create all machinery necessary to exercise its functions."

The employers say that trade unionists are not abiding by the recommendation of President Gompers, that unions shall not insist on changing labor conditions during the war, so they want action.

While President Gompers never made this statement, and has made repeated denials of this ridiculous claim, some employers persist in their contrary claims.

And in the meantime they are waiting for labor to accept salvation by the compulsory arbitration route.

FAVOR COMMANDEERING.

Seattle, Wash., September 20.—The Seattle Central Labor Council adopted resolutions petitioning the Washington congressional delegation to take up with government officials the propriety of the President commandeering all timber lands and mills. The resolutions, which are an outgrowth of the fight in western Washington lumber mills for an eight-hour day, also ask all labor and civic bodies in the west to help bring about such action by the President.

SHIP CARPENTERS OUT.

Seattle, Wash., September 20.—One hundred ship carpenters in the three largest ship yards are striking for higher wages. These men were engaged in erecting scaffolding and false work. Nearly all the wooden ship yards have signed the scale calling for increased wages. This strike is independent of the threatened trouble of the building trades with the independent yards working ten hours.

STRIKE TERMINATES.

Boston, September 20.—The strike of more than 3,700 mechanics of the Boston & Maine railroad has been ended. The men have accepted an increase of 5 cents an hour, while the additional 3 cents increase demanded will be the subject of arbitration.

Federal Employes Holding Convention

Will Perfect a National Organization — Gompers Pledges Personal Assistance.

Delegates from Federal Employes' Unions throughout the country opened their convention Monday morning in the A. F. of L. Building, to perfect a national organization.

President Gompers of the A. F. of L., with which the national body is to be affiliated, in addressing the delegates, offered his personal assistance and that of the federation.

Among the other speakers at the opening session were Miss Jeannette Rankin, representative from Montana; James O'Connell, vice president of the American Federation of Labor; Frank Morrison, secretary, and Thomas F. Flaherty, secretary of the National Federation of Postal Employes.

A campaign will be started after the national organization is complete, to obtain for the government employes, among other things, better pay, a scientific reclassification, retirement legislation and a year-round Saturday half-holiday.

The local nuion nominates officers this week for the coming year. Polls will be open at Room 403, A. F. of L. Building, each evening until 6 o'clock. The annual election will be held October 12.

TAILORS ELECT OFFICERS.

The Journeymen Tailors of Washington are building their union stronger day by day. Each meeting shows large additions to the membership. The press of work is such that meetings are held every week with their hall crowded to capacity. It is many years since such interest has been displayed by these tailors. Their earnestness portends success, of which they are truly worthy—success which is justly theirs.

At their last meeting the following officers were elected and installed: Harris Eskin, president; Andrew Carso, vice president; Peter A. Fabrizio, financial secretary; I. Geraci, corresponding secretary; M. Bloom, treasurer; Julius Abramson, sergeant-at-arms.

STRIKE AVERTED.

San Francisco, September 20.—An arbitration agreement entered into between the Southern Pacific railroad and approximately 5,000 members of the four railroad brotherhoods has averted a threatened strike. A strike vote had been taken, and carried by a large majority. A government mediator was on the ground, but his services were not needed.

RAILROAD CLERKS OUT.

Richmond, Va., September 20.—A strike of 1,500 members of the Brotherhood of Railroad Clerks completely tied up freight on the Seaboard Air Line railroad in this city, Raleigh and Hamlet, N. C.; Cardel, Ga.; Jacksonville and Tampa, Fla. The men asked an eight-hour day and time and a half for overtime.

CITY FIREMEN ORGANIZE.

Kansas City, Mo., September 20.—The city firemen have completed an organization and will apply to the American Federation of Labor for a charter. Nearly every fireman in the city's employ has signed the application.

HONORED BY LABOR.

San Francisco, September 20.—The members of the French high commission accepted the honor of being guests of the labor council at its regular meeting.

Workers Support War Plans of U. S.

American Alliance for Labor and Democracy, at Its First Conference, Renews Pledge.

Minneapolis, September 20.—At its first conference, held in this city, the recently organized American alliance for labor and democracy renewed its loyalty pledged to America and this nation's democratic ideals in the present war.

The conference consisted of trade unionists, socialists and sympathizers. A call was issued to all men and women of the country to join or form branches of the alliance so that "every atom of strength and every ounce of resources may be placed at the disposal of the government."

In the resolution on war aims, it was declared that:

"'The position of America in this war is so clearly avowed that no man can be excused for mistaking it. She seeks no material profit nor aggrandizement of any kind. She is fighting for no advantage or selfish object of her own, but for the liberations of peoples everywhere from the aggressions of autocratic force.'

"We, the men and women of the trade union, the socialist movements of America, organized into the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy, in submitting this record to our fellow citizens, assert that in all history no government has ever stated its aims on entering a war or while such a war was being fought with anything approaching the definiteness, clarity and candor revealed by these utterances. We assert, moreover, that in all essential particulars, the aims thus set forth are entirely consistent with the great ideals of democracy and internationalism for which the American labor movement has always stood and which are fundamental to its being.

"We rejoice at the fact that we are thus solemnly committed to the principle of the complete autonomy and independence of nations. Only upon the basis of this generous nationalism can anything like a great and worthy internationalism be established."

The outstanding provisions in the conference's declaration of principles included:

Suppression of disloyalists and pro-German propagandists.

Solidification of labor behind the government.

Conscription of wealth as well as men.

Heavy taxes on incomes, excess profits and land values.

Government control of industries in case of labor disputes.

Action against speculative interests which enhance prices of the necessaries of life.

Insurance for soldiers and sailors.

Equal suffrage.

Indorsement of President Wilson's decision not to permit the war to be made an excuse for lowering labor standards.

Declaration that wage-earners must have a voice in determining conditions under which they give service, must be represented in councils conducting the war and at peace negotiations.

A committee was appointed to extend encouragement to new Russia. It is composed of Samuel Gompers, Frank P. Walsh, John Spargo, James Duncan and Charles Edward Russell. The latter two were members of the American mission to Russia.

The alliance elected the following officers: President, Samuel Gompers; secretary, Frank Morrison; treasurer, J. G. Phelps Stokes; vice presidents, W. B. Gaylord, James Duncan and Gertrude B. Fuller.

Printers of Stockton, Cal., have presented to the publishers a new wage scale, calling for an advance of 50 cents a day.

"Loyalty" League Wants to Explain

A. F. of L. Officials, However, Refuse to Accept Any Excuses for Outrages.

Rrepresentatives of the Bisbee (Ariz.) "Loyalty" League breezed into the offices of the American Federation of Labor last week to "explain the necessity" for deporting 1,100 men from Bisbee to Columbus, N. M., on July 12 last.

The delegation wanted to see President Gompers, who was out of the city. The "patriots" then called on Secretary Frank Morrison.

When the visitors announced their mission, the trade unionist took the floor. He declared that no law-abiding citizen would accept any excuse for this outrage; that the American Federation of Labor was not in sympathy with the I. W. W., but that the violation of constitutional guarantees and the unheard-of procedure in Bisbee was a shock to every believer in law and regularity. This, declared Morrison, was a principle separate and apart from the I. W. W. excuse of the "Loyalty" league, for its drastic and illegal action, which denied men the law's protection, and which, together with anti-union employers, make the I. W. W. possible.

The visitors quickly departed from this unsympathetic atmosphere and headed for the War Department, where they are trying to interest government officials in maintaining top prices for copper.

Phoenix, Ariz., September 20.—Attorney General Jones is called upon by Melville E. Stone, general manager of the Associated Press, to take action in the case of the Phelps-Dodge copper corporation taking charge of the telegraph offices at Douglas and Bisbee, this state, when 1,100 miners were deported, last July, and stopping telegrams.

BANNER MONTH.

Complete returns for June of the operations of all railroads of the country having an annual income of more than $1,000,000 show earnings greater than had been forecast and place June far ahead as the railroads' banner month.

Revenues totaled $349,739,636, as compared with $300,019,080 a year ago, and expenses aggregated $235,890,773, leaving net operating of $114,148,863, an increase of $10,350,000 over June, 1916. Operating income, after deducting taxes and uncollectible bills, totaled $97,516,514, as compared with $90,009,681 in June, 1916.

CARPENTERS SECURE ADVANCE.

Regina, Sask., September 20.—One of the best agreements secured by the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners in Canada during the present year is said to be the one in force here. The weekly minimum wage was advanced from $26.10 to $30.25, while the hours were reduced from fifty-eight to fifty-five, with improvements in working conditions.

FORTY-FOUR-HOUR WEEK.

New Westminster, B. C., September 20.—The forty-four-hour week, increased wages and other improved conditions went into effect on September 1 in all machine shops, the result of demands made by the Machinists' union, which includes practically all mechanics employed at that trade.

NEW SCALE ENFORCED.

Oakland, Cal., September 20.—Cement Workers' Union has put into force a new scale which calls for $4.50 a day, being an advance of 50 cents over the old rates.

'Movie' Operators Hold Anniversary Meeting

Large Attendance Is on Hand at First Sunday Session at Union's Headquarters.

Local No. 224, Moving Picture Machine Operators' Protective Union, held its sixth anniversary and first Sunday meeting last Sunday at its headquarters in the Gayety Theater Building. The meeting was largely attended and considerable comment expressed regarding splendid progress made by the union through co-operation and fair dealing with the exhibitors and managers.

Among those addressing the meeting were Bro. Sam Issaccson, from No. 181, Baltimore, Md., who gave a splendid talk on "Organization and the Union Label and Its Benefits." Bro. Ed. Smith sent a letter of regrets for not being able to attend. Bro. Birdsell, secretary No. 161, A. F. M., and Bro. Murphy spoke on progress; Bro. Hoy, short talk on success of No. 224; Bro. Hayden, president No. 161, A. F. M., on affiliation and its support; Vice President L. B. Isaacs, a short talk, and President B. A. Spellbring, a good talk on unionism, which was splendidly accepted.

SHORTENING THE HOURS.

Tacoma, Wash., September 20.—The officials of the Timber Workers' Union assert that fully 85 per cent of the employes of the twenty-one mills and the woodworking establishments in Tacoma, Puyallup, Sumner and Nillhurst who are working are members of the union. The ten-hour mills are finding it difficult to secure men to work the long hours.

One feature that promises added strength to the Timber Workers' Union and will have a deciding influence in further establishing the eight-hour day in the lumbering industry is the fact that large numbers of Japanese workers are applying for membership in the union. The decision of the union to admit the Japanese will deprive the ten-hour mills of a strong ally, as heretofore they have depended largely on the Nipponese laborers to break the strikes.

ADVANCE GRANTED.

Youngstown, Ohio, September 20.—A wage advance was conceded the members of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers by the Republic Iron and Steel Company, as a result of the examination of the sales sheets of the Western Bar Iron Association. The sales sheets showed an average price of $2.75, entitling puddlers to $13.30 a ton during September and October. The present price is $12.80. Bar mill men will also receive an advance of 5 per cent.

WANT CONCILIATION.

Cleveland, Ohio, September 20.—Secretary George Martin of the Seamen's union has served notice on the Lake Carriers' Association that unless it will agree to a meeting for conciliation before October 1 a strike of the Seamen's union will be called. Union officials claim 25,000 men would be affected if a strike results. They are demanding $95 a month instead of $72 now being paid and a minimum of $60 for deckhands.

NEW SHEET METAL UNION.

London, Ontario, September 20.—A new union of the Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers' International Alliance has been formed, and strenuous efforts are being made to round up all the shops, with good indications of success. A new union will also be established in Brantford next week, a sufficient number of signatures having been secured for a charter.

Use Unemployed Men As Strikebreakers

Must Take Places of Sugar Beet Field Workers or Accept Jail Sentences.

Sacramento, Cal., September 20.—The Los Angeles city officials and police court judges are alleged to have been arresting all unemployed men they could find and giving them the alternative of taking the places of the striking sugar beet field workers, jail sentences or six months on the rock pile. They asserted that that action was taken with the tacit knowledge of Governor Stephens and the state council of defense. The charge is emphatically denied by both parties.

According to reports, several hundred men already have been sent to the beet fields of Southern California when faced with the alternative of from one to six months on the rock pile or becoming strikebreakers. The striking beet field workers refuse to work under a contract labor system, according to a report to the state council of defense by Professor R. L. Adams, state farm labor agent, who investigated the strike.

"Several big sugar refineries," says Prof. Adams, "in an endeavor to force the men to go back to work, without an increase of wages, have notified all sugar beet growers that they will refuse to buy their beets if any grant an increase in wages. The striking beet field workers demand $3 for a ten-hour day."

CLOAK MAKERS WIN.

Cleveland, Ohio, September 20.—The cloakmakers' strike is settled, the operators and cutters obtaining an increase in wages and far better conditions. The International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union regards the victory as of considerable importance because it was the first break that they have been able to make in this city after years of effort.

The cutters who formerly earned $18 a week are now getting $24 owing to the fight the international put up.

In Toledo, Organizer Pierce obtained a 20 per cent increase and a minimum scale of $28 for cutters without a strike.

AWAITING DEVELOPMENTS.

Portland, Oreg., September 20.—Through the intercession of G. Y. Harry, government commissioner of labor, the threatened strike has been deferred in the shipyards here. The employers and employes have named representatives to proceed to Washington, where a conference has been arranged with the shipping board, at which time the matters in dispute will be taken up and an effort made to bring about a satisfactory adjustment.

TELEGRAPHERS WIN.

Philadelphia, September 20.—The Pennsylvania railroad and its telegraphers have reached an agreement on the wage dispute. The men will receive a total increase of $144,000 per year on lines east of Pittsburgh. One additional relief day will be given to all operators now having only one relief day a month. The adjustments will become effective as of September 1.

EVERY SHOP IN THE CITY.

Winnipeg, Canada, September 20.—The local branch of the International Photo Engravers' Union has succeeded in having every shop in the city sign up its new agreement, which provides for an increase in wages and better working conditions. All the boys are now vigorously pushing the use of the union label.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office. at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER 21, 1917.

Prospects for an early settlement of the strike of iron workers and shipbuilders, on the Pacific coast, are very good, and it would not be at all surprising to hear of the strikers returning to work in the next day or so. Government officials have taken the affair in hand and this is a sure indication of a satisfactory settlement, for through this means the employers will surely be made to realize their obligation, not only to the government, but to the employes—a living wage.

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR CONVENTION CALL.

The American Federation of Labor has issued a convention call to all affiliated unions, for the thirty-seventh annual convention, to be called to order at the Auditorium, Buffalo, N. Y., Monday morning, November 12, at 10 o'clock, and to continue in session until the business of the convention has been completed.

It is, of course, entirely unnecessary to enumerate all the important subjects with which the convention will concern itself, but the reminder is not at all amiss that every effort must be made to broaden the field and means for the organization of the yet unorganized workers, to strive to bring about more effectually than ever a better day in the lives and homes of the toilers, to defend and maintain by every honorable means in our power the right to organize for our common defense and advancement, for the exercise of our normal and constitutional activities to protect and promote the rights and interests of the workers; and to assert at any risk the freedom of speech and of the press and the equal rights before the law of every worker with every other citizen; to aid our fellow-workers against the effort to entangle the workers in the meshes of litigation before the courts in the several states; to arouse our fellow-workers and fellow-citizens to the danger which threatens to curb or take away their guaranteed rights and freedom; the tremendous world conflict now being waged and into which our republic was ruthlessly dragged; the maintenance of decent standards of life, work and home in war or in peace times; to help bring about an early yet desirable and permanent peace; how that peace can be secured with the establishment and maintenance of justice, freedom, and brotherhood the world over. These and other great questions of equal importance will, of necessity, occupy the attention of the Buffalo convention.

Headquarters of the executive council will be Statler Hotel.

Two million dollars is expected to be raised for the government's necessity from taxation on sporting goods, golf balls, foot balls and the like, which is another reason for not stopping all recreation even in these trying times.

Judging from the latest reports we will be in possession of our Liberty bonds by the last of this month. And then, after delivery, we must give them up almost immediately for the new issue, which bears a higher rate of interest. Won't have time to even get them soiled from handling.

It would be a wise policy for the Washington Railway and Electric Company to open a school where night courses of training for the amateur motormen and conductors could be given. This would relieve the riding public of considerable inconvenience which is now daily experienced.

PUT AWAY A FEW BUSHELS OF POTATOES.

This year's crop of potatoes is one of the largest we have ever harvested, estimated to be over 400,000,000 bushels, or twenty bushels for every American family. Behind that there is also a bumper sweet potato crop in the South, where state officials have taken steps to store this vegetable in modern warehouses to preserve its quality.

So we can look ahead and see a plentiful supply of potatoes for the winter at reasonable prices—there will be no such famine as we passed through last winter. This is fortunate. We need potatoes to cut down the cost of living and help us save wheat and meat for our army and our allies.

The United States Food Administration is taking steps to get these potatoes to the people. During October and November retail grocers throughout the country will conduct a selling campaign on Irish potatoes, handling them at a very moderate profit. Farmers will back up the movement by sending their potatoes to market. Newspapers will urge the public to buy and store potatoes, and the crop will be distributed to the best advantage to all concerned from producer to consumer.

Every family with a cellar, or other storage facilities, should put away from three to ten bushels, or more, of Irish potatoes while they are cheapest during the fall. Potato storage in the home is fairly simple. The tubers must be kept cool, dry and well ventilated. People often put a supply of potatoes in a closed cellar, thinking to protect them against cold, only to find later that dampness and warmth have caused decay. Heat probably ruins more potatoes in home storage than cold. Potatoes should be put in barrels with a few holes in the side, so that they can have a circulation of air, or piled in a bin that is not too tight, or heaped on a few boards laid along the floor. Circulation of air to keep them dry and cool can be secured by opening the cellar windows during the day and shutting them on cold nights.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS

By CYCLE.

A HAND ON THE SHOULDER.

When a man ain't got a cent,
And he's feeling kind of blue,
And the clouds hang dark and heavy
And won't let the sunshine through,
It's a great thing, oh, my brethren,
For a feller just to lay
His hand upon your shoulder
In a friendly sort o' way!

It makes a man feel curious,
It makes the teardrops start,
And you sort o' feel a flutter
In the region of the heart.
You can't look up and meet his eyes;
You don't know what to say
When his hand is on your shoulder
In a friendly sort o' way.

Oh, the world's a curious compound
With its honey and its gall,
With its cares and bitter crosses,
But a good world after all,
And a good God must have made it—
Leastwise that is what I say,
When a hand is on my shoulder
In a friendly sort o' way.

—Author Unknown.

* * *

After the war will come the high cost of repairs.

* * *

"Rush" and "Step Lively" are twins born of modern commercialism.

* * *

Is it the cost that makes the street dress so high?

* * *

With the ending of the ice season there will be less need for the microscope.

* * *

In some quarters the winter's supply of booze is causing more concern than food and fuel necessities.

* * *

There is widespread and increasing protest against the public-be-damned schedule of street car service in the District of Columbia.

* * *

ENTITLED TO ALL RIGHTS.

If not, why not?

* * *

Perhaps few now realize that a year has elapsed since death claimed our genial friend and brother, W. N. Brockwell. The date of his death was September 15, 1916.

* * *

With the lapse of one year from the office, by illness, Mr. C. A. Morgan, of the Government Printing Office, was restored to the position of copy editor about the first of September, where he was tendered an ovation and hearty welcome by associates and friends.

* * *

The Washington Times, under the new management, differs from others of our local dailies, except in its weather reports. The editorials, written or directed by Arthur Brisbane, are giving Washingtonians something to think about, and of things that are worth while.

SAYS WAGES WILL RISE.

New York, September 20.—Prof. Roswell C. McCrea, of the economics department of Columbia University, in a paper filed in the matter of the application of twenty-eight electric companies for an increase in fares, declares that wages in the United States are certain to go higher. His conclusions, based on an investigation of conditions, in 1,600 industries in New York state, are:

1—Street railway wages rather lower than in other enterprises requiring similar skill.

2—A similar upward trend of wage costs in various fields of similar labor skill.

3—A fall in purchasing power of money wages as compared with the costs of subsistence, and

4—An indication of increased labor costs in the future.

GET QUICK RESULTS.

The direct result of being organized was forcibly demonstrated at the power house of the Ohio Electric Railway Company in Dayton, Ohio, when the firemen and oilers demanded an advance in wages. They gave the superintendent of the company fifteen minutes to grant their requests for a 10 per cent increase and the right to organize. He refused to act. The men walked out and tied up the traffic on the lines for several hours. When the concessions asked by the men were granted they returned to work. A few weeks previous a demand for a wage increase was made, but the superintendent, knowing the men were not organized, ignored the request and the men were compelled to return without securing any result.

"UNSKILLED" IN A. F. OF L.

Duluth, Minn., September 20.—This is the way the Labor World answers the I. W. W. charge that the American Federation of Labor is not interested in the so-called "unskilled" worker:

"One union in Chicago, the building laborers, has more paid-up members than there are paid-up members of the I. W. W. throughout the country."

SHOULD WE WORRY?

Jim and Bill opened their dinner pails. Jim had corn bread for lunch and Bill had three thick sandwiches made of wheat bread.

"How about the food pledge?" asked Jim.

"Aw, there's nothing in that," Bill replied. "This country has plenty of wheat. I should worry!"

"Yes, this country had plenty of wheat," said Jim. "But how about the fellows on the western front, fighting the battles of democracy? One of those sandwiches would go a long way toward nourishing a soldier who is fighting to maintain the freedom that makes it possible for you to live in this land of decent standards and plenty.

"There is a short wheat crop this year. France, England, Ireland, Italy and Belgium in peace times import 40 per cent of their wheat. During the next twelve months they must import 60 per cent. In peace times we furnish them 8 per cent of their breadstuffs and Canada 11 per cent, and they draw from other markets 20 per cent. This year Canada will buck up and send them 15 per cent and we must also buck up and furnish 20 per cent. Even then they will be 25 per cent short, and must make it up in war bread baked with other cereals. Our 20 per cent means 220,000,000 bushels of wheat. In this year of short crops if everybody ate wheat bread as you are eating it now we cold only send them 88,000,000 bushels, so we must reduce our wheat flour from five pounds per person per week to four pounds.

"A single pound of bread saved weekly by each person will increase our export surplus 100,000,000 bushels. An average slice of bread weighs close to an ounce. If you saved one of those sandwiches every day you would be doing your bit. We have 20,000,000 homes in the United States. If each home wasted one slice of bread a day the country would be throwing away enough flour to make 1,500,000 barrels in a year. Yes, there is plenty of wheat in the country, but suppose those armies on the western front get licked because they are underfed. Shouldn't you worry?"

DODGE EQUAL PAY TEST.

Springfield, Mo., September 20.—The state council of defense, at its meeting in this city, dodged the question of equal pay for women when they do men's work. President Wood of the state federation of labor is a member of the war board and called the council's attention to the policy of employers who are conducting schools for women, because, these employers say, the draft has created a labor shortage.

President Wood says the women are not replacing the drafted men, but are taking the places of those not in the army. He asked the council to record its opposition to this policy, and stand for equal pay, but the members refused.

GET A NEW WAGE SCALE.

Wichita Falls, Kan., September 20.—The Broom Makers' Union has signed up a scale with the employers which provides for an increase of 12 per cent.

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OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

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SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

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O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

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631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

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ATTACK CHILD LABOR LAW.

Charlotte, N. C., September 20.—A conference was held here with the purpose in view of attacking the Keating-Owen child labor law and securing a decision similar to that made by Judge Boyd. Counsel and cotton mill owners from practically every southern state were represented. It is alleged that the conference determined to enter probably twelve or fourteen suits to test the constitutionality of the law in as many federal districts. If successful in their efforts, the cotton mill owners feel they can thus avoid compliance with the provisions of the law without awaiting a decision from the United States Supreme Court.

ACCIDENTS INCREASE.

Madison, Wis., September 20.—Speeding up in industry and inexperienced workers are responsible for a 25 per cent increase in industrial accidents in this state for the year ended June 30, according to representatives of the state industrial commission. The number of accidents was 20,500, against 16,051 for the previous year.

Union labor in Massachusetts is after a fifty-hour law for women.

Hoisting and portable engineers at Baltimore get 70 cents an hour.

Cohoes (N. Y.) Central Labor Union has a woman's label section.

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We have views of all the local parks, streams, public buildings, etc. Come in and rummage through cards as often as you please.

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APPOINTMENTS.

Miss Rosa D. Myers, emergency pressfeeder, 25 cents per hor.

James J. Sibre, probational bookbinder, 50 cents per hor.

George E. Smouse, emergency linotype machinist, 60 cents per hour.

Earl G. Crouse, temporary skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Mrs. Huldale H. Dole, probational clerk, $720 per annum.

John E. Hutchinson, Garnett Achis, Henry H. Coffelt, Perry E. Hawkins, temporary unskilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Virgil D. Smoak, George C. Coldwell, Charles F. Ferrell, Thomas F. Monahan, probational compositors, 50 cents per hour.

Charles C. Fleete, George E. Miller, James A. Mahoney, Thomas M. Belt, temporary messenger boys, 15 cents per hour.

Eva Alvey, Elizabeth Dawson, Reavel C. Hicks, Christabel C. Chinn, Florence H. Burgess, Isabel L. Green, Jeannette H. Sweeny, Mary M. Noonan, Louise B. Cranford, Emma M. Dulany, Ruth E. Houser, Marie B. Winston, Mary F. Frey, Brooke O. Taylor, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

SEPARATIONS.

Raymond A. Carroll, George G. Wilson, jr.; Herbert A. Robertson, Francis M. Boucher, Joseph C. Bryan, John W. Hawkshaw, Joseph P. O'Lone, jr.; Frederick C. Rogerson, Charles W. Stose, messenger boys, resigned.

Robert W. Dewey, counter, resigned.

Chester B. Schuyler, counter, resigned.

Harry P. Berrang, linoypte operator, resigned.

Norval K. Tabler, caster helper, resigned.

Walter G. Trouland, emergency electrician, resigned.

John J. Regan, stockkeeper, resigned.

John D. Metz, jr., maker-up, resigned.

Miss Emma L. Russell, clerk, resigned.

Harry W. Wade, Sidney C. Sommers, compositors, resigned.

Mrs. Otelia T. Taylor, probational pressfeeder, resigned.

Mrs. Julia Hayden, emergency press feeder.

William T. Newby, Ottawa J. Saunders, Elfroth T. Washington, Horace E. Barnett, Morgan S. Brown, skilled laborers ,resigned.

Ruth E. Houser, Lula J. Rider, temporary skilled laborers, resigned.

William L. Stark, Harry F. Gunther, Oscar L. Books, George P. Jones, F. A. Gilmartin, emergency pressmen, resigned.

TRANSFERS, ETC.

Charles C. Cawson, pressmen, 55 cents per hour, to pressman in charge, 60 cents per hour.

Mrs. Annie G. Diers, skilled laborer, $626 per annum, to clerk, $720 per annum.

John E. Hutchinson, temporary to permanent unskilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Frank O. Hart, temporary to probational compositor, 50 cents per hour.

Miss Mildred Tong, clerk, $900 to $1,000 per annum.

Mrs. Mary H. Larkin, clerk, $1,000 to $1,200 per annum.

Andrew J. Gleeson, clerk, $1,200 to $1,400 per annum.

Bruce G. Frick, clerk, $1,400 to $1,600 per annum.

Josephine C. Buckley, clerk, $840 to $900 per annum.

STATE PRINTERS GET INCREASE.

Sacramento, Cal., September 20.—An increase in wages, averaging 10 per cent, has been put into effect in the state printing office. This advance, says State Printer Robert Telfer, will affect all the employes from linotype operators to janitors. The present wage will run as follows: Printers, $5; operators, $5.75 to $6.25; pressmen, $5; bookbinders, $5. The employes of the state printing office are also allowed fifteen days' vacation on pay.

DENVER TYPOS GET INCREASE.

Denver, Col., September 20.—Typographical Union has secured a new job scale which carries with it an advance of $2.50 per week and continues for three years, dating from September 1. For day work $28.50 will be paid and $31.50 for night work. The state law which specifies that thirty days' notice shall be given the industrial commission before a demand for more wages can be made was totally ignored.

DEMAND AN INCREASE.

New Orleans, La., September 20.—The Teamsters and Loaders' Union, a negro organization, presented a demand to the employing draymen for an increase of 40 per cent in wages. Their demand being refused, they struck, involving over 200 men. An adjustment has been reached and a new scale signed, giving the men $3.60; they had been receiving $2.80.

Union Printers Bought $1,215,000 in Bonds

Arrangements Are Being Made for Purchase of Second Loan Issue.

Through its executive council, the International Typographical Union was one of the first trade unions to subscribe for the first issue of Liberty bonds. In the allotment of these bonds the International Union's subscription was cut from $50,000 to $30,000. Subordinate local typographical unions subscribed to the amount of $54,850, while the subscriptions of individual members and the purchases made through chapel organizations amounted to $1,130,300, bringing the total subscriptions made by members of the International Typographical Union up to $1,215,000.

In order that the organization may obtain bonds to the full extent of its subscription on the second Liberty Loan, the executive council of the International Typographical Union contemplates dividing its second subscription between a number of cities.

DENOUNCES CHILD LABOR.

Hartford, Conn., September 20.—Child labor on farms is being severely denounced by those who have been observing its results in this state. One of the strongest opponents is Superintendent of Public Schools Thomas S. Weaver of this city. His condemnation is recorded in the following language:

"Not a tenth or even a twentieth of the boys are fit for farm work, any way," he said. "They're just little kids. It's ridiculous to put them to that kind of work. Just now it's up to the state labor department. But when school opens we'll see to it that they return. We'll get them back if we have to send a man out to every tobacco farm."

WANT MORE WAGES.

Beaver Falls, Pa., September 20.—Realizing that they were not being paid a fair remuneration for their work, the members of the Cold Drawn Steel Workers' Union here prepared a demand and presented it to the president of the Union Drawn Steel and the Standard Guage companies, asking a conference. The request of the men was totally ignored and the 900 members of the union ceased work. Both government and state mediators are endeavoring to reach an adjustment with the companies involved, but little progress has been made. An increase of 8 cents an hour and a reduction of hours from 56 1-4 to 54 per week was demanded. The night turns work 11 and 12 hours.

YEARLY RAIROAD TOLL.

Ten thousand and one persons were killed in the United States in railroad accidents in 1916 and 196,722 were injured, according to figures covering the year made public by the interstate commerce commission. As usual, the greater number were trespassers on railroad property.

Passengers killed numbered 291; injured, 8,008; employes killed, 2,941; injured, 175,923; other persons, including trespassers, killed and injured number 6,769 and 11,791 respectively. These figures show an increase over 1915 of 1,371 killed and 34,835 injured.

INCREASE OF $2 PER WEEK.

El Paso, Tex., September 20.—The printers of this city have succeeded in securing a new scale, with arbitration agreements, by which they will receive an advance of $3 per week, including two months' back pay at new scale rate, the dispute having been pending for that time.

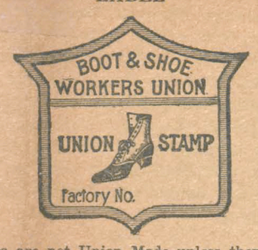
COMPROMISE REACHED.

Denver, Col., September 20.—The Packing House Employes' Union demanded an advance of 5 cents an hour. A conference resulted and the representatives of the company offered a raise of 2 1-2 cents, which was accepted. More than 1,000 employes are benefited.

MEAT CUTTERS AND BUTCHER WORKMEN'S UNION STORE CARD

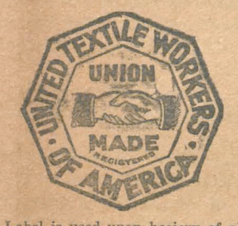
The Store Card of the Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen's Union is prominently displayed in such establishments as employ members of this organization.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS LABEL



Shoes are not Union Made unless they bear a plain and distinct impression of the Union Stamp. An indistinct impression resembling our Union Stamp is likely to be a counterfeit.

TEXTILE WORKERS LABEL



This Label is used upon hosiery of all kinds, underwear, coat sweaters, bar cloths, wash cloths, and silk shoe laces and hat bands.

A. F. OF L. LABEL

The Label of the American Federation of Labor is issued to Local Unions who are directly affiliated. This Label is used upon various commodities, among them being badge and lodge paraphernalia, suspenders, horse nails, paper boxes and neckwear. The Label is printed on both cloth and paper.

UNITED GARMENT WORKERS LABEL

READY MADE CLOTHING

This organization uses two Labels, one for ready made clothing and the other for special order clothing. The ready made Label appears upon shirts, collars, cuffs, men's summer underwear, and overalls. Particular attention should be given to the ready made Label of this organization in the purchasing of men's shirts. Millions of shirts are produced yearly

SPECIAL ORDER CLOTHING

under the contract prison labor system and are sold under so many various names and brands that it is almost impossible to trace them. To be absolutely sure that the shirt you purchase is not made by the contract prison labor trust, the Union Label of the United Garment Workers should appear upon the same.

MACHINISTS LABEL

This Label is put on small tools, such as are used by machinists, carpenters, shoe cutters and shoe workers, and on razors, cutlery, micrometers, mechanics tools, levels, seals, model makers' tools and novelties. Label is printed in black on rose tint background.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

TYPOGRAPHICAL TEMPLE
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Main 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
SAM DE NEDRY.....V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Sam De Nedrey, Chairman; H. D. Digney, N. A. James, J. E. Toone, Jno. R. Hartley, W. A. Huttel and Wm. H. Shaffer.

Legislative—Jno. H. Lorch, Chairman; M. P. Alifas, D. J. O'Leary, D. Hassett and Jno. B. Dickman.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and J. G. Schmidt.

Contract — John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, C. C. Coulter, Henry Miller and B. A. O'Leary.

Laws—N. A. James, Chairman; W. A. Huttel and Sam De Nedrey.

Resolutions — Jas. L. Considine, Chairman; E. L. Tucker and D. Southerland.

Organization—J. C. Clark, Chairman; T. A. Franklin, H. F. Oehler, Frank Manning and J. W. Reynolds.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; J. L. Considine and W. W. Keeler.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; A. Bridges and S. S. Parker.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Sam De Nedrey and Mary Ganzhorn.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 747 Varnum St. N.W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 43: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G St. N.W.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 528: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Washington Hall, 3d and Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Harry A. Disney, 536 10th St. N.E.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 787 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3809 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pa. Ave. N.W. Secretary, David P. McCracken, 473 E St. S.W.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th St. N.E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N.E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 92 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. .Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 490: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, P. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

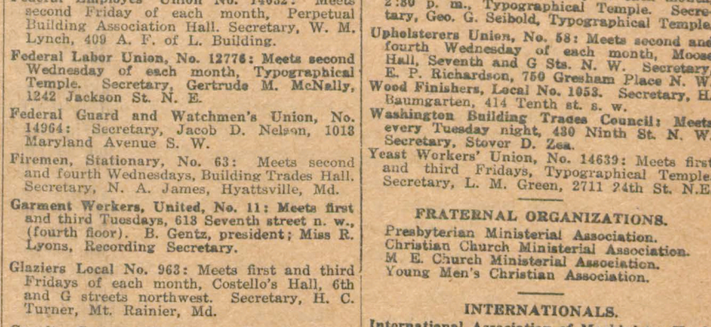
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

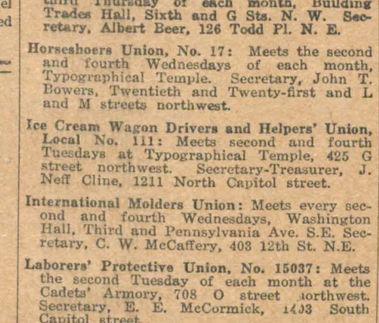
Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.





THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union

Labor Board Prepares Army Clothing Contract

No Delay Is Expected to Be Encountered in the Future Deliveries.

A new form of contract for the manufacture of army clothing has been submitted by the board of control for labor standards and is about to receive the formal approval of the Quartermaster General. The contract assures a fair wage, proper working and sanitary conditions for the workers, and provides the necessary means for seeing that those conditions are enforced. The contract at the same time assures a fair return for the contractor. In the opinion of the Kirstein committee and the Quartermaster General the new form of contract carefully carries out the duty of the government to assure just conditions for the manufacture of army clothing.

The grievances which have arisen in the past in connection with the performance of clothing contracts will be entirely removed by the enforcement of this contract, and decent industrial standards not only established but also enforced by the government. The War Department feels there will be no justification for any delay hereafter in the delivery of clothing for our soldiers.

WOMEN GET INCREASE.

Tacoma, Wash., September 20.—Announcement is made that wage increases amounting to thousands of dollars daily were granted women workers by the action of the industrial welfare commission. Possibly every other state industry, excepting lumber and shipbuilding plants, will be affected by the order. All industrial plants employing women will be compelled to pay increased wages. Plants in which the apprenticeship period is now six months will have to pay full wages at the end of a three-month period. Apprentices are to receive an increase of 33 1-3 per cent in wages.

WANT AGREEMENT KEPT.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., September 20.—Several hundred men in the Ashly shops of the Central railroad of New Jersey have voted to quit on September 15. The men recently formed a union, and after a strike of several days came to an agreement with the company. Since then, they allege, the company has violated its agreements and discharged twenty of the men who were active in the union movement.

The men also allege that many in their ranks have not received the increased wages provided for in the agreement.

RESENT BAD TREATMENT.

Richmond, Va., September 20.—Because of mistreatment by the forelady all the girls employed in the labeling department of the Southern Manufacturing Company ceased work, demanding her discharge. The girls and women employed by the company are all members of local union 15258, American Federation of Labor. An effort is being made to bring about an adjustment of the differences, a representative of the Department of Labor at Washington having been requested to intercede to secure a settlement, as the girls are working on a rush order for the government.

ORGANIZING SHIPYARDS.

Vancouver, B. C., September 20.—With the completion of the organization campaign now in full force on Poplar island, New Westminster and Coquitalam, practically every shipyard in British Columbia will have been unionized. The engineers employed in the shipyards are 100 per cent organized and are actively assisting in the work of bringing the other employes into line.

GET NAVY YARD RATES.

Boston, September 20.—The machinists on strike at the Neponset yards of the George Lawley & Sons' shipbuilding corporation have returned to work, having been granted the navy yard rating of wages. A settlement was reached as result of a conference with Mr. Hawley, Federal Mediator David W. Benjamin and a shop committee of the union.

ENDED BY MEDIATION.

Salt Lake City, Utah, September 20.—Through the intercession of the state industrial commission the strike of the metal trades here has been settled, the men getting an advance of 35 cents a day and recognition of their unions. Hereafter, employers will treat directly with committees representing the unions.

Jewelry workers of Chicago are on strike for a wage increase and recognition of their union.

DEATH RATE IS LOWERED.

In Bulletin No. 209, on "Hygiene of Printing Trades," issued by the federal bureau of labor statistics, the International Typographical Union is quoted as reducing deaths, due to tuberculosis, from 31.2 per cent in 1900 to 19.1 per cent in 1915.

The menace of lead poisoning is shown by an examination of 200 working printers in Boston and Chicago. Only 93 of these workers, or 46.5 per cent, were free from noteworthy symptoms of ill health. The other 107 had health impaired and 18 of the latter were suffering from chronic lead poisoning, which is acquired, the bulletin states, by handling food or tobacco with hands which become smeared with lead or by breathing lead dust and fumes.

Excessive speeding up or excessively long hours are among the causes stated for occupational diseases among printers. Preventive measures include ample ventilation in all sorts of weather, electric heating of lead pots, scrupulous cleanliness of the premises, no dry sweeping or dry dusting, proper lighting, prevention of excessive heat, ample washing facilities and prohibition of boys' work in processes involving exposure of lead dust or fumes.

MEAT PACKERS STRIKE.

Kansas City, Mo., September 20.—Three thousand employes of the Cudahy Packing Company are on strike for a wage increase, resulting in an almost complete tie-up of the plant. More than 75 per cent of the labor force is also involved. A charge was made that the action of the men was due to German agitators. Federal agents investigated the facts causing the walk-out of the men, but were unable to verify the charges.

Six hundred employes of Armour company and 400 of the Morris company have also struck.

Peet Brothers Soap Company has also been closed. Government mediators are on the ground.

Omaha, Nebr., September 20.—About 5,000 employes of the packing plants of the Armour, Swift and Cudahy companies struck for an increase of 5 per cent an hour. An offer of 2 1-2 cents was made, but not accepted. A settlement was reached through the efforts of Government Mediator Frederick L. Frieck, the terms of settlement being signed by the parties at interest and the men returned to work.

BUSINESS PROSPEROUS.

The prosperity of the banking business is evidently very good as the following statement proves: The comptroller of currency granted 24 charters for new national banks last month. The aggregate capital was $1,255,000, as compared with 16 charters, with a capital of $995,000, the previous year. Seventeen applications were made last month compared with 21 the previous year. Thirteen national banks increased their capital by $2,775,000, compared with six last year. No banks reduced their capital last month.

GRANTED AN INCREASE.

Toronto, Canada, September 20.—Motormen, conductors, motor and track repairmen of the local street car men's union have received an increase of 6 cents an hour, the new scale being 30 cents for the first six month, 32 for the second six months, 35 for the second year and 37 for the third and subsequent years.

STRIKE OF 2,000 MOLDERS.

Hamilton, Ohio, September 20.—When an attempt was made to employ strike-breakers at the Niles tool works where a strike of molders has been on for several weeks, 2,000 molders employed in a dozen different shops ceased work in sympathy.

STRIKE FOR 20 PER CENT.

Newmarket, N. H., September 20.—A strike is on at the cotton and silk mills of the Newmarket Manufacturing Company, the 1,000 operatives having ceased work. A demand was made for an advance of 20 per cent which was refused.

ADVANCE GRANTED.

Passaic, N. J., September 20.—Anticipating a demand for more wages, the textile mills decided on an advance to their employes, numbering 15,000. It is claimed that the increase will reach $1,000,000 and becomes effective immediately.

STREET CAR MEN GET MORE.

Centralia, Wash., September 20.—An increase of pay of 2 1-2 cents an hour for the street car employes in the employ of the North Coast Power Company, which operates an interurban line between Centralia and Chebalis, has become effective.

NEW CARPENTERS' UNIONS.

Cobourg, Ontario, September 20.—A new local of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, to be known as No. 1710, has been organized and includes nearly all the available carpenters in the city. The contractors have signed up to pay 55 cents an hour, with time and a half for overtime and double pay for Sundays and holidays.

Peterboro, Ontario, September 20.—As the result of the formation of a new union of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners the minimum wage has been increased from 40 to 50 cents an hour and working hours have been reduced from ten to nine, and working conditions materially improved.

ADOPT NEW WAGE SCALE.

Dallas, Tex., September 20.—The Hod Carriers and Common Laborers' Union of this city is putting in force a new scale which calls for 33 1-3 cents per hour for brick carriers and 35 cents for hod carriers.

HEALTHY GROWTH.

Albany, N. Y., September 20.—Announcement has just been made by the officials of the International Hod Carriers and Common Laborers' Union that thirty-six unions were added during the last quarter.

CLOTH HAT AND CAP MAKERS LABEL

Size: One inch square, serial No. across surface of Label is printed in red. It is pasted and sewed in all Union-made cloth hats and caps of all description, including uniform, regulation, motormen, shop, engineer, miner, and straw caps.

Parker, Bridget & Co.

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Outfitters to Men and Boys

SEE OUR NEW STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

American - - 1st and R. I. Ave. N.W.
Apollo - - H St. bet. 6th & 7th, N.E.
Auditorium - 13th and N. Y. Ave. N.W.
Avenue Grand - Pa. Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater - 15th & Madison Pl.
Bijou Theater - - 9th and Pa. Ave.
Carolina - - 11th & N. Car. Ave. S.E.
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Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N.W.
Crandall's Joy - - 9th & E Sts. N.W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N.E.
Dumbarton - - 32d & O Sts. N.W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite - - 14th & R. I. Ave. N.W.
Empire - - - - 910 H St. N.E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D & E Sts. N.W.
Favorite - H St. bet. N. Cap. & 1st
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theater - - 423 9th St. N.W.
Gayety Theater - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home - - C St. bet. 12th & 13th N.E.
Leader - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty - - - N. Capitol & P Sts.
Loewe's Columbia - - F near 12th
Lyric - - - 14th St. near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N.W.
"M" Street Theater - M St. near 32d
Navy - - 8th St. bet. D & E S.E.
Odeon - - 14th & Church Sts. N.W.
Olympic - U St. bet. 14th & 15th N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza - - - - 434 9th St. N.W.
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Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd.
Savoy - - 14th & Columbia Rd.
Senate - - - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand - - - 9th & D Sts. N.W.
Stanton - - - 6th & C Sts. N.E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N.W.
Victoria - - - 7th & E Sts. S.W.
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Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

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The most important local item carried in the great urgent deficiency bill is $7,500,000 for the enlargement of the gun factory at the navy yard here. When the plant is improved to the extent contemplated by this appropriation it will be the largest naval gun factory in the United States. The work is to be pushed with all possible speed.

NEW WAITERS' UNION.

Oklahoma City, Okla., September 20.—A new union has been formed here composed of waiters, waitresses and cooks, chartered by the International Alliance of Hotel and Restaurant Employes.

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The Trades Unionist

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I.P.E.U.

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INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be [illegible] is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 14 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Oppose Taylor System In Far-Away Australia

Workers Quit After Government Refuses to Submit Question to Impartial Tribunal.

Sydney, New South Wales, Australia, September 27.—The government-owned railroads of New South Wales are tied up because of an attempt to enforce the American-discredited "Taylor" system on employes.

Over 7,000 engineers, firemen and metal workers suspended work after the government refused to submit the question to an impartial tribunal.

The objectionable plan establishes a speeding up system and provides that sub-foremen shall keep a time record of work done by employes, who do not see the cards and do not know what is put on them. Under this system men are called upon to explain reasons for slow workmanship, in some cases several weeks after the particular work was performed by them and after they had forgotten the reason for losing a few minutes' time.

The strikers answer the government's claim that the new system is a money saver by showing that the scheme necessitates the appointment of about 140 subforemen at wages varying from $1,000 to $1,600 a year with all staff privileges and first-class passes on the railroads, in addition to extra clerks.

The men also claim that the government has violated its pledge that no alterations of working conditions will be introduced during the war period.

Since the strike started, the workers charge other "sweating" methods on the government-owned railroads, and that there have been times when they were afraid to give evidence before the arbitration court, for fear of being penalized. Engineers say they have not received a wage increase in fifteen years, despite increases in the cost of living.

A vicious spy system has also been installed by the government.

A feature of the strike is the collections taken up at the end of a run by passengers who sympathize with the government. These collections are handed to strikebreaking engineers and firemen although the government railway and tramway by-laws provide: "No person shall give or offer a gratuity to any employe of the chief commissioner under a penalty of £2 ($10)."

BAKERS MAKE FINE GAINS.

Cleveland, September 27.—Bakers' Union No. 19 has signed an agreement with the Speck Baking Company, which has branches throughout the city. The firm attempted to check unionism by offering inducements to individual workers, but when this failed it recognized the organization.

Hamilton, Ohio, September 27.—The Kroger Grocery and Baking Company has signed an agreement with the Bakers' union.

AGREE ON "FAIR WAGE."

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, Septemper 27.—The fair wage board has announced rates for building craftsmen of Winnipeg and within thirty miles thereof. In most cases wages are advanced 5 cents an hour. Electricians are increased 10 cents and plumbers and gasfitters 7½ cents.

The board consisted of two members of the builders' exchange, two members of the building trades council and a representative of the government.

8 HOURS FOR MILL MEN.

Seattle, September 27.—Mill men in this city have secured the eight-hour day with ten hours' pay in every factory but one.

Military Insurance Is Accepted by House

Many Good Features Embodied in Bill — Liberal Allowances Are Granted Dependents.

By a vote of 319 to 0 the House passed the soldiers', sailors' and army and navy nurses' war insurance bill. It is now being considered by a Senate committee.

This measure breaks new ground by abandoning the old pension theory during the present war and establishes fixed sums for disabilities, as is the case with workmen's compensation.

Another feature provides that the government will furnish life insurance for soldiers, sailors and nurses at the rate of $8 per $1,000, up to $10,000. This section was opposed by private life insurance companies and the committee reduced the amount of insurance to $5,000, which the House refused to accept. If during the first 120 days after enlistment a soldier or sailor fails to take insurance and dies he will be considered insured and the benefits will go to his dependents.

All soldiers and sailors will be required, under regulations which will be prescribed by the government, to allot to their families a specified part of their salaries. In no instance will it be less than $15 a month. The government will pay to dependent families amounts equal to the allotment made by the soldier or sailor, but the government's allowance shall not exceed $75 a month.

Under family aid, the following payments are made while the soldier or sailor is in war service:

To a wife, $15 a month; with one child, $25; with two children, $32.50; each additional child, $5.

To a motherless child, $5 a month; two children, $12.50; three, $20; four, $30; each additional child, $5.

One parent, $10; two, $20; for each dependent brother, sister or grandchild, $5.

A divorced wife may receive an amount not to exceed her alimony.

In case of death or total disability the allowances are as follows: To widow, $25 a month; with one child, $45; with two children, $52.50, and $5 for each additional child up to four. To motherless child, $20; two children, $35; three, $45; and $10 for each additional child up to five until they attain the age of eighteen years. To widowed mothers, $30.

If there is no widow, a motherless child receives $20; two children, $35; three children, $45, with $10 for each additional child.

OPPOSE GUN MEN.

St. Louis, Mo., September 27.—The central trades and labor union has asked the state federation of labor to prepare legislation against private detective agencies for submission to the next general assembly. It is stated that these agencies "have always been a menace and obstacle to the working class in its struggle for better conditions, as they tend to destroy the amicable relations that should exist between employe and employer, and besides they also undertake to do police duty, which should be properly performed by the civil authorities."

CITY FIREMEN UNITE.

Springfield, Ill., September 27.—Municipal firemen have organized and are chartered by the American Federation of Labor. Similar Illinois organizations exist in Chicago, East St. Louis and Rock Island.

BUTCHERS ORGANIZE.

Seattle, September 27.—The strike in slaughter houses and packing plants in this city has resulted in the formation of another Butcher Workmen's union with 400 members.

Federal Employes Perfect Organization

H. M. McLarin, President Local 14632, Elected to Serve as Head of New Federation.

At the convention of delegates representing seventy Federal Employes Unions throughout the United States, held in the executive council chamber of the A. F. of L. building, September 17th to 22nd, there was formally organized the National Federation of Federal Employes, and the following elected as officers thereof: President, H. M. McLarin, Washington, D. C.; first vice president, Luther C. Steward, Kansas City, Mo.; second vice president, W. E. Junker, Ellis Island, New York City; third vice president, W. J. Burke, Revere, Boston, Mass.; fourth vice president, Miss Florence Ethridge, Washington, D. C.; fifth vice president, W. T. Griffith, El Paso, Texas; sixth vice president, Charles F. Nagel, Chicago, Ill.; seventh vice president, Martin J. Gorman, West Montreal, Canada; secretary-treasurer, E. J. Newmyer, Washington, D. C.; national organizer, R. E. Peabody, in the field.

These officers were duly installed by President Gompers and Secretary Morrison of the American Federation of Labor on September 21, and a charter was immediately applied for. All existing organizations of federal employes will affiliate with the National Federation.

Headquarters for the new organization are at 408-412 A. F. of L. building, and the official organ is the Federal Employe. The next convention will be held in Chicago, September, 1918.

Among the business of the convention was the adoption of a new constitution and many resolutions looking to the welfare of the federation. Loyal support to the President during the present crisis was pledged, and the convention registered its support of the minimum wage bill, providing no federal employe shall receive less than $3 per day. The delegates also went on record as favoring a retirement law, reclassification of salaries and wages, extension of public education, percentage increases in compensation and equal suffrage.

A vote of thanks was extended to Local 14632 of this city for the hospitality accorded by it to the convention throughout its stay here.

Labor Greets Russia In Stirring Message

Gompers Sends Kerensky Words of Encouragement in Fight for Liberty.

Greetings from American labor to the democracy of Russia has been cabled to Premier Kerensky by Samuel Gompers, president of the A. F. of L. and president of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy.

The cablegram follows:

"At a tremendous important national conference of three days of representatives of labor and socialists, at Minneapolis, Minn., September 5, 6 and 7, called to solidify working class and all people of the United States, among other declarations, the following was adopted with great enthusiasm and without a dissenting voice or vote.

"We address ourselves to thee.

"Sons of liberty in all lands are now watching with heavy hearts the desperate contest of their brothers in spirit and arms now battling on the plains of Russia. Born amidst the thunders of the greatest war of all time, the great Russian democracy brought to all lovers of man's freedom a new hope and inspiration. Assailed on all sides by a terrible and insidious foe, now spreading death and devastation in its ranks and now masquerading as a friend and penetrating, under the guise of a revolutionist into the very councils of the revolution, the Russian democracy is now passing through the most critical time in its struggle for existence.

"The American Alliance for Labor and Democracy sends greetings to the fighters for liberty in Russia as brothers in the same cause. The aims of the Russian democracy are our aims; its victory is our victory and its defeat is our defeat; and even the traitors that assail the Russian democracy likewise assail us. In the conflict for the liberty of Russia, the liberty of America is likewise at stake. Every Russian soldier who faces unflinchingly the enemy in the field is striking a blow for the liberty of America.

"The American Alliance for Labor and Democracy, representing every loyal thought of American labor and American socialism pledges and dedicates the American working class to the support and service of the Russian democracy. It calls upon the working people and the socialists of America and also upon the government of the United States to strain every effort and resource in their command to the aid of the Russian democracy."

MUST OBEY LABOR LAW.

Secretary of War Baker has notified the adjutant general of the army to instruct all department commanders that children under fourteen years of age are not to be employed at government forts, posts or other reservations. Children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen cannot be employed more than eight hours a day, or more than six days a week, or between the hours of 7 p.m. and 6 a.m. All employers on government reservations shall be required to keep a daily time record showing the hours of employment for each child between fourteen and sixteen years.

LONG HOURS CAUSE STRIKE.

Chicago, September 27.—A seven-day work week and unsanitary conditions at the Hyman's hat factory, South Chicago, compelled nearly 100 girls to suspend work. Representatives of the Hatters' union are assisting the girls.

Arizona Gun Men Fail To "Jolly" Unionists

Visitors Deplore Deportation of Bisbee Workers — Laud the A. F. of L.

Nearly a score of men, introducing themselves as "citizens of Bisbee, Arizona," called on President Gompers, the other day, to pay their respects, they said, "to the greater labor 'leader' in the world." They were in Washington, their spokesman continued, to assist copper operators in maintaining prices of not less than 25 cents a pound, which would permit a sliding scale for workers. President Gompers opposed a sliding scale unless the minimum rate provides a living wage. The deportation of Bisbee workers, last July, was then discussed, and the visitors deplored this incident, while lauding the A. F. of L. and condemning the I. W. W.

Praise for the trade union movement just ended when John Murray, representing the Arizona state federation of labor, stepped into the room.

"I was a member of a committee appointed by the recent Clifton convention of the Arizona state federation of labor to visit Bisbee," said Murray, "and this man," pointing to a visitor, "was one of the gunmen who stopped us outside of Bisbee and turned us back. Here is another," continued Murray.

With characteristic bravado the gun men met the steady gaze of the trade unionists, who included President Gompers, Secretary Morrison, Legislative Representative Hamilton and Charles E. Moyer, president, and other representatives of the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers, who identified other gun men.

The gun men, the "Bisbee citizens," and the trade unionists then adjourned to a larger room, where an hour's conference, presided over by Secretary Morrison, brought further protests of admiration for trade unionism by the visitors, who stated they had no authority to speak for the copper companies, but they were "delighted" with their reception.

"You wear a different face in Washington than you did in Bisbee," said Murray. Secretary Morrison's suggestion that the delegation urge trade unionism on its return to Bisbee was answered by the statement that "we will surely tell of our courteous treatment here."

The price of copper was not mentioned again by the visitors who were kept busy dodging verbal bricks hurled at them by the trade unionists.

The conference was fruitless, except possibly that the Bisbeeites were impressed with the fact that they didn't fool any one around A. F. of L. headquarters.

WHAT UNIONISM HAS DONE.

Peoria, Ill., September 27.—In a welcoming address to the state building trades council, Mayor Woodruff said:

"Unionism has created for the average wage earner the means of living as decent men should. It has resulted in the shortening of the twelve and fourteen hour workday to an eight-hour basis and has been instrumental in securing a wage scale for nearly all working men."

WOMEN ARE PAID LESS.

Dallas, Tex., September 27.—Women are being substituted for drafted men, and are paid one-half the wages paid men, reports Earl Ferguson, state organizer of the Texas State Federation of Labor.

"Organized labor should use every influence to remedy this evil," says Ferguson, "even to the extent of withdrawing their patronage from firms of this kind."

Seek Benefits for Occupational Diseases

Cigarmakers Urge Amendment to Compensation Law to Provide Sickness Protection.

Boston, Mass., September 27.—As a result of the recent decision of the Massachusetts Supreme Court denying insurance compensation to a cigarmaker who in the course of his occupation had developed "neurosis" seriously affecting the use of his arm, a campaign is being conducted by the unions to secure the passage of an amendment placing all diseases arising out of employment definitely under the protection of the workmen's compensation law. In addition to such an amendment, the letter sent by the Cigarmakers' Union of Boston to all locals in the state urged support of state insurance and the exclusion of private companies from the field of industrial insurance.

Holding that the law "awards compensation for disease when it rightly may be described as a personal injury," but that "the gradual breaking down or degeneration of tissue caused by long and laborious work is not the result of a personal injury within the meaning of the act," the court says: "The act affords no relief against general disease. It is not a scheme for health insurance. It deals only with personal injuries following as an immediate result from the employment as its direct cause."

This decision has stimulated the rapidly increasing demand for universal workmen's health insurance under which medical care and cash benefits would be furnished to every wage-earner at small cost to him, whether his sickness resulted from his occupation or not. In nine states official commissions are at work studying health insurance for workers with a view to legislation. The hearings now under way by the Massachusetts commission have developed the fact that the unions are strongly in favor of a plan of workmen's insurance that will exclude private insurance companies from reaping big profits out of insuring working men's hazards while at the same time affording entirely inadequate protection.

"This matter is one of grave import to organized and unorganized labor," write President Aaron Velleman and Secretary Henry Abrahams of the Boston Cigarmakers' Union. "It will require considerable work to so amend the law as to protect the workers with the opposition and lobby of the insurance company against you."

METAL WORKERS WIN.

Toledo, Ohio, September 27.—A proposed wage reduction of 20 per cent caused a strike of 200 sheet metal workers employed at the Overland automobile plant. The order was rescinded and now a new union of these workers has a membership of over 300.

St. Louis, Mo., September 27.—Organized metal polishers have settled their strike against the American Picture and Show Case Company.

BUILDING TRADES WIN.

Wichita, Kan., September 27.—Organized building contractors have failed in their attempt to destroy the building trades council and have signed a contract with the latter organization. It took a two-months' strike to convince the contractors that industrial war doesn't pay.

$7 FOR PLUMBERS.

Casper, Wyo., September 27.—Organized plumbers are coping with the high cost of living, and have established a new wage rate of $7 a day. On the first of last July they raised wages to $6 a day.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

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EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES DEPARTMENT WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER 28, 1917.

DIVIDING THE DAILY LOAF.

The strongest, cleanest, simplest job connected with the war, one which every man, woman and child in the United States must tackle today, is that of dividing our daily loaf of bread with those nations in Europe who for three years have been fighting the battle for Democracy.

This task makes a human appeal which should make every one anxious to help immediately.

Just look at the figures!

The largest crop of wheat that we ever had was 1,000,000,000 bushels; our allies in Europe need 500,000,000 bushels. The total crop in sight this fall in the United States is about 678,000,000 bushels. That means a short crop. There is a shortage in South America, and the wheat of Russia, Australia and India cannot be carried to Europe because ships are too precious to make such long voyages. We will need for our own bread and seed 600,000,000. That is if the American loaf of bread is to be as large and as white as it has been in the past. This leaves us only 78,000,000 bushels to send to our allies. Canada will have a surplus of about 200,000,000 bushels, but we must do better than this.

They need 500,000,000 bushels and we will have 278,000,000 bushels.

The only way to send them more is to give from what we ordinarily keep for use ourselves. To do this we must cut down our consumption of all-wheat bread by substituting other breadstuffs that are just as good.

The government through the food administration does not want any American man, woman or child to go poorly nourished. It needs to keep its people strong, and healthy.

This can be done and wheat can be saved simply by using less wheat flour and more wheat flour substitutes. Use rye bread, oatmeal bread, barley bread. Mix a small quantity of wheat flour with a larger quantity of cornmeal of which there is a great abundance—and make a thoroughly nourishing and satisfying wheat bread substitute.

A baked potato eaten in place of a slice of all-wheat bread is another way by which we can cut down our usual consumption of wheat.

None of these substitutes inflicts any hardships or discomfort. They taste just as good, are just as easily digested and do not reduce the energy supply needed for hard work.

What is more they cost less and provide a ready home solution of the high cost of living.

Uncle Sam is making a great effort to increase the crop of wheat next year.

If we have a little good weather, and a little good luck to back up the splendid organization of farmers in some of the western wheat states, we may raise more than a billion bushels next year.

But even then it will be necessary to economize because the world's normal surplus of food has been exhausted, and it may take several years to build up this surplus when peace returns.

These are the figures.

There is the bread plate.

Keep the pledge of one wheatless meal a day!

CASH AND CARRY SYSTEM AND THE H. C. L.

Can we reasonably expect the cost of living to be low, or ever to be low again, as long as we live as we do, out of paper bags, from hand to mouth, buying in driblets and having them brought to our door in motor delivery cars or by other methods? This matter of delivery alone costs the consumer 8 per cent of the present retail prices, according to the United States census bureau, which has made a study of the matter.

As most people know, the smaller the quantity of a commodity purchased, the poorer the quality usually is and the higher the price. The poor who buy coal by the basketfull pay more per ton than those who buy in large quantities. Formerly, as people know whose memories go back a few decades, the thrifty family, either in humble circumstances or well-to-do, laid in such supplies of potatoes, onions, apples, and other necessaries as their means permitted, and bought, where they could, direct from the farmer. Of course, there was some trouble connected with it. Potatoes and apples had to be sorted over from time to time as spring drew on. The consumer did that himself in those days. Now he pays some one else for doing it, and a fancy price for the sorted product, clean and sound, in an attractive basket or a manila bag.

Some grocerymen have introduced what they call the "cash and carry system." That is, if a customer pays cash, 5 per cent discount is granted, and if the goods are carried home by the customer—if they do not have to be delivered by the groceryman—another 5 per cent discount is allowed. Such grocerymen say they are making money for themselves as well as for their customers, because it costs more than 5 per cent to send out bills and make collections, and more than the same amount to deliver the goods.

There is no question but that the cost of delivery is a big item in the present day system of merchandizing, and the store that refused to deliver goods and thus saved the cost of delivery, could afford to sell some cheaper than the place that at present maintains "free" delivery.

If the careless householder will take no trouble to buy closely or in quantities, but prefers to live out of paper bags, he may still have that privilege and pay as much as he wishes to for it.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS

By CYCLE.

Poor Prof. Langley. His dream is now more than realized.

* * *

Peace overtures should first come from those who first make war.

* * *

Talk is the exception. It is now about as cheap as ever it was.

* * *

War is to be abhorred until it becomes an imperative necessity.

* * *

Fortunately there is a preponderance of red blood in America, and comparatively few snivelers.

* * *

Dame Fashion has decreed the return of the bustle, and at a time when the elevators are overcrowded.

* * *

It is to be hoped that the Germans will not be allowed to attempt a record-breaking trip by air from Norfolk to Washington.

* * *

Unquestionably Billy Sunday did some good in New York City, and yet they have called for a recount of the recent primary vote.

* * *

According to reports, Germany is eager for peace, but the eagerness is particularly noticeable among the "people back home."

* * *

The potato crop is of unusual size this year, and, as formerly, the size of those at the top of the barrel differs with those at the bottom.

* * *

The time may come when people will prefer to travel by air, but just now there is apparently more pleasure in looking up than going up.

* * *

If it wasn't for the censorship of news one-half the world would know more of what the other half is doing, and yet the little we do know is a-plenty.

* * *

It is officially announced that Germany is preparing to send giant submarines into the Atlantic to destroy American convoy ships. Something for the opponents of an adequate navy to think about.

* * *

Another bond sale is announced, to begin October 1. Now if the price fixers for foodstuffs would do their bit by limiting their operations. There is a temptation to draw a line under that little word "if."

* * *

The "common people" bear the brunt in peace and war. By their labor they create wealth—feed the world. They fight the battles and repair the damage wrought by the wastes of war. Great are "we, the people!"

* * *

ALL ABOARD FOR NORFOLK!

Delightful stream and landscape scenery.

* * *

Henry Ford would sacrifice much to avert war, but as that was impossible of consummation he now places at the disposal of the Government, free of cost, his industrial plants as a means for securing permanent peace to all the world.

* * *

A Rockville (Md.) pastor has retired at the age of 85. He was known as the "Marrying Parson" and had upward of 2,000 knots to his credit, many of which were from the District of Columbia. Some of these knots stayed tied and some not.

* * *

The impeached Governor of Texas says he started out in life a poor boy washing dishes at $20 a month; and an unseated United States Senator from Illinois started life as a bootblack. So it appears that a poor start does not always insure a good finish.

* * *

Hugh L. Kerwin, of Pennsylvania, who has been secretary to the Secretary of Labor since the creation of the department, has just been appointed assistant to the Secretary of Labor in the handling of the conciliation branch of the Government, which comes under the jurisdiction of the Department of Labor. The department now has 2,500 employees.

* * *

The Washington public is familiar with the work of artist Hugh Hennesy, who has for some time been associated with the press of this city. To these it will be welcome news that the Treasury Department has accepted a design submitted by Mr. Hennesy which will be used in advertising the new or second Liberty Bond issue. It will be displayed on street cars and in other public places. Mr. Hennesy is a son of James A. Hennesy, employed as proofreader in the Government Printing Office.

URGE UNIFORM SCALE.

Tacoma, Wash., September 27.—At a conference of northwestern organized printers the standardization of wage scales and working hours, with contract dates beginning and ending at the same time, was urged.

Since July, 1914, in England, 1,071,000 women have directly replaced men in gainful occupations.

Unfair Employers Are Reaping Whirlwind

Acts of Profiteers Are Making Groups of Embittered and Irreconciliable Workmen.

Indianapolis, September 27.—Scattered through the country are groups of embittered, irreconciliable working men because of the actions of those employers who have violated every right sacred to Americans, says the United Mine Workers' Journal.

"These working men are not affiliated with any legitimate labor union," continues this paper. "They do not seek working agreements with the employers. They recognize no country because they have no stake in the country; they do not respect the law because they feel that the law has never protected them. Yet, among these workers there are in proportion to their numbers more who are American-born, more of the earlier immigrants from England, Ireland, northern European countries, than can be found in any of the factories, the mines or mills represented by the gentlemen who met in Washington.

"The reason for this is obvious. Many of these, most of these, are the men who have been deported, blacklisted, driven to desperation, denied a home. There is the fruit of the system these gentlemen would preserve in the hour of their country's need. Enemies of their country? Possibly, yes, but the greater enemies are those who have destroyed the faith of these men in their country's government.

"The results of their successful opposition in the past are not so beneficial to the country and to the working people of the country as to induce us to forego the usual functions of our unions—education, organization, collective bargaining.

"If we can bring about conditions now that would make the future safe for the workers from the horrors of wholesale deportations, such as we have experienced in the past, we should feel justified, having in mind only real interests of the country, in going forward with the work of organization even to the extent of demanding and insisting upon recognition of the unions, of direct negotiations with the unions on the part of those who in the past have been able to defeat our hopes and our efforts."

PACIFIC MAIL PROSPERS.

New York, September 27.—The annual report of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company shows that for the six months ended June 30, 1917, this company earned $3.04 a share on its common stock, par value $5 a share, which, if continued, will give it earnings of over 100 per cent on its common stock during the year 1917. This is exclusive of dividend requirements on the $1,700,000 of preferred stock outstanding.

When the seamen's bill was signed by President Wilson, two years ago, Pacific Mail was the strongest objector to this legislation, which would result, the public was assured, in destroying America's merchant marine. Now it is discovered that the company prospers without its large percentage of coolie labor.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
338 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

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FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS
Phone Col. 4157 Takoma Park, Md.

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COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

The only strictly UNION TAILORING house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

WILL ENFORCE LABOR LAW.

The children's bureau of the federal Department of Labor has instructed its representatives throughout the country to see that the Keating-Owen child labor law is enforced. The ruling of Federal Judge Boyd of North Carolina that this law is unconstitutional only applies to the jurisdiction of that court. Friends of the law declare that employers of child labor are behind the suit brought before Judge Boyd and expect a bitter fight all the way to the United States Supreme Court.

In Michigan barbers' apprentices must serve two years before they can secure a state license.

MANY ALIENS AFFECTED.

Albany, N. Y., September 27.—Aliens who have refrained for seven years from applying for their final naturalization papers, will be exempted from conscription, but at the same time, will lose whatever benefits accrued to them under the labor laws of New York state by their act in filling first papers, according to an opinion by Attorney General Lewis.

The ruling will affect thousands of aliens, many of whom have obtained employment upon public works by reason of the declaration of their intentions to become citizens.

Contribute to Red Cross Fund!

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Complete New Stock of Fall and Winter Goods

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF OUTFITTING OFFICERS AND MEN OF U. S. ARMY

Furnishing or Replenishing Your Home?

If So, Our Store Will Be of Much Service to You. Our Large Stock of

CHINA
GLASSWARE
SILVER and
HOUSEFURNISHINGS

Will prove ample to meet any requirements — being the largest stocks of their kind in the South. Our prices upon comparison will demonstrate the exceptional values we offer.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 815 14th ST., N. W.

Saks & Company

MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

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901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N.W. Washington, D. C.

WHENEVER
You see a man whose eyes are bright and step elastic, and who walks along as though he owned half the town, you can make up your mind that he has just got through taking

Weller's Tonic Hypophosphites

the medicine that makes weak people strong; quiets the nerves; gives sound sleep; builds up the system; strengthens the lungs, and restores appetite.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

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COLLARS and SHIRTS
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Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
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Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

APPOINTMENTS.

Morgan S. Brown, Cornelius L. Smtih, William O. Speaks, Preston O. Russ, Edgar White, John H. Mosley, Percy H. Taylor, Norman E. Hutchinson, probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Mrs. Bertha M. Young, Mrs. Estelle A. Wooden, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Mrs. Mabel Cooley, Mrs. Marie Miller, emergency pressfeeders, 25 cents per hour.

Miss Mary E. Allen, emergency cataloguer, $900 per annum.

Bert E. Kwist, probational pressman, 55 cents per hour.

Henry M. Baxter, probaticnal compositor, 50 cents per hour.

Theodore J. Chaconas, probational messenger boy, 15 cents per hour.

Michael P. Chase, Raymond Sisson, John L. Jenkins, Walter G. Kolb, Andrew C. Newman, Henry L. O'Meara, Claude E. Righter, David W. Upperman, George M. Lloyd, temporary messenger boys, 15 cents per hour.

SEPARATIONS.

Oliver R. Rogers, caster helper, resigned.

William F. Lee, emergency pressman, resigned.

Mrs. Katie K. Bean, charwoman, resigned.

Mrs. Elizabeth A. Tolson, Floyd T. Thompson, Maurice C. Clark, Fleming J. Carr, Henry C. Reeler, Oliver C. Prosser, Emanuel G. Carr, Robert M. Deans, Charles L. Martin, Arthur B. Smith, skilled laborers, resigned.

William T. Burke, Norman E. Hutchinson, Leslie M. Thompson, unskilled laborers, resigned.

Miss Julia G. Brown and Charles B. Tanner, clerks, resigned.

Raymond H. Birch, Arthur J. Sheehan, Roland H. Spence, Wilbur W. Blossom, Raymond J. Hart, messenger boys, resigned.

Thomas L. McMahon, William P. Koch, bookbinders, resigned.

Rosa D. Myers, Pearle D. Joyner, Mary A. Fisher, pressfeeders, resigned.

TRANSFERS, ETC.

Marie A. Fletcher, Mary T. Schulz, Margaret S. Holmes, Elizabeth M. Hanna, Elizabeth K. Bradley, Louise E. Perry, Alice R. Kelly, Annie W. Silence, Alice J. Birmingham, Elizabeth M. Barrett, Ella B. Baker, Louise L. Gray, emergency to probational pressfeeders, 25 cents per hour.

William C. Robinson, Earl H. Ross, George H. Greenfield, Charles W. Hoyberger, Edmund M. Chaplin, temporary to probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

William H. Dahl, pressman in charge, 60 cents per hour, to pressman, 55 cents per hour.

John Boyd, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to counter, 35 cents.

Mrs. Gladys S. Greenwell, clerk, $720 to $840 per annum.

Lawrence B. Curry, skilled laborer, $626 per annum, to assistant messenger, $720 per annum.

John C. Johnson, assistant messenger, $720, to clerk.

Granville S. White, stockkeeper, $720 per annum, to mailer, $840.

Miss Ruth B. Nicholson, helper, $870 to stockkeeper, $900.

Marvin B. Balderson, skilled laborer, $626, to stockkeeper, $720.

Frank J. Corsa, messenger boy, $420, to skilled laborer, $626.

Thomas J. O'Connor, mailer, $840, to helper, $870.

The following messenger boys have received increase in annual salary: Charles A. Sullivan, $375 to $420; C. W. McDonald, $420 to $500; R. Clayton Shreve, $375 to $420; Russell Hackley, $375 to $420; Carl R. Nolte, $375 to $420; Joseph F. Caltabiano, $420 to $500; Raymond Norris, $420 to $500.

ARREST STRIKEBREAKERS.

San Francisco, September 27.—Officers of the Street Car Men's Union have made public the police records of strikebreakers arrested since the strike of United Railroads' employes started last month. The list includes ninety-eight strikebreakers, charged with attempting to commit murder, shooting into crowds, assault with deadly weapons, etc.

To disprove charges that the strikers are armed these unionists permitted themselves to be searched at a meeting in the Labor temple. Not a gun was found among the 1,000 present.

STREET CAR MEN CONFER.

Providence, R. I., September 27.—At the convention of the Amalgamted Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes President Mahon reported that record gains were made the past year, despite several large strikes, which include San Francisco, Springfield, Ill., and Chattanooga, Tenn.

WANT SEMI-MONTHLY PAY.

Louisville, Ky., September 27.—The united trades and labor assembly has petitioned city authorities to enact a semi-monthly pay law for municipal employes.

Unionists Are Denied Free Assemblage

Workers Refused Right to Parade on Behalf of Striking Street Car Men.

Springfield, Ill., September 27.—Several thousand workers in this city struck as a protest against the action of authorities in refusing trade unionists to parade to a park where a meeting was to be held on behalf of striking street car men.

When the unionists were notified they could not parade they started in small groups for the park. In a statement "to the people of the state of Illinois," the unionists explain further proceedings:

"About ten blocks from the center of the city they were headed off by several policemen and officers of militia in an automobile, who lined up across the street in front of them. They called on the men to halt. They immediately halted. There was no attempt to arrest any one. On a refusal to run, a militia officer fired at a flag bearer. The bullet went through the flag, struck a man behind in the leg, then hit the pavement, glanced, and then struck another man in the breast. A militia company came up then and bayoneted men right and left. Altogether there were forty men struck with bayonets. Even under all the outrages committed there is no claim that any union man or sympathizer created any disorder or committed an overt act."

Later the unionists held a monster mass meeting. The general strike order was issued and city officials were denounced for their failure to protect citizens, and for "causing them to be wilfully assaulted, shot and stabbed without any provocation." The unionists pledged themselves to circulate recall petitions against the mayor and a subordinate.

PACKERS' STRIKE ENDS.

Kansas City, Mo., September 27.—Organized butcher workmen have forced recognition of committees as a result of a general strike of packing house employes. Other gains include wage increases, reinstatement of all strikers, the right of discharged men to appeal to the superintendent and the right to send grievances to employers.

Omaha, Neb., September 27.—The strike of several thousand packing house employes has been ended with the aid of representatives of the federal Department of Labor. The packers will recognize committees, permit workers to join unions, will not discriminate, will reinstate all strikers and will raise wages 2½ cents an hour immediately and will give further increases if investigation shows that rates elsewhere are higher. All hiring is to be done from one central office and a worker will have the right to appeal to the manager of the plant in which he is employed when he believes he is unfairly treated.

MORE WOMEN IN SHOPS.

Wilmington, Del., September 27.—The Pullman shops and the Eastern Maleable Iron Company are the latest industries in this city to engage women to do manual labor formerly done by men. It is stated that the women are employed for the "lighter" work in machine repair shops and foundry. The women wear overalls and jumpers, after the fashion of men. At the Carney's Point, N. J., plant of the du Pont powder works arrangements are being made to increase the force of 200 women in the smokeless powder department.

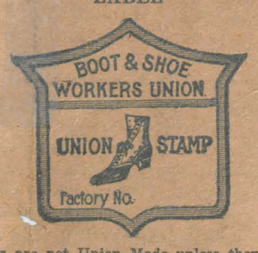
48 HOURS FOR WOMEN.

Lawrence, Mass., September 27.—At the annual convention of the state branch, A. F. of L., the legislative committee was instructed to present a bill to the next general assembly for a forty-eight-hour work week for women. Delegates were urged to work through their local and central organizations to defeat the members of the house and senate who defeated this measure at the last session and who are now seeking re-election.

MEAT CUTTERS AND BUTCHER WORKMEN'S UNION STORE CARD

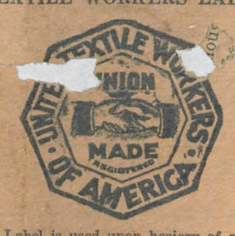
The Store Card of the Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen's Union is prominently displayed in such establishments as employ members of this organization.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS LABEL



Shoes are not Union Made unless they bear a plain and distinct impression of the Union Stamp. An indistinct impression resembling our Union Stamp is likely to be a counterfeit.

TEXTILE WORKERS LABEL



This Label is used upon hosiery of all kinds, underwear, coat sweaters, bar cloths, wash cloths, and silk shoe laces and hat bands.

A. F. OF L. LABEL

The Label of the American Federation of Labor is issued to Local Unions who are directly affiliated. This Label is used upon various commodities, among them being badge and lodge paraphernalia, suspenders, horse nails, paper boxes and neckwear. The Label is printed on both cloth and paper.

UNITED GARMENT WORKERS LABEL

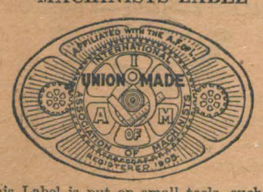
READY MADE CLOTHING

This organization uses two Labels, one for ready made clothing and the other for special order clothing. The ready made Label appears upon shirts, collars, cuffs, men's summer underwear, and overalls. Particular attention should be given to the ready made Label of this organization in the purchasing of men's shirts. Millions of shirts are produced yearly

SPECIAL ORDER CLOTHING

under the contract prison labor system and are sold under so many various names and brands that it is almost impossible to trace them. To be absolutely sure that the shirt you purchase is not made by the contract prison labor trust, the Union Label of the United Garment Workers should appear upon the same.

MACHINISTS LABEL



This Label is put on small tools, such as are used by machinists, carpenters, shoe cutters and shoe workers, and on razors, cutlery, micrometers, mechanics tools, levels, seals, model makers' tools and novelties. Label is printed in black on rose tint background.

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DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
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423-425 G St. N. W.

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Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Sam De Nedrey and Mary Ganzhorn.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 747 Varnum St. N.W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, G. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G St. N.W.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 528: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Washington Hall, 3d and Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Harry A. Disney, 536 10th St. N.E.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 188 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15. 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 82 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pa. Ave. N.W. Secretary, David P. McCracken, 473 E St. S.W.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th St. N.E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N.E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 92 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. .Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 868: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 470: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 320 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. **Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.**

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. **Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.**

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Stre[illegible]armen's Union, Division 689: Meets T[illegible]graphical Temple first and third Thurs[illegible] 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 32: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

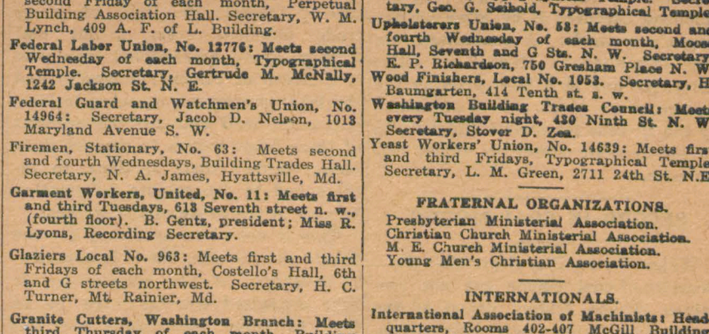
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

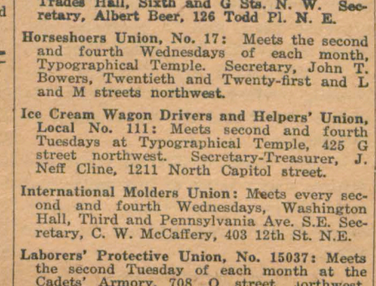
Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.





THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union

Hides Are Stored For Better Prices

More Than a Million Being Held in N. Y. Warehouses Awaiting a Higher Market.

The New York World says that tanners and wholesale leather dealers estimate that more than 1,300,000 sole leather hides and about 300,000 hides suitable for "uppers" are being held in storage warehouses in New York and vicinity at the orders of packers, importers and speculators who are "holding out" for a higher market.

Although the prices for shoe leather hides are higher today than ever before known—more than twice as high as they were in 1908—the companies dealing in hides refuse to sell at these prices, and the tanners and brokers who supply the shoe manufacturers who have orders for the United States army are having difficulty in filling the orders.

"And yet," says the World, "a visit to any good retail shoe store will prove to any wearer of shoes that he must pay from $1 to $4 more for a pair of shoes this year than he did in 1915. Shoes that retailed at $7 and $8 a pair have jumped to $9, $10, $11 and $12, depending on where one gets them. The very best made shoes that formerly retailed at $10 and $12 now bring $11 to $16."

The leather dealers, tanners and brokers unanimously place the blame for present conditions on packers and importers, who, it is asserted, control the hide market not only in this country, but in South America. At the same time they are inclined to accuse the manufacturers of doing a little holding out themselves.

"PATRIOTS" VIOLATE LAW.

Bisbee, Ariz., September 27.—Regardless of the fact that the laws of this state permit picketing, the Bisbee "Loyalty" league has induced city authorities to pass an ordinance against picketing.

Men applying for work in the Warren district are still compelled to be examined by county officials and the "Loyalty" league and if these "patriots" are not satisfied with the answers the worker is ordered to leave the district.

In Globe, where union miners are on strike, the chamber of commerce has taken over the work of the "Loyalty" league, and has inaugurated the same system, which is intended, says these business men, to protect the community "from murderers and bootleggers," although the community is filled with gun men employed by copper interests.

At Clifton a meeting was called to organize a "Loyalty" league, but the unionists captured it by exposing the league's methods. A committee was then appointed to attempt to settle the strike and at a later meeting the strikers were given a vote of thanks by the citizens for their willingness to do all in their power to adjust differences.

RECORD IN COAL MINING.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., September 27.—Scarcity-of-coal claims are not sustained by the August report of the anthracite bureau of information, which states that coal mined in August amounted to 7,013,996 tons, the second time in the history of anthracite mining that the shipments in any one month exceeded 7,000,000 tons. The August figures are within 35,051 tons of the high water mark, made in June of last year.

The shipments for the eight months of 1917 amounted to 51,405,341 tons, an increase of 7,019,001 tons, or almost 16 per cent over the corresponding period of last year. The total shipments to date are 1,474,925 tons in excess of the tonnage shipped in the first nine months of 1916.

PRESSMEN RAISE WAGES.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, September 27.—Web Pressmen's Union No. 35 has signed a three-year agreement with newspaper publishers in this city. The journeymen scale provides: First year—Day, $26.50 a week; night, $27.50; foreman, $31.50. Second year—Day, $28; night, $29; foreman, $33. Third year—Day, $29; night, $30; foreman, $34.

GIRLS ENJOINED.

Trenton, N. J., September 27.—A bunch of working girls on strike at the Trenton shirt factory for living conditions have been enjoined on the plea of the company that the girls are "interfering with business."

TWO-PLATOON FOR FIREMEN.

Tacoma, Wash., September 27.—Municipal firemen and city authorities have arranged a two-platoon system by dividing the force into two shifts.

Why Labor Papers Need Your Support

Only Organ Which Presents and Champions the Cause of the Worker.

In the early days of our nation, before the development of our present industrial era, with its complicated machinery, expensive equipment and its large corporations, the newspapers of the world were generally owned and edited each by some one man, who put his whole life and soul in the printed page, and gave the news as it was, without fear or favor—Horace Greeley, Charles A. Dana, Samuel Bowles and other such like men.

Gradually, however, the newspaper business developed in the same manner as did the other phases of industrial and commercial life; the one man owner and editor grew into a corporation of great size—became a stockholding concern, with officials and writers hired to make the highest dividend for the stockholders.

Now, all of the so-called big newspapers, or rather papers with large circulation, live from the advertisements from big business, and but little directly from the dollars of the working man at all; therefore, the hired man editor must, under no circumstances, offend big business; he must wear a collar and come at its beck and call. Nothing describing the trials or the struggles for betterment of the common man may be printed from the point of view of his interest, but always from the point of view of big business, and whatever of educational matter they carry, it is always in the interest of big business.

For a time the monthly magazine filled the place of the older papers of independent thought, but these also have become two-thirds advertisements and one-third literature, and they are always listening to "the master's voice."

Now, the only paper that presents the case of the workers and attempts to do educational work in the interest of common humanity, is the labor press; some privately owned papers, which are published as labor papers, and whose owners seek directly as their main source of income the subscriptions of the workers, and a large number that are owned, controlled, edited and published by the organizations of the workers themselves, and if our nation is not to pursue the course that all other nations that have grown rich have taken, it will be because the labor organizations and the labor press brings the facts home to the people in such a manner that they will understand, so that they will take the course that will serve the best interests of common humanity, rather than the exploiting interests; therefore it becomes the duty of every trade unionist, every actual real farmer, every professional man who is a friend of common humanity and the labor movement, to subscribe for, patronize, read and use the columns of these labor papers to express their views, convey their opinions, to receive and to disseminate information helpful to the cause of the workers.

This is not alone necessary for the future generations, but it is supremely necessary if the common people (the organized workers) are to be able to solve successfully now the many problems of immediate and pressing need, and to overcome the forces of avarice and greed that are oppressing them and that are continually tending backwards to the rule of the despot and the enslavement of the people.

Every friend of liberty, right and justice; every lover of humanity, and particularly every trade unionist, should support, read and use the labor press.

APPEAL MOONEY CASE.

San Francisco, September 27.—Attorneys for Thomas J. Mooney are perfecting a regular appeal to the state supreme court after losing their first battle before that tribunal which denied the motion of Attorney General Webb that Mooney be given a new trial because of the expose of Oxman, the state's chief witness, who is charged with committing perjury.

In refusing Attorney General Webb's plea the state supreme court held that it has no power under the constitution to consider matters outside the record in the case. The court refused to consider the Oxman perjury charges which were developed after Mooney was found guilty.

Mooney's appeal for a reversal of judgment on the record of the case is not affected by the Webb decision, according to his counsel.

PAY DUES QUARTERLY.

Cincinnati, September 27.—Beginning October 1, the Pattern Makers' League of North America will install its new system of paying dues quarterly instead of weekly.

ACCIDENTS INCREASE.

St. Paul, Minn., September 27.—Nearly 300 more industrial accidents were reported to the state department of labor and industries during August than during July. The total for the month was 2,926, of which 496 were serious and 2,430 were minor. Accidents to women numbered 87, as against 77 in July. Fatal accidents also showed a big increase, 19 as compared with 11 in the previous month.

The increase in accidents does not apply to only one or two industries, but is made up of slight increases in a great many industries.

The report does not include railroad accidents or any others that do not fall within industries covered by the workmen's compensation law. The reason for the increase is not yet clear, but it is thought by the department to be due either to greater industrial activity or to changes in the labor force, breaking in of many new men, etc.

SHOP MEN RAISE WAGES.

Boston, September 27.—Nearly 4,000 shop men employed by the Boston and Maine railroad have raised wages after a short strike. The men asked for a flat increase of 8 cents an hour. The settlement provides that rates will be advanced 5 cents an hour and the disputed 3 cents submitted to arbitration.

CLOTH HAT AND CAP MAKERS LABEL

Size: One inch square, serial No. across surface of Label is printed in red. It is pasted and sewed in all Union-made cloth hats and caps of all description, including uniform, regulation, motormen, shop, engineer, miner, and straw caps.

Parker, Bridget & Co.

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Outfitters to Men and Boys

SEE OUR NEW STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

American - - 1st and R. I. Ave. N.W.
Apollo - - H St. bet. 6th & 7th, N.E.
Auditorium - 13th and N. Y. Ave. N.W.
Avenue Grand - Pa. Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater - 15th & Madison Pl.
Bijou Theater - - 9th and Pa. Ave.
Carolina - - 11th & N. Car. Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 9th and F Sts. N.W.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N.W.
Crandall's Joy - - 9th & E Sts. N.W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N.E.
Dumbarton - - 32d & O Sts. N.W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite - - 14th & R. I. Ave. N.W.
Empire - - - - 910 H St. N.E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D & E Sts. N.W.
Favorite - H St. bet. N. Cap. & 1st
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theater - - 423 9th St. N.W.
Gayety Theater - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home - - C St. bet. 12th & 13th N.E.
Leader - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty - - - N. Capitol & P Sts.
Loewe's Columbia - - F near 12th
Lyric - - - 14th St. near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N.W.
"M" Street Theater - M St. near 22d
Navy - - 8th St. bet. D & E S.E.
Odeon - - 14th & Church Sts. N.W.
Olympic - U St. bet. 14th & 15th N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza - - - - 434 9th St. N.W.
Poli's Theater - - 15th & Pa. Ave.
Princess - - - - 1112 H St. N.E.
Raphael - - 9th St. bet. N & O N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd.
Savoy - - 14th & Columbia Rd.
Senate - - - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand - - - 9th & D Sts. N.W.
Stanton - - - 6th & C Sts. N.E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N.W.
Victoria - - - 7th & E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

INDICT LOW WAGE PLAN.

Low wages and long hours were indicted by Probation Officer Heney of the District of Columbia, at an unemployed conference, under the auspices of the federal Department of Labor.

"I have found," he said, "that much of the suffering and the conditions which bring petty offenders before the courts are due to insufficient wages and long hours of labor. These men are not criminals either instinctively or by hereditary traits but some contingency has arisen, either sickness or other misfortune, that they are unable to meet financially and they seek solace by methods that land them before the courts."

TOBACCO WORKERS LABEL

This is the Union Label of the Tobacco Workers International Union, and is found on wrappers of all tobaccos, snuff, and cigarettes that are Union made. The Label is printed in black on blue paper. Do not accept from your dealer any goods which do not bear this Label.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N.W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.e
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

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John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
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P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

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The Trades Unionist

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I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 16 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Families Lack Funds In Nation's Capital

Living Conditions Here Branded as a "Shocking Example of Economic Indecency."

The bureau of labor statistics, federal Department of Labor, brands living conditions of many Washington families as "a shocking example of economic indecency."

The bureau has concluded an investigation of the cost of living in this city and finds that nearly one-third of the families of workers, both white and colored, finished the year 1916 in debt. Schedules were obtained from 1,481 white families and from 629 colored families, making a total of 2,110 families.

"The number of families scheduled was large enough to permit trustworthy averages and deductions," says the report. "Only in the lowest and highest income groups are the numbers so small as to make generalizations doubtful."

"It is startling to learn," says the report, "that in the capital of the nation, in a year of unprecedented high prices, 807, or 38 per cent of 2,110 families taken at random had yearly incomes of less than $900, and 1,295 families, or 61 per cent, had incomes of less than $1,200 a year. As noted above, some of these families were of small size, but the averages were not abnormally low. Thus, for families receiving less than $900 per year the family household averaged 4.4 members and the net family averaged 3.4 members; for families receiving less than $1,200 the corresponding averages were 4.6 and 3.5."

The summary showing that nearly one-third of the families investigated finished 1916 with deficits "reveals a shocking state of economic indecency," it is stated.

"The negroes fared worse than the whites," continues the report. "Out of 620 negro families 180, or nearly 29 per cent, were obliged to try to keep body and soul together on less than $600 a year, and 472, or no less than three-quarters of the total, lived on less than $900. Among the white families conditions were better, but not vastly so. Out of 1,481 such families there were 65 who had less than $600 to keep them through the year, while no less than 335, or nearly 23 per cent, existed on less than $900, and 710 or almost one-half, had less than $1,200 a year."

Only those families were scheduled whose principal breadwinner worked for wages and earned not more than $1,800 a year unless engaged in some mechanical trade like that of railroad engineer.

To get the incomes and expenditures of families special agents were sent out to interview housewives in their homes. To insure a fair representation of the working population of Washington, including government clerks, the city was divided into districts and a fair proportion of schedules were obtained from each district.

SILENT ABOUT PROFITS.

Hartford, Conn., October 12.—Chas. H. Whittlesley, president of the Hartford County Manufacturers' Association, is the latest to attack organized labor because it insists on an eight-hour day and a wage that will meet increased living costs.

And in the meantime the government continues its policy of fixing prices to check profiteers, which Whittlesley ignores.

PLASTERERS RAISE WAGES.

Philadelphia, October 12.—Plasterers' Union No. 592 has secured voluntary wage increases from 55 to 70 cents an hour. This union has jurisdiction over cement finishers, composition floor layers and asphalt workers.

Interesting Statement About Tailors' Strike

Workmen Formed Union to Protect Themselves Against Aggression of Employers.

The custom tailors of Washington, D. C., were without an organized union for many years, and during those years each and every tailor store in this town paid their tailors according to private agreements with same. Consequently when the cost of living because higher and higher the stores tried to keep their workingmen's wages down to the same level that they had been paying for ten years or more.

In order to protect themselves and their homes against this aggression the custom tailors of Washington, D. C., recently formed a union, and many stores were broad-minded enough to see the necessity of the tailors' demands, and signed their reasonable union bill without unnecessary comment.

In spite of this fact the tailors were forced into an entirely uncalled-for conflict by one of the leading military stores—F. J. Heiberger & Son—that now for more than fifteen years has had or "taken" the privilege of making private agreements with each and every workingman concerning the pay for their work, and thus been able to pay the lowest price possible to every timid individual, while the bolder individuals would often get much more for the same amount of work. As a consequent of this sad and unfair condition, the tailors in said firm have now enlisted themselves in the union, on purpose to establish a reasonable and fair scale that will give an equal price and a fair living to all in return for their labors. "This bill of prices" has been presented to the manager of said firm, and it was purposely kept so low, that an agreeable settlement should become effective without an uncalled-for conflict. In spite of this fact, this is the first store that wanted to balk the efforts of organized labor—collective effort for a living wage.

A. N.

START LABOR AGENCY.

Pressmen's Home, Tenn., October 12.—A labor employment service department has been started by the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union. It will be conducted without cost to employer and employed, and is intended, according to the announcement, "to make the industry more prosperous."

"Through this agency," it is stated, "we shall strive to keep our members busy, assist them in securing desirable positions and supply competent workmen to the employer no matter where his business is located."

MACHINISTS REDUCE HOURS.

St. Louis, Mo., October 12.—Machinists employed by the John Ramming Machine Shop Company have secured an eight-hour day and a 50-cent minimum wage. Rummell-Dowley Company has accepted the eight-hour day and will pay 50 cents an hour for inside workers and 62½ cents and a fifty-four-hour week for outside workers. The Illinois Glass Company has raised wages 20 per cent and established the forty-eight-hour week.

UNITING NEGRO BARBERS.

St. Louis, Mo., October 12.—The central trades and labor union is conducting an organizing campaign among negro barbers.

BARBERS MAKE GAINS.

Seattle, October 12.—The Barbers' Union has secured better working conditions through conferences with employers.

Anti-Union Employers Blamed for I. W. W.

President Gompers Gives Logical Reasons for Existence of Outlaw Organization.

In discussing the recent deportation of Arizona workers in the American Federationist, President Gompers gives this logical answer to the question, "Why the I. W. W.?"

"The responsibility for the existence of the I. W. W. movement lies with those employers who have rejected and ruthlessly opposed collective bargaining and who have denied their employes the right to further their interests in a normal, constructive manner.

"It is impossible to kill in human beings the desire and the ambition to aspire to something better. Indeed, it would be deplorable if that desire could be killed. When employers seek to prevent a natural outlet for this desire they provoke violence and disruption. The I. W. W. movement is a creation of economic despots and financial anarchists who oppose constructive organization of economic relations. After the copper kings of the southwest have created and fostered the I. W. W. movement they now seek to use it as a cloak to disguise its attack upon the trade union movement.

"Approximately 12,000 miners are on strike in Arizona. The copper operators are making enormous profits on war contracts. To entrench their power they began a campaign of victimizing active union men, thus disrupting the labor movement. Economic action was necessary to maintain their rights. The men presented demands which included the right to organize and to obtain higher wages.

"The copper companies arbitrarily refused even to consider the demands of the men and at once prepared for the contest. The strikers were not permitted to exercise their normal, lawful rights—to do peaceful strike duty as pickets—and were arrested on all manner of pretext."

STRIKEBREAKERS ESCAPE.

Springfield, Ill., October 12.—A grand jury has failed to indict a single strikebreaker as the result of the killing of a policeman and other violations of law that culminated in an attempt to stop workers from parading on behalf of striking street car men, and which resulted in a general strike.

Trade unionists inform the grand jury that the policeman was killed by a strikebreaker who used a revolver purchased by a representative of the street car company. It is stated that twenty-three of these revolvers were bought at one store and that when strikebreakers were arrested some of the revolvers were found on their persons.

The state's attorney says he will prosecute all law-breakers, despite the grand jury's attempt to whitewash.

EXEMPTION NOT AFFECTED.

San Francisco, October 12.—During the recent strike of shipyard workers, employers attempted to intimidate these unionists by threatening to withdraw exemption affidavits filed by them, if the men did not return to work. The federal exemption board stopped this movement by its ruling that the strike would not affect industrial exemptions.

STEEL STRIKE ENDS.

Beaver Falls, Pa., October 12.—The strike at the Moltrup Steel Products Company's plant has ended by the reinstatement of a worker who was discharged. Wage increases and shorter hours will be settled within thirty days. The strikers are members of the Cold Drawn Steel Workers' Union, affiliated with the A. F. of L.

Carpenters Prosper, According to Report

Many Wage Increases and Better Hours Obtained — Other News Items.

Indianapolis, October 12.—In his annual report to the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, General Secretary Duffy states that at the end of the last fiscal year, June 30, the brotherhood consisted of 1,976 unions, 136 district councils, 17 city councils, two provincial councils, and 45 ladies' auxiliary unions, with a good-standing membership of 247,240 in the local unions. Members over three months and under six months in arrears and members granted clearance cards, brings the total membership up to 285,675.

Strike and lockout benefits during the year were $66,836.66. In proportion to the number of trade movements this amount is less than in any previous year.

With each succeeding year, says the report, the number of cities in which the eight-hour day prevails is increasing. Instances where the nine-hour day is still in vogue are very rare and the ten-hour day is almost unknown. Wage increases during the past year range from 5 to 15 cents an hour with 10 cents an hour the average increase.

Lawrence, Kan., October 12.—Contractors are accepting the new wage contract of Carpenters' Union. Rates are advanced from 37½ to 45 cents an hour.

Duluth, Minn., October 12.—The Farnum Bros.' Contracting Company has recognized organized labor and signed a union shop agreement with the Carpenters' Union.

Fresno, Cal., October 12.—Organized carpenters are having little trouble in enforcing their new wage scale of 70 cents an hour.

STEEL WORKERS DEPORTED.

Waynesburg, Pa., October 12.—At the instance of mill manufacturers Waynesburg officials staged an Arizona "law and order" stunt when they deported two representatives of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, who were attempting to organize mill men. They were discharged with being "suspicious characters," and the next morning were denied a trial and told to get out of town inside of ten minutes. The same treatment was recently accorded Vice President Larkin at McKeesport and Organizer McCune at Woodlawn.

DEMANDS INVESTIGATION.

San Francisco, October 12.—The local labor council, through a special committee, has made a formal request in writing to Mayor Rolph that he investigate the part the police department has played in the Mooney case and what assistance it has given District Attorney Fickert and Oxman. The latter is charged with attempted perjury, and has been rearrested following acquittal last week.

8-HOUR DEMAND GROWS.

Pittsburgh, Pa., October 12.—Employes of the American Locomotive Works favor the eight-hour day and a 25 per cent wage increase. They realize that only through organization they will be successful, and are acting accordingly.

WOMEN ORGANIZING.

New Haven, Conn., October 12.—The Corset Workers' Union is conducting a vigorous organizing campaign among women employed in this industry.

Coercion a Failure; Mediation Succeeds

Whatever Success the Law May Have Is Due to Its Conciliation Features.

Penalties for violation of the Canadian "can't-strike" law, officially known as the industrial disputes investigation act, have failed to check strikes and whatever success the law may have is because of its conciliation features.

The above is a summary of this legislation by Benjamin M. Squires, published in the September issue of the Monthly Bulletin, issued by the federal bureau of labor statistics, Department of Labor.

From March 22, 1907, to December 31, 1916, there have been 204 strikes in violation of this law, affecting 80,278 employes whose time loss was 3,015,844 days.

"Of this number," it is stated, "two disputes, affecting 95 employes, whose time loss was 390 days, may be considered lock-outs. Assuming the minimum penalty of $10 per day per striking employe, it will be seen that more than $30,000,000 in uncollected fines have accumulated during the period stated. If the maximum penalty is assumed, the amount exceeds $150,000,000.

"In the face of this record of prosecutions and violations during a period of nearly ten years it does not seem probable that a wholesome respect has been fostered for such provisions, nor that a fear of the imposition of penalties serves in any considerable degree as a restraining influence. On the contrary, there is a strong indication that whatever success has attended the administration of the act has been due to the conciliatory efforts of the Department of Labor through its fair-wage officers and its boards of conciliation and investigation; to the dislike for publicity rather than to the fear of fine; to the existence of a means of negotiation rather than a means of restriction."

FAVOR STRAIGHT SCALE.

Indianapolis, October 12.—The executive council of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders has notified affiliates that it is a waste of time to submit sliding scales for its approval. These unions are instructed to stand for flat wage scales.

Danville, Ill., October 12.—Bookbinders' Union No. 133 has established its first wage scale—and incidentally raised wages $2 a week.

Fort Wayne, Ind., October 12.—A three-year wage agreement has been secured by Bookbinders Union No. 192. Rates this year will be $22 a week; for 1918, $23, and for 1919, $24.

St. Joseph, Mo., October 12.—Organized bookbinders have secured a one-year agreement which calls for higher wages and improved working conditions.

WANT MORE; LOCKED OUT.

Jacksonville, Fla., October 12.—When the Florida Cigarmaking Company discovered its employes were arranging for an increased wage demand, these employes were locked out. This concern pays from $2 to $7 a thousand less than its competitors.

NEW BLACKSMITHS' UNION.

Wilmington, Del., October 12.—A new local of blacksmiths and helpers has been organized by the international union of this craft.

WANT 10-HOUR DAY.

Pittsburgh, Pa., October 12.—Organized cooks and waiters have asked for a ten-hour day and a six-day week.

Oxman Acquitted; Is Arrested Again

Other Charges Detain Witness After Declared Not Guilty of Attempted Perjury.

San Francisco, October 12.—Frank C. Oxman, principal state witness in the Mooney trial, has been declared not guilty of attempted perjury when he urged F. E. Rigall, of Grayville, Ill., to come to this city and testify as a character witenss for him "in an important case."

The jury was out about one hour and when it announced its verdict Oxman was immediately arrested on other charges.

District Attorney Fickert, who prosecuted Mooney, was a leading witness for Oxman, and, of course, entered a general denial of his part in the proceedings. Mrs. Henrietta Rigall, Rigall's mother, testified that Oxman wrote her to come here and testify "in an important case." Oxman promised transportation and told her she would have a chance to see California.

"In reply," she testified, "I asked him why he did not send transportation the same time he sent it to my son Frank, when he desired him to be a witness in the case. He never replied to my letter."

Oxman proved a good witness for himself until he was cross-examined, when he cut a sorry figure under the sharp fire of attorneys. His glib story was of no value then and he was compelled to resort to loud protests of "life-long honesty." Presiding Judge Dunne tried to brace him up by the assurance that he was "under the protection of the court." Judge Dunne also helped Oxman by his ruling that Estelle Smith would not be allowed to testify regarding her affidavit that Oxman attempted to bribe her to commit perjury in the case of Israel Weinberg, one of the defendants in the bomb case. The jury was excused during the argument. But when Oxman's attorneys charged that Rigall had been arrested in Illinois on some petty charge, Judge Dunne permitted the jury to hear arguments as the admission of this testimony, which was finally excluded, but not before Oxman's attorneys had been given an opportunity to get it before the jury.

It was Oxman's testimony that was the principal factor in convicting Mooney, who was with his wife when the bomb exploded last year. Mrs. Mooney has since been acquitted of the first charge. The prosecution did not put Oxman on the stand in this trial, and the public is asking if the Oregon cattleman's testimony could convict the husband, why not the wife?

CAR MEN RAISE WAGES.

Knoxville, Tenn., October 12.—The Knoxville Railway and Light Company has signed a two-year agreement with the Street Car Men's Union. All employes at the car barns and on the cars are increased 4 cents an hour minimum and 2 cents an hour maximum. Extra men will be paid $1.50 a day, even if they are not sent out on a run or if they only work a few hours; the merit system is abolished and arbitration provisions are agreed to.

MAYOR STOPS PICKETING.

Portland, Ore., October 12.—When Mayor Baker discovered that striking metal workers were successfully picketing the Northwest steel plant, he ordered the chief of police to stop this practice. About twenty unionists were arrested.

PAINTERS ORGANIZE.

Macon, Ga., October 12.—Painters in this city have organized and affiliated with the Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF JAMES DUNCAN LABOR LEADER UNION TRADES COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 12, 1917.

Printers' Ink

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Printer's Ink, the recognized authority on advertising, after a thorough investigation on this subject says:

"A labor paper is a far better advertising medium than any ordinary newspaper in comparison with circulation. A labor paper, for example, having 2,000 subscribers is of more value to the business man who advertises in it, than an ordinary paper with 12,000 subscribers."

QUITE well deserved was the reprimand given to Mr. Clarence P. King, president of the Washington Railway and Electric Company by the Senate Committee which investigated the recent strike of employes of that company. It is to be regretted, however, that Mr. King fared so well, for his conduct during those days both to his employes and the public of Washington was very uncalled-for and the strike could easily have been averted. Mr. King, no doubt, is very well satisfied with himself and his wonderful record for breaking strikes, but the cost must be figured — by the stockholders. One redeeming feature of the strike was the fact that the company was forced to increase the wages of its men. Let us not have a repetition of such a strike in this city, and one way to avoid it is to support trade unionism.

Liberty Bonds are in demand. Better get yours now!

One way to remedy the paper shortage is to cut down the size of love letters.

Don't forget the Union Label Tobacco Fund! Send your subscription to this fund to Mr. N. A. James, secretary of the Central Labor Union at once. Remember the Sammies!

Monday evening the Central Labor Union will hold an open meeting. Prominent speakers will make addresses on food conservation and municipal markets. The general public is invited and every trade unionist shall attend—bring your wives.

Freedom is something substantial, it is identical with a secured economic existence, and this the masses of the people cannot have so long as they are not masters of the economic resources and forces of society.

In the trade union movement the "slacker" is the fellow who works under union conditions, draws union wages, then buys goods manufactured under non-union conditions. He is not performing "his bit" in the battle against unjust working conditions, low wages, child slavery and other ills the working class is heir to. Enlist at once in this campaign.

THE BROAD VIEW OF FOOD SAVING.

In every establishment where materials are being made for the Navy, the following placard appears prominently:

TO EVERY ONE IN THIS PLANT

This Plant is engaged upon Navy Work.

Every person here owes the United States a duty to do the utmost to make Navy material well and promptly. Let this be your part. The NAVY is DEPENDING ON YOU.

SAMUEL McGOWAN,
Paymaster General of the Navy.

In the broadest sense, every factory, store, railroad and industrial establishment in the United States is now engaged in government work, and every worker owes to his country definite patriotic duties.

There is the duty of conserving food, not only directly in the home, but through personal influence as a leader among one's working associates. Organized workers are always leaders and will not be found wanting in this matter.

Food conservation means not only care in the use of food in the family, but care in handling and packing it in every place where it is made or distributed. The leaky faucet that drips syrup wastes sugar, and the leaky grain spout in an elevator or flour mill wastes wheat. A good workman stops such waste and thus contributes to the feeding of our Allies in ways even more important than personal economy.

Every worker who packs a box, loads a car, makes out a bill of lading or routes a shipment is directly concerned in conservation, for careful packing to prevent damage, skillful loading to utilize all the space in a car, plain marking and routing, all help efficient use of our railroads, which are required for transporting food, soldiers and military supplies.

Workers in wholesale and retail stores have the same responsibilities—to cut down deliveries, eliminate bad credits, help increase the turn-over and reduce costs, so that everybody may have the staple necessities of life on the best terms during this great crisis.

Hardly a day goes by without its opportunities for war co-operation, and intelligent, skillful and enthusiastic co-operation means more than winning the war—it means improvements in our national habits which will benefit us long after the war has been won.

WANTS LABOR PRICE SET.

Philadelphia, October 12.—Business men in this city are urging a "scientific" basis for government price fixing and ask employing interests throughout the country to favor the government controlling wages as well as commodity prices.

This plan was rejected by the recent Atlantic City war conference of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, but Philadelphia business men are so convinced that a scheme that was in vogue in England during the middle ages will now prove successful that they are asking business men elsewhere to support it.

CITY TO BUY CAR LINE.

San Francisco, October 12.—Officials of this city and officers of the United Railroads have agreed upon a plan whereby this street car line will be purchased by the city. The property includes 290 miles of single track and 830 electric and cable cars. The company has been fighting its organized motormen and conductors, who insist on higher wages, and the strike has been marked by much bitterness.

NEW FARMING SCHEME APPLIED

San Francisco, October 12.—With a legislative appropriation of $260,000 the state land settlement board announces that it is ready to purchase from 4,000 to 6,000 acres of farm land, which will be improved, subdivided and settled. This land will be sold on small down payments and long time notes taken for the remainder at 5 per cent interest.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

Tacoma, Wash., October 12.—"What's in a name?" asks E. J. Pelkey, editor of the labor department of the Tacoma Daily News.

In the San Francisco street car men's strike," writes this unionist, "they are called 'substitute car men,' not old-fashioned 'strikebreakers.' But why not make it a bit more euphoneous and refer to professional strike-breakers as 'handy gentlemen of occasional occupation?"

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Miss Julia W. Riley, machine operator.

John F. Higgins, John J. Ludlow, Isaac Zellers, John M. Wright, and Max J. Martin, probationary pressmen.

William F. Shellman, skilled laborer, reinstatement.

Eugene T. Butler, Joseph B. Reid, George F. Wallace, Joseph E. King, Mrs. Dolores Peyton, Mrs. Ethel M. Lyons, Miss Oneida Hopewell, Miss Evelyn G. Johnson, Miss Ethel L. Chaney, Miss Ethel E. Wiggins, Miss Ruth B. Waters, Miss Minerva G. Freeman, Miss Amanda S. Monroe, Miss Marie E. Barrett, Miss Clara G. Brown, Miss Madeline E. Nash and Miss Patia Smith, probationary skilled laborers.

Mrs. Florence E. Brown, Miss Annie E. Evans, Miss Ethel A. Cooke, Miss Ethel E. Ewing and Miss Nannie Ravnall, temporary skilled laborers.

Floyd Hunter, John E. Goetz, Irving Sandler, Ernest F. Dorsey, Floyd H. Hamilton and Victor B. Wheatley, emergency skilled laborers.

Oscar Lindquist, probationary bookbinder.

SEPARATIONS.

Claude M. Morris, temporary bookbinder, resigned.

Edwin W. Schultze, caster helper.

Joseph A. Scannell, clerk, resigned.

Charles H. Cooksey, clerk.

Lyell L. Anderson, helper, resigned.

Mrs. Edna O. Swart, pressfeeder, resigned.

Mrs. Barbara M. Eisler, emergency pressfeeder, resigned.

Charles A. Tweedale and Miss Bridget M. McNamara, skilled laborers, resigned.

Raphael A. Mason, probationary skilled laborer, resigned.

William B. Hall, William W. Dunn, James L. Turner and William H. Dyer, temporary skilled laborers, resigned.

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Minneapolis, October 12.—"If any one is in doubt as to whether or not organization pays refer them to the members of the Flour and Cereal Workers' Union," says the Minneapolis Labor Review.

"This union has been conducting an active organizing campaign for just one month with the result that when the big milling companies paid off a week ago every worker in the mills received an increase of 25 cents a day.

"There is not a member of the union who has invested more than $1.60 in the organization, yet the dividends for the last month alone in the form of increased wages amounted to about $7.50.

PLUMBERS WANT MORE.

Port Arthur, Tex., October 12.—Organized plumbers in this city and in Beaumont have suspended work to enforce a wage increase from $6 to $7 a day.

FIREMEN ADVANCE.

Covington, Ky., October 12.—City firemen have secured wage increases and one day off every five days. These municipal employes are organized.

PROGRESS BY FUR WORKERS.

The recently organized union of fur workers has succeeded in establishing the union shop, a forty-eight-hour week, equal distribution of work and extra time for overtime and holidays.

Minneapolis, October 12.—Fur Workers' Union No. 69 has secured the union shop, the fifty-hour week, time and one-half for overtime and double time for Sundays and holidays. Manufacturers granted these demands after fur workers thoroughly organized.

Chicago, October 12.—The Fur Manufacturers' Association and independent shops in this city have signed a union shop agreement with Fur Workers' Union No. 45 after a week's strike. Wages are increased 10 per cent and the forty-eight-hour week is conceded.

Pittsburgh, Pa., October 12.—Fur Workers in this city are organizing under direction of the International Fur Workers' Union.

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[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 747 Varnum St. N.W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G St. N.W.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 528: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Washington Hall, 3d and Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Harry A. Disney, 536 10th St. S.E.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

City Firemen's Union, No. 15665: Meets second Sunday of each month, hall, 1101 E St. N.W., 7:30 p.m. Sec., Wm. A. Smith, No. 2 Chemical Engine Co., Pa. Ave., S.E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pa. Ave. N.W. Secretary, David P. McCracken, 473 E St. S.W.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th St. N.E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1433 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N.E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. **Meets first Sunday** in each month, 92 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. **Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.**

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. **Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 826 Ninth St. S. E.**

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. **Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.**

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N.W. Secretary, E. J. Tracy, 18 Girard St. N.E.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Washington Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. **Secretary,** L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

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Congress Restores Workmen's Benefits

Large Army of Workers In and About Vessels Are Affected by New Law.

Congress has restored to longshoremen and other workers in and about vessels at the docks the protection of state workmen's compensation laws by the passage of the bill in the House shortly before final adjournment. The bill passed the Senate October 2.

"This bill provides an urgently needed adjustment which will do much to assist in the effective prosecution of the war work of the government," is the comment of Secretary John B. Andrews of the American Association for Labor Legislation. "When the divided opinion of the United States Supreme Court in the Jensen case deprived these workers of the benefits of workmen's compensation and ascribed their injury cases to maritime liability jurisdiction, the men and their families were placed in a distressing situation. Much suffering resulted when they were thus denied just and certain accident indemnities which they formerly enjoyed in common with other workers. The men who load and unload vessels are at this time peculiarly indispensable to the country and to the Allies in the successful conduct of shipping. In preparing the bill upon official request it was aimed to open the way for a comprehensive application of state compensation laws to industrial accidents in marine employment. A large army of workers are benefited."

Among those interested in the prompt passage of this bill as an emergency measure were Grant Hamilton of the American Federation of Labor; John Mitchell, chairman of the New York Industrial Commission, and Commissioner Royal Meeker of the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics.

PAPER MEN BREAK PLEDGE.

Paper manufacturers are violating an arbitration agreement signed by them when they accepted the federal trade commission's prices for news print paper. These prices are $3.25 per 100 pounds for sheet news in car load lots and $3.50 per 100 pounds for sheet news in lesser amounts.

Newspaper publishers are complaining that the manufacturers are ignoring these prices and the commission replies:

"Under the circumstances this commission desires to inform you that it has decided to permit each and every publisher who filed his consent to the said arbitration agreement, or his representative, to inspect and take copies of the records relating to the said arbitration, including all correspondence on the subject between the signatory manufacturers and itself.

SHOP MEN ACCEPT.

St. Louis, Mo., October 12.—Federated shop men employed by the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient railroad have cast a favorable ballot on the new wage scale submitted by their committee. All strikers are to be reinstated and wages are increased from 2½ to 6 cents an hour, according to grade of work.

RENTS RAISED 10 PER CENT.

Tacoma, Wash., October 12.—Testifying before the street car arbitration board, a local real estate man said that rents have been advanced 10 per cent in Tacoma the past year, and that a similar increase is possible within the next year.

BRICKLAYERS ORGANIZE.

Indianapolis, Ind., October 12.—Officers of the Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' International Union report the recent formation of locals at Havre, Mont.; Lewiston, Pa., and San Angelo and Lubbock, Tex.

LAUNDRY WORKERS GAIN.

Tacoma, Wash., October 12.—A few hours before the Laundry Workers' union's strike call employers raised wages 10 per cent and signed a one-year agreement.

UNION PAINTERS INCREASE.

Lafayette, Ind., October 12.—The Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators has increased a membership of 85,221 on August 1, last year, to 93,320 on August 1, this year.

CAR MEN FORCED TO UNITE.

Minneapolis, October 12.—Motormen and conductors employed by the Twin City Rapid Transit Company are organizing. Reason: Low wages, poor working conditions and a sixteen-hour day to secure ten hours' pay.

SCENT BLACKLIST.

Long Island City, N. Y., October 12.—The Fur Workers, official paper of the International Fur Workers' Union, warns these workers against the "reference card" system employers are seeking to introduce. Under this plan every worker's history, character, skill, etc., would be registered. The employers contend that this is a harmless innovation and is intended only to protect them against workers who leave their employment in the middle of the week.

The Fur Worker says that a better way would be for the union to use its moral influence in these cases. "We believe the reference card will prove dangerous to the workers," says the Fur Worker. "The words 'reference card' may sound innocent, but we regard any such proposition with suspicion, as we know from experience what use manufacturers are apt to make of such a scheme. We suspect that at some future time the reference card will develop into a blacklist. Employers will use it as a means of discriminating against active union men. They have no difficulty in finding some paltry excuse for such action."

PRESSMEN RAISE WAGES.

Memphis, Tenn., October 12.—The Printing Pressmen's Union has signed a three-year agreement with employers. Wages are increased for journeymen and apprentices.

OIL WORKERS UNITE.

Guffey, Tex., October 12.—Oil workers in this vicinity—the oldest oil field in the state—have perfected a trade union and have voted to join the state federation of labor.

St. Joseph, Mo., October 12.—Packing plants in this city are being organized following the successful strikes of butcher workmen in Kansas City and Omaha.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

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VOLUME XXII. NO. 17 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Navy Yard Workers Make Big Wage Gain

First Time the Government Has Dealth Directly With Trade Union Representatives.

President O'Connell of the A. F. of L. metal trades department says the recent adjustment of wages for navy yard workers is the first time the government dealt directly with trade union representatives, instead of referring the dispute to boards and commissions, which would spend months in investigations.

Navy yard workers objected to recently announced wage adjustments and the metal trades department secured a conference with the war and navy departments, which was attended by President O'Connell and Secretary-Treasurer Berres of the metal trades department and the following presidents of international unions: Messrs. Valentine, iron molders; Alpine, plumbers; Johnston, machinists; Wilson, pattern makers; Hynes, sheet metal workers; Franklin, boiler makers; Kline, blacksmiths; Snellings, stationary engineers; McNulty, electrical workers; Britten, metal polishers, and Hutcheson, carpenters.

After a three days' conference it was agreed to abolish the numerous grades and establish but three grades and set a standard rate for each. Workers receiving less than the new rate for their group were brought up to the standard. This basic increase is $1.08 a day in some cases and a general average of 16 per cent.

After the rates were standardized the war and navy departments' representatives agreed to a general wage increase of 40 cents a day for all navy yard workers, regardless of group. This includes all skilled craftsmen and their helpers along the Atlantic coast, and after November 1 the following rates will be effective:

First-class mechanics — Brooklyn, $4.88; Boston, Portsmouth, N. H., and Newport, R. I., $4.80; Philadelphia, Norfolk, Charleston, New Orleans and all points south, $4.72.

Second-class mechanics—52 cents a day less than the first-class rate in the respective yards.

Third-class mechanics—$1.04 a day less than the first-class rate in the respective yards.

These wage increases will affect about 100,000 workers who will secure approximately $50,000 a day additional.

The conference also created a board consisting of a representative of the navy department, the metal trades department and a neutral which will adjust grievances during the year and will consider any abnormal increase in living costs to justify further wage increases. President O'Connell has been selected as the metal trades representative.

BITTER CAR STRIKE ENDS.

Chattanooga, Tenn., October 18.—The "finish fight" the Chattanooga Railway and Light Company announced it was waging against Street Car Men's Union No. 715 has ended. All strikebreakers are dismissed, all former employes reinstated, and arbitration of differences, including wages, agreed to. The strike has been an especially bitter one, but the men's sticking qualities triumphed.

ORGANIZING WOMEN.

Sioux City, Iowa, October 18.—The Trades and Labor Assembly has placed a woman organizer in the field to interest her sex in the benefits of trade unionism.

PAINTERS GET WAGE INCREASE.

Richmond, Va., October 18.—Organized painters have raised wages 50 cents a day without trouble, comparatively speaking.

Local Taiors' Union Sign Up Another Shop

Forty-Five Employes Affected When F. J. Heiberger & Co. Comes to an Agreement.

The Washington Tailors have won another victory. The old established house of F. J. Heiberger & Co., Inc., has signed up for a strict union shop and a goodly increase in wages for their forty-five employed tailors. This is the ninth merchant tailoring establishment signed up by the Journeymen Tailors' Local 188, within the last thirty days. This union is busy preparing more bills and agreements for a number of other firms.

These custom tailors will not let up in their efforts until the town is completely organized in their line. It is the duty of every trades unionist to help them—by patronizing only those tailoring establishments employing union tailors.

WOULD LESSEN STRIKES.

Boston, October 18.—Gov. McCall has authorized the state board of conciliation and arbitration to confer with the Secretary of Labor at Washington with a view to establishing a better understanding for dealing with industrial disputes in this state.

There has not been any settled cooperation between the two departments, and it has resulted in some embarrassment. The statute provides that the state board must try to bring about a settlement of any strike or threatened strike involving twenty-five or more employes.

If the parties fail to agree, the statute provides that the board shall endeavor to persuade them to submit the questions in dispute to arbitration. If the parties will not do this and have personally failed to agree, the board is then authorized to hold an investigation to ascertain the cause of the controversy and the party most responsible for its existence or continuance.

It sometimes happens that the board proceeds in a case without knowledge that a representative of the department at Washington is dealing with it, while the federal conciliator has been unaware of the efforts made by the state board.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS GAIN.

Kewanee, Ill., October 18.—The Consolidated Light and Power Company has accepted a new wage agreement of the Electrical Workers' Union. The work day is reduced one hour and wages are increased $12.50 a month.

Scranton, Pa., October 18.—An agreement between Electrical Workers' Union No. 81 and the Scranton Railway Company became operative the first of the month. Foremen will be paid $4.50 a day and line men $4, with time and one-half for overtime and double time for holidays.

Articlesville, Okla., October 18.—Contractors at this place have signed a union shop agreement with their inside electrical workers. Wages are increased 10 cents an hour for eight hours a day.

RUBBER WORKERS UNITING.

Akron, Ohio, October 18.—The Central Labor Union has appointed a committee to assist the thousands of rubber workers in this city to organize. The companies are charged with maintaining a spy and blacklist system.

JEWELERS BREAK LINES.

Newark, N. J., October 18.—The Jewelry Workers' Union has secured an agreement with the Shiman-Miller Company, one of the firms that locked out 650 union employes last month.

FORMER PRESIDENT OF CARPENTERS' UNION MEETS WITH ACCIDENTAL DEATH

Because of Deafness, Andrew J. Cooper, Failed to Heed Command to Halt While Entering Camp Ordway, Where He Was Employed, and Was Fatally Shot by Colored Guard.

ANDREW J. COOPER

Local 132, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, has lost, through the death of Andrew J. Cooper, one of its most faithful and sincere members. Mr. Cooper, who resided at 648 L street northeast, was shot and killed about 6:45 o'clock last Friday morning by a colored soldier on sentry duty at Camp Ordway, the machinists' training camp that is being erected on the Patterson tract, on Florida avenue northeast north of 4th and 5th streets. The shooting occurred, it is said by officers at the cantonment, because Mr. Cooper, who was very deaf, did not hear the call of the colored sentry to "halt."

The colored soldier who did the shooting, Private Jerry Ward, was immediately placed in the guardhouse, and when threats of violence were made against him by fellow employes of Mr. Cooper he was removed elsewhere in custody of the military authorities.

Carpenters Quit Work.

The news of the shooting spread like wildfire and more than 350 carpenters who were at work on the cantonment and other journeymen and laborers, making a total of about 750 men, packed up their tools and quit work.

The men gathered on the lot opposite the cantonment shortly after the shooting and several of their number addressed the men. It was decided that they would not return to work, partly as a mark of respect to their dead brother and partly for the reason that they wanted to hold a meeting in the rooms of the Brotherhood of Carpenters at Typographical Temple.

Was Ill Early in Week.

Mr. Cooper, who had been on the sick list earlier in the week, had returned to work on Thursday. Friday morning shortly after 6:30 o'clock he left his wife, children and grandchildren at the family home, on L street, and started to the camp. He reached there about 6:45 o'clock and had crossed the building line near the office of the P. F. Gormley Company, contractors, on his way to the entrance near Florida avenue and 5th street, when Private Ward, who was doing guard duty, called to him to halt.

Being almost totally deaf, Mr. Cooper, it is presumed, did not hear the guard's command, and the latter sent a forty-four-caliber bullet into the left side of his body. Mr. Cooper reeled and fell to the ground unconscious and almost lifeless, and, it is stated, E. J. Martin, general foreman on the work, was ordered away when he went to see if he could be of assistance and render first aid to the wounded man.

A passing motorist took the wounded man to Sibley Hospital, where he died soon after arrival.

When Foreman Martin realized the feeling among the workers at the camp he counseled them to leave the grounds for the time being. The men acted accordingly and it was at this time that they gathered on the lot opposite the scene of the shooting.

Was Former President.

Mr. Cooper was former president of Local 190 before the consolidation of the five locals of the U. B. into Local 132, in 1895. He was one of the charter members of the Brotherhood of Carpenters in Local 1, which was the first local union of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters chartered in the United States, so that he has been prominent in the union since 1881. He was one of the most highly esteemed members and was of a conservative disposition, and his loss will be mourned by a host of friends.

Funeral services were held under the auspices of the Confederate Veterans, of which Mr. Cooper was a member. Interment was made in Arlington National Cemetery.

CARPENTERS RAISE WAGES.

Port Arthur, Tex., October 18.—An arbitration board has raised wages of organized carpenters. Beginning the first of the month, rates will be $5.50 a day until the first of the year, when $6 will be paid.

Lake Charles, La., October 18.—A short strike of carpenters employed on the government camp construction here forced contractors to increase wages.

PEOPLE OBEYED AT LAST.

Detroit, Mich., October 18.—Eighteen months ago the voters of this city wrote into their city charter a minimum wage and eight-hour section. Contractors and other anti-unionists have succeeded in blocking the passage of a city ordinance that would make effective this declaration, but trade union agitation has triumphed and by an ordinance just adopted, to take effect immediately, no unskilled municipal employe shall hereafter receive less than $2.25 a day and skilled mechanics shall receive the highest prevailing wage in that particular grade of work. The eight-hour day is obligatory.

JOHN D.'S MINERS WIN STRIKE.

Sopris, Colo., October 18.—About 300 miners employed by the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company (Rockefeller's concern) won their strike and secured the reinstatement of a fellow worker who had been discharged. The victimized worker was an active member of the United Mine Workers' Union.

PAPER MAKERS STRIKE.

Orange, Tex., October 18.—Employes of the Yellow Pine Paper Mill Company suspended work to enforce a new wage scale and secure the reemployment of a victimized unionist.

A. F. of L. Head in Year 1895 Is Killed

John McBride Dies From Injuries Received When Struck by a Runaway Horse.

Globe, Ariz., October 18.—John McBride, president of the A. F. of L. in 1895 and former president of the United Mine Workers, died here of injuries received when he was struck by a runaway horse. Deceased was sixty-one years old and at the time of his death was acting as a federal Department of Labor mediator. He was an Ohio man and had served as state labor commissioner there, and in the Ohio legislature. He has resided in Arizona for the past several years.

Deceased was elected president of the A. F. of L. at its Denver convention in 1894, and was the only person who ever broke Samuel Gompers' successive elections as president of that organization.

FOOD SOARS IN ONE YEAR.

A pronounced reduction in the price of flour and potatoes resulted in a 4 per cent reduction in food prices from June 15 to July 15, reports the federal bureau of labor statistics, but in the year from July 15, 1916, to July 15, 1917, food prices as a whole have advanced 32 per cent. Onions was the only article which was lower. Flour made the greatest jump—91 per cent. Potatoes were 83 per cent higher in July, 1917, than in the same month of the previous year. Cornmeal was 81 per cent higher, and beans 67 per cent higher. Of the meats, pork advanced more than beef.

Comparing prices on July 15, 1914, just prior to the present war, with prices on July 15, 1917, food as a whole advanced 42 per cent. In July, 1917, flour was 125 per cent higher—that is, two and one-fourth times the price in July, 1914. Cornmeal was 89 per cent higher, lard was 78 per cent higher, sugar 75 per cent higher and potatoes and bread each 59 per cent higher.

GUARDS TERRORIZE STATE.

Charleston, W. Va., October 18.—Baldwin Feltz detectives are being "planted" throughout this state by mine operators as part of their anti-union campaign. These thugs are appointed by sheriffs under the special police deputy law, passed by the last legislature, despite protests by organized labor. Several persons have been killed by these guards, and recently sixty of them stopped unionists, headed by Mother Jones, from holding an open meeting near Beckley. Striking miners have been evicted and where they have not moved fast enough the roofs of their cabins have been torn off, leaving women and children exposed to the elements. This reign of terror is forcing miners to leave the state, while the operators cry "labor shortage."

DEDUCT WAGE OF DRAFTED.

Anderson, Ind., October 18.—At the convention of the Indiana State Federation of Labor officers were instructed to take up with the state council of defense the 10 per cent deduction of wages of drafted men by Terre Haute coal operators.

The men were ordered to report before pay day, and when they asked for wages due them 10 per cent was missing. The transaction reimbursed the operators for their Red Cross contributions.

BAKERS GAIN ANOTHER.

Cincinnati, October 18. — Bakers' Union No. 213 has signed a union shop agreement with the Voss Grocery Co. Wages are increased and working conditions improved.

Russian Workers Favor World Peace

Popularity of Kerensky Due to Fact He Was Defender of Poor and Oppressed.

J. D. Baum, a Russian citizen, carrying a credential from the Russian workmen's and soldiers' delegate council, has assured Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, that Russian workers do not favor a separate peace with Germany, which would make impossible their longings for a world peace. He also said there could be no free Russia unless there was land reform and that the officers of the old regime were land owners or sons of land owners.

He denied that the Germans captured Riga through the cowardice of the Russian army, which, he said, resisted the Germans for two weeks, when it retired before a superior force.

"Korniloff's recent uprising against Kerensky," he said, "was supported by monarchists, although I do not know if Korniloff is a monarchist.

"Kerensky is a comparatively young man, and able. He is a lawyer and much of his popularity is due to the fact that he was a ready defender of the poor and oppressed at Petrograd. It is a mistake to assume that the czar is a weakling. He is a strong willed man, and before the revolution some of his closest advisors urged him to concede reforms that the upheaval might be checked. The czar declined to yield even in the face of the growing tide of republicanism."

C. L. U. TO ELECT DELEGATE

Monday evening the Central Labor Union will elect a delegate to attend the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, which convenes November 12, at Buffalo, N. Y. All delegates are urgently requested to be present at this meeting to cast their vote for their favorite candidate.

WIN 18 YEARS' FIGHT.

Indianapolis, October 18.—Officers of the United Mine Workers announce that the miners of eastern Kentuncky and Tennessee have won their eighteen-year fight for collective bargaining. A strike was declared August 11 and 22,000 men suspended work.

The settlement includes the right to belong to the union, wage increases, checkweighmen and an arbitration board that will pass upon the question of shorter hours.

The victory is the most important the United Mine Workers ever secured south of the Ohio river.

THREE UNIONS BENEFIT.

Tacoma, Wash., October 18.—Joint action by 100 per cent organized laundry workers, laundry drivers and stationary engineers employed in laundries in this city resulted in a union shop agreement and wage increases. The old plan of hiring laundry workers for a few hours' work is replaced by a work week of not less than five and one-half days.

The engineers secure a fifty-four-hour week and a wage of $115 a month and the drivers will receive $21 a week and a percentage on business secured.

PLUMBERS RAISE WAGES.

Belleville, Ill., October 18.—After a one-day strike, the Plumbers and Steamfitters' Union established a flat rate of $6 a day. Former rates were $5 for plumbers and $5.50 for steamfitters.

Port Arthur, Tex., October 18.—Organized plumbers in this city and in Beaumont have secured a new agreement after a week's strike. Wages are raised from $6 to $7 a day, with double time for Sundays and holidays.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES DEPT. AMER. FED. OF LABOR TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 19, 1917.

MANY RECORDS BROKEN.

THE first session of the sixty-fifth Congress, which recently adjourned, swung the ship of state away from many ancient moorings and broke all economic, political and financial records for an American legislative body.

The theory of "running your own business" has been mangled beyond recognition and the good old standby, "confiscation," so successfully used in other days, is no longer heard, as the President is empowered to seize any industry for the prosecution of the war, railroads are directed how to handle their business and sailing vessels are ordered to keep out of waters infested with submarines. The food administration and conscription acts are included in the list of revolutionary legislative changes. The former law permits the President to fix prices.

The espionage and the trading-with-the-enemy acts gives the postmaster general sweeping censorship powers and is more drastic than the measure favored by the administration at the beginning of the war and which was defeated as the result of popular protest. The latter measure includes a provision that all news items, editorials and advertisements in foreign language publications must be submitted, in an English translation, to the postmaster at the office at which it is mailed.

The soldiers' and sailors' war insurance bill abandons the old pension theory and establishes fixed compensation rates for enlisted men and nurses along the lines of compensation for industrial workers. The government makes another unusual departure in this law by providing life insurance up to $10,000 for its enlisted men at a cost of $8 per $1,000.

Another piece of revolutionary legislation is the civil rights' bill, which passed the House and is now in the hands of the Senate judiciary committee for action when Congress convenes for its second session on the first Monday in December. Under this bill a party sueing for money must make affidavit that the defendant is not in the military service. If he is, the plaintiff cannot secure judgment unless the court makes a special order. Judgment by default is forbidden, landlords are prohibited from evicting families or dependents of soldiers and life insurance in fraternal societies cannot lapse because of military service. This legislation promises to be warmly contested, even though it is favored by the administration, and law books are being ransacked for constitutional arguments by opponents.

Reports from district draft boards in Pennsylvania show that acceptances of selected men average one in every five called for examination.

Postmaster General Burleson notifies the public that Christmas packages intended for the soldiers in France must be mailed not later than November 15.

Philadelphia teachers are demanding higher wages. One of their committees reports that $1 today has exactly the purchasing power of 40 cents two years ago.

It is said on good authority that the copper barons of Arizona own eleven of the twelve daily newspapers in that state and control the other, and all press reports going out of Arizona practically are dictated by the copper kings.

The Colorado state department of safety is advertising for bids to arm Colorado's newly-created cossack troop, which will be equipped equal to Gen. Pershing's soldiers in France. The list includes: Three hundred carbines and 60,000 cartridges, 300 scabbards, 600 revolvers and 120,000 smokeless powder cartridges, 300 holsters, 300 belts and 50 handcuffs.

To provide nourishment for the thousands of underfed school children in New York city, the association for improving the condition of the poor announces that it will establish a lunchroom service in the public schools. A trade unionist suggests that the association has the cart before the horse and that it should stand for a living wage that fathers could feed their children. But, of course, this would never do. The professional charity industry must be protected.

Remember that, on and after November 2, postage is paid at the rate of 3 cents an ounce or fraction thereof on letters and other first-class matter except drop letters. All drop letters, that is, letters mailed for delivery from the office at which posted, including those for delivery by city, rural or other carrier of such office, are required to have postage paid on them at the rate of 2 cents an ounce or fraction thereof. Postal cards are required to be prepaid 2 cents, and, therefore, the one-cent postal cards must have a one-cent postage stamp affixed to them in addition to one-cent stamp impressed on such cards. Post cards (private mailing cards) bearing written messages must have 2 cents postage prepaid on them."

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A Liberty Loan Bond may be likened to a share of preferred stock in this gigantic corporation. Like preferred stock in other corporations, it may not return, at times, so large a dividend as common stock, but the dividend from it is certain and sure. It is stock that pays 4 per cent dividend, and while in some years crop failures may decrease the farmer's dividend from his land to less than nothing and various causes may lessen or destroy dividends from all other sorts of property, the dividend from the Liberty Loan Bond is certain and sure, object to no failure.

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CITY TO SELL POTATOES.

Chicago, October 18.—The city council has appointed a board to which the city will loan $200,000 to sell potatoes. The city will be guaranteed the return of this money in nine months, plus 2½ per cent, which is guaranteed by fifty citizens. Potatoes can now be bought for 90 cents a bushel at primary points. The retail price ranges around $1.56. It is intended to sell the potatoes at 95 cents a bushel.

BERRES A CONCILIATOR.

Secretary-Treasurer Berres of the A. F. of L. metal trades department has been appointed one of three conciliators to go to the Pacific coast and endeavor to adjust labor disputes in shipyards at Seattle, Portland and San Francisco.

TRADE UNIONISM PAYS.

Tacoma, Wash., October 18.—Last year unorganized stationary engineers in this city worked fourteen hours a day. They have organized since that time and are now working eight hours a day and have increased wages.

SPENDING MONEY LIMITED.

New York, October 18.—Ten cents a week, or barely more than one cent a day, is all the average working girl has to spend in any necessity or comfort except that she pays for her room and board, car fare, lunches and clothing, according to Miss Mary E. Dreier, chairman of the industrial section of the New York women's suffrage party.

TRY TO REDUCE WAGES.

Lorain, Ohio, October 18.—Members of the Stove Mounters' Union employed by the National Stove Company, a branch of the American Stove Company, suspended work rather than accept a 5 per cent wage reduction. These workers now ask a 20 per cent increase on piece work and a day-work minimum of $3.50.

REASON FOR STRIKES.

Phoenix, Arix., October 18.—"The numerous strikes which are given publicity in the daily press," says the Arizona Labor Journal, "are the direct result of the high cost of living and not a concerted effort on the part of labor to take advantage of the government during the war, as charged by the enemies of unionism."

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Bijou Theater - - 9th and Pa. Ave.
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Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
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Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite - - 14th & R. I. Ave. N.W.
Empire - - - - 910 H St. N.E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D & E Sts. N.W.
Favorite - H St. bet. N. Cap. & 1st
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theater - - 423 9th St. N.W.
Gayety Theater - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Ghent - - - - - Norfolk, Va.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home - - C St. bet. 12th & 13th N.E.
Knickerbocker - - 18th & Col. Rd.
Leader - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty - - - N. Capitol & P Sts.
Loewe's Columbia - - F near 12th
Lyric - - - 14th St. near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N.W.
"M" Street Theater - M St. near 32d
Navy - - 8th St. bet. D & E S.E.
Odeon - - 14th & Church Sts. N.W.
Olympic - U St. bet. 14th & 15th N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Park View - - Ga. Ave. & Pk. Rd.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza - - - - 434 9th St. N.W.
Poli's Theater - - 15th & Pa. Ave.
Princess - - - - 1112 H St. N.E.
Raphael - - 9th St. bet. N & O N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd.
Savoy - - 14th & Columbia Rd.
Senate - - - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand - - - 9th & D Sts. N.W.
Stanton - - - 6th & C Sts. N.E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N.W.
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Mrs. Katie K. Bean, probational pressfeeder, 25c per hour.

Miss Lillie M. Hill, emergency monotype keyboard operator, 60c per hour.

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George E. Ford, Morris Hirschkoff, probational compositors, 50c per hour.

Elizabeth R. Scaggs, Anna S. Printz, Nellie B. Shamwell, Catherine E. Minor, De Forest Howard, Ruth B. Fisher, Agnes B. Caton, Jennie E. Saunders, Geraldine L. Stevenson, Irene O. Robinson, Amanda P. Forrest, Ruby C. Finley, Mary J. Tolliver, Mary H. Baylor, Elvera L. Giovanetti, probational skilled laborers, 25c per hour.

Charles Satterfield, Frank E. Hyman, George W. Freas, John O. Nelson, John W. Mattingly, Edward Pulliam, skilled laborers, 25c per hour.

Montford L. Ellis, Francis O. McKenna, Israel M. Millmeister, John J. Couryn, jr., probational pressmen, 55c per hour.

SEPARATIONS.

Belle B. Bright, Josephine Doxey, emergency pressfeeders.

Vivian P. Luber, temporary skilled laborer.

Irl R. Morgan, probational linotype operator, enlisted in U. S. Army.

John N. Wright, probational pressman, resigned.

Evan J. Fuge, monotype keyboard operator, resigned.

James D. Mahoney, William P. Irving, helpers, resigned.

Raymond C. Siegmund, Henry C. Espey, bookbinders, resigned.

Caddis J. Keblinger, Annie G. Diers, clerks, resigned.

TRANSFERS, ETC.

Samuel A. Coleman, clerk, $1,000 to $1,200 per annum.

David Altman, clerk, $1,100 to $1,200 per annum.

William W. Cook, temporary to probational bookbinder, 50c per hour.

Charles H. Gardner, copy editor, 60c, to estimator, $6.40 pd.

William H. O'Meara, compositor, 50c, to proofreader, 60c.

William Holt, Harry L. Fordham, bookbinders, 50c, to machine operators, 55c.

Ralph F. Seifert, Charles P. Merkle, Edgar Holzer, temporary to probational compositors, 50c.

LOOK THEM OVER.

Readers of The Trades Unionist have observed in our columns new advertisements. These firms are well established and reliable, and, like our many other advertisers, deserve your patronage. They are fair to organized labor and show their friendly attitude by advertising in this paper—the official spokesman of organized labor in the city of Washington.

Patronize our advertisers and show these merchants that you are a stanch trade unionist.

Among our new advertisers are: Albert Kahlert & Co., improved steam cleaners of carpets, rugs, etc.; M. A. Louis & Sons, old-fashioned herb remedies; Rose Bros. Co., slag roofing and repairing; D. Rosenthal, the 9th street clothing store; V. L. Speare Co., F street undertakers (Harry A. Slye, manager); Central Coliseum, dancing; Quality Optical Co.; Swartzell, Rheem & Co., loans; Grosner's, wearing apparel for men; J. E. Hoggle, cigars and tobacco; Ironclad Roofing Co., roof work; Pilocura Co., pile cure; Lyceum Theatre, burlesque; Walford's, sporting goods.

MILL ACCIDENTS INCREASE.

Olympia, Wash., October 18.—Organized lumber workers in this state are striking for an eight-hour day and mill owners are attempting to operate with strikebreakers. This has resulted in increasing accidents. The daily average reported to the industrial insurance commission during August was seventy-five and the average for ten days in September was eighty-eight.

MINERS RAISE WAGES

A two-weeks' wage deadlock between anthracite coal miners and operators in the central competitive field was broken when the miners were increased 10 cents a ton for pick work, $1.40 a day for unskilled labor and a 15 per cent increase for yardage and dead work. The miners' original demands were for 15 cents, $1.90 a day and 20 per cent respectively.

As wages in this field—western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois—are taken by the coal trade as a national standard, it is quite probable that all soft coal miners throughout the country will receive similar increases.

The miners have a contract with the central field operators, but the workers insisted that when this agreement was signed present living costs were not anticipated. The miners' clinching argument, however, was their proof that workers are leaving this industry for war munitions work and other activities because of higher wages. The operators agreed with the miners in the latters' presentation of facts.

SOLDIERS' BOARD $800,000.

Philadelphia, October 18.—"War has made Uncle Sam the biggest buyer of food in this country and the board bill for his soldiers will be $800,000 a day," said Charles L. Pack, president of the national emergency food garden commission.

"We are to have 2,000,000 men under arms shortly, according to the best reports. At 40 cents a day it will be seen what that means. True, these men ate before becoming soldiers, and they doubtless ate more than 40 cents worth daily, which Uncle Sam figures is the cost per man. But you must remember that these men have suddenly become non-producers and they must be fed.

"I am told that the reserve stock of foodstuffs at each camp is $125,000, and there are thirty-three camps in the country today. That means that food valued at $4,125,000 is taken out of the regular channels of trade."

FORM TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

Sacramento, Cal., October 18.—California trade unionists, farmers, and co-operators have perfected machinery for joint action in urging remedial legislation before the state assembly. This alliance was formed at the annual convention of the state federation of labor, which was addressed by representatives of the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union and the Pacific Co-operative League. On motion of Secretary-Treasurer Scharrenberg the convention appointed a committee to meet with the farmers and co-operators. Then the triple alliance was launched. Each organization will appoint three representatives, who, together with the presidents and secretaries of each body shall form a permanent committee of fifteen.

ORGANIZER ACTS AS ARBITER.

New Orleans, October 18.—Organizing a union which conducted a successful strike and then being selected as neutral member of an arbitration board is the unique experience of A. F. of L. Organizer James Leonard.

The workers are employed in a syrup factory, at Marero. After they were organized by Leonard they suspended work to enforce better conditions, and in a few days secured a complete victory, including recognition of their union. On the wage question it was agreed that the union's representative and the superintendent adjust rates to the standard prevailing in similar plants in that locality.

In case of a disagreement between these two it was agreed that the man who organized the union should make the final award.

$2 A MONTH INCREASE.

Richmond, Va., October 18.—Members of Teamsters' Union No. 508 employed by the Richmond dairy, have secured wage increases of $2 a month.

St. Paul, Minn., October 18.—The Milk Wagon Drivers' Union has won its first contest with employers. Wages are increased.

CAR MEN WANT MORE.

Boston, October 18.—The Street Car Men's Union has asked the Boston Elevated Railway Company for a conference to discuss wage increases because of the high cost of living. The union has an agreement which does not expire untill May 1, 1918.

WAITERS WINNING.

Little Rock, Ark., October 18.—Organized cooks and waiters have secured union shop agreements with forty restaurants, and are waging a vigorous capmaign against the ten concerns composing the Restaurant Owners' Association.

"NOTHING TO ARBITRATE."

St. Paul, Minn., October 18.—The governor of this state failed to induce the Twin City Rapid Transit Company to accept arbitration in the case of fifty-seven discharged employes. The employes' new union answered this arrogance with a strike order that tied up the system.

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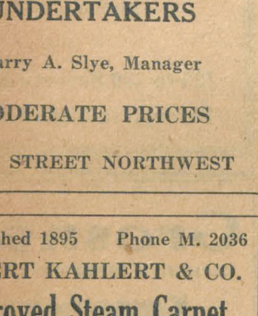

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Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Sam De Nedrey and Mary Ganzhorn.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 747 Varnum St. N.W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 43: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G St. N.W.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 528: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Washington Hall, 3d and Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Harry A. Disney, 536 10th St. S.E.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 787 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 706 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

City Firemen's Union, No. 15665: Meets second Sunday of each month, hall, 1101 E St. N.W., 7:30 p.m. Sec., Wm. A. Smith, No. 2 Chemical Engine Co., Pa. Ave., S.E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pa. Ave. N.W. Secretary, David P. McCracken, 473 E St. S.W.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 17: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th St. N.E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N.E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 92 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. .Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N.W. Secretary, E. J. Tracy, 18 Girard St. N.E.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. L. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Preabyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary Treasurer, Jas. H. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

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Local Man Named By Retail Clerks

C. C. Coulter Selected by International Association as Delegate to the A. F. of L. Convention.

C. C. COULTER

Mr. Coulter, who is second vice-president of the Retail Clerks' International Association, will this year serve as delegate to the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor at Buffalo, next month. The constitution and by-laws of this organization states that vice-presidents shall, in turn, attend the A. F. of L. convention as delegate, and this year the honor falls upon Mr. Coulter.

Since 1901 Mr. Coulter has been an active member of Local 262, Retail Clerks, during which time he has filled very satisfactorily the offices of president and vice president. In 1916, upon resigning the presidency, he was elected business agent.

Mr. Coulter's activity has brought the membership of the local from a small number to its present splendid membership of more than 500 and he has succeeded in securing many advances for its members. Much credit for the 6 o'clock Saturday closing, which agreement has been signed by many merchants, should be given to him. His selection as delegate is a well merited recognition of his services.

COURT WOULD STOP STRIKE.

Atlanta, Ga., October 18.—Next month the state supreme court will hear arguments for the dissolution of a permanent injunction issued by the superior court of Decatur county, this state, against officers of the four railroad brotherhoods who have been debarred from talking or assisting in any way employes of the Georgia, Florida and Alabama railroad, who attempted, last summer, to secure the reinstatement of a discharged engineer and to revise schedules in conformity with the Adamson eight-hour law.

The dispute is now in the hands of the federal board of mediation, which was first rejected by the company. When the workers arranged for a strike vote they were enjoined from taking such action, but the court agreed that the men could quit as individuals. The workers acted accordingly.

When the court realized it was defeated in its effort to stop the strike, the men were enjoined from speaking to the present employes, former employes or with each other, and officers of the four brotherhoods were ordered not to render any financial assistance to the strikers. To make sure that the officers obeyed this order the court notified them to appear before him and present all checks and written evidence of moneys paid, with copies of all letters, telegrams and communications.

$5 A DAY IS NOT HIGH WAGE.

Los Angeles, Cal., October 18.—Organized carpenters and employers have accepted a wage agreement presented by mediators, who favor $5 a day for eight hours, overtime at the rate of time and one-half and double time for Sundays, Fourth of July, Labor Day and Christmas.

A $5 a day rate for building craftsmen is not excessive, according to the mediators.

443 KILLED IN TWO YEARS.

Butte, Mont., October 18.—The state industrial accident board reports that during the last two years there were 443 fatal accidents in Montana, 13 were totally disabled and 273 partially disabled. The grand total of all sorts of accidents on this industrial battlefield is 15,127.

EMPLOYERS WOULD CONFUSE.

Kansas City, Mo., October 18.—The Business Men's Association is "educating the public" with advertisements in the daily press lauding non-unionism, which it labels the "open shop." Trade unionists reply that the recent street car strike was started by unorganized workers, who afterward joined the trade union movement. The same is true at the packing plants, where men and women struck against poor working conditions and then joined the trade union movement. Laundry workers were unorganized when they suspended work, as were freight clerks and freight house employes. The same is true at the soap factories of Peet Bros. and Proctor & Gamble and at the bakery plant of the Loose-Wiles company. In each of these cases strikes were caused by low wages. Now the Business Men's Association blames unionism instead of acting like sensible folk and removing the cause of their trouble.

FAVOR U. S. PRINT PAPER.

A report recommending government operation of the print paper and pulp industries during the war, and arraigning the defiant attitude of print paper manufacturers, has been filed by the Senate printing committee.

The report says that the federal trade commission's findings "show beyond any question that the print paper industry, in its greed for excessive profits, has imposed a most unjust burden on the American press, which faces a serious disaster if relief cannot speedily be had from the oppressive prices now exacted."

TO DISTRIBUTE LABOR.

Congress voted $250,000 to enable Secretary of Labor Wilson to furnish such information and to render such assistance in the employment of wage earners as is found necessary in the prosecution of the war. This legislation was strongly supported by the American Federation of Labor.

CIGARMAKERS GAIN.

Sioux City, Iowa, October 18.—The Cigarmakers' Union has raised wages $1 a thousand for the common grade of cigars.

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Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, Etc., Required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912,

Of The Trades Unionist published weekly at Washington, D. C., for October 1, 1917.

City of Washington, District of Columbia, ss.

Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared John B. Colpoys, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the owner of The Trades Unionist, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations.

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor and business managers are: Publisher, editor, managing editor and business manager, John B. Colpoys, 604 5th St. N. W.

2. That the owners are: John B. Colpoys, 604 5th St. N. W.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgages and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages or other securities are: None.

(Signed.) JOHN B. COLPOYS,

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 15th day of October, 1917.

(Seal.) (Signed) J. EDWIN GILES,

(My commission expires Jan. 26, 1922.)

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The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 19 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1917 — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Lower-Priced Food Put Up to Retailer

Now the retailer is "it," in the game of Who's To Blame for the H. C. of L.?

Herbert Hoover calls attention to the moderate though general decline in the wholesale prices of foodstuffs, and shows that the retailer is not giving the consumer the benefit of these reductions.

In a public statement the federal food administrator says the law gives the food administrator no authority over the grower or producer at one end of the chain, nor over the retailer at the other, but only over the warehouseman, manufacturer, wholesaler and commission man. These agencies are co-operating finely and the reduction of prices will continue, but it is indicated the retailers have not yet made corresponding price reductions.

For example, it is stated that the average price of first patent flour in 796 cities October 13 was $1.50 to $2 a barrel higher than warranted by the price being made by the millers.

Growers of beans, who have a supply double that of last year, are said to be holding their product at from 13½ to 15 cents a pound, as against an average price of 8 cents last year.

Beef has shown a small wholesale reduction, the price at the packers' doors being 1½ cents a pound less than it was last July, but the average retail price of round steak, cited as on example, in 796 cities has increased 4 cents in that time, making it 5½ cents more than the consumer should pay for it. Cheaper feed for live stock, says the statement, should make meat prices substantially lower before the end of winter.

Referring to sugar, the statement says "the temporary shortage in northeastern states gives no warrant for advances by retailers to more than 9 cents per pound," and adds that only the concerted co-operation of the beet sugar manufacturers and refiners has kept the price under 15 cents a pound.

INSURANCE LAW IN EFFECT.

The soldiers' and sailors' compensation insurance law has been in effect since October 6, 1917. The regulations governing the operation of this law were published immediately subsequent to its passage, and it is specially prescribed that all American soldiers, sailors and marines, although they have made no application, will come within the operation of the law automatically until February 12, 1918. All those in the military and naval service who perished with the lost American transport Antilles, destroyed by a submarine October 17, come within the scope of the new insurance law, and their heirs are automatically entitled to $6,000 each. This sum will be paid the families of the dead soldiers and sailors in monthly installments of $25 each over a period of twenty years. It is in addition to compensation which will be paid to widows, children, and dependent mothers of men. A widow, for example, will be paid $25 insurance and $25 compensation, a total of $50. While the $25 insurance is a fixed maximum in cases where no application for insurance was made, the additional compensation varies from $25 for a motherless child to a maximum of $75 for all dependents.

CAN'T INTERFERE IN DRAFT.

Philadelphia, November 1.—Federal Judge Dickinson has ruled that the military authorities are supreme in the determination of eligibles for the national army and that the federal courts cannot interfere.

The decision effectually blocks attempts of many drafted aliens in this vicinity to obtain writs of habeas corpus for their immediate release from the army.

Arizona Metal Workers Organize on Hill Side

Denied a hall by Arizona copper operators, 5,000 Mexican metal miners met at night on the side of a hill and pledged allegiance to the American Federation of Labor, is the stirring message from Clifton, Arizona, John Murray sends President Gompers.

Murray is secretary of the Pan-American federation of labor conference committee, which is uniting the workers of Central and South America with the workers of the North American continent. By a practically unanimous vote, he says, the 5,000 miners, who are on strike at Clifton, Morenci and Metcalf, favored affiliation with the Mill, Mine and Smelter Workers' International Union.

"I may say," continues Murray, "that the existence of the conference committee, with its spirit of practical international fraternity, was a large factor in bringing these 5,000 Mexican miners into direct and correct affiliation with the American Federation of Labor. The necessity for conforming to the principles and rules of the labor movement of the country in which the workers reside, irrespective of nationality, was a theme dwelt upon by the Mexican speakers at these three most impressive assemblages. The debates were lengthy at all three meetings—the Metcalf meeting commenced at 5 and ended at 8 o'clock at night, when the final show of hands was taken by flash light, as we were on an open hill side, the companies refusing to rent ground for a hall. But the result of the vote was all the more gratifying, showing that this united action was taken with every man's eyes wide open and proving that the Mexican miners see the failure of I. W. W. tactics and organization.

"It is the belief of Mexican labor leaders here that this action will open the way for the organization of the entire 14,000 Mexican miners in Arizona in their international. Like action should follow in New Mexico.

"It should be remembered that these three unions offered to go back to work pending the arrival and decision of the President's commission, but the copper companies refused to employ the men unless they could enforce the blacklist. The men stayed out, and the mines are closed down at the present writing."

DENIES LABOR SHORTAGE.

Newark, N. J., November 1.—"There is no labor shortage in this city," declares Henry H. Hilfers, secretary of the Essex trades council.

"I know of a fuse factory in our midst," he says, "where from 200 to 300 men are in line daily applying for work. The cry that they cannot replace labor may be true, but it is the price they want to pay for it prevents men from accepting employment. Perhaps they cannot get labor in the chemical plant down on Canary Islands where blackbirds are turned into yellow birds and where a man risks his life for from 28 to 30 cents an hour. Railroads are working men ten hours a day for $2. In the big plants down on the meadows common laborers are receiving 25 cents an hour. It's pretty tough to be a patriot on wages of $2 a day with bacon 50 cents a pound."

WOMEN TO SELL TICKETS.

It is reported in railway circles that the Union Pacific Railway at Omaha will soon be employing women ticket-sellers inth e city and depot offices of the company. It is said that a class has been started to train women for these positions heretofore filled by men. The company apparently is anticipating that the war's requirements will draft heavily on its male employes. Other training schools for this class of work are under consideration.

Support 8-Hour Day For Steel Workers

Philadelphia, November 1.—The eight-hour day for steel workers is supported by the Public Ledger, in a leading editorial this paper says scientific knowledge over-rules those employers who declare that an eight-hour day is impossible in this industry, and quotes Professor Frederick S. Lee, in Science, issue of November 26, 1916:

"Augmentation of output occurs, not only with a reduction to ten, but even to eight hours. Instances of this are numerous. Thus, the very careful study by Professor Abbe, the effects of reducing the working day in the Zeiss optical works, in Jena, from nine to eight hours, shows an average increase of about 3 per cent in the daily output of the employes. A certain steel works in England reports that each of its machines turns out in eight hours the same amount of work formerly produced in nine hours. In the steel sheet and tin plate trades of South Wales it is stated that after the change from the twelve to the eight-hour day the increase of output in the rolling mills amounted to 20 per cent, and in the open hearth melting process to 12½ per cent. In the year following the introduction of the eight-hour day into some of the coal mines of South Yorkshire it was reported that the production was 'greatly in excess of what was ever produced by an equal number of men when the men worked twelve or thirteen hours.'"

The Public Ledger is aware that labor will not rest until it secures the shorter work day. It says:

Since the middle of the nineteenth century the workers have been demanding it. The numerous strikes in the major industries might be easily composed if this cardinal demand were met. It is far better that the steel companies accept the principles of it, and that they aid the government in every possible way to bring about an orderly readjustment of their schedules to conform with eight-hour requirements. There will be annoyance and confusion. That must be put up with. Dissatisfied labor is capable of infinitely more mischief than such a reformation of workday schedules, and once effected, the reformation will not, as a whole, restrict output.

MILL OWNERS DEFY U. S.

Los Angeles, Cal., November 1.—The Southern California Mill Owners' Association has notified the government, through mediators connected with the federal department of labor, that it will, in effect, handle its own affairs and that the mediators are "buttin' in" in a strike caused by higher wage demands.

In reply the mediators—Harris Weinstock and Charles T. Connell—forwarded a sizzling letter to these employers, whose executive committee, the mediators say, takes this position:

"That the government has no business to butt into your private affairs through unsolicited mediation.

"That you as employers propose to increase wages only whenever the conditions, in your judgment, warrant such increase.

"That under no circumstances, either now or hereafter, will you operate on an eight-hour day unless the whole country adopts an eight-hour basis."

Then the mediators say:

"If the government has the power in these days of war, as a matter of national preservation, to fix prices for your wares and mine; if it can commandeer your plants and mine; if it can put a musket into the hands of your sons and mine, if such sons are physically fit, it certainly, in the interest of national preservation, has a right to butt into your private affairs and mine, through the medium of mediation, when such mediation is in the interest of industrial peace."

Social Insurance Not Compensation

Cincinnati, November 1.—The claim that there is no difference in the theories of workmen's compensation and compulsory state social insurance is denied by John P. Frey, editor of the International Molders' Journal.

"There is no analogy whatever," he writes, "between the compulsion of a workman's compensation act, which is an overhead charge on an industry, and the workers' compulsory membership in a state sick insurance society, for the one is a charge transferred to the worker's product, and the other is a mandatory command by the state to those whom the state resignates as wage earners.

"A wave favoring compulsory legislation for this and that condition, which some one expects will benefit the people, is spreading over the country.

"An increasing number of Americans, seemingly unacquainted with the fundamental principles of democracy in human rights and liberties, upon which our institutions are founded, are demanding compulsory this, and compulsory that, for all of the social and industrial ills, imaginary and otherwise.

"With more democracy and more freedom of action on the part of those who are exploited under the present industrial system, there would be less opportunity for the social doctors who desire to have the government force their cure-all upon the wage earners.

"There are quite a few well-meaning individuals, some of them occupying prominent executive positions in the industries, who believe that wage earners should be happy and who fro mthe profound reservoirs of their knowledge of happiness, determine just what kind of pleasure and happiness will do the workers the most good, after which they proceed to force their kind of happiness upon the worker, whether he wants it or not."

UNIONS' DEMAND UPHELD.

Seattle, November 1.—At a hearing before the special commission appointed by the United States shipping board to adjust differences between shipyard workers and their employers, David Rodgers, superintendent of the Skinner and Eddy yards, denied that this plant has been responsible for "pirating," that is, of attracting mechanics away from competing plants by offering more money. Other employers assured the commission that the Skinner and Eddy yard was kidnapping their lower wage employes. Rodgers' denial appeared only half-hearted and he evidently relished the fact that his company has maintained its labor machinery intact, thereby setting a world's record pace in shipbuilding. He openly expressed contempt for the methods of non-union employers who style themselves "open shoppers" and announced his friendship for trade unions. He said that the wage scale demanded and now paid at his yard under the new agreement, increases the cost of the ship only $7 a ton and that the new scale which was even less than some of his mechanics received had not embarrassed him in turning out ships at a profit.

The workers produced statistics to prove that living costs have been increased approximately 50 per cent during the past three years. State Labor Commissioner Younger testified that living cost had advanced 33½ per cent at April 15 last, with further increases since that time. Two merchants testified that clothing has advanced 50 per cent during the past three years, with further increases sure to come this winter. Other merchants contributed similar testimony and all agreed that while the prices have advanced the quality of goods has decreased.

Central Labor Union Takes Drastic Action Against Fake Advertising

As this is the season of the year when fake advertising schemes of every imaginable description are brought into play as a means of making "easy money," it is necessary that prospective advertisers be on their guard.

By unanimous vote, the Washington Central Labor Union has placed itself on record as condemning fraudulent advertising schemes masquerading in the name of "Labor." This body, representing the Union Labor Movement of this city, has, without a dissenting vote, adopted the following resolutions:

Whereas, Several clever agents and solicitors have in the past and are at present imposing upon the merchants and business men of Washington by securing advertising through misrepresentation of all kinds of programs, pamphlets "Union Labor Directories" in the name of Labor; and,

Whereas, This nefarious practice is very much in evidence at all seasons of the year; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Washington Central Labor Union, in regular session assembled, that the Trades Unionist is the only authorized publication entitled to the favorable consideration of the Washington merchants.

"Labor Scarce Only Where 1914 Living Standards Prevail"

"There is no labor shortage in this territory except for those employers who insist on standards of the year 1914," writes A. W. Jones, director of the Portland (Oregon) public employment bureau, to J. W. Sullivan, assistant to Samuel Gompers, of the advisory commission, Council of National Defense.

The letter bristles with denials of the claims by cheap-labor advocates, who are charged with attempting to lower working standards and destroy the American labor movement. Director Jones says:

"For the past several years, up to the year 1917, employers of labor in this territory have simply had to say, we want a given number of men at a certain price and under certain conditions, and their order could have been readily filled. This condition was brought about by the scarcity of work and the dread of unemployment, and its attendant train of evils, and not at all due to the fact that there was any very great amount of available labor, more than at the present time.

"We have at this time, and, in fact, during all of this present year, as many men applying for employment as in any of the years since 1914, but we do notice this change in condition of men: They use a great deal more discrimination in the selection of the job. Owing to the fact that work is more plentiful, men will not sign up for employment unless the wage and other conditions are reasonably satisfactory, but will wait until something better offers.

"During the early part of the present year, certain associations in this territory, having in mind the possibility of an upward trend of wages, raised the hue and cry of labor shortage with the object of attracting workers from other districts to this territory.

"My experience has taught me that the average large employer of labor figures that in order that wages may be maintained to the point of his satisfaction, that there should be two workers for every job. This condition is to him, ideal, as the 50 per cent unemployed can be used to keep down the wages of the 50 per cent who are in employment, and can be made to bid against their more fortunate brother for the right to work and live. Whenever the percentage of unemployed, for any reason, becomes less than 50 per cent and the worker refuses to bid against his fellow in already underpaid positions, the employer cries 'labor shortage,' as he is not accustomed to a condition where men may dare to refuse work at whatever price may be offered them.

"We can positively state that at no time this year have we been unable to fill any position offered where the wages and working conditions were at all reasonable. We, however, had considerable difficulty in filling positions at the 1914 wage scale in view of the cost of 1917 living conditions.

"To our mind there has been shown absolutely no reason why the ten-hour work day law, protecting women, should be set aside. On the contrary, we think that better service might be given were this reduced to eight hours.

"We have seen no reason why the age limit protecting children should be reduced.

"We have seen no time, regardless of the tremendous activity in shipbuilding on this coast, where plenty of mechanics could not be secured. As an illustration, we will call your attention to the fact that no particular difficulty was experienced in securing several thousand mechanics for temporary employment in the erection of the army cantonment at American Lake during the very height of the shipbuilding season. Hence, we fail to see the necessity of the dilution of skilled labor by unskilled.

"Summing up, I agree with you fully that there is no labor shortage. There is, however, a shortage of men willing to work under unjust, un-American, and improper conditions and for wages less than will produce and maintain a decent standard of living.

"I agree with you, that this movement to create the idea that a shortage of labor exists is a movement on the part of those who would destroy the American labor movement, from the A. F. of L. down, and would welcome a return of the old conditions from which these bulwarks of modern democracy have served to rescue us."

SUBWAY EMPLOYS WOMEN.

Brooklyn, N. Y., November 1.—Women are being employed as subway guards on the under surface transportation system in this city. These guards have duties similar to conductors on street cars, except they do not handle tickets, which are deposited before the passenger enters the car. Women are also being employed as cashiers and ticket sellers on the underground systems, in this city and New York, which oppose trade unionism and pay notoriously low wages for long hours.

UPHOLSTERERS GAIN.

Tacoma, Wash., Upholsterers employed by two large concerns in this city have raised wages as the result of a strike.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF TRADES AND LABOR COUNCILS WASHINGTON D.C. 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOVEMBER 2, 1917.

Problems Confronting Iabor

One of the great objects of organized labor is to abolish poverty. But the great leaders of the movement, as well as the member who takes a less active part, do not spend their time dreaming of a millenium in which all wrongs shall be righted and all ills cured.

Like the great majority of reform movements, the thoughtful men connected with the organization are opportunists, although many of them would hesitate to acknowledge what they know in their inmost soul is the truth.

They are convinced that the workingman is not receiving his just share of the common profit, but they are not prepared to state just what that share shall be. They do insist, however, that we have not yet reached the point in our industrial life when the workingman should be satisfied with his wages. Is it fair to ask labor to specify any given amount with which it promises to be satisfied for all time? Money has a different value in different sections of this country and at different periods of time. Also consideration should be given to the fact that the development of our industrial life may be such as to completely alter the relative value of the services of both employer and employe. The introduction of labor-saving machinery, for example, may revolutionize the principle industries of the country.

Every thoughtful man, especially those interested in the problem, that now confront organized labor, cannot help but admit that the workingman is entitled to a fair share in the products of all improvements. Not ready to commit himself to any contract which will prevent him from securing future, and what will be conceded, perfectly legitimate advances in his wages, he will only ask for what rightfully belongs to him. The increase in wages and the shortening of hours of labor—the two principle points of contention between capital and labor—must be worked out upon an evolutionary basis, such changes being worked out from time to time as conditions warrant.

Every Union Should Prepare

There is every indication that organized labor all over this country is going ahead more rapidly than at any time in its history. As a matter of fact, leading labor men, in a position to know, assert that it is making more progress every month than it formerly made in twelve, and this quick action is sure to bring in its wake new problems for solution, questions that will require the active application of the best brains in the movement, the exercise of great force, thought and sound judgment on the part of the rank and file. The union that is building its structure accordingly is a wise union, and the one that is ignoring the possibilities of the future will be sorry for it. There will doubtless be employers who will be anxious to re-establish old conditions when the opportunity presents itself in the future. Prepare for that time, for it is bound to come. Be in a position, both numerically and financially, to convince such men that a backward step can mean nothing else but a costly struggle.

President Wilson On Iabor

If there is not a right on the part of the workingman to organize, then there ought not to be a right on the part of capital to organize. It is the organization that makes capital strong, and it is not fair, from the legal point of view or any other point of view, to prevent the rest of the men dealing with capital from getting strength with organization that only organization brings.

I am for the laboring man. Justice must be done him or there can be no justice in this country. We must all be partners in the game of government and no one man must be allowed to play the part of a hog.

The attitude of government toward labor lies at the heart of almost everything that concerns us as a nation. A nation may be said to consist of those who do its daily labor, and America has always boasted that she was the home of free labor, that all were welcome to come to her shores and partake of her unbounded opportunities.

Labor should not only have a voice in the administration of war, but should have control of the industrial end of it. Not only should no previously gained concessions be surrendered by the workers because of war, but everything requisite to the betterment of labor conditions should be as energetically pushed forward then as at any other time. Greedy, unpatriotic employers should not be permitted to abrogate present industrial standards under the false plea of war emergency.

Don't think of avenging the wrongs you are suffering. The thing to do is to stop others from doing wrong. Take away from them the means of doing wrong, and put yourself in a position where you cannot be wronged.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS

By CYCLE.

Dry town—Oh, so dry!

* * *

As a rule, about all there is in the extra papers is the extra price.

* * *

Under the present management, stock in the Washington Electric Railway is largely laughing stock.

* * *

A Maryland woman has just learned of the war in Europe. Pity to disturb her.

* * *

When capital wants something it reaches for it, while labor modestly asks for it.

* * *

It is gratifying to note that the birth rate in Washington for 1917 exceeds the death rate, notwithstanding increased casualties by automobiles.

* * *

Government Printing Office employes are not the least boastful, but when it comes to deeds of charity and a test of patriotism the records are minus of slackers.

* * *

$559,600.

The amount subscribed for Liberty Bonds by Government Printing Office employees.

* * *

Billy Sunday's prayer (by associate press) for Divine guidance in the world's present crisis was not what could be called real good Sunday reading. His mad rush out and over the trenches was most hasty and complete; but—

* * *

A meteor of several tons' weight recently embedded itself on a Texas farm. A bunch of these little pebbles scattered at frequent intervals along the German lines of battle would do an immense amount of good. One dropped on the head of the Kaiser might serve to puncture his inflated vanity.

* * *

The Kaiser refused to "sign up" at The Hague conference, which proposed terms of universal peace, and now another Haig appears on the scene. What a H—— of a time the Kaiser is having.

* * *

At last the facts are beginning to soak through that this country is now engaged in a war which calls for greater sacrifice than ever before experienced, and the end no man can foretell.

SLIGHTLY DISFIGURED.

but still in the ring.

* * *

The vociferous suffragettes are doing their bit toward making it generally known that Occoquan is a place where lawbreakers of the District of Columbia are given a season for reflection, with meals and lodging for the earning, and a reasonable rebate in sentence for good behavior while guests of the institution.

* * *

The public has been made aware of the fact that Colonel Roosevelt lost the sight of one eye while he was President, and that the accident was the result of an unfavorable blow from a boxing companion. This bit of news may serve to allay much of the ill feeling among political opponents, who have all along insisted that the motives of the Colonel were selfish or ulterior rather than short-sighted.

* * *

A LUMP OF COAL.

"Picked up" October 30. Owner may have same by calling at Apartment "Somewhere," 1313 N. W.

* * *

Some of the legislation enacted by Congress, just preceding our entrance upon the present world war, was in line with preparedness most needed in the present grave crisis, notably that creating Federal Reserve banks and the board of conciliation, which latter gives extended powers to the Department of Labor in the consideration and settlement of labor troubles. The mantle of the early fathers, in their clear vision and wisdom to meet every great emergency, seems to have fallen upon those chosen for the unfinished work which leads on to world reformation and a glorious destiny.

A DISTINCT LOSS.

In the death and burial during the past week of Mr. James Lansburgh, presfident and one of the founders of the well-known firm of Lansburgh & Bro., the District has lost one of its most valued residents. The phenominal growth of this firm, being the oldest dry goods store in the city, can be largely attributed to the work of the deacesed, who always insisted that nothing be misrepresented to the customer by any of his salespeople, and that if the goods purchased were not satisfactory, that the money would be refunded. Through this honest dealing with the public has brought this house the large patronage amongst the trades unionist which it so deservingly has.

The Trades Unionist extends its heartfelt sympathy in the loss of Mr. Lansburgh.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

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Apollo - - H St. bet. 6th & 7th, N.E.
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Avenue Grand - Pa. Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater - 15th & Madison Pl.
Bijou Theater - - 9th and Pa. Ave.
Carolina - - 11th & N. Car. Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - F St. near 7th N.W.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N.W.
Crandall's Joy - - 9th & E Sts. N.W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N.E.
Dumbarton - - 32d & O Sts. N.W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite - - 14th & R. I. Ave. N.W.
Empire - - - - 910 H St. N.E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D & E Sts. N.W.
Favorite - H St. bet. N. Cap. & 1st
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theater - - 423 9th St. N.W.
Gayety Theater - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Ghent - - - - - Norfolk, Va.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home - - C St. bet. 12th & 13th N.E.
Knickerbocker - - 18th & Col. Rd.
Leader - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty - - - N. Capitol & P Sts.
Loewe's Columbia - - F near 12th
Lyric - - - 14th St. near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N.W.
"M" Street Theater - M St. near 32d
Navy - - 8th St. bet. D & E S.E.
Olympic - U St. bet. 14th & 15th N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Park View - - Ga. Ave. & Pk. Rd.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza - - - - 434 9th St. N.W.
Poli's Theater - - 15th & Pa. Ave.
Princess - - - - 1112 H St. N.E.
Raphael - - 9th St. bet. N & O N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd.
Savoy - - 14th & Columbia Rd.
Senate - - - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand - - - 9th & D Sts. N.W.
Stanton - - - 6th & C Sts. N.E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N.W.
Victoria - - - 7th & E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

REZIN ORR PASSES AWAY.

Detroit, Mich., November 1.—Rezin Orr, the beloved and respected treasurer of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, died this week in a local hospital. He was taken sick at the recent Providence (R. I.) convention of the association. His report at that time closed the active life of a remarkable trade unionist, whose incessant activities, sterling qualities, giant stature and sunny disposition are known wherever organized workers are assembled. He was the oldest associate of President Mahon on the official staff of the Amalgamated association. Starting from the time these officials drove horse cars in Ohio and Indiana, Hezin Orr has been a factor in developing the present magnificent organization of street railway employes that now extends throughout this country and Canada.

MILK DRIVERS END STRIKE.

New York, November 1.—Hundreds of organized milk wagon drivers employed by the Borden Farm Products Company have returned to work. The union is recognized and it was agreed that a joint committee should decide the question of wages. In the event of a deadlock a neutral will make the final decision.

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Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
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Send for samples.

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OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

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WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

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G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

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MACHINISTS WIN STRIKE.

Middleport, Ohio, November 1.—Machinists employed by the Kanawah and Michigan Railroad have won their strike and raised wages to the southeastern rate of 50½ cents an hour.

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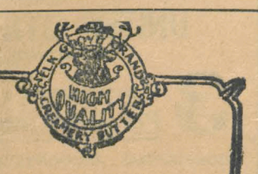

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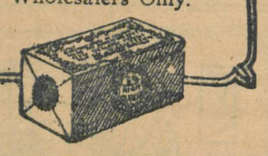

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"EFFICIENCY" SYSTEM ENDED AT U. S. PLANT

There is sunshine in the homes of over 300 leather workers employed at the government's Rock Island (Ill.) arsenal as a result of Secretary of War Baker's order, which makes the following changes in this establishment:

Abolishment of an "efficiency" system.

Piece work prices to be re-arranged on the basis of 50 cents an hour for day workers, with the workers given a voice in setting piece work rates.

The four grades ranging from $2.75 to $3.75 a day replaced by the Leather Workers' Union's 50-cents an hour minimum.

The order raises wages $1.25 a day in some cases besides recognizing the union wage rate as a standard. These gains were secured through the persistence of President Bryan of the United Leather Workers' International Union, who has been in this city for several weeks directing the fight for better conditions.

The "efficiency" system was especially unfair as it provided for piece work and day work employes working side by side on the same article or class of work.

"To illustrate the workings of the Rock Island arsenal 'efficiency' plan as simply as possible," said President Bryan, "let us suppose an employe on time work is paid $1 a day and under this system earns $1.25 a day. Then suppose he used every ounce of energy he possessed and earned $1.50 or $1.75. In the latter case he would have violated an unwritten law of the management that $1.25 a day is the limit and he would be put on day work at $1.25 until his average was reduced to that figure.

"The classification of workers was subject to change every six months. If a worker was slated for reduction he was informed, through a letter, that he had lost so many 'points,' and that if he objected to the change he could write a letter to the offcer in charge giving reasons for his objections. As the average worker is not equipped to take up a matter of this character through correspondence, he

"Under Secretary of War Baker's decision this scheme is abolished and was compelled to accept the order.

the workers will have a representative to assist in setting piece work prices."

ANTIS WANT "HELP."

Chattanooga, Tenn., November 1.—The Southern Saddlery Company is in sore need of skilled leather workers these days and looks longingly at the rich government contracts it cannot secure, because it "can't deliver the goods."

A year ago leather workers employed by this concern organized and several of their number were locked out when they refused to quit the union; others were discharged.

"We have no work, and don't know when work will pick up," was the airy announcement of this concern, which can't understand why its employes won't return to work now under non-union shop conditions.

GAINS BY RAILWAY CLERKS.

Cincinnati, November 1.—"More than 4,000 members have been added to our rolls in the last four months and present indications are that we will continue to grow very rapidly for some time to come," says the Railway Clerk, official magazine of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks.

"There seems to be a spontaneous movement among station forces in many sections of the country and the capacity for assigning organizers to the work has been one of the most difficult problems that has ever confronted our brotherhood," it is stated.

UNIONISTS LOCKED OUT.

Louisville, Ky., November 1.—The Burley Society Tobacco Company and the Ryan-Hampton Tobacco Company persist in their refusal to end a lockout of union tobacco workers, who asked for a wage increase of 10 per cent. The firms demanded that rates be reduced 40 per cent and then declared for the non-union shop.

The victimized workers are being assisted by the Tobacco Workers' International Union and local trade unionists.

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Are those that do not fluctuate during disturbed conditions of the money or stock markets. First deed of trust notes (first mortgages), well secured on real estate in the District of Columbia, constitute "gilt-edge" investments, and they do not depend upon the financial responsibility of individuals or corporations for their stability. We can supply such investments in amounts from $500 upward. Send for booklet, "Concerning Loans and Investments."

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MOLDERS WANT MORE.

Detroit, November 1.—Iron Molders' Union, No. 244 asks employers to raise wages to $6 for an eight-hour day. The present scale is $4.50 for a nine-hour day. These workers have strengthened their union as a result of a vigorous organizing campaign the past several weeks.

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If you feel doubtful about your eyes consult us, with the proper knowledge and instruments for correcting all defects of vision.
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Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Sam De Nedrey and Mary Ganzhorn.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 747 Varnum St. N.W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 903 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 43: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G St. N.W.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 528: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Washington Hall, 3d and Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Harry A. Disney, 536 10th St. S.E.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

City Firemen's Union, No. 15665: Meets second Sunday of each month, hall, 1101 E St. N.W., 7:30 p.m. Sec., Wm. A. Smith, No. 2 Chemical Engine Co., Pa. Ave., S.E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 19: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pa. Ave. N.W. Secretary, David P. McCracken, 473 E St. S.W.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th St. N.E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N.E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 935 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 814 Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jennadh Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N.W. Secretary, E. J. Tracy, 18 Girard St. N.E.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Washington Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 4.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

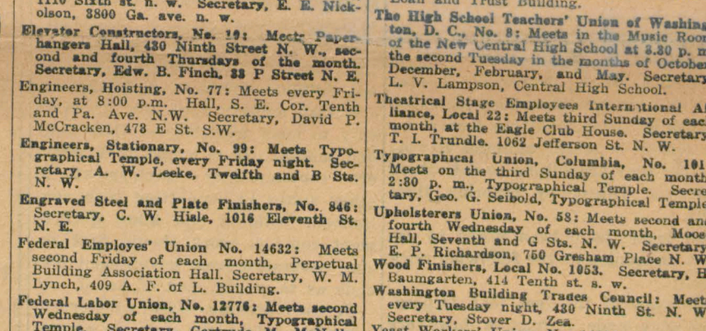
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.



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COLUMBIA TYPOGRAPHICAL INVEST $2,000 IN LIBERTY BONDS

Secretary Seibold, of Columbia 101, announces that they have bought $2,000 worth of the second loan Liberty Bonds, and the International has made another purchase of bonds, this time $30,000, making altogether with their subscription for the first loan and including subscriptions of individual members, a sum that will run up into the millions.

Many union printers have withdrawn their savings from the banks and invested every dollar in Liberty Bonds, thus showing Uncle Sam their substantial patriotism.

THREAT BROUGHT COAL.

Philadelphia, November 1.—By refusing to give the railroads water for their locomotives until they agreed to give the right of way to all coal shipments consigned to this city, the Director of the Department of Supplies prevented this city from suffering a coal famine. Recently Philadelphia faced a serious coal shortage as a result of the railroads' refusal to haul coal to the city. "Unless we get coal at our water pumping stations within two days, you will receive no water for your locomotives," the Director of Supplies said to the railroad officials. The ultimatum was delivered one morning, and by evening the railroad officials had assured the Director that coal shipments would be given right of way, thus removing any possibility of a coal famine.

INCREASES FOR BAKERS.

The Ward Baking Company, which recently signed agreements with the Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union, has forwarded this notice to the bakery workers' officials:

"I am sure you will be pleased to be informed that we have made a voluntary increase in the wages of our manufacturing employes at the following plants: Pittsburgh No. 1 and 2, Cleveland No. 1 and 2, Boston, Providence, Bronx, Brooklyn and at Newark, Newark being placed on the same basis as Bronx and Brooklyn. This advance will average slightly better than 10 per cent.

"Believing this will be appreciated by the men, as well as by yourself and associates, the international officers, we assure you of our continued good will."

OPPOSE INJUNCTION.

Tacoma, Wash., November 1.—Injunctions against labor have increased to such an extent that the central labor council is asking affiliates to vote whether they are willing to defy these injunction judges by ignoring their writs.

All locals have been asked to express an opinion on the following resolution:

"In view of the fact that corporation-judge-made injunction laws are being used to destroy all labor organizations, and our very existence is threatened, the council, realizing that drastic action will be necessary to save the situation, unanimously decided to call for a referendum vote of all unions to ascertain how many will be willing to in the future ignore all such injunction orders as are calculated to break strikes and destroy organization. You are therefore requested to take a vote and immediately notify this office of the result."

STATE OFFERS FREE LAND.

Harrisburg, Pa., November 1.—The state forestry commissioner calls attention to the offer of his department made several months ago, whereby any citizen of this state may farm land in the state forestry reservations. Under this plan proper persons may enter upon a reservation anywhere in Pennsylvania and clear as many acres as he wishes to use. When he has the land cleared he may remain in possession indefinitely, except that he will not be permitted to stay in such a manner that he could ever acquire legal title to the property under cultivation. There are thousands of acres of valuable land controlled by the forestry commission.

OIL WORKERS ACTIVE.

Port Arthur, Tex., November 1.—At a conference of Texas and Louisiana oil field workers, a committee was appointed with instructions to request oil producers and operators of these two states to meet with them to discuss improved working conditions. The proposed changes include upon recognition, the eight-hour day and increased wages.

SHOP MEN SUSPEND WORK.

Tyler, Tex., November 1.—Practically every department in the shops of the Cotton Belt Railroad System is paralyzed as the result of a strike of these employes.

BREWERY WORKERS BUY $50,000 IN LIBERTY BONDS

Henry Miller, local representative of the Brewery Workers' International Union of America, states that he received a wire from the Cincinnati headquarters informing him the General Executive Board of the International, now in session in that city, passed a motion to purchase $50,000 worth of second loan Liberty bonds.

The order was placed with the subtreasury at Cincinnati, as the executive officers are there. "Notwithstanding the fact that our organization must fight for its very existance," said Mr. Miller, "we are ready to show the country, and especially those who never contribute, but continually fight, not only our organization, but the legitimate revenues of the government, that we are not only loyal but that we are better supporters of our country than our enemies, the prohibition fanatics and the Anti-Saloon League representatives, who put their bobbies above the necessities of our country."

TO WRITE HOME.

Owing to the desire of War Department officials to avoid unnecessary sacrifice of life in the transporting of soldiers to France, great secrecy has been observed. Considerable criticism has been directed to the War Department with reference to the communication between soldiers and their families and friends. As a result of this criticism, Secretary Baker has directed that hereafter every soldier who embarks for service abroad will be required to write a postal card to his nearest relative informing said relative of his safe arrival. It is believed that this plan, in addition to the giving of additional publicity to the establishment of the statistical division of the Adjutant General's office as a bureau of information for individuals in the military service where relatives and friends of soldiers may obtain the latest news concerning them and the renewal of the promise of the department to supply the press promptly with news of any catastrophe or casuality, will serve to allay in some degree the worry of the relatives of those soldiers who are ordered for service abroad.

U. S. CONTRACTORS GOUGE.

Columbus, Ohio, November 1.—The Ohio branch of the Council of National Defense warns workers of this state against misrepresentations by certain government contractors. It is stated that some of these contractors have not fulfilled promises with the result that workers have left this state only to meet with loss of their time and money. It is urged that workers contemplating employment in other states in connection with cantonment building and other government contract work should first secure assurance from government officials as to wages, cost of board, etc.

Persons seeking work on government jobs outside the state are warned to pay no attention to offers of employment bureaus or contractors' representatives unless they have been approved officially by the Ohio branch, Council of National Defense.

MUST OBSERVE CONTRACT.

Springfield, Illinois, November 1.—Miners' strikes in this state, in violation of contracts, have caused Frank Farrington, president of the Illinois branch, United Mine Workers, to issue his statement to affiliates:

"Where mines are idle in your district, notify members that unless they are back to work not later than Monday morning their local charters will be revoked, also stop issuance of transfer cards. There is no hope of forcing the government to act by suspending work at this time. Instead their conduct will in all likelihood bring about industrial conscription of our members. Great overwhelming majority of members have decided to continue at work and are sending me telegrams pledging fidelity to the organization and to the government and promising to continue at work and await action of Dr. Garfield on wage increase. I do not propose to jeopardize their interests by allowing a comparatively few members in the organization to continue a policy that will result in industrial conscription. These instructions are imperative."

SANTA FE PROFITS.

New York, November 1.—Increased operating costs and additional taxation has not affected the prosperity of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad, whose annual report shows operating revenues have increased more than $22,000,000 over the preceding year. Operating expenses have increased only about one-half of this amount. In round numbers the company now has $51,000,000 with which to pay bond interest and dividends and to improve the property. This is about $6,212,000 more than the preceding year.

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The Trades Unionist

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Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 20 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1917 — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Federal Mediators End Copper Strike

Globe, Ariz., Nov. 8.—The President's special labor commission has adjusted the Globe-Miami copper strike, which started last July. The settlement includes the establishment of a workers' committee for each mine, wholly independent of any influence exercised by the operators. The committee is to be composed exclusively of men working at each mine with the right of union members to have a union representative in the presentation of grievances. In the event that this machinery fails to adjust differences, a United States arbitrator, acceptable to both parties, will determine any disputed questions. The settlement also includes the employment of all strikers, except those guilty of seditious utterances against the United States and those who are members of any organization that does not recognize the obligation of a contract. In providing for re-employment an important principle as introduced, in that the district is treated as an industrial unit instead of the individual mine. Re-employment is to be secured through a central employment committee for the district.

While there were no deportations of workers in connection with this strike, every officer but one of the Globe Miners' union was arrested on the charge of "rioting," because they were picketing on a public road. To date the operators have failed to secure a conviction, and the cases will probably be dropped.

The comission has left for Clifton, this state, to adjust the copper strike in that district. The trade unionists on this commission are John H. Walker, president of the Illinois state federation of labor, and E. P. Marsh, president of the Washington state federation of labor.

SEES PERIL TO GIRLS.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 8.—America's girls who go into munitions factories and mills to take the places of men gone to war are sacrificing their beauty, laying themselves liable to physical and moral hazards and are endangering their chances of ever becoming wives and mothers, Miss Mabel Cratty, of New York, told delegates to the war work council of the Young Women's Christian association.

The speaker said that "a woman disfigured is a woman lost," meaning, she said, that when a man marries he wants a girl with both hands, whole fingers and not hardened by daily toil in a mill.

STRIKE FO REIGHT HOURS.

Boston, Nov. 8.—Members of Machinists' union employed as repair men in local automobile establishments are on strike for an eight-hour day. The unionists state that the city and state committees on public safety advised the employers to grant the request of their employes, but the suggestion was ignored.

BAKERS FORCED OUT.

Reading, Pa., Nov. 8.—Violation of an agreement and discrimination against union men by the Arnold Baking company has forced the Bakers' union to call a strike at this plant.

IRON MOLDERS UNITE.

Augusta, Ga., Nov. 8.—Iron molders employed in railroad and contract shops of this city have organized and affiliated with the International Iron Molders' union.

"GOOSE CLUB" TRADE UNIONS.

Because of the helplessness of dual and seceding labor organizations English trade unionists refer to these institutions as "goose club" unions.

"Silent Majority" Blamed for Strike

Indianapolis, Nov. 8.—The United Workers' Journal, official magazine of the United Mine Workers, takes a stand against those members who remained silent while their movement was swayed by a noisy minority just long enough to start recent strikes over wage demands.

The miners have agreements with operators that are intended to avert strikes, and the miners' journal says:

"We especially blame those men for permitting a minority of hot-heads, of thoughtless men and boys, to bring about a condition that can scarcely be excused. The men who were active in the upbuilding of this organization knew then and know now that a shut down at such a time as this is discreditable to the organization and can only invite disaster to the great institution they aided to upbuild.

"We know they eventually asserted themselves and when they did they were able to control. Had they so asserted themselves in the beginning they could then have controlled.

"We hope and believe that this will be the last of such indefensible strikes in the organized fields. Much injury has been done to the cause of organized labor. We have the information that the representatives of associations that have always opposed organized labor were prompt in attempting to turn the miners' defections to their own advantage; instantly recognized and seized the opportunity to disrupt our organization.

"Let us not in the future give such comfort in the enemy abroad or at home."

JURY BAN ON UNIONISTS.

San Francisco, Nov. 8.—In selecting a jury to try Israel Weinberg, a defendant in the bomb explosion cases, Judge Seawell ruled that no member of a trade union or civic organization that contributed funds for the defense or prosecution of these cases is eligible to serve as a juror. Under this rule the court excused a member of the Typographical union and a member of the Machinists' union because these organizations had contributed to the defense, although it was shown that when the Typographical union levied an assessment of one hour's pay this individual member was out of employment and paid nothing. The machinist is a retired member of his union and is not called upon to pay dues, although his organization collected $1,000 for Edward Nolan, a union machinist, who is one of the defendants.

The ruling also affects members of the chamber of commerce and this organization's bitter anti-unionism will have to be continued in the devious ways known to men possessing great economic power.

FUR WORKERS WIN.

Montreal, Canada, Nov. 8.—The two locals of fur workers have won a complete victory in their three-months' battle against a general lockout.

The employers are organized and last month they attempted to trick the strikers by offering to confer and promised that at this meeting the unions would be recognized. The workers were distrustful, but joined in the conference, only to discover that the employers insisted on non-union shops. Later the manufacturers made a genuine settlement, which includes union recognition, the 48-hour week and a 20 per cent wage increase.

General President Miller of the International Fur Workers' union assisted the strikers.

There are varieties of the middleman which on close inspection look like the hold-up man.

Unionists Can Refuse Non-Union Work

Omaha, Nov. 8.—Judge Leslie, of the district court of this county, has smashed State Atty. Gen. Reed's plan to "settle" labor disputes by the injunction process.

Last spring members of the Business Men's association locked out several organized crafts and later refused to assist the state in mediating the disputes. In its report to the governor the state board of mediation blamed employers for the turmoil.

Attorney General Reed started injunction proceedings against both employer and employed and filed suit under a state law which prohibits combinations in restraint of trade. He charged unionists and employers with a conspiracy in violation of the act.

Judge Leslie ruled:

"There can be no question that the unions have the right to organize, or combine, for their protection and welfare. And their right to do things in furtherance of their aims, so far as they do not interfere with the rights of others, is clear. They may approach their employers with a request to employ only union men; they may approach non-union men with requests to join the union or to quit work.

"Unions not directly involved in a strike ay decline, if they so desire, to work on jobs held by them to be 'unfair,' and may approach non-union men with a request to leave the work or to join the union, so long as they use no violence, make no threats nor employ intimidation."

The right of employers to protect their rights is equally strongly put in the decision, with the clear statement that a "lockout," calculated to harm men not involved in strikes or tending to force outside and disinterested persons to side with them against the unions, is conspiracy in restraint of trade.

BRITISHERS AIDS UNIONS.

Philadelphia, Nov. 8.—The Washington correspondent of the North American, published in this city, writes his paper that the commission from the council of the munitions ministry of Great Britain, now in this country, and headed by Sir Stevenson Kent, is indirectly aiding the cause of unionism by explaining in conferences with employers what has been done in England to improve the relations between employers and workers.

"Sir Kent," continues the correspondent, "is not advising employers what they should do in this country, but in telling them what the British government has done and what the employers and laborers of Great Britain have done, he is indirectly advocating the cause of unionism."

BOOKBINDERS WIN.

Racine, Wis., Nov. 8.—The Western Printing company has signed a three-year agreement with the Bookbinders' union. Wages are increased every year during the life of the contract. International President Sovey, of the Brotherhood of Bookbinders, assisted in this settlement.

SHOE PLANT UNIONIZED.

St. Joseph, Mo., Nov. 8.—The Battreal Shoe company has signed a union shop agreement with the Boot and Shoe Workers' union. The company has tired of dealing with a seceding organization, whose lack of standing in the world of labor has been discovered.

FARMERS' (?) PAPER SNARLS.

San Francisco, Nov. 8.—The Pacific Rural Press snarls that the "tail is trying to wag the dog" because organized farmers in this state have perfected a legislative alliance with California's organized workers.

Business Ideals Shattered by War

The Chamber of Commerce of the United States calls its members' attention to the declaration by the council of national defense that "new enterprises which are not fundamental to the efficient operation of the country's necessary activities should not be undertaken."

The chamber of commerce makes this comment on the council's statement:

"There is no uncertainty or ambiguity about this statement. Every man who wants to help win the war has now an acid test to apply to any new enterprise or undertaking.

"Men who are considering new enterprises, public improvements, dwellings, factories, industrial work of every description, etc., should be guided by this test.

"The action of the council of national defense should prepare the minds of business men for similar action in regard to the full operation of those industries not essential to the national defense, or to the consumption by the public of luxuries and non-essentials. In fact, in the course of time no one need be surprised if during the war the use of labor and materials for all unessential purposes is made impossible by legislation or statute."

That business men have accepted the new order is indicated by a referendum submitted to affiliates by the last convention of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

Additional legislation to control prices during the war was favored by a ten-to-one vote.

Practically the same vote indorsed these recommendations:

Control prices on necessaries of every day life; control prices to the public as well as the government; prices should be set by a small board appointed by the President, this board to be assisted by a representative from each leading industry and trade.

A MACKENZIE KING SKETCH.

Hamilton, Ontario, Canada, Nov. 8.—Organized labor's charge that Mackenzie King, aid to John D. Rockefeller, jr., is the author of the Colorado "can't-strike" law, is supported by the Hamilton Herald in an editorial which includes a short sketch of King, who was connected with the Canadian department of labor when the Lemieux act was passed. This legislation prohibits strikes in public utilities until after a 30-day investigation. It served as a model for similar legislation in Colorado, which was urged by King. Both the Colorado and Canadian acts have been denounced by organized workers.

The Hamilton Herald says: "Mr. Lemieux took but little interest in the work of the labor department, which was then merely an adjunct of the postoffice department. In his time the real though not the nominal head of the labor department was the deputy minister, Mackenzie King. Mr. King, a young man fresh from the university, where he had specialized in economics and sociology, and with a genuine enthusiasm for his work, was the first of the ministers of labor to devote all his time to the department. He was regarded as a sort of kid-gloved dilettante who 'took up' the study of labor as he would that of any other interesting subject—whose attitude towards the workers was one of condescending patronage rather than of real sympathy. This estimate of Mr. King was, we believe, wrong and unjust to him, but there is no doubt that it was the way the members of Canadian trades unions sized up that gentleman."

Perhaps the poet is justified in speaking of the rolling of the seasons, but this year the seasons appear to have a flat wheel.

Illinois Race Riots Blamed on Employers

East St. Louis, Ill., Nov. 8.—Will the Hon. Theodore Roosevelt charge the Federation of Catholic Societies with "offering an opology for the murder of the helpless?"

This was the indictment of Samuel Gompers, when the president of the A. F. of L. said, in a New York speech, that the East St. Louis riots were caused by "the importation of cheap negro labor to compete with white labor."

This latter view has been indorsed by the Federation of Catholic Societies at its convention of 400 delegates, who adopted this sizzling declaration:

"The prosecution and punishment of the rioters is the treatment merely of the ulcer, not of the disease; of the prosecution and punishment of those who are less guilty than those who are responsible for the wholesale importation of the negro.

"The immediate and prime cause of these riots we charge against the conscienceless and soulless corporations of East St. Louis who encouraged the wholesale importation of negro labor for the nefarious purpose of replacing white labor and who thereby caused a sudden, violent, unjust and oppressive change in the economic position of the white population of East St. Louis.

"We charge that there is sufficient evidence to prove that certain industries in the city seek to frustrate every legitimate effort of laboring men to organize for their own protection; that men have been discharged and blacklisted for no other reason than that they asserted their right to unionize. We charge that the importation of the negro was intended primarily to combat labor organizations, and to reduce men to unorganized helplessness, and to the acceptance of starvation wages. We charge that the cotton fields of the south were leased by northern capital, which let them lie fallow, and thereby forced unemployment on the negro and his migration northward, where he was used in the nefarious plot of replacing the white man.

"We therefore condemn capitalistic industries of the city as the prime and immediate cause of these riots."

ARBITRARY MILL OWNERS.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 8.—The Citizen, official paper of the local trade union movement, calls attention of daily newspapers to the fact that 600 Los Angeles organized mill workers are on strike and that their employers have rejected recommendations by federal and state mediators.

The Citizen asks what would happen if the mill workers took this position. Also, would the local Merchants' and Manufacturers' association pass resolutions?

The federal mediator recommended a 12 1-2 per cent wage increase and the gradual introduction of the eight-hour day.

The Mill Owners' association replied that it "has no power to act as a body" on this matter.

"But it is quite apparent the association," says the Citizen, "has authority to act as a body to prevent the payment of living wages, to hold on to the nine-hour work day and to perpetuate the miserable working conditions prevailing in Los Angeles."

PAPER MAKERS FORCED OUT.

Oregon City, Ore., Nov. 8.—The non-union shop policy of local paper mills has forced a strike on the Pulp, Sulphite and Paper Mill Workers' union.

It is the usual ending of "open shop" claims by employers—no discrimination against union or non-unionists. But again the employers show their hostility to trade unionism by vicitimizing.

Union Telegraphers Balk Western Union

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 8.—The Western Union Telegraph company did its utmost to defeat the strike of union telegraphers against the Great Northwestern Telegraph company of Canada, says the Commercial Telegraphers' Journal. The Western Union endeavored to rush several hundred strikebreakers across the border, but its effort failed because of the prompt action of immigration authorities on both sides of the line.

"While asking the United States government to exempt telegraphers from war service because they are needed to carry on the work of the nation," says the unionists' Journal, "officials of that company had no scruples about ordering large numbers of their aggregation of scabs to make an expedition to Canada in an effort to prevent establishing a living wage.

"The Western Union Telegraph company is a powerful institution. The management believes it has unlimited power, and so far as the telegraphers are concerned the management is right. Just how long this will continue to be the case is an important question for every telegrapher in the United States and Canada, since the eventful freedom of our craft depends upon the answer.

"When men and women dare not organize for fear of losing their jobs, when an employer has the power to determine what natural rights employes may enjoy, there can be no real freedom, the worker becomes his slave.

"The Western Union has been balked in its efforts to destroy our industrial freedom. In spite of the years through which we have been persecuted by the officials of that company, we still stand ready to do battle for the greatest heritage that man can enjoy: Liberty, freedom and democracy—three ideals that can never die."

DOCK WORKERS STRIKE.

Galveston, Tex., Nov. 8.—Mallory line dock workers are on strike because this shipping company broke an agreement made with the men when they suspended work several weeks ago. The company's attempt to secure strikebreakers has failed because of its misrepresentation of conditions.

METAL POLISHERS WIN.

Dayton, Ohio, Nov. 8.—The Metal Polishers' union has adjusted its several months' strike against the Dayton Plating and Manufacturing company. The strikers won practically all of their demands.

CAR MEN GET EIGHT HOURS.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 8.—"Again does Oregon lead the country," is the boast of Street Car Men's union No. 757, which has secured an agreement with the local traction company which provides that "so far as practicable the working time of all train men shall be made eight hours per day."

Wages are increased, arbitration agreed to and the company pledges itself to reinstate any employe with pay for time lost where it has been proven, after a joint investigation by the union and the company, that he has been wrongfully discharged.

INSIST ON EIGHT HOURS.

Tacoma, Wash., Nov. 8.—At a conference of fifty representatives of northwestern striking timber workers and shingle weavers, the eight-hour day was again demanded.

STRIKE GUARDS GALORE.

Hamilton, Ohio., Nov. 8.—Striking iron molders declare that the management of the Niles plant has employed enough strike guards to check the kaiser's rush into Italy.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

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The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF [Label of Allied Printing Trades Council, Washington] FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOVEMBER 9, 1917.

MEDICAL MAN USING TRADE UNION LOGIC

The United States public health department has recently issued in pamphlet form a report on "Occupation and Mortality," compiled by Dr. Shirley Wilmotte Wynee and Dr. William H. Guilfoy, of the Department of Health, New York City.

Following is an excerpt from the report, which reads like a trade union pronouncement:

"We believe that wages have a most important bearing upon the morbidity and mortality of any occupation, because, where real wages are high, the standard of living is correspondingly high, housing is better, food is more plentiful and more nourishing; and, in short, conditions are more favorable to physical and mental well being, which results in greater resistance to disease, more recuperative power, and a healthier enjoyment of life, all of which stimulates the workers to preserve his health and makes him more alert to guard against accidents; whereas, when wages are low, home conditions are of necessity unfavorable, and if, in addition, shop conditions are bad, as they frequently are, the hazards of any occupation are increased manifold.

"There still remains another important factor that must not be overlooked, to-wit, the mental condition of the employe. If he lives and works in squalor and semi-darkness, he gradually loses his self-respect, grows careless in his habits, becomes discouraged, and in short, lacks incentive to conserve his health, and, therefore, because of his mental attitude, becomes a hazard in any occupation."

THIS IS ALSO YOUR WAR.

A great many persons are not yet convinced that war is a serious business.

They think it is some new diversion in which others play the game while they watch the performance.

They think this new diversion ought to be highly amusing, like a good drama perhaps, and that it ought not to entail any hardships on the part of the spectator.

When the first little pinch is felt they immediately begin to yelp.

War is serious business.

It is serious business for EVERYONE, and not merely for the Army and Navy.

The WHOLE NATION is at war.

Every person must stand some share of the cost.

No one can stand on the side lines and watch without doing anything to help.

That is not the way wars are fought today.

So forget the notion that it is a drama which you may watch.

Remember that this is a world convulsion in which you MUST play a part.

This is serious business.

You can't dodge your part.

And don't forget that you have a part.

This is EVERY AMERICAN'S WAR.

"The trend of the times is for democracy. It is a fashionable word in every walk of life today. We say that we are fighting for it, our captains of industry are talking about it, the people are thinking about it, and, all in all, democracy as an institution is receiving the most expensive advertising through this war that it ever had. It remains for us to make good in carrying out the principles of democracy in this nation now and after the war has ended."—Raymond Robins.

No patriotic funds and other begging and vulgar charity schemes should be tolerated. All such are not only vulgar, debasing and unwarranted in any country worth fighting for, but they afford a nesting and roosting place for a joblot of nose-poking nuisances that might be better employed either fighting at the front or doing necessary janitor work at home.

Hope is anticipation. It is an inherent feeling in mankind and a divine provision for the sustentation of interest in life. Hope is a chord which strikes pleasant desires for the future; it is every one's sunshine, the rainbow in the storm, the silver lining to the present cloud, a star set in the firmament of our lives to brighten, lighten and cheer the way and differs in magnitude and brightness according to occasion. Hope is an antidote of misery, a cordial for the desponding, and a chain with many links.

The trades union movement has to adapt itself to changes in industry which stimulate production, and tend to raise wages and shorten the hours of toil. The attempt to enhance production, without a corresponding increase in wages and a reduction in the hours of labor, is inimical to the interests of the workers. The trades union movement stands for progress in production and distribution; for the participation of the people in the benefits to be derived from the production of goods, within the reach of the purchasing power of the wage-earners.

FEDERAL LABOR PLAN IS NOT COMPULSORY

The executive council of the A. F. of L. has indorsed the principle of the United States public service reserve, and will submit the plan to the executives of national and international unions for criticism and suggestions. This movement is under the jurisdiction of the United States department of labor, and is designed to mobilize labor for war purposes.

It is entirely voluntary and its success depends on the willingness of workers to agree to place themselves at the disposal of the government for emergency needs.

There are no penalties attached to the plan, no conscription or any form of compulsion. When called upon, if the worker does not deem the offer suitable, he need not accept.

Employment agencies will be established throughout the country, and to which employers will report their needs. Existing agencies will be employed where practicable.

Men of all degrees of skill will be included.

This information will be supplied only to the government departments and employers vitally connected with war industries.

Demands for labor will first be investigated by the department of labor that the labor market in that locality may be utilized, rather than flood that locality with workers.

"As the success of the plan depends upon the hearty co-operation of the trade union movement," says the council in its summarization of this proposal, "it seems unnecessary to give assurance that the well-known policy of the department of labor in times of strike will be continued in this case."

The indorsement of this plan includes the statement that "before any additions or changes shall be made in regard to the above the resident members of the executive council should be consulted."

OMAHA UNIONS WIN.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 8.—Editor Dobson of the Bricklayer, Mason and Plasterer refers to the Omaha Business Men's association as a "law and order" mob because of its lockout edict that has since been shattered by Judge Leslie's ruling that organized workers have right that only anti-unionists deny.

"At this writing," says Editor Dobson, "the Business Men's association of O[illegible]ke out of its boots and has no leg to stand on, and Omaha's kept press whines that 'for long years dubious and incompetent leadership has been the curse of trade unionism' and 'is proving itself particular so in this instance.'

"All this because the membership of the building trades unions of Omaha had the stamina to put down 'law and order' mobs and insist upon their right of collective bargaining (in case of disputes) with employers direct, instead of with union wreckers, self-constituted and arrogant, who defy local, state and federal laws to crush honest labor.

"The building trades unions of Omaha had no quarrel with their employers; there was no contention of any kind. The 'law and order' mob ordered employers to lock out employes, and on refusal threatened having their business destroyed and their credit impaired. After the made-to-order lockout, employers and employes offered to arbitrate, but were prevented by injunctions.

"On the whole, it is the most rank example of 'law and order' mob autocracy in this country."

WANTS PICKETING STOPPED.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 8.—The Ross-Mehan Foundry company wants an injunction to stop Iron Molders' Union No. 53 from picketing its plant. Six years ago several of the iron molders were on strike against this concern. An Injunction was issued then, and the company asks that these unionists be now cited to appear for contempt of court because of their alleged violation of the ancient writ.

.. JOHN M'BRIDE INTERRED. ..

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 8.—The remains of the late John McBride, one-time president of the A. F. of L., were interred in this city. The deceased had often expressed the wish to be laid away by the United Mine Workers of Ohio.

The pall bearers were all members of this union. Among the speakers at the grave was Chris Evans, ex-secretary of the A. F. of L.

At the time of his death deceased was living in Arizona. He was killed by a runaway horse.

BREWERY WORKERS GAIN.

Uniontown, Pa., Nov. 8.—Organized brewery workers of this country have been given a voluntary wage increase of $2 a week.

MINERS WERE ROBBED.

Cumberland, Md., Nov. 7.—Officials of the Phoenix and George Creek Mining company have plead guilty to the charge of robbing their miners by means of light-weight scales. A representative of the federal bureau of standards testified that he found the weights plugged, which made the coal average from 125 to 170 pounds short on each mine car.

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Garden Theater - - 423 9th St. N.W.
Gayety Theater - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Ghent - - - - - Norfolk, Va.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home - - C St. bet. 12th & 13th N.E.
Knickerbocker - - 18th & Col. Rd.
Leader - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty - - - N. Capitol & P Sts.
Loewe's Columbia - - F near 12th
Lyric - - - 14th St. near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N.W.
"M" Street Theater - M St. near 32d
Navy - - 8th St. bet. D & E S.E.
Olympic - U St. bet. 14th & 15th N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Park View - - Ga. Ave. & Pk. Rd.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza - - - - 434 9th St. N.W.
Poli's Theater - - 15th & Pa. Ave.
Princess - - - - 1112 H St. N.E.
Raphael - - 9th St. bet. N & O N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd.
Savoy - - 14th & Columbia Rd.
Senate - - - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand - - - 9th & D Sts. N.W.
Stanton - - - 6th & C Sts. N.E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
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With the taste that's THERE.

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MACHINISTS WIN STRIKE.

Middleport, Ohio, November 1.—Machinists employed by the Kanawah and Michigan Railroad have won their strike and raised wages to the southeastern rate of 50½ cents an hour.

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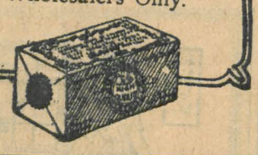

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THE STING HAS BEEN TAKEN OUT of CHRONIC and INCURABLE (so called) DISEASE. DO NOT DESPAIR—YOU CAN COME BACK. IT MATTERS NOT YOUR AILMENT or WHO HAS TREATED YOU. If YOU can get to my office WITHOUT ASSISTANCE and have no worries, YOU CAN BE CURED.

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WILL REINSTATE the CIRCULATION of the BLOOD at the Diseased part, which WILL Restore YOUR Bodily HEALTH, NERVOUS VITALITY, ENERGY and PEP. WITHOUT DRUGS or SURGICAL Procedure, after every other remedy has failed. PLEASE NOTE that I AM AFTER the CASES YOUR Physician DON'T and CAN'T CURE. This Method AVERTS sudden and PREMATURE DEATHS from APOPLEXY, HEART DISEASE, ARTERIO SCLEROSIS, HARDENING of the ARTERIES, VIRTIGO, etc.

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ITS GREAT VALUE is in the treatment of all AILMENTS that are the RESULT of INTERFERENCE in the CIRCULATION of the BLOOD and what one is not?

ITS STRONG CURATIVE Properties make it especially SUCCESSFUL in the Treatment of LOCOMOTOR-ATAXIA, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, HEART DISEASE, DIABETES, ASTHMA, INSOMNIA, INDIGESTION, NEURASTHENIA, NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, PARALYSIS, NUMB PALSY and Those AILMENTS of the NERVOUS System, STOMACH and SPINAL COLUMN that make CANES, CRUTCHES and WHEEL CHAIRS Necessary and that YOUR Physician Don't and Can't Cure. I am after the DESPERATE and INCURABLE (So-called) Cases that have passed beyond the reach of Medicine and your Physician.

It matters not who has been your physician or what treatment you have had, if you can get to my office, you, probably, can regain your health, and I extend to YOU an invitation to call and learn just what can be done for you.

THIS ANNOUNCEMENT IS ABSOLUTELY TRUE AND WILL BE VOUCHED FOR BY

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SUITE 222 MARYLAND BLDG., 1410 H STREET N. W.
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THIS NOTICE IS GOOD FOR FIRST TREATMENT.

WON'T JOIN WAR CONFAB.

The A. F. of L. executive council has declined at this time to join in an international war conference of workers and makes public the following statement:

"The executive council of the A. F. of L. having before it a report made by President Gompers of a conference with Mr. Jacob Baum, who claims to be a courier entrusted with a message from the executive committee of the workmen's and soldiers' delegates council, department of international relations of Russia, Vice-President Perham and Secretary Morrison having also reported having conference with Mr. Baum upon the same subject of his message, and the message being a request for the A. F. of L. to call or to participate in an international conference of workmen and socialists of all countries, having given the subject matter full consideration, declares as follows:

"That we regard it as untimely and inappropriate, conducive to no good result, but on the contrary harmful, to hold an international conference at this time or in the near future with the representatives of all countries, including enemy countries, and we are contrained therefore to decline at this time either to participate in or to call such a conference.

"We take occasion to again send fraternal greetings to the people and the republic of Russia and our earnest wishes for the success and permanency of Russia's democracy. That we all make energetic efforts in our common cause for freedom, justice and democracy in all of the nations of the world."

BARBERS WANT MORE.

Rockford, Ill., Nov. 8.—Barbers' union No. 412 has prepared a new wage scale of $15 a week and 60 per cent over $20.

The Safest Investments

Are those that do not fluctuate during disturbed conditions of the money or stock markets. First deed of trust notes (first mortgages), well secured on real estate in the District of Columbia, constitute "gilt-edge" investments, and they do not depend upon the financial responsibility of individuals or corporations for their stability. We can supply such investments in amounts from $500 upward. Send for booklet, "Concerning Loans and Investments."

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727 15th Street N. W.

TEAMSTERS STRIKE.

Bloomington, Ill., Nov. 8.—Non-union teamsters joined their organized fellows in a general strike to enforce higher wages. Coal haulers are asking for an increase of 25 cents a ton and teamsters want an increase of 5 cents an hour, which will make their rate $3 a day instead of $2.50.

Established 1895 Phone M. 2036

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Improved Steam Carpet Cleaners and Rug Weavers

Carpet, Rugs, Moth Proofed Free of Charge
Care of Oriental Rugs A Specialty

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423-425 G St. N. W.

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Telephone: Main 4614

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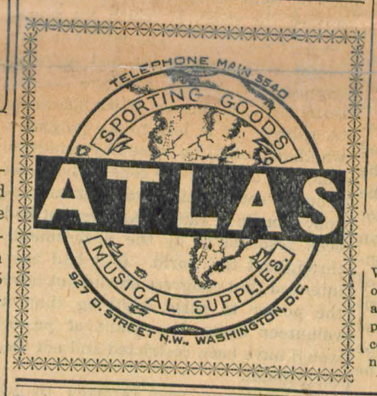

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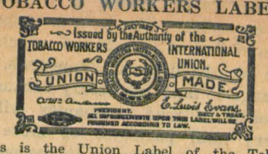

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FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
OPEN 9 A.M. TO 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAYS 9 A.M. TO 1 P.M. and 6 P.M. TO 9 P.M.
3 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

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3420 Ga. Ave. N.W.
1935 14th St. N.W.
138 7th St. N.E.
1776 U St. N.W.
3113 14th St. N.W.
701 H St. N.E.
726 7th St. N.W.
1440 P St. N.W.
918 La. Ave. N.W.
2002 Ga. Ave. N.W.
739 N. Capitol St.
712 K St. N.W.
3420 M St. N.W.
1714 14th St. N.W.
3608 14th St. N.W.
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INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
OF AMERICA
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING WET GOODS
AS A GUARANTEE THAT IT IS UNION

WAR BRINGS NEW ISSUE.

Joliet, Ill., Nov. 8.—In what was probably the largest convention of a state federation of labor ever held, the 800 delegates to the Illinois federation of labor convention made this declaration relative to the war:

"Whatever may have been the original cause or causes to disturb the tranquility of the nations of the world, the predominating and all overshadowing issue of the world's contest today is the preservation and extension of the ideals and principles of democracy the world over. While it is true that there are some financial, commercial and industrial groups who are insincere in their patriotic protestations of democracy it is equally true that the ideals of democracy proclaimed the world over, have developed a new national concept which will of men and as action follows thought, become firmly established in the minds so this new concept of democracy will grow and grow until no power or force can prevent its full realization in all our human relations, political, financial, commercial, and industrial, the world over.

"The workers of America are loyal and patriotic. The labor movement recognizes that our people must uphold the honor and dignity of our government among the nations of the world and that in so doing, it must likewise safeguard and uphold the rights and general welfare of the workers of our country."

NO UNIONISM FOR JOHN D.

New York, Nov. 8.—John D. Rockefeller, jr., hastens to correct the story that he has been negotiating with officers of the United Mine Workers to unionize the Colorado Fuel and Iron company.

In a letter to J. F. Welborn of the company, Mr. Rockefeller says he is "greatly interested in the welfare of the company and its employes," but—

"I shall not at any time undertake to carry on negotiations of any kind affecting the interests of the corporation."

Miners employed by the Rockefeller concern have shown their distrust of the Rockefeller "union" by joining the United Mine Workers. These workers say other men have made declarations similar to John D.'s, but later changed their minds.

SOLDIERS' MAIL WEIGHT CUT

An order by the postmaster general limits fourth-class or domestic parcel post matter intended for the American expeditionary forces in France, to seven pounds. The order is a modification of that of July 24 last, which fixed the weight limit at 20 pounds. The change is made necessary because the French railroad companies will not carry mail packages of more than seven pounds. In order to prevent confusion, delay, and perhaps the loss of packages anxiously awaited by American soldiers at the front, the postal authorities have expressed the hope that the change in weight will not be forgotten.

PLUCKY GIRLS RAISE WAGES.

Sapulpa, Okla., Nov. 8.—Plucky telephone girls tied up the system of the Southwestern Bell Telephone company and forced that corporation to establish a minimum wage of $40 a month instead of the former average rates of $5.10 to $6 a week.

At a public meeting in the court house trade unionists and other citizens gave pledges that would guarantee the girls a weekly strike benefit and it was declared that no homes should be open to strikebreakers. For a week Sapulpa was without telephone service and citizens drove five miles to secure long distance service.

BUTCHERS GAIN.

Joliet, Ill., Nov. 8.—The Butcher Workmen's union has secured an agreement with the larger meat markets in this city. Minimum weekly rates are: $22 for first-class workmen, $21 for second-class and $20 for third-class, with overtime at the rate of 50 cents an hour. Members of the union will be given employment preference and no unionist shall be discharged without good reason. Apprentices may be employed at the rate of one for every five journeymen.

PREDICT UNION GAINS.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 8.—William Marion Reedy, editor of Reedy's Mirror, notes the increasing friendliness of the government toward organized labor and makes this prediction: "We are on our way to a recognition of organized labor that makes the passage of the eight-hour law last year a mere trifle."

MACHINISTS RAISE WAGES.

Jamestown, N. Y., Nov. 8.—Organized machinists employed by the Curtis machine corporation have secured wage increases of 7½ per cent.

PLAYER-PIANO CLUB

THIS $36.00 OUTFIT
FREE
To All Club Members

Player Bench	$8.00
Piano Scarf	$3.00
36 Rolls of Music	$25.00
	$36.00

Other Club Advantages Are:
Free Life Protective Insurance,
Free Sick Protective Insurance,
Free Tuning Service,
Free Library Roll Privileges.

A Player-Piano for Christmas

Remember, Christmas is only seven weeks away. Come in Monday without fail and enter your name in Jordan's Player-Piano Club before it is too late.

We have secured for this Club sale a number of beautiful instruments, the contracts for which were closed some time ago, when prices were considerably lower than they are today. We shall give you the benefit of our good fortune, warning you at the same time that another increase will be made by the factories in the very near future. It will be very much to your advantage to let us place in your home a Player-Piano from this purchase. The price may never again be so low, nor terms so accommodating.

Your Old Upright Piano Taken in Exchange.

Your Choice oF the Celebrated Chickering, Behning, Marshall and Weudell, Francis Bacon, Cable Nelson Player-Pianos

One of These Beautiful Player-Pianos Delivered to Your Home as Soon as You Desire.

$2

Can You Think of a Better Gift fot the Whole Famile?
Decide at Once and Join Our $2 Player-Piano Club.

OPEN EVENINGS **ARTHUR JORDAN PIANO CO.** OPEN EVENINGS

ARTHUR JORDAN, President. **1239 G St., Cor. 13th** HOMER L. KITT, Secretary and Treasurer.

DRAFT LAW UPHELD.

New York, Nov. 8.—The constitutionality of the draft law has been upheld by the federal court of appeals in the case of an Austrian subject who sought to enjoin a local draft board from holding him for United States military service.

The court ruled:

"The purpose of the conscription act is to raise an army, and the right to raise it does not involve, but one expressly granted. How can the courts deny to congress a right which the constitution in plain and distinct terms confers upon it.

"The constitution in conferring the power upon congress has not prescribed the mode in which the power shall be exercised. The power is conferred fully, completely, and unconditionally. It is for congress to determine the means by which the army be raised. It is left to its judgment whether it shall be raised by conscription. At the time the constitution was adopted conscription was not an unknown mode of raising armies, but had been resorted to by the governments throughout the world. If it had been intended that congress should not have the power to raise anything than a volunteer army, the grant of power would have been restricted and not unconditional.

"Conscription was resorted to by both sides during the civil war, and the validity of the draft laws was upheld by the courts in the north and south."

MINERS' CHIEF RESIGNS.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 8.—John P. White has resigned as president of the United Mine Workers of America, and Vice-President Frank Hayes is now chief executive of that organization, while Statistician John L. Lewis succeeds Hayes as vice-president. In his letter of resignation to the United Mine Workers' executive board, Mr. White said:

"This will not occasion any great surprise among you, as most of you have known for some time that I have contemplated retiring.

"Recent accomplishments of our organization have made it possible for me to relinquish the position earlier than I had anticipated. This, coupled with the fact that I have been chosen as an adviser to the fuel administrator, Dr. H. A. Garfield, at Washington, prompts me to the course I am now pursuing."

CIGAR EMPLOYES WIN.

Tampa, Fla., Nov. 8.—Cigar Factory Employes' Union has won its strike for higher wages and a standard rate in the factories. Wages are increased from $1 to $7 a week, with niform pay in all plants for the same grade of work.

MACHINISTS' STRIKE ENDS.

Rochoester, N. Y., Nov. 8.—Representatives of the federal department of labor assisted in ending a machinists' strike at the Symington-Anderson plant. All strikers will return to work, and the company agrees to meet demands of its employes and adjust differences that may hereafter arise.

SECURE EIGHT HOURS.

Baltimore, Nov. 8.—Yeast makers in this city have been organized less than a year, and they have already reduced hours from nine to eight.

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The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U. READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 21 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1917 — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Federal Commission Ends Another Strike

Clifton, Ariz., Nov. 15.—Following its successful ending of the Globe-Miami copper strike, the special commission appointed by President Wilson has been equally successful in this district, which has a normal output of 10,000,000 pounds of copper a month and a working force of 6,000 men.

Mines in this district have been idle since July because of a demand for higher wages. Under the agreement grievance committees in force before the strike will be re-established, with the addition that in the future the last word will not rest with mine managers but with the "United States administrator," whose decision is binding upon both sides.

As was the case in the Globe-Miami settlement, all strikers are to be re-employed without discrimination except those guilty of seditious utterances against the United States or who belong to an organization that does not recognize contracts.

The question of wages will be decided by the United States administrator—Hywell Davies of Kentucky. After investigation, if he finds the companies can pay increased wages the President's commission will order such wage scale in effect, dating from the time the men returned to work. If the wage scale agreed upon by the administrator does not leave a fair profit under existing prices of copper, the commission will recommend to the President an increased selling price. The administrator is given access to the records of the companies to assist him in this investigation.

Speud Million A Month Rather Than Give Men $750,000 A Year Raise

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—The United Railroads spent a million dollars a month the past summer to break a strike of its motormen and conductors.

When the workers asked for wage increases the company raised the "poverty" cry. This statement was investigated by the state railroad commission at the request of the board of supervisors.

The commission reported that the first two weeks of the strike cost the company $410,617, and the first six weeks $1,231,853.

The strike is still on.

The wage increases would have amounted to three-quarters of a million dollars a year.

POLICE HELP WEINBERG.

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—Attorneys for Israel Weinberg, defendant in the so-called bomb conspiracy cases, dealt the prosecution a hard blow when they forced Lieutenant of Police Bunner to testify that he did not see a jitney bus at Steuart and Market streets, the scene of the explosion, after 1 p. m. The prosecution holds that Weinberg drove a jitney with Thomas J. Mooney, Mrs. Rena Mooney and Warren K. Billings, to this corner at about 1:30 of the day of the tragedy, July 22, last. The police officer said he turned all traffic off Market street and the Embarcadero, four blocks from scene of the explosion, on orders of the chief of police.

The secretary of the state railroad commission testified that he stood near the scene of the explosion for half an hour before the blast occurred without seeing any jitney bus on Market street.

600 GIRLS ON STRIKE.

Mahanoy City, Pa., Nov. 15.—Refusal of Isadore and Maurice Janowitzh, shirt manufacturers, to raise wages, has resulted in a strike of 600 girls, who are being assisted by the trade union movement.

Military Insurance Is Proving Popular

New York, Nov. 15.—The federal law which provides life insurance for soldiers, sailors and members of the nurses' corps, and compensation for their dependents, is proving a greater success than its friends anticipated, said James D. Craig, president of the Casualty Actuarial and Statistical society, in his annual address.

He estimated that $20,000,000 of insurance probably would be taken out if the war lasts two years from last April. To give an idea of what this means, he cited the fact that the total of life insurance now in force in this country approximates $25,000,000,000.

Mr. Craig said the government's insurance plan was "the largest insurance proposition ever considered," and that while the appropriation for the first year was $176,250,000, for the second year it would probably be $380,000,000, this being exclusive of the $10 a year per $1,000 premium paid by the men insured.

He estimated that $80 would be the approximate premium on the basis of 1,000,000 men insured the first year for the maximum sum of $10,000.

Premiums for a $10,000 policy begin with $6.30 per month at ages 15, 16, and 17; increase to $6.40 per month for the ages 18, 19 and 20; to $6.50 per month for the ages 21, 22, and 23; to $6.40 per month for the ages of 24 and 25; to $6.70 per month for the ages of 26 and 27; to $6.80 per month for the age of 28; to $6.90 per month for the ages of 29 and 30; to $7 per month for the age of 31, with progressive increases for ages above those given. The minimum amount of insurance that may be taken out is $1,000.

STEEL EARNINGS JUMP.

New York, Nov. 15.—In the quarter ended September 30, the United States steel corporation (the trust) made net earnings of $131,976,797. This does not include usual interest charges and $63,733,013 for account of war income and war excess profits taxes, in addition to allowances for the estimated proportion of the extraordinary cost of facilities installed to meet the government's war requirements.

DENVER TAILORS STRIKE.

Denver, Nov. 15.—Tailors employed by retail clothing stores are on strike for working conditions and union recognition. The employers favor the demands except "that union business," as one of them stated, but the workers believe that organization will aid them in reminding the store owners of their promises.

STEREOTYPERS GAIN.

New Brunswick, N. J., Nov. 15.—The Home News has signed an agreement with its organized stereotypers. Wages are increased $5 a week for the first year, and $1 a week each succeeding year until 1921.

STREET CAR MEN STRIKE.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 15.—To save their organization street car men in this city are again on strike, the third time within the past 14 months.

RAISE WAGES 20 PER CENT.

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—Packers affiliated with the Glass Bottle Blowers' association have secured recognition of their branch for the first time and increased wages 20 per cent.

TO ORGANIZE WOMEN.

Spokane, Wash., Nov. 15.—The central labor council has started a campaign to organize women workers, and has appointed a woman organizer for this purpose.

A. F. OF L. CONVENTION OPENS AT BUFFALO

Thirty-Seventh Annnal Convention American Federation of Labor

President Wilson Guest of Honor

What promises to go down in history as the greatest and most important industrial convention opened its sessions on last Monday morning under the most auspicious circumstances, when, after President Gompers brought down the gavel at ten o'clock, declaring the convention open to transact business, he, for the first time in the history of the federation, and they in turn (all the working people whom they represent), were honored by the presence and an address that will resound from one end of this world to the other, of the President of the United States, the Honorable Woodrow Wilson. The address in full has undoubtedly been read by every trades unionist, and the earnest co-operation that is asked should be given unstintedly. It marks an era of the prominence of the working people into the affairs of our country that will have the most beneficial influence that organized labor has even felt and the impetous given to a more thorough organization is inestimable. The following prophecy of attainments, which he hopes the convention to adopt was made by President Gompers just before he left this city for Buffalo.

ORGANIZED LABOR WILL BE STRONGER THAN EVER AT BUFFALO CONVENTION

(By Samuel Gompers.)

Organized labor of the United States as represented in the American Federation of Labor will be stronger after the close of business at the Buffalo Convention than ever before.

This great increase in strength is evidenced whether we measure it by the growth in membership to more than two and a half millions, by the great extension of industrial activities in which union scales and conditions are obligatory, by the government's ever increasing recognition of organized labor, or by the degree of solidarity.

It is no exaggeration to say there never has been in all labor history such a rapid extension of the principles and practices of industrial democracy as since the United States was forced to enter the world conflict.

And mark this point—in every case this extension has been made not to impede the nation's war preparations but to accelerate them by promoting co-operation between the employers and labor. The initiative in this extension of democracy to industry has been taken by organized labor, but its wisdom has in every instance appealed to federal officials.

The workers in hundreds of establishments in the past, denied every form of recognition, with their wages, hours and working conditions arbitrarily determined, are now receiving the union scale and have their grievances equitably adjusted.

In four great branches—the ship-building, cantonment construction, mercantile marine and longshore work—agreements have been perfected between the government, the employers and labor to safeguard even the unorganized men. These agreements have government sanction because of an ever-growing realization of the necessity not only for industrial stability but for a proper standard of living as the basis of efficiency.

Already the 8-hour law for government contracts has greatly extended the 8-hour day, for in many branches there is hardly a firm not working on government contract.

Although many establishments are now working nine or ten hours, the basic eight-hour day is in effect and the payment of time-and-a-half for overtime beyond eight hours is a sufficient check on the employment of men more than eight hours except in cases of genuine emergency, such as the present.

I predict the war's end will find the eight-hour day practically universal in American industry, as the result not of any spectacular "general strike," but of the recognition, at the insistence of organized labor, that in the long run more and better work can be produced in eight hours than in any longer period.

There is a rapidly growing recognition that the workers are the true basis of national strength. If labor's hand is not strong,

Continued on last page, last column.

Department of Labor Represented at Building Trades Conuention

The delegates to the Building Trades Convention, which held its sessions at Buffalo during the past week, were treated to an address by a representative of the Department of Labor, who told the delegates some of the things which this department stand for, and the A. F. of L. Convention delegates will also have the pleasure of listening to Mr. Gold, the department's representative. His address is as follows:

President Donlin introduced Mr. Gold, representing the Department of Labor.

Mr. Gold: Mr. President and Members of the Building Trades Convention—You are all interested in what the United States Department of Labor—which is your Department and at whose head is one of your members—is doing in the great war emergency. And so I come to you today with the program of the Department of Labor to tell you what we are trying to do down there for the working men of the country. We are trying to establish a machinery of organization of the labor forces of the United States that we can win this war most effectively and most quickly and at the same time preserve for the labor interests of the United States all that it has gained in the years that it has been fighting for those gains. We believe that no sacrifice of these essential principles which labor stands for and is standing for in the world democracy need be made, that there need be no conscription either direct or indirect of labor to win this war, that labor needs not be bribed nor coaxed nor shamed in any other way except a plain opportunity of service, and that it will volunteer that service under proper conditions.

The Department of Labor is establishing a machinery which leads labor in its organized form. We believe that we are leaving to organized labor a chance to establish the conditions with the machinery that it has for establishing them. But we do believe that in this war labor will need a vast amount of protection of its rights, not only in an organized way, but as individuals. We also believe that labor ought to be recognized in some satisfactory and striking way for its place in the war. We believe that we should provide the machinery for the transfer of labor from one section of the country to another and from one occupation to another. Now, men, that is going to mean a vast transfer, for the contracts let in the shipping interests alone—the merchants' interests—if they are to be completed on schedule time 136,500 more mechanics will have to be put into the shipyards of the United States than are there now. What is necessary in the shipyards is equally necessary in the navy yards and in the yards constructing war vessels.

Consequently we of the Department of Labor wish your co-operation, and I want to express for the Secretary's office and for the Secretary the appreciation which the Department has for the co-operation which you have given us and the establishment and employment of machinery so that it will not be necessary for any men out of work to be hoodwinked by an employment agency, but that there may be established in every city in the United States of any consequence an agency that will make it possible to know where men are needed, why they are needed and what they are going to pay them when they get there.

We are establishing what is known as the United States Public Service Reserve, by which a man who is now on the job whether in war industry or not can enroll himself with the Department of Labor and can receive the recognition of the Department in the little button which I am wearing. It is a certificate of the Department which shows that he is a member of this reserve and at the same time it puts him in line for regular war work when the time comes, when he is actually needed to do the things of the war he will be told where to go and the conditions under which he will have to work, and it is then up to him to decide whether he goes or not. The man thinks he ought to go because it is his patriotic duty, and if the conditions are not right, if the place is not right, he has only to say so and we will undertake to use the forces of the Department of Labor to see that conditions are made right. We don't pledge anything and we don't stand in the way of a strike if it is necessary.

Now when he is on the war work, as many of the men are, the Department of Labor proposes to honor that man by allowing him to wear the official chevron of the Department of Labor, which is the official recognition of the government that he is on war work, and every six months he will have a stripe added there. There is a record in the Department of Labor of the man's actual work.

The Department of Labor and the Secretary desire your co-operation, members of organized labor, in that you will establish through the machinery of your organization an acquaintanceship with your great brotherhood of the desire of the Department for the enrollment of the organized labor men, so that we may say to every department that needs men for war work, "Here are the men, ready to go, ready to do, ready to act for the war." And this is the one great agency to do it.

There is no compulsion—one reserve, one labor power, one protection and one recognition, all centered in the United States Department of Labor. That is the service we are asking and it is your co-operation that we desire to get. I will be around here for the next week or so and I shall be very glad to go into the details as to the operation of this program with any of you who care to do so.

I thank you for this privilege.

Sheriff Fined $1,000

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 15.—Federal Judge Humphrey of the United States district court imposed a fine of $1,000 against Sheriff Jenkins of Madison county because that official arrested strikebreakers employed by the St. Louis Smelting and Refining company at Collinsville and searched officials of the company for deadly weapons. The court said the sheriff had intentionally arrested the employes, had aided the strikers and did all in his power to injure the company. The sheriff insisted that the arrests were made to avert a race riot.

Over a score of strikers have been arrested on contempt charges and several of them have been sentenced to 90 days in jail.

Enforce 8-Hour Law

Secretary of War Baker has instructed the quartermaster general of the army to insert in all future contracts a clause making eight hours the basic day of work in the manufacture of tents, with time and one-half for overtime.

Complaint was made to Frank Morrison, secretary A. F. of L., by the Troy (N. Y.) federation of labor that tent manufacturers in that vicinity were violating the federal eight-hour law. The trade unionist took the matter up with the war department. The Troy unionists forwarded some of the pay envelopes of women workers at these plants. They range from $5 to $8 a week.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNION LABEL TRADES DEPARTMENT A. F. OF L. 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOVEMBER 16, 1917.

Preparing for the Future

The organized workers of our country are at the present time enjoying what may fairly be termed prosperous conditions. That is to say that compared with normal years during the past quarter of a century this year there is a greater demand for workers in proportion to the available supply than has commonly been the case. As a direct consequence of this many craftsmen have been able, through their organizations, to gain increases in pay and secure more dollars for a given number of hours' service than ever before. This condition of affairs can, of course, be attributed to the great world war now in progress.

We are not contending that increases in pay have kept pace with the increase in the cost of living. We know that living costs have far outstripped the wage increases gained, but our thoughts are not now so much concerned with the present as with the future. We are thinking of what the close of the great world conflict will bring to us and how well we will be prepared to face the music of that momentous time.

When the war ends there will be a revolution in the industrial world. Never again will the exact conditions which existed prior to the opening of the war be returned to us. On every hand there will be change, and the organized workers ought to be prepared to exercise a large degree of influence over the changes while they are taking place. And they can be in just such a position if they will begin now to shape the course of the future. Preparation should be made to hold, after the war, every particle of ground gained during its progress, and to do this it will be necessary to fight long and hard. Living costs will doubtless tumble down, down, down shortly after the close of the war, and if, under such conditions, the workers are able to maintain wartime wage scales they will indeed, have gained much.

In preparation for that time there are at least two things that we ought to be feverishly working at now. The one is the thorough organization of our various lines of industry, and the other is the building up, through increased dues or assessments, of treasuries sufficient to impress employers with our power, and capable of sustaining our membership during struggles to prevent reductions in pay or increases in working hours. That employers will make strong efforts to revert back to pre-war conditions there can be no room whatever for doubt. This being true, he must, indeed, be a fool who sits contentedly by and makes no preparation for the approaching storm. If we are to have such thoughtless organizations, and we doubtless will have many of them, then when they find themselves in the midst of trouble, with no means of defending themselves, they will be entitled to but scant consideration at the hands of the men and women who had the foresight, the judgment and the disposition to make sacrifices in the interest of the future.

Now is the time to prepare. The organized workers can afford now to set aside something, be it ever so little, for the day of trial that is sure to come to them shortly after the close of this bloody conflict.

It may be held by some that it is indiscreet to so frankly treat this subject just now, but we have been carefully watching the actions of the great international unions and have found that only here and there is there one striking out in the right direction. With this situation confronting us, we feel that it would be little short of criminal to remain silent on such an important subject.

Every greedy employer in the country who has been forced during these busy times to yield something to the demands for justice, is happy in thought that his day will again come and that he will find the workers without the power to resist his encroachments. What is to be the result? Will greed be allowed to dominate, or will the workers be ready to contest every backward move?

What Will Teddy Say Now

Will the Hon. Theodore Roosevelt charge the Federation of Catholic Societies with "offering an apology for the murder of the helpless?"

This was his indictment of Samuel Gompers, when the president of the A. F. of L. said, in a New York speech, that the East St. Louis riots were caused by the "importation of cheap negro labor to compete with white labor."

This latter view has been indorsed by the Federation of Catholic Societies at its convention of 400 delegates in St. Louis, who adopted this sizzling declaration:

"The declaration and punishment of the rioters is the treatment merely of the ulcer, not of the disease; of the prosecution and punishment of those who are less guilty than those who are responsible for the wholesale importation of the negro.

"The immediate and prime cause of these riots we charge against the conscienceless and soulless corporations of East St. Louis who encouraged the wholesale importation of negro labor for the nefarious purpose of replacing white labor and who thereby caused a sudden, violent, unjust and oppressive change in the economic position of the white population of East St. Louis.

"We charge that there is sufficient evidence to prove that certain industries in the city seek to frustrate every legitimate effort of laboring men to organize for their own protection; that men have been discharged and blacklisted for no other reason than that they asserted their right to unionize. We charge that the importation of the negro was intended primarily to combat labor organizations, and to reduce men to unorganized helplessness, and to the acceptance of starvation wages. We charge that the cotton fields of the south were leased by northern capital, which let them lie fallow, and thereby forced unemployment on the negro and his migration northward, where he was used in the nefarious plot of replacing the white man.

"We therefore condemn capitalistic industries of the city as the prime and immediate cause of these riots."

Old Ideas Are Being Thrown in the Discard

Conditions brought about by war are upsetting all preconceived ideas as to the relations of labor and capital. The employer and the employe are joining hands to support the government in making the world safe democracy. The government itself has recognized the worth of collective bargaining as a means of insuring stability in the war industries.

Commenting on this phase of relationship, The Public makes the following editorial comment:

"Organized labor and the principle of collective bargaining have secured extensions and recognition where none would have hoped for them a year ago. The government has abandoned its neutrality, and in contracts for war supplies or in supplementary agreements has imposed union conditions and union recognition on employers who were only recently boasting that they would spend their last cent before they would submit to what they termed 'union dictation.' Mr. Gompers had been criticized in these columns, but his support of the government, his generalship in taking advantage of the situation to advance unionism and international democracy at the same stroke, place him far above those radicals whose contribution to the crisis has been negative and dejected denunciation of those in power. The cept for the election of Eugene Schmidtz as a member of the board of the first importance. The government's abandonment of neutrality as between industrial absolutism and industrial democracy is epoch-making. Secretary Baker has had time to spare from a Herculean military task to install as his confidential advisors such well-grounded radicals as Walter Lippmann and Dr. Felix Frankfurter, and they have aided in formulating and executing a labor policy as enlightened as organized labor itself had planned. Mr. Wilson himself found time to pause in his consideration of military and diplomatic problems long enough to appoint a commission of understanding democratic unionists and employers to study the Western labor situation and find more fundamental remedies than deportations and prosecutions."

What the Label means to the union shop—Promotes good citizenship; elevates the standard of labor; protects the home and fosters family ties; forbids conditions which endanger the health of the community.

If this country took half the ingenuity it uses in devising new dances and applied it to the proper solution of some of its pressing problems everybody would be happier.

Suing for $100,000 or more for heart balm appears to be getting more common every day. But getting a verdict for more than 60 cents cash is quite a sensation.

A mammoth tooth has been found near the Hindenburg line; must have been where the general does his daily gnashing.

"Back to the land," is the cry of the food conservationists. When the nation is up against it, we find that the land is the source of all wealth, after all. Still, under our taxation system we penalize the man who improves his land and reward the man who does not.

OIL WORKERS STRIKE.

Houston, Tex., Nov. 15.—Ten thousand workers in the large oil producing fields of Louisiana and this state are on strike for union recognition, an eight-hour day, higher wages and better working conditions.

UNION INFLICTS FINES.

East Liverpool, Ohio, Nov. 15.—The iron hand of discipline is felt by a few members of the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters who urged secession during the recent wage adjustment which included a short strike. Every move made was first submitted to the referendum by the officers of the brotherhood, but even this did not satisfy these "leaders," who now find themselves without an army and are compelled to pay stiff fines.

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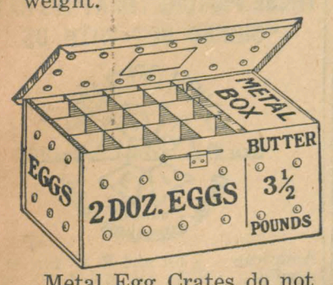

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Masonic Hall, 9th and F Sts. N.W. Secretary, C. P. Reichel, 24 Myrtle St. N. E. Office of Budget, J. G. Schmidt, 512 F. St. N.W., Third floor.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 747 Varnum St. N.W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, 205 John Marshall Place at 10:00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E St. S. W.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G St. N.W.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 528: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Washington Hall, 3d and Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Harry A. Disney, 536 10th St. S.E.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. **Secretary,** Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

City Firemen's Union, No. 15665: Meets second Sunday of each month, hall, 1101 E St. N.W., 7:30 p.m. Sec., Wm. A. Smith, No. 2 Chemical Engine Co., Pa. Ave., S.E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Chas. F. Crump, Ballston, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Monday, 205 John Marshall Place. Secretary, David P. McCracken, 473 E St. S.W.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th St. N.E.

International Jewelry Workers Local, No. 12: Meets every Friday night at 8 p.m., Flynn's Hall, Corner 8th and K Sts. N.W., Secretary, M. Leitheiser, 918 M St. N. W.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N.E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 9½ Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. .Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, 205 John Marshall Place. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 320: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. **Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.**

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. **Secretary,** J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N.W. Secretary, E. J. Tracy, 18 Girard St. N.E.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary Treasurer, Jas. E Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p.m., John Marshall Place. Secretary J. G. Schmidt, 722 6th St. N. E.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 816 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

PAY FOR OVERTIME.

Dayton, Ohio, Nov. 15.—The Dayton Street Railway company has accepted the Street Car Men's union's interpretation of a contract between the two parties and will hereafter pay time for overtime. The workers are asking what would be the result if they were unorganized.

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The United States civil service commission is appointing artisans, helpers and laborers at navy yards. In certain trades, the commission states, particularly those connected with ship building, there is usually a shortage. Sail makers, coppersmiths, ship fitters, anglesmiths, blacksmiths, and machinists are especially needed. Women to operate power sewing machines are in great demand. Representatives of the civil service commission at the post offices in all cities are the official recruiting agents for this as well as other branches of the civil service, and competent mechanics are urged to offer their services to the government at this time of great need.

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Invalid and sick room supplies.
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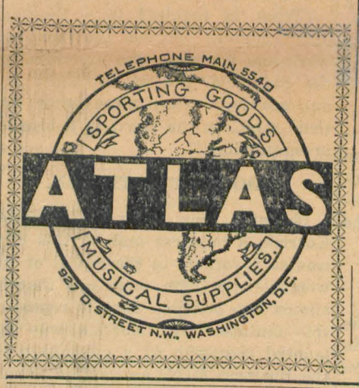

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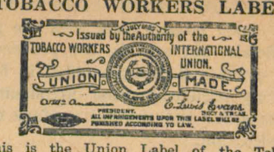

This is the Union Label of the Tobacco Workers International Union, and is found on wrappers of all tobaccos, snuff, and cigarettes that are Union made. The Label is printed in black on blue paper. Do not accept from your dealer any goods which do not bear this Label.

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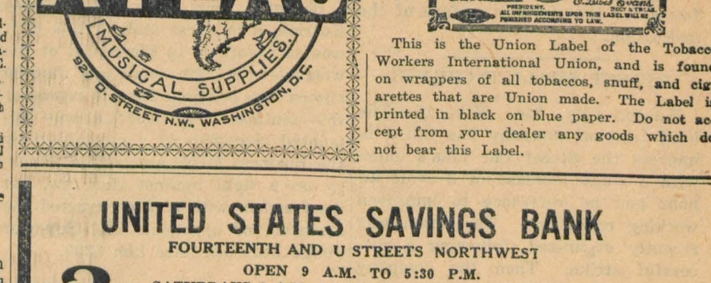

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DEMAND
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IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
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AS A GUARANTEE THAT IT IS UNION

ORGANIZED LABOR WILL BE STRONGER THAN EVER AT BUFFALO CONVENTION

Continued from First Page.

skillful and willing, not a ship will sail, not a gun will roar. Through this recognition labor will assume a new status in the nation's councils.

Some of our American "Bolsheviki" of the socialist party, of the so-called People's Council, and other similar irresponsibles undertook a campaign to swerve American labor from the standpoint of loyalty to self and country. Their futile efforts have only demonstrated that among all the millions of American workers there were only a handful mean or silly enough to join the traitorous plan.

It cannot too often be emphasized that American workingmen are concerned in this great struggle not only as Americans but as workers. They must help destroy Hohenzollernism not only because it menaced America and democracy, but because the workers more than any other class stand to suffer by the triumhp of Prussianism.

To the capitalist it need matter little in what country he lives, his wealth exalts him above the laws and political government of any country.

With the worker the existence of a military absolutism is of daily concern. Whether he is the slave of the state, as in Prussia, or whether the state is his servant, determines his whole existence. Therefore labor has mobilized for an early and lasting peace.

It must be recognized, however, that labor's unswerving loyalty is not maintained without sacrifice. Not only have the men of labor gone forth as soldiers, not only have they redoubled their efforts in mine and factory, but at the same time they have had to see their families suffer through price increases far beyond any increase in their earnings. Already the standard of living has been reduced far below what is necessary to maintain their energy unimpaired. All this labor has borne with wonderful patience.

The toilers of America are willing to make sacrifices, but they must be sacrifices for the republic and not for private profit.

Labor is with the government in this war because we know the government is with labor to a degree surpassing any other administration. We believe, aye we know, that the wise, good-hearted man in the White House will not endure abuses, but will descend upon the war profiteers and put an end to their pernicious practices.

PRISON REFORM IN N. J.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 15.—A new system of discipline and control is to be established at the New Jersey state prison, and in the future inmates of the institution will have some voice in the administration of discipline and in those matters most closely pertaining to their personal daily life.

Broadly speaking, it is proposed to select a governing committee from among the convicts, to constitute a convict court, having a sergeant-at-arms and other necessary officers, to deal with discipline and in this way bring the convicts through their recognized and self-chosen leaders into closer co-operation with the prison officials, not only in the preservation of order and discipline, but in formulating regulations and introducing reforms for the general welfare of the institution.

REJECT SMALL INCREASE.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 15.—The local traction company has failed to impress the Street Car Men's union with a wage increase of 3 cents an hour and no reference to improved working conditions. The union was recently organized, following a successful strike. Then the company made its offer and began a newspaper advertising campaign calling attention to its sensational generosity.

The union demanded that changes be made through the regular channels and that its committee be recognized, which has been accepted by the company.

CEMENT WORKERS GAIN.

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—Cement Finishers' union has negotiated a new agreement which includes wage increases.

LABOR BOARD APPOINTED.

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—Governor Stephens has appointed a committee on labor in connection with the state council of defense. The committee will handle all difficulties between employers and wage earners where war work is affected.

In approving the creation of this committee, Organized Labor, official paper of the state building trades council, says:

"What is required is a thorough understanding between the men who work and the men who are directing the industrial life of our state and our country. They must enter into their relations the spirit of a broader understanding."

TOO FREE WITH PEN.

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 15.—Charles Korrick, a business man in this city, was so favorable to the repeal of the woman's minimum wage law that he signed two petitions for the repeal of this statute. Mr. Korrick was appointed chairman of a committee by the Business Men's association to carry on a fight against this law, but his freedom with a pen attracted the attention of opponents and Superior Judge Stanford fined him $300.

Start R. R. Wage Movememt

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 15.—President Wharton of the railway employes' department, A. F. of L., has asked the crafts in division No. 1 to vote on an eight-hour day and a wage increase proposal that will aggregate not less than 10 cents an hour for each mechanic.

This division includes all railroads north, south and west of Chicago.

The referendum is submitted at the request of a large percentage of the membership and executives of affiliates. All crafts, whether organized into a system federation or affiliated with the railway department, will vote.

In urging higher rates to meet increased living costs, President Wharton says railway shop employes realize the magnitude of the goverment's undertaking to check speculators and profiteers, and that:

"We also know that the earnings of those we represent have not kept pace with the increase in the cost of living and that our wages have never been on a fair basis, commensurate with service, skill and knowledge required. We are in full accord with the policies of our government; we regret the necessity of war, but now that our country has become involved, we shall do everything in our power to establish firmly forever the principles of democ racy, so ably defined by President Wilson.

"We make this declaration now, so that the pro-German may not delude themselves in regard to the attitude of the membership represented and in affiliation with the railway employes department of the A. F. of L.

URGES A HEALTH CENSUS.

New York, Nov. 15.—The inclusion of scientific health data in the next federal census was advocated by Edwin Kopf, insurance statistician, in an address before the annual convention of the Casualty Actuarial and Statistical society. While there were practically no health figures available for the United States. He expressed doubt as to the practicability of getting the name of every man or woman ill, but he outlined a method which he thought would be successful. He advocated wide publicity for the sickness census, the recording of facts for only whole families who were willing to give the whole truth, doubting the wisdom of compulsion; then on the basis of the number affected, he said that the rate of prevalence of sickness for each 1,000 persons could be estimated and would be approximately correct.

"BUYERS" ARE FRAUDS.

The federal food administration has issued the following statement:

"Reports have reached the United States food administration that men claiming to be its representatives have attempted to buy the home-canned products put up by housewives in various parts of the country, claiming that they did this by order of the food administration.

"These men are impostors, the food administration never having sanctioned their policy or activities."

Rumors that the government contemplated the seizing of home-made canned goods have also been officially denied.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Montreal, Quebec, Canada, Nov. 15.—Printers employed on English newspapers in this city have raised wages $3 a week for day work and $4.50 for night work. Piece work has been abolished and men who enlist for military service will be reinstated in their positions on return from the war.

R. R. EMPLOYES GAIN.

Denison, Tex., Nov. 15.—In accordance with an agreement to meet any wage increases by the Missouri Pacific or the St. Louis and San Francisco railroads, the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad has raised wages of its federated shop employes 1 1-2 cents an hour.

ELECTROTYPERS GAIN.

Springfield, Mass., Nov. 15.—Electrotypers' union No. 44 has secured a two-year agreement, Wages are increased $2 a week the first year and an additional $1 a week the second year.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

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Bijou Theater - - 9th and Pa. Ave.
Carolina - - 11th & N. Car. Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - F St. near 7th N.W.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N.W.
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Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
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Empress - - 9th bet. D & E Sts. N.W.
Favorite - H St. bet. N. Cap. & 1st
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theater - - 423 9th St. N.W.
Gayety Theater - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Ghent - - - - - Norfolk, Va.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home - - C St. bet. 12th & 13th N.E.
Knickerbocker - - 18th & Col. Rd.
Leader - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty - - - N. Capitol & P Sts.
Loewe's Columbia - - F near 12th
Lyric - - - 14th St. near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N.W.
"M" Street Theater - M St. near 32d
Navy - - 8th St. bet. D & E S.E.
Olympic - U St. bet. 14th & 15th N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Park View - - Ga. Ave. & Pk. Rd.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza - - - - 434 9th St. N.W.
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Princess - - - - 1112 H St. N.E.
Raphael - - 9th St. bet. N & O N.W.
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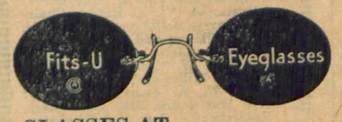

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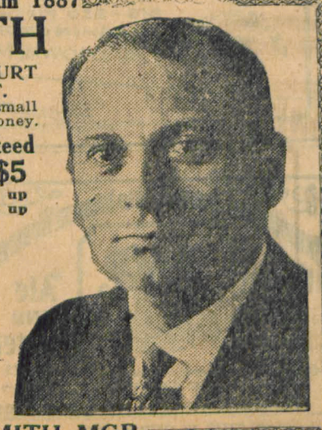
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VOLUME XXII. NO. 22 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22' 1917 — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Government Deals With Trade Unions

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 22.—Since last April, when this country declared that a state of war exists with Germany, the United States government has inaugurated a definite policy of recognition of organized labor.

In referring to the appointment by the President of Vice-President Duncan as a member of the Russian commission, the A. F. of L. executive council, in its report to the thirty-seventh annual convention in this city, makes this interesting statement: "Mr. Duncan was the first representative of organized labor ever appointed on a diplomatic mission of the government of the United States."

Under the caption "Labor's War Agreements and Representation" the executive council lists established relations between various branches of the government and sections of the organized workers. An agreement, signed by Secretary of War Baker and President Gompers, provides for union rates of wages in localities where cantonments are erected, with "consideration given to special circumstances, if any." John R. Alpine, president of the United Association of Plumbers and Steamfitters, represents labor on this commission of three. This agreement now includes all other work done by the war department during the period of the war. Secretary of the Navy Daniels has approved this agreement for all work on land under the jurisdiction of his department.

The United States shipping board emergency fleet corporation signed an agreement with the metal trades and building trades unions establishing an adjustment board to settle disputes in ship building plants. Secretary-Treasurer Berres, of the A. F. of L. metal trades department, represents labor on this commission of three.

Disputes in the unloading of boats will be adjusted by a committee consisting of government representatives, vessel owners and T. V. O'Connor, president of the International Longshoremen's association.

The Seamen's International union ratified an agreement between its representatives, the government and vessel owners, which includes a wage scale and working conditions during the war.

The United Leather Workers' International union has an agreement with the war department and leather contractors, which establishes the union's 50-cent minimum, and the adjustment of disputes without strike. W. E. Bryan, general president of the leather workers' International union, is associated with a contractor and two army officers as members of the adjustment committee.

The President's special commission to investigate labor conditions in the far west includes John H. Walker, president of the Illinois state federation of labor and E. P. Marsh, president of the Washington state federation of labor.

GOMPERS AND POLICIES ARE SCORED HEAVILY

Convention Indorses War Attitude.

PRESAGES RE-ELECTION.

The convention of the A. F. of L got down to real business during the past week and as we go to press the convention is nearing its close. The most notable action taken during the week was what practically amounted to a vote of confidence in the entire executive council when the delegates by a roll call vote indorsed, almost unanimously, the attitude of President Gompers and his colleagues in their stand on the war.

President Gompers in his usual forceful manner addressed the delegates explaining the position which the executive council took and their participance in war activities and defied any delegate to point to any utterance or act of his or any of his associates that was not in strict keeping with trade union principles.

A notable change was made when the convention decided to change the time of holding the annual convention from the month of November to that of June to enable the trade union movement to take a more active and intelligent part in the politics of the country. This action was also the cause of an animated discussion in which it was brought out that labor is to play its part in the policies of the political parties of our country, and in the words of President Wilson, when he stated in his address to the delegates, "I AM WITH YOU SO LONG AS YOU ARE WITH ME," the convention has served notice to political parties, "WE ARE WITH YOU SO LONG AS YOU ARE WITH US."

There is little or no talk heard of attempting to make a change in the personal of the officers of the federation and its looks as though the entire executive council would be re-elected.

Clergyman Defends Arizona Unionists

Pheonix, Ariz., Nov. 22.—Charging that "a pretty much controlled press" in the mining camps of this state makes it impossible for the general public to know the truth, Rev. William Scarlett of this city recounted Arizona's copper labor troubles in a sermon to his congregation.

"You who believe we have a democracy in industry in Arizona," he said, "and yet who do not believe in organizations of workingmen and women remember that the United States has had two great wars. In revolutionary times we fought for the right to have something to say, and in the civil war we fought for the right to organize and stay organized. And the unions, too, are made to fight. At heart they are peaceful.

"Treat the labor unions in a humane, reasonable manner, and they, too, will be peaceable. But treat them to company-planted dynamite, as in Lawrence; treat them to mounted machine guns speedings, at dead of night, through the streets of a peaceful Colorado town, spitting bullets at the rate of 250 a minute; treat them to deportations, as they were in Bisbee—treat them in this manner and you can only expect the unions to fight back.

"No one maintains for a moment that the unions are perfect; nor defends all their methods or practices. But if we are going to make them fight for their very existence, as we always have, we can't expect them to be careful in their choice of weapons. We recognize the fundamental right to organize; we recognize that only through collective bargaining have the men ever obtained the conditions which approximate justice. And yet we oppose that organization, and we block that collective bargaining whenever we can.

"What can we expect?"

Unionists Are Jailed

Bloomington, Ill., Nov. 22.—The Collinsville (Ill.) trades assembly asks the Bloomington trades and labor assembly to show every possible attention to nine organized workers who have been jailed in this city by Federal Judge Humphrey on injunction proceedings.

"Those imprisoned men," says the Collinsville unionists, "are not guilty of any offense against the law, but their presence on a peaceful picket line was a protest against the un-American attitude of the St. Louis Smelting and Refining company, in importing large numbers of negroes as strikebreakers and denying white American working men the right to organize and improve the intolerable conditions under which they worked. They are the victims of a partisan and prejudiced injunction judge, the last bulwark of unscrupulous corporations."

The Collinsville workers are members of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers' Union, No. 163, and have been on strike since August 4 to secure union recognition, wage increases and the reinstatement of five associates who have been victimized because of trade union activity.

WANT EIGHT HOURS.

New York, Nov. 22.—Waist and dress cutters affiliated with the International Ladies' Garment Workers' union are asking an eight-hour day and a 25 per cent wage increase. Other demands include a minimum scale for unclassified workers, registration of apprentices, and permission to union officials to enter factories for organizing purposes.

GIVE FREE FARM COURSES.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 22.—The state agricultural college announces a 3-months' course in practical agriculture without cost to residents of this state. The course includes fruit growing, market gardening, poultry raising and home economics.

Census of Man Power

For the purpose of assembling the man power of the nation against Germany the war department is preparing to examine the remaining more than nine million draft eligibles. The President has issued a statement in connection with this plan in which he says:

"The selective principle must be carried to its logical conclusion. We must make a complete inventory of the qualifications of all registrants in order to determine as to each man not already selected for duty with the colors, the place in the military, industrial or agricultural ranks of the nation in which his experience and training can best be made to serve the common good. This project involves an inquiry by the selection boards into the domestic, industrial and educational qualifications of nearly ten million men."

Each registrant will be forwarded questions to be answered by him. As rapidly as the boards receive these answers, they will begin fixing classes to which the registrants belong. When a man's place is thus determined the order in which he shall be called in his class will be fixed on the order in which his number was drawn in the draft lottery of last July. Every eligible is entitled to appeal from the classification given him by his local board.

It is stated that the calling of another draft will hardly be probable before the latter part of February.

WANT EIGHT HOURS.

Holyoke, Mass., Nov. 22.—Women employes of the Chester Manufacturing company have suspended work to enforce an eight-hour day and wage increases. This concern manufactures children's dresses.

COAL TEAMSTERS WIN

Lynn, Mass., Nov. 22.—Coal teamsters and chauffeurs have raised wages $2 a week, with overtime of 40 cents an hour to 7 p. m., and 60 cents an hour after 7 p. m.

Seamen Not Laborers Says U. S. High Court

The United States supreme court has ruled that seamen are not "laborers" within the meaning of the United States contract labor law, which makes it illegal to import contract laborers into this country.

Paul Scharrenberg, secretary of the California state federation of labor, and member of the Seamen's union, sued the Dollar Steamship company for penalties for violation of the law on the ground that 19 Chinese had been brought from China to this country on a British ship for service on American ships. In refusing this plea, the court made a distinction between "seamen" and "laborers," and ruled that the seamen were not brought "into this country."

The same legalistic reasoning is shown in denying the claim that a ship of American registry engaged in foreign commerce is a part of the territory of the United States in the sense that men employed on it can be said to be laboring "in the United States" or "performing labor in this country."

"It is, of course, true," said the court, "that for the purpose of jurisdiction a ship, even on the high seas, is often said to be a part of the territory of the nation whose flag it flies. But in the physical sense this expression is obviously figurative and to expand the doctrine to the extent of treating seamen employed on such a ship as working in the country of its registry would be grotesque."

MOVABLE GROCERY STORES.

Elizabeth, N. J., Nov. 22.—Grocery stores that come to the customer is the purpose of a corporation that has filed papers with the county clerk. These traveling stores will be operated by motor. There will be compartments for everything the ordinary grovery store handles. While the movable grocery is primarily intended for rural and suburban districts it can be used in more thickly settled sections. In these it will save grocers' delivery charges.

Women Are Employed in Machine Shops

Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 22.—The Fulton company has placed more than a score of women garbed in regulation overalls in its machine shop, and claims this is necessary because of the labor shortage. This claim is undoubtedly true as the company pays the women 15 cents an hour for a 57-hour week. They are operating drill presses and lathes, while some are learning metal polishing.

Editor Keith, of the Knoxville Plain Dealer makes this comment on the Fulton company's move:

"Much has been said for and against the feminist movement in this city. Anti-suffragists and suffragists have talked and written much about woman's place and mission in the world, but no one has seemed to notice this vital move to the detriment to womanhood that has taken place in their own city.

"Who is caring for the little children at home while the mothers are toiling 10 hours, away from home in the machine shop for a pittance?

"What for the future of these young girls toiling at man's task; why don't some of the talkative reformers of this city say something in behalf of 'These little mothers of men to be?'"

CANDY GIRLS SUED.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 22.—Two candy and biscuit companies have brought suit against their girl employes on strike for higher wages. Damages because of a boycott and picketing are asked.

One of the companies testified that it is paying gunmen $30 a week to act as guards for strikebreakers on delivery automobiles.

WANT SEVEN-HOUR DAY.

Sacramento, Cal., Nov. 22.—A seven-hour day instead of eight hours is part of a new wage scale submitted to employers by the Typographical union. Rates are increased 20 per cent to become effective the first of of the year.

Exploit Convict Labor

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 22.—In a report by the Cole county grand jury, the exploiting of convict labor in violation of state law is denounced.

"For years the custom has existed of permitting some convicts to be engaged upon work for individuals, both public and private, without authority of law and without such persons making compensation for the time and labor of the convicts so employed," the report said. "By express statutory provision the labor of persons confined in the penitentiary belongs to the state, and should not be permitted under any circumstances for officials or individuals to profit in any degree by the use of such convicts except as specifically authorized by statute. Under the circumstances surrounding the instances in which this practice has obtained, there is no basis for criminal prosecution, yet we deem it our duty to call the same to the attention of the court and to condemn the practice, for which there can be no justification."

TO TEACH SHIPBUILDING.

The United States shipping board has opened a shipbuilding school at Newport News. Workmen from steel ship yards in all section of the country will attend.

The experiment is termed industrial. It is modeled on the system used in training officers for the national army at Plattsburg because not only will the students learn to perfect themselves as shipbuilders, but a large part of their instructions will be designed to teach them how best to impart their knowledge to others. At the end of the course the "graduates" will return to their own yards.

TAILORS RAISE WAGES.

Denver, Col., Nov. 22.—Tailors employed on alteration work in clothing houses in this city have won their strike for improved conditions. Wages are increased $3 to $5 a week, with time and one-half for overtime and double time for Sundays. Saturday night work is abolished and shop committees are recognized. These workers have just been organized.

TO LICENSE DECTECTIVES.

Detroit, Nov. 22.—The people of this city have adopted a charter amendment which provides for the licensing of detectives.

PAPER WORKERS STRIKE.

Camas, Wash., Nov. 22.—Refusal to recognize trade unionism has resulted in a strike of 700 paper mill workers at this place.

Gains by Painters

Lafayette, Ind., Nov. 22.—The Painter and Decorator, official magazine of the Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paper Hangers, says:

"Since January 1, more than 300 local unions—one-third of the membership of the brotherhood—have gained an increase in wages or a shorter workday—some both. And this is not all of the story. Many of the 700 local unions that made no demands are working under two and three-year agreements which provide for an advance in wages each year. This record is second to none. No other international trade union has accomplished more within the same brief period. And the gains made were substantial gains, so that the wages of the painter and paper hanger, the glazier and other of the kindred trades compare favorably with those of other workers in the building industry.

"We cannot afford to rest on our oars. Conditions will not permit us to relax our efforts for a single moment. Liberal as have been the increases in wages won, they have not been sufficient to meet the increase in the cost of living."

R. R. MACHINISTS GAIN.

Baltimore, Nov. 22.—After a four-days' conference with its organized machinists the Baltimore & Ohio railroad raised wages of these 1,500 employes 5 cents an hour. This is a 50-cent minimum, or an increase of 14 1-2 cents an hour on the east end and 12 1-2 cents an hour on the west end over rates in April of this year and is the first 50-cent minimum for this class of workers in what is known as the northeast territory.

$16,900 FOR SEVEN FINGERS.

New York, Nov. 22.—The Bronx county supreme court has awarded 9-year-old Katherine Catona $15,000 for the loss of seven fingers. The girl was run over by a strikebreaking motorman last year. Four fingers of the right hand and three of the left hand had to be amputated.

The father was awarded $1,900 damages for the loss of the girl's services.

STRIKEBREAKERS WASTE.

St. Joseph, Mo., Nov. 22.—The state council of defense has ordered an investigation of the charge that strikebreakers employed in one of the Armour packing plants are wasting food. The complaint was made by President Wood of the state federation of labor, who is a member of the council. He said that strikebreakers destroy 75 to 80 per cent of the material which is thrown into the fertilizer department.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNION LABEL TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON, D. C. 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOVEMBER 23, 1917.

GOMPERS' LEADERSHIP

Organized labor and the principle of collective bargaining have secured extensions and recognition where none would have hoped for them a year ago. The government has abandoned its neutrality, and in contracts for war supplies or in supplementary agreements has imposed union conditions and union recognition on employers who were only recently boasting that they would spend their last cent before they would submit to what they termed "union dictation."

Mr. Gompers' generalship in taking advantage of the situation to advance unionism and international democracy at the same stroke, place him far above those radicals whose contribution to the crisis has been negative and dejected denunciation of those in power.

The spread of industrial democracy during the past six months is a gain of the first importance. The government's abandonment of neutrality as between industrial absolution and industrial democracy is epoch-making. Secretary Baker has had time to spare from a herculean military task to install as his confidential advisors such well-rounded radicals as Walter Lippman and Dr. Felix Frunkfurter, and they have aided in formulating and executing a labor policy as enlightened as organized labor itself had planned.

President Wilson himself found time to pause in his consideration of military and diplomatic problems long enough to appoint a commission of understanding democratic unionist and employers to study the western labor situation and find more fundamental remedies than deportations and prosecutions.

AT YOUR SERVICE, WILSON

Socialist mouthings aside, President Wilson is the only real internationalist.

His plea to labor at the American Federation of Labor convention this week will receive loyal response.

Prophets pop up, but Wilson is an economic wizard without one punk prediction. Labor stands in serried ranks behind national policy, but when President Wilson asks industrial peace, he gets the response due to a Lincoln.

Labor's patriotic propaganda, the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy, serve to steady the Labor Union.

This does not pressage an industrial Utopia, if the Ku-Klux-Klan are unscotched, if free speech is capriciously abridged, if diplomacy remains devilishly dark, if food profiteers flourish.

Wilson is a truer internationalist than the most rabid socialist.

He radiates tolerance more than the puling pacifist.

The roadbed is rought but Labor trusts the engineer.

WISE OBSERVATIONS

Show your patriotism by contributing to the American Red Cross Fund.

Organization is the spirit of the age. Has the spirit moved you to action?

Only a man who is never ill wonders how doctors manage to make a living.

When the other fellow offers to compromise it means that you have the best of it.

Attend the meetings of your union and assist in the work. Boost instead of knocking.

It is often wise to set a good example for your neighbors by giving yourself a square deal.

SAVING COAL

The organized workers have again saved their jobs in Ohio. The Prohibition poverty makers have once more been driven off the boards. And why not?

As a sample of prohibition argument there comes to our desk this week the clip sheet of the Board of Temperance of the Methodist Church. One item in it is headed, "Why Blame The Coal Man" and then goes on to state that because three coal miners happened to become intoxicated thus withholding their labor power that Breweries should be blamed for any coal shortage and not the coal companies.

But it happened that there also came to our desk the Official daily bulletin of the Government of the United States, and behold there was an item in that which was headed, "Churches Can Help Save Coal." This went on to show that churches should burn wood instead of coal thus helping out the present crisis.

The Government did not use the foolish argument of the church bulletin that a little pleasure enjoyed by the Miners had caused a coal shortage, but it showed how the churches could help better by co-operation than by criticism.

There will be no question about saving the jobs of the beverage workers so long as the Prohibs continue to publish their collosal inability to comprehend life to all the world.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS

By CYCLE.

POOR VAIN BIRD

Oh, sugar!

* * *

Thanksgiving next Thursday.

* * *

Turkey or no turkey—be thankful.

* * *

Many men of many minds are making trouble of many kinds.

* * *

No Thanksgiving turkey in America is better than Turkey in Asia.

* * *

The new government of Russia is sort of a dice-throwing affair.

* * *

Gen. Villa, the villian, once dead and twice buried, is out again and looking for trouble.

* * *

The dark (e) is offered as an excuse by some who oppose suffrage in the District of Columbia.

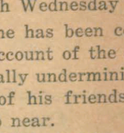
* * *

The petty thief has reached the limit when he swipes the rubber tire from a baby carriage.

* * *

Printers do not worry about prohibition in the District; hence there are no blue "prints" to speak of.

* * *



Not long for this world.

* * *

German subjects have been notified by the President that this is house-cleaning season with Uncle Sam.

* * *

Perhaps you have noticed that there is an absence of foam in the choice of "light"or "dark" at the coffee houses.

* * *

Shipments from Baltimore to points adjacent confirm the report that the rye crop in Maryland is equal to all demands.

* * *

Five American congressmen narrowly escaped with their lives while visiting the trenches in France. More serial stories under "leave to print."

* * *

Cases now coming before the Washington police court justify the observation that Baltimore whiskey bears no resemblance to near beer or grape juice.

* * *

It is a bit bewildering when one attempts to give government figures with a dollar mark in front. Anything under a billion is now regarded as just pocket change for Uncle Samuel.

DEATH OF T. A. DOUGHERTY.

The many friends of Mr. Dougherty in the Government Printing Office were surprised and shocked to learn of his death Wednesday morning last. Although he has been confined to his home on account of the disease which was gradually undermining his health, very few of his friends thought the end was so near.

Mr. Dougherty has been employed in the G. P. O. most of the time for the past 30 years, having learned his trade in this office, and he had a wide circle of acquaintances and friends, who admired him for his sterling qualities. He was honest and upright in all his dealings with his fellow workmen. He was always a staunch union man and never wavered in his devotion to union principles, and was always willing to help a brother in distress, for he was never known to refuse help for any worthy cause—never known to "pass up a subscription" to help those of his less fortunate fellow workmen who needed assistance.

He was a prominent member of the Elks, Knights of Columbus, Typographical Union No. 101, The Knockers, and other fraternal organizations. Most of the older employes of the G. P. O. knew Mr. Dougherty and he was well liked by all who knew him. Although afflicted since childhood he was never known to complain of his affliction and always had a cheerful disposition.

Mr. Dougherty was employed as bankman in the Hand Section, Night, up to the time of his last sickness. He leaves behind an aged mother and several sisters and brothers to mourn his untimely death. May he rest in peace is the wishes of his many friends.

S. M. S.

MORE R. R. EFFICIENCY.

The railroads' war board reports that on 77 of the country's principal railroads a saving of 114,000 cars was effected in one month by increasing the average loading of "less than car load" freight.

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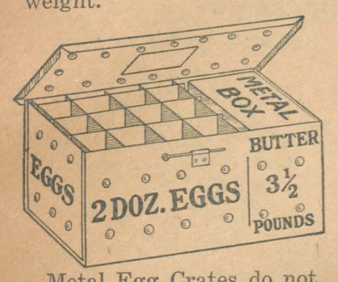

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Masonic Hall, 9th and F Sts. N.W. Secretary, C. P. Reichel, 24 Myrtle St. N. E. Office of Business Agent, J. G. Schmidt, 512 F St., N. W., Third Floor.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 747 Varnum St. N.W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, 205 John Marshall Place at 10:00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E St. S. W.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G St. N.W.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 528: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Washington Hall, 3d and Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Harry A. Disney, 536 10th St. S.E.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

City Firemen's Union, No. 15665: Meets second Sunday of each month, hall, 1101 E St. N.W., 7:30 p.m. Sec., Wm. A. Smith, No. 2 Chemical Engine Co., Pa. Ave., S.E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3806 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Chas. F. Crump, Ballston, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Monday, 205 John Marshall Place. Secretary, David P. McCracken, 473 E St. S.W.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th St. N.E.

International Jewelry Workers Local, No. 12: Meets every Friday night at 8 p.m., Flynn's Hall, Corner 8th and K Sts. N.W., Secretary, F. M. Leitheiser, 918 M St., N. W.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1433 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N.E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 92 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, 205 John Marshall Place. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N.W. Secretary, E. J. Tracy, 18 Girard St. N.E.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10:30 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Financial Secretary and Business Agent, J. H. Cookman, Room 412 Washington Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p.m., John Marshall Place. Secretary J. G. Schmidt, 722 6th St. N. E.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

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Organization—J. C. Clark, Chairman; T. A. Franklin, H. F. Oehler, Frank Manning and J. W. Reynolds.

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Book Paper Combine Ends

Book paper manufacturers have made an agreement with the federal trade commission by which unfair trade practices will be stopped and no further action taken on the commission's complaint that manufacturers conspired to keep prices up.

The commission's order is one of the most sweeping ever issued by that body. The manufacturers are ordered to dissolve their bureau of statistics, to resign from membership in the bureau, from reorganizing it or from becoming members of any similar organization. They are also ordered to cease engaging in any concerted movement to advance the price of book print paper. The latter prohibtion includes telephone communication, correspondence, personal meetings, "or in any other manner whatsoever."

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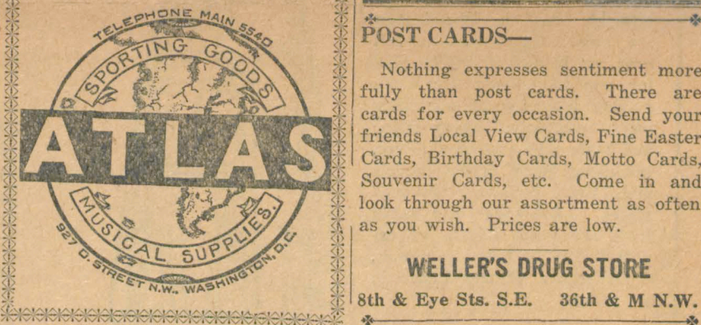

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Cheap Farm Labor Scarce

Atlantic City, N. J., Nov. 22.—If New Jersey farmers will pay a living wage and house their employes in a decent manner, they can secure sufficient labor, said State Commissioner of Labor Bryant, who made this statement in reply to the claim that potatoes in Gloucester county are rotting in the ground because of labor shortage.

"The state labor department," said Commissioner Bryant, "is prepared to furnish workers for the farmers in Gloucester or any other county in the state. But the farmers must be prepared to pay them prevailing wages and also to provide for housing them. We placed closed to 5,000 men on farms through our employment bureau in September, and probably as many last month. The prevailing wage range from $1.75 to $3.75 a day. This is high for this grade of labor, but men are not willing to work for less in the country because they can get it, or much more, in other lines of employment.

"Furthermore, the farmers must make provision for the men, or they will not stick. This can be done in any one of three ways: Employing married men and providing houses for them and their families to encourage permanency; providing barracks of some sort for inexperienced men and training them for the work, or setting up community camps. We tried to induce the farmers to take up the latter proposition this year, but they wanted some one else to attend to all of the details for them.

"As things stand now, farmers anywhere in the state can get all the men they can use because we are receiving applications at the rate of from 300 to 400 a day. But they must be prepared to pay for their transportation, for adequately housing them, and to pay the wages the men are demanding.

"The trouble is the farmers have been accustomed to getting all the men they wanted at whatever wages they saw fit to pay them, virtually. Some of them are willing to go as high as $2 a day now, and say that is all the traffic will stand. But we cannot get the men to work at that rate any longer."

IMMIGRATION FIGURES.

The government's immigration statistics record the interesting fact that during last August not one immigrant arrived from Hungary, Serbia or Montenogro. In the previous month—July—these countries, which have been one of the sources for America's cheap labor supply, furnished one immigrant.

In August, 1914, before the war affected immigration, there were 2,184 arrivals from these countries. In the same period there were 1,644 arrivals from Austria and 6,963 from Russia, and in August, 1917, these arrivals were 13 and 476, respectively.

CAR MEN RAISE WAGES.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 22.—The Mahoning and Shenango Railway and Light company has agreed with its organized car service men to annul a contract that does not expire until April, 1918. A new agreement has been signed in which wages are increased 2 cents an hour for less than six months' employes, and 5 cents an hour for those who have been employed two years and over.

Fort Smith, Ark., Nov. 22.—The Street Car Men's union has compromised its wage demand with the local traction company. Wages are increased 4 cents an hour for 18 months. The union refused to accept a longer contract.

STEEL EARNINGS LARGE.

New York, Nov. 22.—The Midvale Steel and Ordnance company and subsidiary companies report net profits of $8,039,285 for the quarter ended September 30, which compares with $8,258,700 for the second quarter and $7,055,391 for the first quarter. The net profits for the nine months total $23,352,466. The profits for the three months just ended are equivalent to $4.02 a share on $100,000,000 capital stock ($50 par), or at the rate of $16.08 a share per annum.

WANT $1 A WEEK MORE.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 22.—The Waitresses' union is attempting to enforce a new wage contract which calls for an increase of $1 a week.

BAKERS MAKE GAINS.

Minneapolis, Nov. 22.—The Bakers' union is conducting a successful publicity campaign and reports a number of new agreements secured.

BUTCHERS MAKE GAINS.

New York, Nov. 22.—Employing butchers have failed to minimize the successful drive for better conditions by the Amalgamated Meat Cutters' and Butcher Workmen's union. There are about 1,500 retail shops in this city and nearly one-half of them, it is stated, have accepted union conditions.

MILL WORKERS STRIKE.

Puyallup, Wash., Nov. 22.—Saw mill workers employed by the Brew Manufacturing company suspended work to raise wages 5 cents an hour. Present rates average $2 to $2.75 a day.

CAR STRIKE AT AKRON.

Akron, Ohio, Nov. 22.—To enforce a wage increase street car men on city and interurban lines have suspended work.

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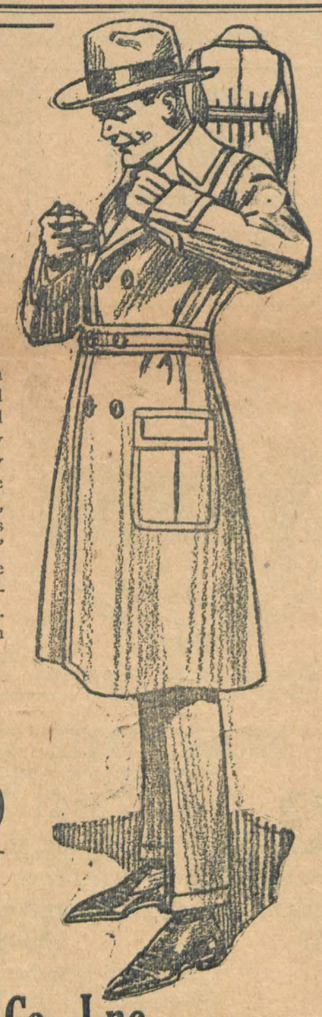

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The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

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INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 23 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1917 — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

PRESIDENT GOMPERS AND SECRETARY MORRISON RE-ELECTED

Daniel Tobin New Elected Treasurer of A. F. of L.

The election of officers resulted in but one change being made, that of treasurer, and John B. Lennon, who has held this office with proud distinction, was defeated for re-election by Daniel Tobin, international president of the Teamsters. President Gompers and Secretary Morrison, the two officers on whose shoulders rest the greatest burden of work which the federation performs, were re-elected, Secretary Morrison unanimously, and President Gompers with but one dissenting vote. A most dastardly attempt was made to besmirch the good name of Secretary Morrison by a member of the local Stenographers Union in the literature which he distributed to the delegates, but like all affairs of this kind it but reacted upon the individual attempting it, and those who he was supposed to represent became the sufferers.

CONVENTION GREATEST IN ITS HISTORY

Remarkable Record Made. To Meet Again in June.

What was undoubtedly one of the greatest and most important conventions of industrial workers came to a close last Saturday night at Buffalo when the American Federation of Labor Convention adjourned to meet again next June at St. Paul, Minn. From the moment that President Gompers brought his gavel down announcing the opening of the Thirty-seventh Annual Convention until its close there was something doing to bring about changed conditions for those who toil and the machinery set in motion that will eventaully give to the wage earner a little more of the good things of this life.

One of the important actions taken and in which every trades unionist should be interested in is that which relates to the Labor Press. The following, taken from the report of the executive council's report and the report of the committee to whom it was referred.

Labor Press and A. F. of L. Publications.

At no time in the history of the American labor movement has the labor press been rendering more effective or indispensable service than during the present critical period of the Republic With correct understanding of the issues involved, the labor papers have given loyal support to the government in defense of democracy, and they have maintained this attitude without surrendering the right to maintain and defend the essential principles of human freedom.

The labor papers form a chain of live agencies by which the problems, the activities and the ideals of the workers of one locality are communicated to fellow-workers everywhere and the ties of brotherhood and co-operation strengthened. Local labor papers have been effectively united into a system for labor publicity through the press service which the American Federation of Labor has furnished in its official publications—the **American Federationist** and **Weekly News Letter.** These two publications supplement each other in furnishing aid to labor papers; the **American Federationist** through editorials and articles interprets Labors' relations to vital problems and important movements and speaks for Labor; the **Weekly News Letter** furnishes to the labor press a resume of happenings of general interest to the movement of this and other countries. The **American Federationist** presents to the workers the best considered judgments of representatives of the organized labor movement, to assist them in working out their own problems.

The labor press and the official publications should receive the loyal support, financial as well as moral, of all members and friends of the organized labor movement. The abnormal conditions of war times, the high cost of paper and increased postal rates, have made the duties of labor editors and publishers increasingly perplexing and have made proper support even more than ordinarily imperative.

In issuing the official publications every effort has been made to avert excessive costs without diminishing value, for it is appreciated they are not published for profit, but to enable the voice of Labor to reach the widest circle of readers—government offcials, business men, economists, publicists, in addition to the rank and file of the workers everywhere.

Report of Committee on Organization.

Delegate Sarah Conboy, for the Committee on Organization, submitted the following report:

On that part of the Executive Council's report under the caption "Labor Press and A. F. of L. Publications," your committee is in accord with all that has been said.

We would like to call to the attention of the delegates present and to the wage workers everywhere in particular, the necessity of willingly supporting and subscribing for labor press in order that they may be fully acquainted with doings of the labor world.

Surely, if we are anxious for the daily news of the business and commercial world we should be more anxious for the news of the labor world.

ORGANIZER IS FINED ON CHARGE OF VAGRANCY

E. E. Ball to Much for Oklahoma Meat Packers.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Nov. 29.—The Oklahoma Federationist gives the following details in reference to the treatment of Organizer Ball at the hands of the city and country authorities in an effort to force him to abandon his organizing work and leave the city:

"This town is too small for the two of us to remain here at one and the same time. You'll either have to leave town or I'll keep you in jail regardless of all judges and courts, and if I can't keep you in jail I'll have my police force beat your head off."

These remarks, liberally interspersed with vile epithets, were made to E. E. Ball, American Federation of Labor organizer by Chief of Police Nichols at the police station after Mr. Ball's arrest on a trumped-up charged of vagrancy.

Mayor Oberholser was called to the station by Nichols immediately after Mr. Ball was arrested and Ball was pointed out to the mayor, with the statement that "Here's that —— I. W. W. —— that we have been after for several weeks." The mayor remarked: "What about it?" Whereupon the chief then related that this man should have a similar dose to what a number were given in Tulsa. The mayor made no further comment other than to remark to the chief that "You know my sentiments."

Mr. Ball's room at the Denver hotel was rifled by members of the police department. In the meantime a county charge was placed against him by the county attorney's office.

Police Judge Mitchell informed an attorney employed by the state federation of Labor that Mr. Ball's bond would be $20. When that was furnished the judge insisted that Ball leave the city.

"The money of the packers will work wonders. In the first instance I was arrested and taken before Attorney Fain, where I was questioned and asked to show my credentials. I did so and they were evidently satisfactory as I received no more trouble from that source. Since the packers were unable to get me through federal sources, they proceeded along other lines, and anyone familiar with their efforts to stop organization in the past will understand the attitude of the head of the police department and how the wheels were greased for me."

Frank Ellis, president of the Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen, said:

"We are every one loyal citizens and willing to do our part for the government. We will not have any one among us who is not absolutely loyal and we resent any intimation that we have I. W. W. tendencies or that Ball ever sought to foster strikes among us. We are going to continue our union regardless of what happens to Mr. Ball, and we are going to stand by Ball to the extreme limit, which we believe we have a right to do as American citizens."

THIS RAILROAD WON'T HOLD JOBS OPEN FOR UNCLE SAM'S SOLDIERS

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 29.—The organized employes that men from railroad has declined the reqesut of its New York, New Haven & Hartford the mechanical department who are called to military service will, on return, be given their former positions.

The proposal is "unfair," said General Mechanical Superintendent Hammond, who writes:

"I appreciate the part that the mechanical department employes are playing, what they will have to do and the sacrifies they will be called upon to make in order to bring the war to a successful termination.

"I do not think it would be just to the men who are not drafted to agree to give to the men who are drafted, and return, their former positions, but am willing to agree that men working in the mechanical department, and drafted for military service, be taken back at such rates as are available, provided they are physically fit, and apply for re-employment within six months after being relieved.

"The railroad company does not obligate itself to furnish positions to men upon their return, but will do everything possible to care for them upon their return from military service. Men so taken back will hold their seniority rights and pass privileges as of the time called for military service.

"This arrangement will enable the men who return to resume their continuity of service and privileges."

WOMEN WIELD PICKS.

Women track workers are wielding picks and shovels on the road bed of the Pennsylvania railroad between New York and Pittsburgh, according to President Rea of this railroad company, testifying before the interstate commerce commission on freight rate increases.

WHY SHOULDN'T THEY?

Denver, Col., Nov. 29.—The chamber maids in the hotels and boarding hourses are organizing a union. The girls say they are going after $10 per week, with half day off each week, and pay for overtime. It is said the pay is now $6 and $6.50 per week, and the maids in most instances board themselves.

FARM FOR EVERY SOLDIER.

A farm for every soldier of the United States who returns from the war is a proposal made by Senator Warren G. Harding of Ohio. The adoption of such a plan, he holds, will go far toward the solution of the problem of land distribution in this country, which Senator Harding considers vital. The government must supervise the distribution of the land to the soldiers, he said.

"The proper distribution of land is the very basis of national wellbeing," said Senator Harding. "The land should, as far as possible, be in the possession of the men who work it. A nation of owners of small farms which support sturdy families is the ideal."

The sturdy farm folk of France, he said, had proved to be the saviors of that county more than once. England's weakness has lain in the fact that her land was in the hands of the few Now England is endeavoring to solve her land problem and has already done so to a considerable extent in Ireland.

2,670 ACCIDENTAL DEATHS.

Harrisburg, Nov. 29—The department of labor and industry has issued a comprehensive table showing how 2,670 workers in Pennsylvania industries sustained accidents which resulted fatally in 1916.

It shows the relative dangers in the various classes of industrial work and the principal causes that resulted in fatal injuries in the various classes of industry. Of the dead, 1,789 were married and they left 2,906 dependents. Eleven hundred and ten were killed in general industrial establishments, 1,112 in mines and 448 in public service.

FORM NEW UNION.

Port Arthur, Tex., Nov. 29.—A new union of inside electrical workers has been completed and will co-operate with the Building Trades council in lining up those who have not joined. The linemen, previously organized, will assist in pushing the work to get all the boys in.

WON'T ABANDON LABEL.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 29.—Organized bakers have rejected their employers' offer to raise wages $2 a week, providing the union abandons its label.

WAR POLICY OF AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR UNEQUIVOCALLY INDORSED

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 24.—The war policy of the American Federation of Labor executive council, which was approved at Washington, March 12, last, by representatives of national and international unions, has been indorsed by the American Federation of Labor convention by the overwhelming vote of 21,602 to 402. The question came before the convention when it was asked to accept a committee report that full patriotic indorsement be given to the work which has been undertaken by the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy. For nearly four hours the convention listened to charges against individual capitalists and public officials, and to smashing appeals to the men and women of labor to support democracy in its world struggle. Labor's answer to this call is distinct, emphatic and unequivocal.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Aberdeen, Wash., Nov. 29.—Typographical union has raised wages 50 cents a day for its members employed on newspapers. The new rates are $5 for day work and $5.50 for night work.

Eugene, Ore., Nov. 29.—An increase of 25 cents a day for machine operators and 50 cents a day for floor men and ad men employed on newspapers, has been secured by the Typographical union.

Dayton, Ohio., Nov. 29.—After a contest continuing for a number of weeks the Walker Printing and Lithographing company was made union. It is one of the most completely equipped plants in the city. The contract calls for union wages, hours and conditions in the composing room.

CHILD LABOR INCREASES

Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 29.—State officials say there are more minors employed in Pennsylvania industry now than for years.

In the continuation schools receiving state aid, there were last year 17,636 boys and 13,891 girls. In the day and evening schools last year there were 3,600 men and boys. In the household arts schools 5,517 women and girls. It is planned to increase this number materially.

While it is realized that present conditions are responsible for the large number going to work, it is believed that those who have quit the public schools will, to a large extent, be willing to continue their work either to continuation or night schools.

100,531 ACCIDENTS.

Olympia, Wash., Nov. 29—There have been 100,531 accidents reported since the state industrial insurance commission law went into effect in October, 1911. Out of the above number of accidents, 1,851 have been fatal. In October there were 2,078 accidents, 28 of which were fatal.

U. S. ACTS IN MINE DISPUTE.

On information that the Glen White Coal Mine company, Raleigh, West Virginia, refused to provide a meeting place for the Miners' union, as stipulated in an agreement wit the operators, Fuel Administrator Garfield sent the following communication to the manager of that company:

"I am informed that you are refusing to provide a meeting place for the local union upon the company's property in violation of the agreement. Without pretending to judge on the merits of the spirit of the arrangement and that no technicalities be resorted to resulting in the cessation or decrease of coal production, please advise me as to facts and take such steps as will continue the mines in operation. If not able to agree with men, I will set time for a conference with both sides here."

TO ENFORCE LABOR LAWS.

Boston, Nov. 29.—For the first time in the history of the Massachusetts Medical society this organization has appointed a committee to insure to industrial workers the full measure of health and safety from accidents guaranteed by state laws.

The committee made this statement: "If doctors in general, employers and workers throughout the state will only combine to see that the laws for protecting the health of workers are enforced Massachusetts will lead the country in the well-being and efficiency of its industrial population."

SANITATION URGED.

This country has not as yet given due attention to hygiene in industry, said Dr. Emery R. Hayhurst, chairman of the industrial hygiene section of the American Public Health association, at a meeting in this city. The speaker urged the need for a general system of sanitary supervision of industries, and cited England's experience during the early stages of the war in decreased production, due to fatigue, staleness and sickness among the workers.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOVEMBER 30, 1917.

These Are the Guilty Ones

Who is responsible for the increase in the price of shoes, the increase in the repair bills on your shoes? When the average merchant is asked this question, he usually replies, "Why labor is going way up, everybody is asking an increase in wages."

Right here the merchant should be asked, "Have you increased the wages of your clerks?" This is important because that is the only wage increase that he is certain of. He should find out positively whether the men working in the factories have had any increase that could possibly account for the big difference now paid to any wearer.

A visit to any good retail shoe store will prove to any wearer of shoes that he must pay from $1 to $4 more for a pair of shoes this year than he did in 1915. Shoes that retailed at $3.50, $4, $5 and $6 have jumped to $5, $6.50, $8 and $10, and the very best made shoes that retailed at $9 and $12 now bring $12 to $16.

The New York World says "that tanners and wholesale leather dealers estimate that more than 1,300,000 sole leather hides and about 300,000 hides suitable for "uppers" are being held in storage warehouses in this city and vicinity at the orders of packers, importers and speculators who are holding out "for a higher market.

Although the price for shoe leather hides are higher today than ever before known—more than twice as high as they were in 1908—the companies dealing in hides refuse to sell at these prices, and the tanners and brokers who supply the shoe manufacturers who have orders for the United States army are having difficulty in filling the orders.

The leather dealers, tanners and brokers unanimously place the blame for present conditions on packers and importers who, it is asserted, control the hide market not only in this country but in South America. At the same time they are inclined to accuse the manufacturers of holding out themselves.

This is a question for Hoover, or for some federal investigation committee because in the meantime union labor is blamed for high prices, without sharing in the game.

And it is to be hoped this exposure will be followed by drastic action on part of the government. If the proper officials will penalize these heartless speculators by confiscating their stock, returning to them only the amounts they can show receipted bills for, it will aid in heading off future speculation in necessities, as well as inspire confidence in the people that their interest and not that of the war profiteers is being guarded. It would also aid wonderfully in stimulating conservation of all products necessary to winning this war for democracy.

OPEN AN ACCOUNT AT THE
People's Dept. Store
JOSEPH GOLDENBERG
Wearing Apparel
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FURNITURE FOR EVERY ROOM IN THE HOUSE
8TH AND PENN. AVE. S. E.

WASHINGTON'S MOST RELIABLE
CUT PRICE JEWELERS
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Lowest Prices
H. M. JACOBSON & SON
Reliable Jewelers for Quarter Century
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Elk Grove BUTTER
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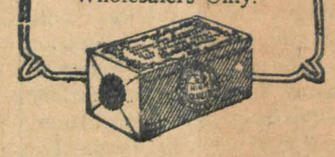

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Largest Shoe Retailers in the World.
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All Quotations—"Cash and Carry."
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Why continue paying higher prices for coffee until you have given GREEN BAG a trial?
OUR GUARANTEE—Buy one pound of Our Famous GREEN BAX COFFEE, use ONE-FOURTH of it, and if it doesn't please you as well as any you ever used, regardless of price, return the unused portion and we will refund you the entire purchase price.
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QUALITY, NOT PRICE, Is Our Sales Argument

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All Work Guaranteed
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Attach to any lighting socket.
Costs 1½ cents an hour to operate.
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Electrical, Mechanical and Automobile Supplies—Domestic Appliances.

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Wholesale and Retail
At Lowest Prices.
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—Phonograph is the wizard of sound-reproduction. Hear this wonderful instrument today in our parlors.
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ALBERT KAHLERT & CO.
Improved Steam Carpet Cleaners and Rug Weavers
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Care of Oriental Rugs A Specialty
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With the taste that's THERE.
IN BOTTLES OR ON DRAUGHT.
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Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
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UNION CUSTOM TAILORS
Complete New Stock of Fall and Winter Goods
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WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF OUTFITTING OFFICERS AND MEN OF U. S. ARMY

Buy Your Eggs and Butter Fresh From the Country

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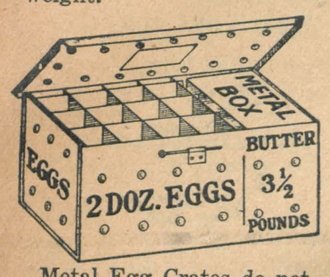
THE ALUMINUM METAL EGG CRATES

Solve the problem of shipping eggs safely by Parcel Post. They are made for continued use, being strongly constructed but light in weight.



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THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
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Goods reserved for Xmas on Small Deposit

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Men's Watches, Elgin-Waltham	$9.75 Up
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Men's Vest Chains, Solid Gold	$3.75 Up
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We also will Exchange New Jewelry for Old at Highest Prices
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Opt Dept. in charge of graduate Optometrist

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The Only INTERNAL Remedy
25c-50c BOX. ALL DRUGGISTS
WRITE FOR FREE SAMPLE TO-DAY
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Tobacco, Cigars, Stogies and Cigarettes
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UP-TO-DATE LINE OF
Ladies', Men's, Youth's and Children's Clothing
All Kinds of Housefurnishings and Millinery
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EXCLUSIVE REPRESENTATIVE FOR
Kuppenheimer Clothes
"The Store Where Quality Counts"
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LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 430 Seventh Street
Through to Eighth Street

Delegates to the National Convention at Houston, Tex.

Henry Miller, the energetic and popular business representative of the International Union of United Brewery and Soft Drink Workmen of America, and W. H. Ryan, president of Local No. 48, were elected delegates to the national convention at Houston, Tex. They left the city last night, and after a short stop at Cincinnati, will proceed direct to Houston, reaching there in time for the opening day of the convention, December 5th.

Mr. Miller's activity in the labor movement covers a period of several years, a charter member of the Brewery Workmen at Hamilton, Ohio, then returning to his home city was elected as secretary, serving for a number of years, and upon the amalgamation of the three locals—Brewery Workmen, Drivers, and Bottlers—was elected business representative, which position has has filled most satisfactorily.

It was through his foresight and energy that the three locals were combined into the now Local No. 48, and the wisdom of this move has been born out by the fact that since the co-operation the most amicable relations have existed between them and the brewing and soft drink interests of the city.

Accompanying Mr. Miller and Mr. Ryan, is Mr. W. D. Clark, a delegate from Yeast Workers' Local, No. 307, a kindred union, affiliating with the international body, and who are seriously considering the advisability of amalgamating with Local No. 48, as certain recent events has shown them the benefits of becoming a unit in this powerful organization.

Millions of Workers

Philadelphia, Nov. 29.—That millions of industrial workers are needed for war purposes is shown by this statement by A. C. Miller, member of the federal reserve board:

"I have it on competent authority that it takes the labor of four men, working in industries of one kind or another producing military and other needed supplies, to maintain one soldier at the front. This means that an American army of 1,000,000 men will require the output of 4,000,000 men, working in factory, field and foundry.

"I also have it on competent authority that the munitions, provisions and other maintenance that the armies and civilian populations of our allies in Europe must have from us will require the output of more than 10,000,000 laborers working in this country.

"If we accept as approximately accurate the estimates of our present available labor supply as amounting to 30,000,000 workers, the magnitude of the economic problems with which we are confronted is suggested by the requirement that one-half or more of our existing labor supply must, during the war, be devoted to the producing of materials and supplies to be consumed by our men and the armies of our allies and the civilian populations of the nations of Europe which are dependent on us for part of their necessary keep."

AGAINST "WELFARE" PLAN.

Chicago, Nov. 29.—The United States shipping board has decided against the notorious "welfare" discharge book system of the Lake Carriers' association and organized seamen on the great lakes have won an important victory over anti-union employers wo comprise the association, which controls four-fifths of the total registered tonnage of the great lakes, operating nearly 450 boats. The dominating member of the association is the Pittsburgh Steamship company, a subsidiary of the steel trust.

The government's action followed an agreement by the Lake Seamen's union last September to postpone a strike pending an investigation of the "welfare" system, against which strike action had been taken. The vessel owners agreed to abide by the governent's decision. Robert P. Bass, former governor of New Hampshire, was assigned by the shipping board to investigate and the decision followed his report.

Under the "welfare" plan a condition of employment on the association's boat was the possession of a book in which was recorded the history of the worker, and even the color of his hair. The scheme was an elaborate blacklist and has been contested for years by great lakes' seamen.

A special agent of the federal department of labor—Paul F. Brissenden—recently investigated this system and reported that: "The obvious result has been the elimination of union men, the use of strikebreakers and the virtual exercise of the power of the blacklist."

WHERE WILL IT STOP?

Cleveland, Nov. 29—The Standard Oil company of Ohio has announced the regular quarterly dividend of $3 a share and an extra dividend of $1 a share, payable January 1 to stockholders of record Nov. 30.

Net assets of Standard Oil of Kansas on December 31, last, were $4,418,683, against $1,032,389 on December 31, 1911. Its surplus at the end of last year was $2,418,683, compared with $1,468,360 in 1911 and $32,289 at the close of 1910.

Under License Law

All bakeries in the United States, including those of hotels, restaurants and clubs, and excepting only the small neighborhood maker of bread, who uses less than 10 barrels of flour a month, are required to take out a federal license after December 10, by a proclamation issued by the President. This means that the baking industry, as far as production is concerned, will be practically controlled by the federal government.

Penalty for failure to take out a license is punishable by heavy fine or two years' imprisonment, or both.

DEMAND LIVING WAGE.

Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 29.—In support of striking telephone girls, the business women's organization in this city, passed the following resolution:

"After hearing all the salaries received by the telephone operators, we are convinced that no woman entirely dependent on her own earnings can live comfortably on less than $8 a week, and that it is their right and duty to organize for the purpose of self-protection and bettering their condition."

RECORD CROPS.

American farmers will have a total corn crop of 3,191,083,000 bushels, or 66,000,000 more than ever grown before in the United States, according to the department of agriculture's estimate. The potato crop, with 439,689,000 bushels, will also break all records.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded
F. H. COLE
Jeweler
Watch Repairing and Optical Work
Clock and Jewelry Repairing
727 EIGHTH ST., S. E.
Work Always Ready When Promised

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DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
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Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.
Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Sam De Nedrey and Mary Ganshorn.

JEWELRY WORKERS GAIN.

Jewelry Workers' Union, Local No. 12, met with much success, as 70 per cent of the jewelry houses signed the new agreement. Beginning Dec. 1st, a day's work will consist of eight hours, with time and a half for overtime. The Jewelry Workers consist of Watch Makers, Jewelers, Platinum Workers, Opticians, Engravers, and every person assembling, making or repairing jewelry of any kind; also the tool and die makers for same, both male and female.

They owe a great part of their success to their energetic and popular business representative, V. W. Speaker

PROFITS IN OIL.

The Standard Oil company of Kansas declared a dividend of $6 a share in addition to the usual dividend of $3 for the quarter. Three months ago the extra dividend voted was only $2.

Headquarters For
Invalid and sick room supplies.
Trusses and elastic hosiery
The Gibson Co., Inc.
917 G St. N.W.
Phone Main 1085.

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Jewelers and Watch Makers.
Paul's
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None Better Made
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A person suffering from Eye Strain and at the same time enjoying the best of health is often at a loss to know whom to consult, and do not feel that they are in need of a physician, but know that they need relief.
If you are in doubt, consult our Specialist of 15 years' practice, who devotes his entire services to the eyes.
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EXAMINATION FREE
Quality Optical Company
438 9th St. N. W.
Opposite Crandall's.

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GIVES HEALTH & LONG LIFE
The worst diseases are amenable to its powers; such as Deafness, Appendicitis, Goitre, Paralysis, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Locomotor Ataxia, Female Disorders, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Spinal Curvature, Catarrh, Asthma, Epilepsy, Alveola Pyorrhea, Gall Stones, etc.
If you are sick, try Chiropractic Adjustments, and GET WELL.
Consultation and Examination Free
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N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE
Free Automobile from 9th and D Sts.

A VERY LARGE LINE OF HAIR BRUSHES
All Shapes, Colors, and Prices.
Quite equal to the best assortment in the city; leastwise, sufficiently large from which to make a satisfactory selection, at
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

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FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
OPEN 9 A.M. TO 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAYS 9 A.M. TO 1 P.M. and 6 P.M. TO 9 P.M.
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COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

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Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

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3101 M St. N.W.	1776 U St. N.W.	712 K St. N.W.
7th & Q Sts. N.W.	3113 14th St. N.W.	3420 M St. N.W.
1105 H St. N.E.	701 H St. N.E.	1714 14th St. N.W.
1632 N. Capitol St.	726 7th St. N.W.	3608 14th St. N.W.
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IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING WET GOODS
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The protective advantages offered in our Great Xmas Player-Piano Club are now obtainable in this Xmas Talking Machine Club.

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Come in at once and select your Xmas Talking Machine. You may pay cash—or take advantage of our Xmas Club Payment Plan, and we will deliver the machine whenever you wish.

OUR VICTOR RECORD SERVICE

—is a joy to the Record Shopper. Stop in—any time—and hear your favorite records played. Our stock comprises every record in the Victor Catalogue.

Arthur Jordan Piano Co.

1239 G Street, Northeast Corner 13th

HOME OF THE CHICKERING PIANO

Workers Demand Justice

Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 29.—Protesting to W. H. Rogers and W. M. Kneer, federal and state mediators, representatives of the Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers' union who were ordered to leave Bingham, this county, call attention to this outrage and ask that they be accorded rights guaranteed every citizen.

The unionists say that the Citizens' Protective association of Bingham is but an alias of the Utah Copper company; that the spokesman of the committee who issued the deportation order is a company foreman, and that the meeting of the association and the acts of the committee were guided and directed by the company.

"In common with the members of the association," the unionists say, "we desire peace, but we would secure it not by strangling all organized protest, but by redressing grievances. We suggest to them that if they would use their energies to combat autocracy in industry by co-operation with organized labor, acting within the law, industrial injustice would be diminished and strikes almost unknown.

"We insist that the town of Bingham and the lands of the Utah Copper company, and those of other mining companies adjacent thereto, are subject to the laws of the state of Utah, and further that we have a right to pass along any road or commonly used path without being subjected to molestation of any character from any source whatsoever."

WON 75 CENTS PER DAY.

Houston, Tex., Nov. 29.—The Electrical Workers' union and the contractors have signed a new agreement which calls for $6 per day, and double time for all overtime, which becomes effective Dec. 1. This is an increase of 75 cents per day and betters our condition in the way of overtime. As our old agreement has not expired, we get the benefit of one month's pay at the advance.

KNEESSI'S

Give Useful Xmas Gifts

Brief Cases, $5 to $20
Smokers' Cases, 50c to $8.50
Pocketbooks, 50c to $10
Toilet Kits, $3.50 to $8.50

Edward L. Kneessi, Mgr.

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Bijou Theater - - 9th and Pa. Ave.
Carolina - - 11th & N. Car. Ave. S.E.
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Elite - - 14th & R. I. Ave. N.W.
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Gayety Theater - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Ghent - - - - - Norfolk, Va.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home - - C St. bet. 12th & 13th N.E.
Knickerbocker - - 18th & Col. Rd.
Leader - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty - - - N. Capitol & P Sts.
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Lyric - - - 14th St. near Park Rd.
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Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
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Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza - - - - 434 9th St. N.W.
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Raphael - - 9th St. bet. N & O N.W.
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Meriden, Conn., Council has introduced a resolution calling for the eight-hour day for municial employes.

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The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR NEWS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 24 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1917 — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Labor is Not Fooling Despite Editor's Hints

Editor Seems Unconscious of the Spirit of Labor.

New York, Dec. 6.—Labor's opposition to injunctions and its refusal to surrender "last-resort" strike rights are not relished by the New York World, which assures its readers the workers are not in earnest and only want to "keep their record straight." This editor, who seems unconscious of the spirit of labor, says:

"When the American Federation of Labor resolves that throughout the period of the war there should be no cessation of work except as a last resort,' we must assume an intent merely to keep the record of any formal surrender of the strike as a weapon of protection even though this surrender may be practically in view for the time mentioned.

"When, again, the federation reaffirms its position against government by injunction, or treatment of labor as a commodity, to be disregarded 'let the consequences be what they may,' it must also be assumed that the desire is to give old principles a continuing voice irrespectiv of present conditions as affecting the matter.

"The strike is or ought to be always a last resort with organized labor. It has been made unnecessary even as a last resort during the war by the pledges and actions of the federal government that all of its immense war powers will be used to see that justice is done in all matters of wages and hours and other conditions of work. The government of the United States has furthermore decreed by formal enactment that labor is not to be regarded in law as a commodity and it has otherwise guarded more closely the use of the powers of its courts in equity processes.

"This convention of the American Federation of Labor has given, on every clear test that arose, notable expression to the patriotism and uncompromising devotion of its great membership to the government in the war. The leadership of Samuel Gompers in this direction has been magnificent and has been responded to with remarkable unanimity and enthusiasm. If there is anything in the convention's final resolutions which may seem to conflict with this general spirit of the meeting, it is doubtless to be written down as without any such interpretation."

PRINTERS ADD 50 CENTS.

Stockton, Cal., Dec. 6.—The members of Typographical union have secured the acceptance of a new scale which adds 50 cents per day to their wages. Beginning January 1, 1918, the newspaper printers will work seven hours and 45 minutes. April 1, 1918, 15 minutes more will be taken off, making a seven and one-half hour day. Wages were advanced from $5 to $5.50. Job printers will continue to work the eight hour day with the same advance.

WANT NINE-HOUR DAY.

Winston-Salem,. N.. C.,. Dec.. 6.—Carpenters' union No. 1942 is demnading a nine-hour day and three big shops have closed their doors rather than reduce hours. About 150 carpenters are involved and their union is rapidly becoming 100 per cent strong.

BOOKBINDERS' NEW SCALE.

Sacramento, Cal., Dec. 6.—A new scale and working agreement has been negotiated between the Bookbinders' union and the Franklin Printing Trades association which provides for a union shop, an eight-hour day and an increase in wages of $2 per week for both men and women.

C. L. U. on Record For Vote in D. C.

Resolution Is Indorsed Unanimously. Committee Is Named

National representation for the District of Columbia was urged by the Central Labor Union in a resolution unanimously indorsed at the meeting last night in Typographical Temple.

The union indorsed the resolution now pending in Congress which provides an amendment to the Constitution of the United States giving Congress the power to admit residents of the District to the status of citizens of a state for the purpose of representation in Congress and the electoral college. This is Senate joint resolution No. 64 and House joint resolution No. 73.

Following the adoption of the resolution, President H. D. Digney appointed a committee consisting of the legislative committee of the union and five other members who are to urge the passage of the resolution by Congress.

This committee consists of J. H. Lorch, chairman; M. P. Alifas, D. J. O'Leary, J. B. Dickman, Dan Hassett, W. D. Clark, W. W. Keeler, Miss Ethoridge, H. Hollahan and Capt. Edward Connor.

A resolution favoring increased pay for federal watchmen and penitentiary guards was also unanimously adopted, and the above committee was instructed to endeavor to have Congress grant the increase. It was pointed out in these resolutions that Congress set the present salary for these employes sixty years ago, and that it is totally inadequate at the present time to meet the present high cost of living.

Samuel De Nedry, delegate to the American Federation of Labor convention recently held in Buffalo, made his report of the convention.

DO THEY GET MEN'S PAY.

Philadelphia, Dec. 6.—Announcement is made that about 4,000 women are now working for the Pennsylvania railroad. In five months the number increased from 1,494 to 3,730. Each day sees more on the company pay roll. Women are finding places in all departments of the service. They are now working in 52 different capacities, many of them very responsible, as 500 are telegraph and telephone operators. In all such announcements the information is carefully withheld by the employers as to whether the women are receiving the pay of the men whose jobs they are filling, but in most instances the information is given that the women are filling the "places of the men called to the colors."

INJUNCTION SERVED.

Gulfport, Miss., Dec. 6.—Deputy United States marshals here have posted the property of the Gulf and Ship Island railroad with copies of an injunction issued by Judge Niles. The injunction was also served on the striking car repairers of the company, enjoining them from tresspass on the right-of-way of the company, and committing other acts in violation of the federal law applicable in the restricting of interstate traffic. About 100 men's names appear on the injunction.

ENTITLED TO RELIEF TIME.

Federal court opinions holding that a definite period of relief given to trainmen at terminal points between their arrival and departure on return trips cannot be deducted in estimating their hours of service were in effect sustained by the United States supreme court in refusing to review proceedings brought by the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad to recover penalties for violating the federal hours of service act. The railroad was convicted on 19 counts and fined $1,900.

Labor's Interests Economic Problems

CONSTRUCTIVE AND NOT DESTRUCTIVE. CHEAP LABOR DETRIMENTAL TO WELFARE OF NATION.

Chicago, Dec. 6.—The current issue of the Cigar Makers' Journal, edited by G. W. Perkins, deals with economic problems from the standpoint of a trade unionist in the subjoined article:

"The protection of labor's interests is of vital importance to the well-being of the nation. Labor is the potential force in production; it is the largest consumer of the products of the soil and factory. It is the great motive power, the dynamic force that keeps the wheels of industry in motion. It plows the fields, garners the crops, works the locomotives and navigates the streams, lakes, and oceans.

"Labor's force is constructive and not destructive; it is the greatest civilizing agency in modern nations. The attempt to reduce labor to impotency, to deny the right of organization, to reduce wages and deprive it of a just share in production is destructive to the orderly progress of civilization.

"The clamor for cheap labor, for cheap men, women and children is based upon a political economy which is fallacious in theory and detrimental in practice. It is detrimental to the welfare of the nation; it is detrimental to the growth of the home market; it destroys the purchasing power of the masses. It gluts the markets by over production; it creates periodical depressions in industry. It multiplies the helpless and homeless that cannot support themselves by industry; it develops a pauper class, mental deficiency and physical degeneracy. It is a menace to civilization; it is the hot bed of despair and anarchy.

"Economic and social problems cannot be solved by brute force, standing armies, penal laws and jails. Brute force, penal laws and jails are but temporary and costly expedients. It requires honest and constructive statesmanship, devoid of greed and prejudice, to meet these questions in an enlightened and intelligent manner. They cannot be side-tracked for any length of time by issues that have no bearing upon the promotion of the common welfare.

"The trades union movement has been active in the endeavor to solve the economic and social problems which confront the nation. While its influence is potential in many ways, it is not as yet strong enough to overcome all of the obstacles in its path. Lack of more complete organization, indifference, and apathy are the chief causes, which have retarded the good work in the protection and advancement of labor's interests, aspirations, and ideals.

"Every new local organized, every new member added to the ranks brings us nearer to the goal of labor's emancipation."

FAVORS CONSCRIPTION.

Middletown, Ohio, Dec. 6.—Charles A. Hinch, president of the American Bankers' association, addressing the Ohio State Bankers' association, said:

"The government would be right in conscripting every bit of capital necessary in this country to win the war. When the government has the right to conscript young men to the army, often requiring the young man to give up his life, there is no one who can deny its right to take the property necessary to carry the war to a successful conclusion.

"There is no good reason for any patriotic state banker not joining the reserve system. The banking structure of the country should be strengthby mobilization of the banking resources of the state institutions. In my opinion if the state banks do not come into the system voluntarily, coercive measures will be adopted. The suggestion has been made at Washington."

FOOD 29 PER CENT HIGHER.

General food prices in the country advanced 2 per cent from August to September of this year, according to an announcement of the bureau of labor statistics. Of the twenty-seven staple articles of diet, on which the compilations are based, seventeen increased and three remained stationary. Pork chops advanced 13 per cent, eggs 4 per cent, and cornmeal 24 per cent. From September, 1916, to September this year food prices as a whole increased 29 per cent.

WERE AWARDED $4 A DAY.

Oakland, Cal., Dec. 6.—An increase of virtually 12 per cent in wages was awarded the platform men employed by the San Francisco-Oakland Traction company, operating the street railway system in this city, by an arbitration board.

The men now are averaging $3.50 a day of ten hours. The increase will give most of the men $4 a day, beginning Dec. 1. The controversy involved 1,100 carmen.

CRUSHING DEFEAT.

New York, Dec. 6.—The World commenting on the crushing defeat of the pacifists and their supporters, says:

"It was a crushing defeat which overtook the pacifist-socialist element in the convention of the American Federation of Labor last week at Buffalo—buried under a shouting and cheering vote of many thousands to a few hundreds. There have been few demonstrations more impressive of American solidarity in the war than this which followed Samuel Gompers' blazing and uncompromising address on the mighty issues involved as affecting democracy and humanity in the world."

GET 10 PER CENT ADVANCE

Akron, Ohio, Dec. 6.—Because of a reduction in wages and the dismissal of a member of the union, the machinists employed by the Kelly-Springfield Tire company struck. Through the intercession of Mark L. Crawford, a government mediator, a settlement was reached, the man reinstated, the company agreeing to deal with a representative of the union in future and a 10 per cent increase granted. The company has large contracts with the government.

TELEGRAPHERS WIN.

Chicago, Dec. 6.—G. W. W. Hanger, United States concilliator, has announced the settlement, by arbitration, of the dispute between the 2,000 telegraphers of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad and their employers. The men get an increase of $10 a month, a graduated reduction of working hours, pay for all Sunday work and one week's vacation a year with pay. The increase will revert to August 1, 1917.

LESS HOURS; MORE WAGES.

Montreal, Quebec, Canada, Dec. 6.—Four thousand Grand Trunk railroad conductors, trainmen and other employes will get the eight-hour day and an increase in pay as a result of an agreement between the officials of the trainmen's organizations and the company.

Stormy Weather Ahead For The "Slacker"

Buffalo Convention Condemns Alien Slackers.

At the inception of the great world war in 1914 there was a wild scramble by hundreds of thousands of men eligible for war service to migrate where their own officials could not reach them.

The same thing occurred for a short time prior to the entrance of the United States into the conflict, but it did not take long for the officials to get wise as to why the health of so many young men should necessitate a change of climatic conditions at that particular moment.

At the recent sessions of the American Federation of Labor at Buffalo, N. Y., there arose a situation which brought the "slacker" issue squarely before the delegates.

The resolutions committee, evidently basing its finding upon developments in the past, recommended that treaties be perfected with the allied countries at war, whereby alien slackers could no longer dodge the issue, but would be compelled to do their share like all honorable citizens.

One of the delegates, hailing from Toronto, pleaded against the adoption of the resolution, stating that he had bitterly fought conscription in the Dominion, and felt that it was all wrong.

Prior to taking a vote there was a spirited discussion, and President Gompers said:

"We are at war. If the delegate does not understand, it is time he woke up. This is not child's play nor a time for academic discussion. It is the duty of every man and every woman to do everything in his power to win a successful termination. And he who does not must bear the brunt of the contempt of red-blooded men."

In all that has been written and said along this line, it is to be doubted if the point has been stated so clearly and concisely.

From time to time The Trades Unionist has pointed out the absolute injustice that the alien slacker, be he in the United States or a former citizen of the United States in an allied country, that when such a man slacks he forces another man to go in his place, while he serenely and contentedly falls into the good-paying positions vacated by those who enlist or those who are called to the service of the colors.

The resolution was adopted by an overwhelming vote, and it is fervently to be hoped that a speedy way may be found to so amend existing treaties that there shall be no escape for any slacker in all the world.

This country has given hundreds of thousands of young men citizenship, and that citizenship carries, if it carries anything, the duty of protecting the country in its hour of stress and peril.

President Gompers and the delegates, by their attitude on this question, at one fell swoop gained the keenest admiration of every citizen who has a drop of red blood within his veins.

The time has passed for slackers and strikebreakers, and a slacker, as we have stated on previous occasions, is the very antithesis of a "rat" and "scab." He horns into the good things of this life, but is unwilling to assume his share of the burden in bringing those good things about.

RAISED 40 CENTS PER DAY.

Boston, Dec. 6.—Massachusetts committee on public safety has rendered a finding granting the more than 5,000 employes of the Boston and Maine railroad employed in and around the terminal of the Moosic and Mystic docks an increase of 40 cents per day excepting the crossing tenders, who were given 30 cents. The men had asked for an advance of 75 cents and an eight-hour day. The nine-hour day was continued.

Jury Gives $200,000 as Strike Damages

Miners Charge Verdict Was Influenced by Judge.

Fort Smith, Ark., Dec. 6.—A federal jury has awarded $200,000 to the Bache-Denman syndicate, which sued the United Mine Workers for alleged damages, charged that their properties had been injured to the extent of $2,250,00 as the result of a strike in Sebastian county in 1914. Suit was started under the Sherman anti-trust act. Under this law the syndicate is entitled to three times the award. The strike was caused by the syndicate's attempt to establish non-unionism.

The decision, it is said, is the first time a judgment has been obtained against a labor union, and effects the funds of the United Mine Workers as an organization. This case differs from the Danbury hatters' case in that there the judgment was obtained against the individual members and not against the union as such.

Miners' officials announce they will carry the case to the United States supreme court, if necessary.

The miners charge that the verdict was influenced by Judge Elliott, who called the jury before him after they had been deadlocked and declared that conspiracy charges against the miners had been fully proven and that it had existed since 1898.

Philadelphia, Dec. 6.—In a local newspaper Louis W. McKernan, attorney for the Bache-Denman syndicate, which has been awarded damages against the United Mine Workers, in an Arkansas federal court, gave this naive description of a non-union shop:

"In the early part of 1914, on account of the cheaper cost of production on an non-union basis, the companies decided to operate on the open-shop basis, which means that all miners applying should be employed regardless of whether or not they are members of the union."

JOURNEYMEN TAILORS ARE STILL GROWING

During the month of November the Journeymen Tailors' Union, Local No. 188, held five meetings and increased its membership by more than sixty members. They are now meeting in their new hall at Eighth and K Streets Northwest. At their last meeting, December 4, it was decided to hold a smoker early in January. A committee was appointed to make all arrangements. Nominations of officers for the coming year was made and the election will take place Dec .18.

The organizing campaign will be kept up all through the winter and as long as substantial progress can be made. The membership is now about two hundred.

RESENT CUT IN WAGES.

Muskegon, Mich., Dec. 6.—Four hundred machinists employed by the Linderman Steel and Machine company suspended work as a protest against wage reductions and discrimination. One instance is cited showing how prices were cut on shells from 10 cents to four cents each, a reduction of 60 per cent. The company compelled its employes to have their clock number displayed on their breasts. Without any semblance of trouble or request by the sheriff, Governor Sleeper ordered the state constabulary to the city. The factory is turning out government munitions and is said to be behind in its orders.

SUPPORT PROGRESSIVE TICKET.

Members of the International Typographical union desiring to give material support to the Progressive ticket are invited to remit contributions to J. J. Dirke chairman of the Progressive Campaign Committee 1400 Walton avenue St. Louis, Mo.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., DECEMBER 7, 1917.

THE LABEL

Union men are as much justified in boycotting non-union made products as big employers are in refusing to employ union men.

When union men buy scab-made hats, shoes, cigars, cigarettes, etc, they employ scab labor, which is not only a violation of their obligation, but the placing of the stamp of approval on the employment of girls at five dollars per week, who have to pay four dollars for board, sixty cents for car fare and have forty cents left for clothes, laundry, pleasure and the purchase of a home.

Beautiful to ponder over!

If you are of the belief that organized labor is what we claim it to be always ask for union-made goods.

Going to have any printing done, see that the Allied Printing Trades Council Labor is also printed thereon.

Bookbinding of any description can be procured in our city—but remember the Bookbinders' Label.

Cigars or stogies made under the sweat shop system by the Trust or Coolies do not bear the label—see that the Blue Label is on the cigar box—the Grey Label on the box containing stogies, thereby avoiding the chances of getting acquainted with some contagious disease.

No cloth hats or caps are union made unless they bear the Cloth Hat and Cap Makers' Label.

Electrical fixtures and switch boxes should bear the Label of the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.

Ready-made or made-to-order clothing, overalls, collars and shirts can be purchased with the Label of the United Garment Workers—otherwise don't buy.

Make purchases in stores carrying the Retail Clerks' Store Card. Pass up movies that are not unionized and do not patronize a non-union barber shop.

Request the jewelry houses to show the card of their employers and give the latest acquisition to the ranks of labor a helping hand, they need all the encouragement possible.

Fine engravers in the union ranks enlist your support when in need of wedding invitations, visiting cards or work of any kind along those lines.

Do yo desire to see unionism prosper and succeed—if you do—demand the Union Label and assist in the march toward better things. This is not asking much, yet your aid is badly needed. Do your part! A helping hand will aid in lifting the heaviest burden.

Get up courage and break away from your old habit by patronizing the label.

And last, but no least—HELP THE MEN WHO ARE FIGHTING FOR A GOD-GIVEN RIGHT—the right to organize for self-protection, by supporting the labor press, the paper which really champions your cause and comes to your aid in the hours of need.

The labor movement has no place for the non-union man with an excuse for buying non-union products.

INSIST ON THE LABEL!

THE WAY TO PEACE

"Any body of free men that compounds with the present German Government is compounding for its own destruction. * * * Any man in America or anywhere else that supposes that the free industry and enterprise of the world can continue if the Pan-German plan is achieved and German power fastened upon the world is as fatuous as the dreamers in Russia. What I am opposed to is not the feeling of the pacifists but their stupidity. * * *

"If we are true friends of freedom of our own or anybody else's we will see that the power of this country and the productivity of the country are raised to their absolute maximum, and that absolutely nobody is allowed to stand in the way of it. Our duty is to stand together night and day until the work is finished."

64 STORES 64 STORES

Xmas Suggestions

Let Kinney's save you as much as you spend on the following serviceable gifts:

Men's, Women's and Children's

HOUSE SLIPPERS---SHOES---RUBBERS---HOSIERY

G. R. KINNEY CO., INC.

Largest Shoe Retailers in the World.

729 SEVENTH STREET NORTHWEST

64 STORES 64 STORES

SANITARY GROCERY CO

92 STORES—ONE NEAR YOUR HOME

All Quotations—"Cash and Carry."

Our Famous

Green Bag COFFEE

Can Be Secured Only at Our Stores.
It Is Sold Nowhere Else.

Why continue paying higher prices for coffee until you have given GREEN BAG a trial?

OUR GUARANTEE—Buy one pound of Our Famous GREEN BAX COFFEE, use ONE-FOURTH of it, and if it doesn't please you as well as any you ever used, regardless of price, return the unused portion and we will refund you the entire purchase price.

One-Pound Bags, per lb., 22c

QUALITY, NOT PRICE, Is Our Sales Argument

People's Dept. Store

JOSEPH GOLDENBERG

Wearing Apparel FOR THE Whole Family

FURNITURE FOR EVERY ROOM IN THE HOUSE

Open an Account

8TH AND PENN. AVE. S. E.

WASHINGTON'S MOST RELIABLE

CUT PRICE JEWELERS

F Street Goods

G Street Prices

H. M. JACOBSON & SON

Reliable Jewelers for Quarter Century

929 G St. N. W.

Opt. Dept. in Charge of Dr. C. P. Rexon

HIGH QUALITY CREAMERY BUTTER

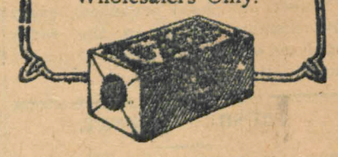
Elk Grove BUTTER

—Is the standard in purity and quality. A Butter that will add zest to meals. Try it and you will enjoy it.

Golden & Co.

922-928 La. Ave.

Wholesalers Only.



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All Work Guaranteed

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806½ Ninth Street, N. W.

Formerly with Schmedtie Bros.

LET THE EDEN WASHING & WRINGING MACHINE WASH YOUR CLOTHES

Attach to any lighting socket.

Costs 1½ cents an hour to operate.

Carroll Electric Co.

714 12th St. N. W. Main 7320.

Electrical, Mechanical and Automobile Supplies—Domestic Appliances.

NUTS AND PEANUTS

Wholesale and Retail

At Lowest Prices.

The O. K. Peanut Co.

1111 Seventh St. N. W.

The Mount Pleasant Nut House

3022 Fourteenth St. N. W.

Phone North 1887

M. R. FILLIPPONE

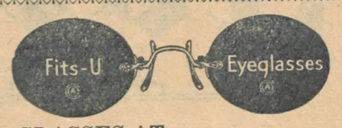
—Union—

Shoe Repair Shop

917 Eighth Street S. E.

CITY FIREMEN'S UNION.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 6.—A City Firemen's union has been completed with a charter from the American Federation of Labor.



GLASSES AT LOWEST PRICES

Save Your Eyes

BLOCK OPTICAL CO.

Exclusive Optometrists & Opticians

737 7th St., N. W.—4 doors from H St.

Open evenings until 8 P. M.

Capital $250,000 3% Surplus $250,000

Compound Interest Paid on Savings

Don't spend now at the expense of the future—SAVE SOMETHING every week. One Dollar will open an account in Our Savings Dept.

COLUMBIA NATIONAL BANK

911 F Street N.W.

The New Edison

DIAMOND DISC

—Phonograph is the wizard of sound-reproduction. Hear this wonderful instrument today in our parlors.

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Established 1895 Phone M. 2036

ALBERT KAHLERT & CO.

Improved Steam Carpet Cleaners and Rug Weavers

Carpet, Rugs, Moth Proofed Free of Charge

Care of Oriental Rugs A Specialty

352 MARYLAND. AVE. S.W.

Select Your Gifts Here

Wonderful Assortments

Popular Prices

HELLER'S

SHOP FOR NOVELTIES

712 7th St. N. W.

Reif's SPECIAL

Is a real drink—a fine, foaming thrist-quenching beverage, which by a secret process retains all the snappy flavor.

With the taste that's THERE.

IN BOTTLES OR ON DRAUGHT.

Altemus-Hibble Co., Inc.,

1007 B St. N. W.

Phone Main 5678.

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.

Its purity and strength are uniform.

Every baker knows what that means.

Send for samples.

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Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage

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SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

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G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

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PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC

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LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

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RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

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E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

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MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

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UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY

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Phone Col. 4157 Takoma Park, Md.

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CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Complete New Stock of Fall and Winter Goods

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

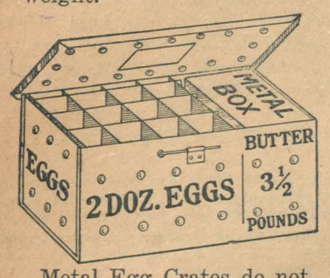
WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF OUTFITTING OFFICERS AND MEN OF U. S. ARMY

Buy Your Eggs and Butter Fresh From the Country

And at a Price Saving

THE ALUMINUM METAL EGG CRATES

Solve the problem of shipping eggs safely by Parcel Post. They are made for continued use, being strongly constructed but light in weight.



Metal Egg Crates do not require outside wrapping for mailing. A short string only is needed for tying "pin" which holds lid securely closed.

Various Sizes
Priced From 85 Cents

Dulin & Martin Co.

Housefurnishing Dept.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.

of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

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MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

CLOTHES, HATS AND SHOES

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.

901-909 Eighth St. S. E.

Down by the Navy Yard

Washington, D. C.

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CONSTRUCTION

Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337

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"The Avenue at Ninth"

Outfitters to Men and Boys

SEE OUR NEW STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS

CORBY CAKE

AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE
CARPETS
DRAPERIES, ETC.

M.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

MOVING PADDED VANS FURNISHED
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ROSE BROS. CO.

Slag Roofing and Water-Proofing

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Merchants Transfer

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STORAGE: PACKING:
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JEWELRY FOR CASH

50c RESERVES ANY ARTICLE FOR XMAS

Gold Filled Bracelet Watches	$7.50 Up
Men's Watches, Elgin-Waltham	$9.75 Up
Men's Vest Chains, Guaranteed Quality	$1.35 Up
Men's Vest Chains, Solid Gold	$3.75 Up
Solid Gold Cuff Buttons at	$2.00 Up
Diamond Scarf Pins, Beautiful Design	$5.00 Up

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We also will Exchange New Jewelry for Old at Highest Prices

907 G St. N. W

Opt Dept. in charge of graduate Optometrist

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PLATINUM AND GOLD
PURCHASED
Established 1866
PRECIOUS STONES ON SALE
BURNSTINE'S

PILOCURA

CURES PILES

The Only INTERNAL Remedy

25c-50c BOX. ALL DRUGGISTS

WRITE FOR FREE SAMPLE TO-DAY

Pilocura Co., Washington, D. C.

Phone Main 14

ROOF WORK

of any description promptly and capably looked after by practical roofers.

IRONCLAD ROOFING CO.
526 13th Street N.W.

J. E. HOGGLE

UNION LABEL

Tobacco, Cigars, Stogies and Cigarettes

509 F Street N. W.

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UP-TO-DATE LINE OF

Ladies', Men's, Youth's and Children's Clothing

All Kinds of Housefurnishings and Millinery

900 NINTH STREET N.W.

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EXCLUSIVE REPRESENTATIVE FOR

Kuppenheimer Clothes

"The Store Where Quality Counts"

1013 PA. AVE. N.W.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 430 Seventh Street
Through to Eighth Street

WAGES INCREASED.

Baltimore, Dec. 6.—The members of United Garment Workers' union, No. 7, have been granted an increase of 10 per cent as of January 1.

NEXT, PLEASE; 20 CENTS.

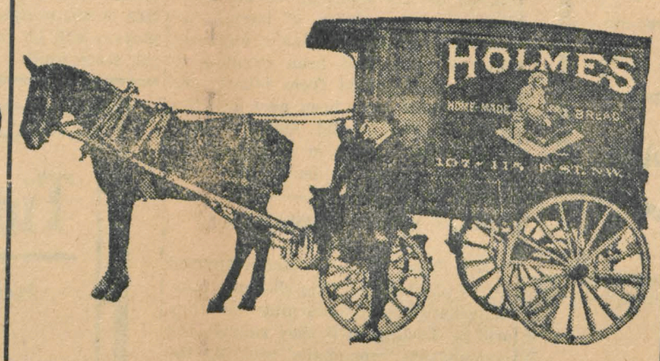
Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 6.—The Barbers' union has determined to increase the price of hair cuts to 40 cents and shaves to 20 cents.

WANT INCREASED PAY.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 6.—The Carpenters of this city and the vicinity want their wages increased 10 cents an hour.

HOLMES
Home Made Bread

8 Cents Pound Loaf



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FRESH FROM OUR OVENS TO YOUR HOME

Phones Main 4537—4538

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U. S. FOOD ADMINISTRATOR
LICENSE No. B 01019

Open a Charge Account at Abramson's---Your Credit is Good

No need to deprive yourself of smart, stylish wearing apparel just because you lack the ready cash.

Come up to Abramson's and buy all you want and pay as little as

$1.00 a Week

Here you will find merchandise of quality, stylish, and at the right prices, linked with the privilege of credit.

H. ABRAMSON

7th and L Streets N.W.

Wear A VIENNA HAT

None Better Made

410 9th St. N. W.

Factory 435 11 St., N. W.

--Castelli's Restaurant--

Gentlemen's Cafe, Ladies' Dining Room and Private Rooms

EXCELLENT CUISINE

Business Men's Lunch
12 to 3 a la carte

502 NINTH STREET N. W.

SEA FOOD AND GAME OUR SPECIALTY

The Safest Investments

Are those that do not fluctuate during disturbed conditions of the money or stock markets. First deed of trust notes (first mortgages), well secured on real estate in the District of Columbia, constitute "gilt-edge" investments, and they do not depend upon the financial responsibility of individuals or corporations for their stability. We can supply such investments in amounts from $500 upward. Send for booklet, "Concerning Loans and Investments."

SWARTZELL, RHEEM & HENSEY CO.

727 15th Street N. W.

Bell Brand Union-Made

COLLARS and SHIRTS

LARGE ASSORTMENT

T. HOLLANDER

NORTH CAPITAL AND H STS.

DEMAND EIGHT HOURS.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 6.—The new union recently formed of the janitors and window cleaners are attempting to enforce a new wage scale of eight hours and $3 and $3.50 a day respectively.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded

F. H. COLE
Jeweler

Watch Repairing and Optical Work
Clock and Jewelry Repairing
727 EIGHTH ST., S. E.

Work Always Ready When Promised

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

TYPOGRAPHICAL TEMPLE
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Main 4614

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EYE STRAIN IS NOT A DISEASE

A person suffering from Eye Strain and at the same time enjoying the best of health is often at a loss to know whom to consult, and do not feel that they are in need of a physician, but know that they need relief.

If you are in doubt, consult our Specialist of 15 years' practice, who devotes his entire services to the eyes.

Private Optical Room
EXAMINATION FREE

Quality Optical Company

438 9th St. N. W.
Opposite Crandall's.

CHIROPRACTIC

GIVES HEALTH & LONG LIFE

The worst diseases are amenable to its powers; such as Deafness, Appendicitis, Goitre, Paralysis, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Locomotor Ataxia, Female Disorders, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Spinal Curvature, Catarrh, Asthma, Epilepsy, Alveola Pyorrhea, Gall Stones, etc.

If you are sick, try Chiropractic Adjustments, and GET WELL.

Consultation and Examination Free
Office Hours—9 to 6. Phone M. 1999

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1116 F St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

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MODERATE PRICES

940 F STREET NORTHWEST

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Side Entrance on 9th St.

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Free Automobile from 9th and D Sts.

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SPORTING GOODS
ATLAS
MUSICAL SUPPLIES
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A GOOD SYRINGE

is really a great treasure in the home with a family. Worth a great deal more than it costs in dollars and cents. Get one now.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

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FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

OPEN 9 A.M. TO 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAYS 9 A.M. TO 1 P.M. and 6 P.M. TO 9 P.M.

3 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

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3101 M St. N.W.	1776 U St. N.W.	712 K St. N.W.
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1105 H St. N.E.	701 H St. N.E.	1714 14th St. N.W.
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POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA

Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter

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THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE

Against Prohibition

DEMAND

Personal Liberty

IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK

ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING WET GOODS

AS A GUARANTEE THAT IT IS UNION

WALFORD'S
THE
GIFT STORE

JEWELRY
THE GIFT SUPREME

Men's Wrist Watches—radium dials, $4.50 to $15.

Ladies' Wrist Bracelet Watches—in gold and filled, $5 to $25.

Complete stock of Waltham, Hamilton and Howard Watches.

Diamond Rings—perfect cut stones. $10 up.

Diamond Ring—mounted with platinum, good values at $20 and $25.

Diamond Pendant and Lavalliers—extra good value at $15 to $25.

Cameo and Diamond Brooches, $5 to $25.

A large variety of Stone Rings and Emblem Rings at reasonable prices.

WALFORD'S, 909 Pa. Ave.

Jewelry Dept.

WEAR A
BRODT'S
Incorporated
Union HAT Made
503-505 NINTH STREET NORTHWEST
419 ELEVENTH STREET NORTHWEST

Phone Main 1887

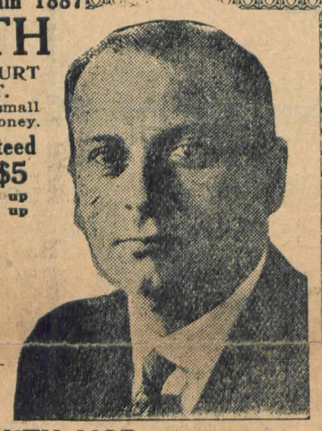
DR. H. E. SMITH

THE DENTIST WHO WON'T HURT YOU EVEN A LITTLE BIT.
—He will allow you to pay him in small amounts so you won't miss the money.

All Work Absolutely Guaranteed

GOLD CROWNS, BRIDGE WORK, GOLD SILVER FILLINGS, $3, $4, $5
75c up
50c up

My Famous SUCTION TEETH $5 A Single Set



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7th and D Sts. N.W.
Entrance, 401 7th St. N.W.

DR. H. E. SMITH, MGR.

$1 A WEEK $1
AT DODEK'S
WILL PAY FOR
CHRISTMAS
CLOTHES

Distinctive Styles In Women's and Misses' SUITS and COATS

Many different and distinctive styles. Dodek's suits or coats keep you warm and give serviceable wear. You will look your best this Christmas if you buy your clothes at Dodek's. One dollar a week pays for them.

Men's Clothes With Plenty of "Pep" And Class

Every stylish model you can think of—Belt-all-around styles, in single or double-breasted, new military effects. Made from the finest fabrics obtainable. One dollar a week. Pay while you wear them.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHES AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES FOR $1.00 A WEEK

DODEK'S 827-829 7th St. N.W.

Goodyear MAN'F'G COMPANY
RAINCOATS AND OVERCOATS
—For—
MEN, WOMEN, AND CHILDREN
1004 F Street Northwest

MANY DRINKS ARE ON THE MARKET
Some Are GOOD and Some Are BAD
Do not Condemn All because some do not satisfy

--EXELSO--

HAS THE OLD TIME TASTE—
QUENCHES THE THIRST—
SATISFIES THE LONGING—
AND PLEASES ALL WHO TRY IT
If not on sale at your dealer's notify

National Capital Excelso Co.
TELEPHONE LINCOLN 1738 FIRST & EYE STS. S.E.

AN ECHO OF ADAMSON LAW.

An echo of the railroad crisis of a year ago was heard in the United States supreme court, when the government filed a brief supporting the decision of the Arkansas federal court that the Adamson act applied to all railroads, regardless of whether they had a wage dispute pending at the time the law was enacted. The Fort Smith & Western Railway company appealed from the decision.

"Congress did not undertake to investigate the conditions surrounding different roads," said the government's brief. "It merely faced the fact that the commerce of the country was about to be tied up and endeavored to adopt a general measure to give relief. If it had known, as it probably did not, that there were some roads whose men would not join in the strike, it doubtless would still have passed an act applying to all alike. But slight knowledge of human nature is necessary to make it apparent that if relief had been granted to some and withheld from others, the result would have been new dissatisfaction which would speedily have brought about another emergency of the same kind to be dealt with."

MUST WEAR "WOMANALLS."

New York, Dec. 6.—Men employed in the plant of the Otis Elevator company have received warning that they will be discharged if they ridicule the combination "womanalls' worn by the women workers in the factory. More than 100 are employed in the mechanical departments. Many of them threatened to leave unless the male employes ceased jibing them about their uniforms.

NEW PLUMBERS' UNIONS.

Chicago, Dec. 6.—During the month of October the United Association of Journey Plumbers, Gasfitters, Steamfitters and Steamfitters' Helpers issued the following charters: Superior, Wis.; Cleveland, Ohio; Gallup, N. Mex.; Bath and vicinity, Me.; Keewanee and Galva, Ill.; Dubuque, Ia.; Mare Island, Cal.; Tacoma, Wash.; Camden, N. J.

JEWELRY WORKERS SUBSCRIBE FOR THE TRADES UNIONIST

At their meeting last Friday the Jewelry Workers succeeded in having their organization subscribe for fifty copies of the Trades Unionist.

WANT $7 A DAY.

Peoria, Ill., Dec. 6.—Journeymen Plasterers' union has served notice on the contractors that on and after March 1 the scale will be $7 per day for eight hours with Saturday half holiday. The present wage is $6 per day.

CAMEOS
Jewelers and Watch Makers.

Paul's
1322 G St., N. W.
Opposite Epiphany Church.

Headquarters For
Invalid and sick room supplies.
Trusses and elastic hosiery

The Gibson Co., Inc.
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Give Useful Xmas Gifts

Brief Cases, $5 to $20
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MEN'S HATS
—AT—
$1.00-$1.35-$1.65
FREDERICK'S
Hat Store
813 SEVENTH ST., N. W.
Washington's Lowest Priced Hatter
Union Clerk

PRIVATE LIABILITY ELIMINATED IN OHIO

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 6.—The fertile field of private liability insurance in this state has been closed to liability companies by Attorney General McGhee, who rules that the Ohio workmen's compensation law has outlawed their business.

This stunning blow marks the end of a long fight by organized labor, first to establish a compensation law, and then to oust the private companies, who were permitted to do business under a ruling by former State Insurance Commissioner Taggart. The Ohio federation of labor contested this decision and carried the question to the state supreme court.

Under the Taggart decision employers applied for the privilege of paying compensation direct and then insured themselves with the private companies. Under the McGhee ruling this is not permissible and these employers will be compelled to pay into the state fund.

GAIN 10 PER CENT.

Portland, Ore., Dec. 6.—The Meat Cutters' union has reached an agreement with all the firms except one and the new conditions are now operative. It provides for a nine-hour day with an increase in wages, which virtually amounts to the pay formerly received for ten hours in most cases and in some instances is more. It also provides for time and one-half for overtime, Sundays and legal holidays.

GET $5 AND EIGHT HOURS.

Stamford, Conn., Dec. 6.—Iron Molders' union No. 161 presented a demand to the firms under its jurisdiction for an increase to $5 and a reduction of hours to eight per day. The wages had been $4.50 and eight and one-half hours. The firms involved conceded the request and the friendly relations that have heretofore existed between employer and employe continue.

GAINED RECOGNITION.

Coffeyville, Kan., Dec. 6.—A representative of the Sinclair Oil Refining company met a committee of the central body and a delegation of the striking refinery workers to consider the settlement of a strike at that plant. He promised to take the matter under advisement and return an answer in a few days. Three hundred men are involved.

The threatened strike at the National refinery here was settled when the management granted the demands of the union five minutes before the two weeks' time limit expired. Three hundred employes had voted to strike. Recognition of the union, the main issue in both cases, was granted.

EIGHT HOURS; $6 PER DAY.

San Francisco, Dec. 6.—Commencing with January 21, 1918, the minimum wages of the carpenters will be $6 per day of eight hours. Such an agreement has been reached without any friction whatever.

Time to Spruce-up, Men!

Here's the Cold Snap—Right Upon Us—Don't Stand Out in the Cold—Slip Into a Pollock

Suit or Overcoat of Style and Quality

Pollock tailoring, men, is the kind that has made hundreds of friends in Washington—it's just right. Excellent fit is guaranteed—and each garment is individually designed.

Tailored To Measure $22.50 A Reasonable Price

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alone will remove most of the dirt, but where we find spots or stains that are particularly stubborn, we have our spotter remove them. Spotting is a science in itself, and is part of our idea of service to you.

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A PRIZE DANCE EVERY NIGHT AT 10:45

5c carfare from any part of the city—on any line.

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Apollo - - H St. bet. 6th & 7th, N.E.
Auditorium - 13th and N. Y. Ave. N.W.
Avenue Grand - Pa. Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater - 15th & Madison Pl.
Bijou Theater - - 9th and Pa. Ave.
Carolina - - 11th & N. Car. Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - F St. near 7th N.W.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N.W.
Crandall's Joy - - 9th & E Sts. N.W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N.E.
Dumbarton - - 32d & O Sts. N.W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite - - 14th & R. I. Ave. N.W.
Empire - - - - 910 H St. N.E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D & E Sts. N.W.
Favorite - H St. bet. N. Cap. & 1st
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theater - - 423 9th St. N.W.
Gayety Theater - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Ghent - - - - - Norfolk, Va.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home - - C St. bet. 12th & 13th N.E.
Knickerbocker - - 18th & Col. Rd.
Leader - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty - - - N. Capitol & P Sts.
Loewe's Columbia - - F near 12th
Lyric - - - 14th St. near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N.W.
"M" Street Theater - M St. near 32d
Navy - - 8th St. bet. D & E S.E.
Olympic - U St. bet. 14th & 15th N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Park View - - Ga. Ave. & Pk. Rd.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza - - - - 434 9th St. N.W.
Poli's Theater - - 15th & Pa. Ave.
Princess - - - - 1112 H St. N.E.
Raphael - - 9th St. bet. N & O N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd.
Savoy - - 14th & Columbia Rd.
Senate - - - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand - - - 9th & D Sts. N.W.
Stanton - - - 6th & C Sts. N.E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N.W.
Victoria - - - 7th & E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 25 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1917 — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Roosevelt "Jobbed" By Ancient Method

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—To save District Attorney Fickert from a recall because of his connection with the Oxman perjury and other features of the Mooney trial, Theodore Roosevelt was "jobbed," to use police language.

The ex-president wired Fickert:

"I am informed that an effort is being made to recall you because you have successfully prosecuted the anarchists who, during the preparedness day parade, killed ten persons and wounded sixty others. If such be the [illegible] that the issue between you and your opponents is that between patriotism and anarchy, but I also feel that all those who directly or indirectly assail you for any such reason should be promptly deprived of citizenship."

As Fickert's opponents include well-known citizens, some of them object to be placed on the colonel's "undesirable" list. They demanded explanations. It was then discovered that a friend of Fickert turned the trick through Alexander Moore, publisher of the Pittsburgh Leader, who was asked to interest Roosevelt on behalf of Fickert, who was "stamping out sedition."

Charles A. Swigart, Fickert's recall opponent, wired the accommodating Pittsburgh man:

"You have been grossly deceived. Fickert has heretofore made no pretense of stamping out I. W. W. propaganda and has prosecuted no one even remotely accused of radicalism except bomb defendants. Preparedness day crime occurred July 22, 1916, nine months before war was declared, and no problems of sedition had then arisen. When the Oxman expose came Fickert invented that issue to protect himself and is now desecrating the American flag by using it as a cloak to cover up official misdeeds."

HIGHER WAGES NECESSARY.

Cleveland, Dec. 13.—The demand for higher wages by train service employes is defended by the Railroad Trainman, official magazine of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, which says:

"Our men are making better than that allowed for the normal day, but to make it they work more hours than fixed for a normal day's work. The overtime stretches their pay and lets them live in an indifferent fashions.

"The wage for the normal day in freight service varies slightly in different parts of the country. In the territory that covers the greatest number of men, the going rate for through freight service is $2.67 a day. In the west and south the rate is slightly higher. Passenger men receive from $62 monthly upward. Without going into the wage question in detail, there is to be said in general that the normal wage and overtime fall far below the war cost of living. We have to adopt the only course open to us, which is to ask for wages enough to allow us 'to have our supper.'"

ONE GUN MAN JAILED.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Dec. 13.—Wiley Haney, strikebreaker and self-advertised "bad man" from the west, who shot up the town during last summer's textile strike, will forego terrorizing women and children for a spell. He has been sentenced from one to five years for attempt to commit voluntary manslaughter and to six months and a $100 fine for assault.

82 PER CENT DIVIDENDS.

New York, Dec. 13.—Stockholders of the international mercantile marine corporation are disappointed because 82 per cent dividends have not been distributed but have been set aside for other purposes. These dividends indicate the vast profits in the shipping industry because of the war.

Coast Phone Strike Ends By Mediation

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—A coast-wide strike of electrical workers and telephone girls has been settled by President Wilson's mediation and investigating commission.

The agreement drafted by the commission for Oregon, Nevada, Washington, Idaho and California, and accepted by the workers, includes:

Recognition of the telephone girls' unions.

Wage increases for girls earning less that $50 a month from $7.60 a week to $9 in large centers; from $7.60 to $8, $8.50 and $8.60 in smaller cities; girls earning more than $50 a month, minimum weekly increase of 50 cents.

Wage increase for men of 12 1-2 per cent, or from $4 to $4.50 for journeymen, and from $2.50 to $2.80 a day for apprentices.

Negotiations for further increase and, on failure to agree, arbitration that will be final.

Machinery for disposing of all grievances by mutual adjustment or by United States government arbitrators in each district, by federal immigration commissioners or inspectors, as available.

The president's commission is made a party to the agreement.

The appointment of John F. Williams, retired coal operator of Chicago, as arbitrator in any future labor controversies affecting electrical workers and operators on the Pacific coast has been announced by Secretary of Labor Wilson.

MORE PRICE SETTING.

If Congress acts on the suggestion of President Wilson, in his message to the national lawmakers this week, America's plunderbund will pass through dark days.

The chief executive said:

"Recent experience has convinced me that the Congress must go farther in authorizing the government to set limits to prices. The law of supply and demand, I am sorry to say, has been replaced by the law of unrestrained selfishness. While we have eliminated profiteering in several branches of industry it still runs impudently rampant in others. The farmers, for example, complain with a great deal of justice that, while the regulation of food prices restricts their incomes, no restraints are placed upon the prices of most of the things they must themselves purchase; and similar inequalities obtain on all sides."

INFECTION A LABOR LOSS.

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 13.—Care in preventing infections would make a big decrease in the time and money loss due to industrial accidents, says the state department of labor and industries. It is shown that out of nearly 6,000 casese reported during the last fiscal year, 15 per cent were caused by infection. The cost was $66,000 and the estimated time lost was 86,626 working days.

The department makes no estimate of its own as to how many of the infections could have been prevented, but quotes previous estimates that at least 90 per cent can be avoided. It urges a safety kit for every industrial establishment and the cultivation of the habit among employes of reporting accidents so that even the slightest injury may be treated.

DEFEAT SPEEDING UP.

Cincinnati, Dec. 13.—Assurance that speeding up systems will not be installed is a feature of an agreement between the Boiler Makers' union and the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad. No enforcement of compulsory insurance and higher wages are also included.

Weinberg Acquitted In Just 25 Minutes

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—Israel Weinberg, one of the five defendants in the so-called preparedness day bomb case, was discharged by a jury after 25 minutes' deliberation. It is a record decision in big criminal trials in this city.

The verdict rips wide open the net woven around Thomas J. Mooney, Mrs. Mooney, Warren K. Billings, Edward D. Nolan and Weinberg.

The latter is a jitney driver and was charged with conveying Mooney, Mrs. Mooney and Billings to the scene of the explosion a short time before the bomb was set off. Weinberg not only proved a complete alibi but police officials swore that they had orders to keep automobiles off Market street, the scene of the explosion, and that there were no automobiles within four blocks of where the explosion occurred, except official cars.

Two women, Sadie and Mollie Edeau, were the principal witnesses for the prosecution. The defense brought out these facts:

The women did not testify before the grand jury, nor are their names on the indictment charging the defendant with murder. Weinberg was in jail 45 days before the women entered the case by visiting the jail and identifying the jitney driver. They had previously visited the district attorney's office and discussed the matter with that official.

Warren K. Billings was convicted largely on the testimony of John McDonald, who swore at that trial that he saw Billings place the bomb. At the Weinberg trial McDonald injured the prosecution by being forced to acknowledge that he did not see either Mooney or Billings get in or out of any automobile at the scene of the explosion.

Frank Oxman, whose perjured testimony convicted Mooney, was not called as a witness by District Attorney Fickert in the Weinberg case. Neither was Oxman called against Mrs. Mooney, who was also acquitted at her first trial.

The score now stands: Two convictions, Mooney and Billings; two acquittals, Mrs. Mooney and Weinberg; a discredited district attorney, who is facing a recall election and an aroused public sentiment developed by the organized workers and other justice-loving citizens.

Edward D. Nolan, the fifth defendant, has not been brought to trial.

WHY MINERS DON'T WORK.

Charleston, W. Va., Dec. 13.—The West Virginia Federationist, published in this city, says:

"The increase of wages granted the miners is doing but little good in many parts of the district where owing to car shortage they are only working about half time. There is considerable howl if a man loses a day's work, but how about the patriotic railroads who are deliberately obstructing the coal output."

DON'T SPEND ENOUGH.

Wilmington, Del., Dec. 13.—A committee appointed by city officials to investigate housing conditions reports that "Wilmington collects less money and spends less money for the support of the city than does any other city in its class we could find in the United States census report."

Wilmington is the home of large powder interests, and shipping and iron concerns.

SECURE UNION SHOP.

Rock Island, Ill., Dec. 13.—Organized wiremen, members of Electrical Workers' union Nos. 485 and 635, have secured their first union shop agreement, which provides for $5 for eight hours. These unions have jurisdiction over Rock Island and Moline, Ill., and Davenport, Iowa.

Employes Of U. S. Want Cheap Food

Thousands of government workers have begun a campaign through the Federal Employes' union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, urging that a petition be forwarded to congress and the secretaries of war and navy, asking that government clerks be given the right to buy goods and foodstuffs at the army and navy commissaries.

Should the employes succeed in their desire, it would mean that they could take advantage of the low prices quoted on commodities purchased by the government. The head of the family, if prudently buying from army and navy commissaries, could place his family on army rations at 40 cents a day for each person. The matter was referred to the advisory committee for a report and recommendation at the next meeting.

URGE LABOR CLAUSES BE PUT IN CONTRACTS

The inclusion in all government tracts of clauses specifying the hours of labor and wages of employes was strongly urged upon the war industries board by Samuel Gompers and the executive committee of the American Federation of Labor.

The labor leaders also propose that labor representatives be placed on all advisory boards and committees as a means of promoting co-operation between the government, employers and workmen for war production.

PAYS MILLION IN RENT.

In the estimates for appropriations submitted to congress by various departments it is shown that Uncle Sam, because of war conditions, is paying $1,059,-593.66 in rentals. Since the war started many buildings have been leased to accommodate the government. The war department leads with a total rentals of $249,860. The food and fuel administrations are listed at $83,420.

GIRLS ARE LOYAL.

Fort Smith, Ark., Dec. 13.—At a mass meeting addressed by trade unionists and business men, striking telephone girls notified the Southwestern Bell Telephone company that they will not return to work until the two operators discharged last September are reinstated. For good measure these loyal girls demand the reinstatement of strikers at five nearby localities.

RECOGNIZE A. F. OF L.

Atlantic City, N. J., Dec. 13.—At a meeting of the Tile, Mentel and Grate association, eastern district, these employers recognized the supremacy of the A. F. of L. by voting to urge an independent union of tile setters to ally itself with the bona fide trade union movement for the purpose of avoiding jurisdiction conflicts.

TEAMSTERS ORGANIZE.

Topeka, Kan., Dec. 13.—Nearly 200 teamsters have signed a charter application to the Brotherhood of Teamsters, the largest number of charter applicants in the history of Topeka trade unionism.

UNION SHOP FOR MINERS.

Jellico, Tenn., Dec. 13.—The large coal operating company representing the Woolridge interests in eastern Tennessee has signed a union shop agreement with the United Mine Workers, the first in 10 years.

BREWERY WORKERS GAIN.

Rochester, N. Y., Dec. 13.—Employing brewers have raised wages $1 and $2 a week.

Wants U. S. Ownership Bankers Now Control

New York, Dec. 13.—Charles S. Mellen, former president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, favors government ownership of railroads, according to an interview printed in the New York American.

The ex-railroad official was connected with the New Haven properties several years ago, when it was looted so thoroughly that even frenzied finance was scandalized. For this reason his story of railroad control is interesting. He refers to railroad directors as "directors who do not direct," and says employes and managers work for "a coterie of bankers."

"I often ask myself," he said, "why is it that when a man becomes rich in the grocery or banking business nothing else will do but he must become a director in a railroad.

"Get a list of the railroad directors of America. See how many of them have their friends and their sons, and their friends' sons, or other relatives, in good positions on the railroads. Many of them have been railroad director for no other purpose.

"It is going to take something like the strong arm of the government to deal with the army of railroad employes. Under government ownership there will be no more strikes than there are in the army, navy or post office."

The interview closed with this statement, which indicates that the labor question is not the real issue:

"The railroads have lost the confidence of the public. I believe they are headed toward government ownership. Nor will it be long, in my opinion, before investors are convinced of this fact and will be among those insistent that the government take the roads."

SAVING HUMAN CAPITAL.

The struggle of nine of the warring countries to strengthen their human resources by making labor conditions tolerable for children who must work, and providing vocational schools for them, is told in a pamphlet issued by the children's bureau, federal department of labor.

In Italy, as well as in France, England and Russia labor protection standards were relaxed at the beginning of the war only to be restored and strengthened as experience showed that long hours, night and Sunday work, with the evil effects on health and efficiency, did not pay.

Canada, New Zealand and Australia have maintained their standards practically unchanged through the war period. A bill introduced in the British parliament fixes the compulsory school attendance at 14 without the present exemptions and requires that all working children under 18 spend at least 320 hours a year in continuation schools.

UPHOLD ANTI-PICKETING.

Austin, Tex., Dec. 13.—The court of criminal appeals has upheld the El Paso anti-picketing ordinance. The Texas state federation of labor, at its last convention, promised to assist in court contests against this municipal legislation, and the decision will be appealed on the ground that the Texas statutes legalize "peaceful picketing."

RAISE WAGES, AND DUES.

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—Although contractors have indorsed the new wage scale of $6 a day, members of Carpenters' union No. 483 are taking no chances on weakening their organization, and have raised their monthly dues from $1 to $1.25.

WANT LESS HOURS.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 13.—Retail merchants in this city favor earlier closing and have organized with this object in view.

Federal Law To Check Bisbee Deportations

Congressman Hayden of Arizona has introduced a bill "to prohibit and punish the interstate deportation of laborers and other persons."

There is no federal law covering the deportation of workers from one state to another.

Congressman Hayden's plan provides that another Bisbee occurrence shall be punished by fine and imprisonment of not more than $2,000 and two years in jail if the offender is a natural person, and if the offender is a corporation it shall be fined not less than $10,000 and the directors shall be liable as individuals.

The term "deportation" is defined as "the accomplishment of involuntary removal, without due process of law and either with or without the application of physical violence, of any person or persons from one state to another state, or from a state to a territory, or from one territory to another, or from either a state or territory to the District of Columbia, or the reverse of any of these."

"Sec. 2. That is shall be unlawful and a violation of this act for any person, company, partnership or corporation, either acting alone or by collusion or conspiracy, or in concert with another or others, to deport, or cause or accomplish the deportation of another person or persons, whether such deportation is accomplished or sought to be affected by means of threats, menaces, demonstrations of hostility, or putting in fear of the person or persons sought to be or actually deported, or by means of physical violence directed against or applied to such person or persons."

CAN'T ORGANIZE FIREMEN.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 13.—It is unfortunate that we are not living in the time when workers were branded with hot irons if they protested against working conditions, as this plan could be used on municipal firemen who are discussing organization.

But modern methods must be applied by Mayor Smith, however, and he has announced that these firemen will be dismissed.

To add to the firemen's terror, Peter Campbell, a hydrantman, has had charges of insubordination preferred against him by Patrick Carroll, acting chief of the fire department. This gold-braided individual says Campbell, who is secretary of the Kentucky state federation of labor, "organized a union among the members of the fire department without my permission."

EDITOR SPEAKS WELL.

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—The San Francisco Bulletin cites the Bisbee deportations to show the folly of attempting to settle industrial disputes by force rather than by mediation.

"The people at Bisbee tried to settle their dispute by shutting their eyes and using their guns," says this editor.

"It is time that some wiser and more public-spirited forces be made to prevail in such places as Bisbee."

MEAT CUTTERS STRIKE.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 13.—Nearly 200 organized meat cutters employed by the Carstens Packing company have suspended work to enforce wage increases.

President Carstens can't understand why his employes struck. He says they "seemed" contented, but were intimidated by an outside agitator.

E. J. TRACY ENLISTS.

E. J. Tracy, son of the late Thomas Tracy, employed at the American Federation of Labor Headquarters, has left Washington for Rock Island, Ill., having enlisted.

The Trades Unionist

JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF TRADE UNION LABEL — FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., DECEMBER 14, 1917.

War Savings Stamps

In offering **"War-Savings Stamps"** to the public the United States Government has made immediately available for every man, woman and child in the Country a profitable, simple, and secure investment.

WHAT THEY ARE.—**War-Savings Stamps** are the answer of a great democracy to the demand for a democratic form of government security. They are "little baby bonds." Like Liberty bonds, they have behind them the entire resources of the Government and people of the United States. They have the additional advantage that they steadily increase in value from the date of purchase until the date of maturity, and this increase is guaranteed by the Government. These stamps are issued in two denominations, the 25-cent stamp and the $5 stamp.

For the convenience of investors a **"Thrift Card"** is furnished to all purchasers of 25-cent stamps. This card has spaces for 16 stamps. When all the spaces have been filled the **Thrift Card** may be exchanged for a $5 stamp at post offices, banks, or other authorized agencies by adding 12 cents in cash prior to February 1, 1918, and 1 cent additional each month thereafter.

Those who prefer may buy a $5 stamp outright. These will be on sale until January 31, 1918, for $4.12. They automatically increase in value a cent a month every month thereafter until January 1, 1923, when the United States will pay $5 at any post office or at the Treasury in Washington for each stamp affixed to a **War-Savings Certificate.**

When you purchase a $5 stamp, you must attach it to an engraved folder known as a **"War-Savings Certificate,"** which bears the name of the purchaser and can be cashed only by the person whose name appears upon the certificate, except in case of death or disability. This certificate contains 20 spaces. If these are all filled with **War-Savings Stamps** between Dec. 3, 1917, and Jan. 31, 1918, the cost to the purchaser will be $82.40, and on Jan. 1, 1923, the Government will pay the owner of the certificate $100—a net profit to the holder of $17.60. This is based on an interest rate of 4 per cent compounded quarterly from Jan. 2, 1918. The amount of **War-Savings Stamps** sold to any one person at any one time shall not exceed $100 (maturity value), and no person may hold such stamps or **War-Savings Certificates** to an aggregate amount exceeding $1,000 (maturity value).

If the holder of a **War-Savings Certificate** finds it necessary to realize cash on it before maturity, he may at any time after January 2, 1918, upon giving 10 days' written notice to any money-order post office, receive for each stamp affixed to his certificate the amount paid therefor plus 1 cent for each calendar month after the month of purchase of each stamp. A registered certificate may be redeemed, however, only at the post office where registered.

In other words, the plan is simple, straightforward, and certain. The holder of the certificates can not lose and is certain to gain. He is buying the safest security in the world in the most convenient form in which the security of a great Government has ever been offered to its people.

WHY YOU SHOULD BUY THEM.—The main reason for the purchase of **War-Savings Stamps** is because your country is at war. Your Country needs every penny which every man, woman, and child can save and lend, in order to feed, clothe, arm, and equip the soldiers and sailors of America and to win this righteous war in defense of American honor and the cause of democracy throughout the world.

If we are to win the war, we must win it as a united people. The savings of every man, woman and child are necessary if we are to hasten the victorious ending of the war. **War Savers are Life Savers.**

A single strand in the cables which uphold the great Brooklyn Suspension Bridge is not very strong, but thousands of these strands bound together uphold one of the great thoroughfares of the world.

When our fathers and sons and brothers were called by our Country to take up arms in her defense, you did not hear an individual soldier refuse to serve because his service alone would not win the war. Each man was ready to do his part. The great army thus formed is going forward to face the fire of battle and to risk everything for the safety and security of our homes and our families, and for the very existence of our Country.

These are the men for whom you are asked to save and lend your dollars.

A Country worth **fighting** for is a Country worth **saving** for.

To save money is to save life.

Buy War-Savings Stamps at post offices, banks, trust companies, or other authorized agencies, and strike a blow for our Country.

In all the hurry and bustle of these history-making days, it's well to take time enough to look after working conditions. Patriotism does not demand that men sacrifice the conditions fought for and obtained in the past, for these conditions do not belong to you alone, but also to those who come after you and to sacrifice them is robbing posterity of its rightful due. Wars will come, and we hope quickly go, but your labor conditions go on and on. Let us not in consideration of a temporary matter lose sight of the permanent welfare of our nation as a whole.

HARNESS MINE GASES.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 13.—At a meeting of business men from the anthracite region of this state Governor Brumbaugh urged that the gases in coal mines be utilized in the interest of conservation. "If we can harness this power," he said, "we can change the complexion of your industrial life."

The governor said that 72,000,000 cubic feet of gas, or 148,000,000 horsepower, is lost every 24 hours in the anthracite field, and that control of this power would not only bring more industries, but lessen accidents. This idea, said the governor, was given to him by William S. Thompkins of Wilkes-Barre.

ARIZONA SHERIFF QUITS.

Bisbee, Ariz., Dec. 13.—Harry C. Wheeler, sheriff of this county, who engineered the deportation of 1,200 workers last July, has resigned as chairman of the county draft board. In his letter to Gov. Campbell he says he "is not able to properly attend to the duties of the two offices."

Wheeler will now have more time to digest the report of the president's commission, which declared that the Bisbee deportations were illegal and without warrant in state or federal law.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

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Avenue Grand - Pa. Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater - 15th & Madison Pl.
Bijou Theater - - 9th and Pa. Ave.
Carolina - - 11th & N. Car. Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - F St. near 7th N.W.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N.W.
Crandall's Joy - - 9th & E Sts. N.W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N.E.
Dumbarton - - 32d & O Sts. N.W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite - - 14th & R. I. Ave. N.W.
Empire - - - - 910 H St. N.E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D & E Sts. N.W.
Favorite - H St. bet. N. Cap. & 1st
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theater - - 423 9th St. N.W.
Gayety Theater - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Ghent - - - - - Norfolk, Va.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home - - C St. bet. 12th & 13th N.E.
Knickerbocker - - 18th & Col. Rd.
Leader - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty - - - N. Capitol & P Sts.
Loewe's Columbia - - F near 12th
Lyric - - - 14th St. near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N.W.
"M" Street Theater - M St. near 32d
Navy - - 8th St. bet. D & E S.E.
Olympic - U St. bet. 14th & 15th N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Park View - - Ga. Ave. & Pk. Rd.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza - - - - 434 9th St. N.W.
Poli's Theater - - 15th & Pa. Ave.
Princess - - - - 1112 H St. N.E.
Raphael - - 9th St. bet. N & O N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd.
Savoy - - 14th & Columbia Rd.
Senate - - - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand - - - 9th & D Sts. N.W.
Stanton - - - 6th & C Sts. N.E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N.W.
Victoria - - - 7th & E Sts. S.W.
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P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh St. S. E.
T. W. WOLTZ, 604 Thirteenth St. N. E.

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H. S. HOLLOHAN, 1109 K St. N. E.
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Washington District Council of Carpenters

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M. A. FOLEY, Vice President, Local 132, U.B., 116 Seaton Street N.E.
E. B. BYRNE, Recording Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
A. N. EICH, Treasurer, Local 1694, U. B., 1013 Maryland Avenue N.E.
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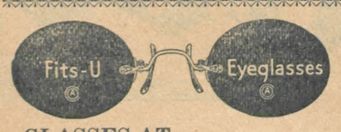
C. H. ADAMS, 425 G Street N.W.

WANT BETTER LAWS.

Boston, Dec. 13.—Representatives of Street Car Men's unions in this state have organized to secure remedial legislation for workers in this calling.



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With the taste that's THERE.
IN BOTTLES OR ON DRAUGHT.
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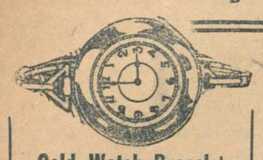

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Men's and Ladies' Elgin Watch Bracelets, warranted 20 years. Special at $11.50.
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Handsome 4 gem, full cut, solid gold Lavallieres, $15.
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FURRIERS LOCKED OUT.

Newark, N. J., Dec. 13.—A. Hollander & Son, furriers, have locked out 250 members of Fur Workers' unions Nos. 54 and 55. The workers attempted to negotiate a contract on the union shop basis.

Two years ago this concern fought the fur workers for three months, but was compelled to agree that union men would be given preference.

CO-OPS. PAY DIVIDENDS. . .

Virden, Ill., Dec. 13.—The Virden Co-operative society has paid a quarterly dividend of 9 per cent to its members. Total resources of these co-ops. is over $12,000. They have added a meat department in which two men are continually employed.

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—Union—
Shoe Repair Shop
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Wholesalers Only.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Masonic Hall, 9th and F Sts. N.W. Secretary, C. P. Reichel, 24 Myrtle St. N. E. Office of Business Agent, J. G. Schmidt, 512 F St., N. W., Third Floor.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 747 Varnum St. N.W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave. Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, 205 John Marshall Place at 10:00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E St. S. W.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G St. N.W.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 528: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Washington Hall, 3d and Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Harry A. Disney, 536 10th St. S.E.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

City Firemen's Union, No. 15665: Meets second Sunday of each month, hall, 1101 E St. N.W., 7:30 p.m. Sec., Wm. A. Smith, No. 2 Chemical Engine Co., Pa. Ave., S.E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3809 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Chas. F. Crump, Ballston, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Monday, 205 John Marshall Place. Secretary, David P. McCracken, 473 E St. S.W.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen and Oilers, Local 63: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays in each month, at Painters' Hall, John Marshall Place and Pennsylvania avenue, northwest. N. A. James, secretary and business agent, 606 Fifth street northwest.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th St. N.E.

International Jewelry Workers Local, No. 12: Meets every Friday night at 8 p.m., Flynn's Hall, Corner 8th and K Sts. N.W., Secretary, F. M. Leitheiser, 918 M St., N. W.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1433 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N.E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 9½ Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. .Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, 205 John Marshall Place. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N.W. Secretary, E. J. Tracy, 18 Girard St. N.E.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10:30 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Financial Secretary and Business Agent, J. H. Cookman, Room 412 Washington Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary T. L. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p.m., John Marshall Place. Secretary J. G. Schmidt, 722 6th St. N. E.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St., N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 480 Ninth St., N. W.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W

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John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McEltresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pamphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

8 HOURS FOR POLICEMEN.

Dallas, Tex., Dec. 13.—Policemen in this city have won their long fight for the eight-hour day. City officials announce that the new system will be put into effect the first of the year.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS

By CYCLE.

Every day should be thanksday.

* * *

Rumored that house rents are going up. A fan, please.

* * *

The ultimate consumer is getting it where the turkey got his.

* * *

Some men say they can't "go" near beer, and some go too near.

* * *

If you'd avoid a p. o. "kick," just give that letter one more lick.

* * *

A number of ex-bartenders have found employment in the G. P. O.

* * *

We never quite appreciate the pleasure of having until we have not.

* * *

It is one thing to write a menu and another to supply the material.

* * *

KNITTING, KNITTING, KNITTING

for the boys "over there."

* * *

The children at home are particularly interested in the Christmas "over here."

* * *

About as embarrassing a thing as one may attempt is to explain a mistake in print.

* * *

Indications are that Russians, instead of hanging together, will choose to hang separately.

* * *

Daylight and air are the only things necessary to existence that have escaped the control of profiteers.

* * *

Suggestive: Page 4, paragraph 2, line 8—pay of Government employees—strike out "decrease" and insert *increase* in lieu thereof.

* * *

The Public Printer's report to Congress shows some dazzling figures in output and cost, necessitated by war-time conditions.

* * *

The shop windows, with their Christmas suggestions, have little to remind one of what is going on in war-scourged lands across the way.

* * *

The man with a swinish snoat, who has something to sell and the wherewithal to buy all he needs is the fellow that is making the loudest squeal these days.

* * *

If in order, it is moved that Mr. Brisbane, of The Washington Times, be commissioned editor-in-chief of the Congressional Record, unrestrained by rules of censorship.

* * *

RETURNING FROM BALTIMORE

they were "pinched" by Maryland authorities.

* * *

Since we know what the modern boy will do to escape a licking, the story of George Washington and the cherry tree seems like a fairy tale or a statement in which proof is lacking.

* * *

When the merchant invites the patronage of labor by advertising in the trades paper, labor should feel obligated to return the call, as evidence that "We are with you so long as you are with us."

* * *

Col. Roosevelt has again mounted his broncho steed, and is dextrously flinging his political lassoo in the direction of the women voters of New York. He goes at his task with a zeal equal to one just recently converted.

FIREMEN ARE IMPORTANT.

The war is placing new values on the worker.

In a bulletin on coal conservation, issued by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, this reference is made to the sooty, grimy fireman:

"A fireman at a hand-fired boiler shovels three to ten tons of coal a day—or as great a value in material as many skilled men in other departments.

"Cheap coal and cheap labor sometimes made it apparently economical in dollars and cents to install and run an inefficient plant.

"Coal has now become expensive. It is hard to obtain. Efficiency in its use and avoidance of waste have become of first importance, since without power other materials cannot be utilized.

FIVE UNIONS UNITE.

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 13.—The Ive Plasterers' unions in this city and Minneapolis have amalgamated.

UNION LABEL TOBACCO AND CIGARETTE FUND FOR THE BOYS "OVER THERE"

Progress Made by Local Committee. Bureau Girls' Union Donate the Sum of $10.

Sometime ago a national movement was inaugurated by labor unions to secure funds to purchase union label tobacco and cigarettes to be shipped to the boys "over there." The Washington movement was started by a joint board composed of the Engineers, Firemen, Yeast Workers, Brewing and Soft Drink Workers local unions, who presented the matter to the Central Labor Union. The latter enthusiastically indorsed the movement, naming as a committee to solicit funds, Dan Hassett, of the Plate Printers; William Zell, of the Painters; John McGuigan, of the Machinists; N. A. James, of the Firemen, and W. H. Schaeffer, of the Soft Drink Workers, who inturn selected N. A. James, Secretary of the Central Labor Union, as chairman.

That the committee has shown activity is evidenced by the large number of donations already received from various locals. A well-known delegate to the Central Labor Union—too modest to have his name mentioned—donated $15.00. Great impetus was given the fund at the last meeting of the central body, when Secretary James announced that the Bureau Girls' Local Union, No. 12776, had sent in their check for $10.00, this bringing the fund well up into the three figures, and the committee is hopeful that the fund raised in Washington will exceed that of other cities of equal union membership. All locals who have not taken action action are urged to donate liberally.

The locals that have contributed so far are: Painters' Union, Machinists' Union, Navy Yard Helpers, Yeast Workers, Brewery and Soft Drink Workers, Carpenters' Local, No. 528, and the Bureau Girls.

Announcement was made that the United States Tobacco Co. would give 50 cents worth of union-labeled tobacco and cigarettes in one package and send it to France for 25 cents.

HENRY FORD AGAIN.

Clearly something will have to be done with Henry Ford. When the world went mad and the nations flew at each other's throats he financed a peace ship in the hope that the men in the trenches would be glad of an opportunity to quit fighting. But the world laughed; and the war went on. By and by Mr. Ford, like many others who wanted peace, got a new point of view. He saw that the maker of the war would stop only upon terms that were worse than the war itself. Now he believes that the war must be fought out; and to that end he is contributing his wonderful organizing ability to the service of the government. As a member of the staff of the Shipping Board at Washington he wishes to speed up the production of vessels by standardizing the various parts and producing them in quantities, after the manner of his automobiles. In this way ships can be built quicker, better and cheaper. Commenting on the report that the Germans had recently transferred an army of 800,000 men from the Eastern to the Western front in auto trucks, he said that the Ford plant could make 3,000 one-tone trucks a day, each capable of carrying eight men and their equipment. But the most remarkable of all his statements was that in which he said: "We are ready to furnish the government these trucks at shop cost. I will take no profit from anything produced for any government during the war. I despise the profiteer who makes money out of war." This is no laughing matter. Either we shall have to suppress Mr. Ford or the war profiteer. Which? —The Public.

ICE CREAM DRIVERS AND HELPERS UNION, No. 111

Annual election of officers was held Tuesday night, President C. Heiss, Secretary-Treasurer Tozzolo and all incumbents being re-elected with the exception of the recording secretary and one trustee. One candidate was initiated, and the salaries of the secretaries were increased in keeping with the growth of the organization. Under "good and welfare" a visitor from Local 33 made a short talk to the members.

WANT EIGHT HOURS.

Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, Dec. 13.—The International Union of Steam and Operating Engineers has indorsed plans of its affiliates in this province to secure the eight-hour day.

BOILER MAKERS GAIN.

Muskogee, Okla., Dec. 13.—The Boiler Makers' union has signed an agreement with the Missouri, Oklahoma & Gulf railroad.

If the Gift Is Jewelry--See Callisher

Whether the gift is expensive or inexpensive, you will find here a wider selection at the amount you wish to spend. Our prices are lower than other stores' because we sell only for cash. Make your Gift selections now—a deposit will reserve them.

BARGAINS IN DIAMOND JEWELRY

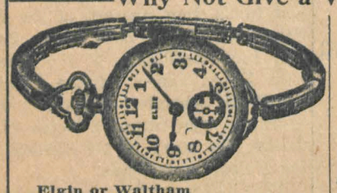
Gents' Genuine Diamond Ring. A special bargain at **$30** Others to $250.

Ladies' Tiffany Genuine Diamond Rings. Our special leader at **$25** Others to $250.

Beautiful Diamond Cluster Rings at **$25** Up to $250.

Genuine Diamond Snake Rings and Lion's Heads. A beauty for **$20**

Why Not Give a Watch This Xmas



Elgin or Waltham Bracelet Watches; specially priced for this week **$11.50**

Soldiers' Wrist Watches, good ones at..... **$5 up**

Elgin or Waltham Wrist Watches, with radiolite dial **$12**

Cameo Rings A gift that will be appreciated by any one. **$5 Up**

Cuff Links Solid Gold, many new styles. A $2.50 value this week for **$1.50**

Callisher, 933 Pa. Ave. N.W.

ALL ENGRAVING FREE. "CITY'S JEWELER"

Entire New Show This Week

LYCEUM PENN. AVE. AT 11TH ST. N.W.
PRICES—50c, 30c, 20c, 10c.
DAILY—2:15 and 8:15.

ALWAYS BURLESQUE

WE DO ALL KINDS OF

Job Printing

AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT

The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

CENTRAL COLISEUM

Penna. Ave. at 9th St.

EVERY NIGHT

Largest and Finest Dancing Floor in the City

REFINED PATRONAGE——

LADY TEACHERS——

UNION MUSIC

A PRIZE DANCE EVERY NIGHT AT 10:45

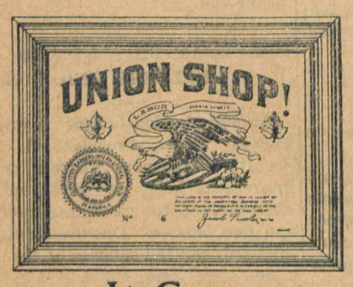
5c carfare from any part of the city—on any line.

No young ladies under 18 admitted unless properly chaperoned.

The one place where you can always spend an enjoyable evening.

Look for the

UNION SHOP CARD

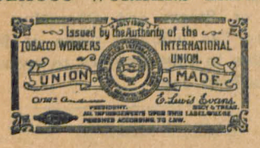


It gives our members a **Shorter Work day** *and* **Sunday Rest**

It Guarantees to You

CLEANLINESS *and* **EXPERT SERVICE**

TOBACCO WORKERS LABEL



This is the Union Label of the Tobacco Workers International Union, and is found on wrappers of all tobaccos, snuff, and cigarettes that are Union made. The Label is printed in black on blue paper. Do not accept from your dealer any goods which do not bear this Label.

MACHINISTS LABEL

This Label is put on small tools, such as are used by machinists, carpenters, shoe cutters and shoe workers, and on razors, cutlery, micrometers, mechanics tools, levels, seals, model makers' tools and novelties. Label is printed in black on rose tint background.

N. A. JAMES RE-ELECTED.

International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen's Local ,No. 63, Holds Annual Election of Officers.

Tuesday evening Firemen's Local 63, at a large meeting at their hall Pennsylvania avenue and John Marshall place, held an election. After indulging in good-natured rivalry, the following were elected for the period ending December 31, 1918: D. J. O'Leary, president; A. G. Schlag, first vice-president; J. T. Zears, second vice president; E. S. Martin, third vice-president; M. J. Costello, recording secretary; N. A. James, financial secretary and business representative, and the trustees are Everett King, Mick Barrett and Robert McArtor; William Robinson, guide; John Smith, inside guard; Henry Harvel, outside guard. Delegates to the Central Labor Union are N. A. James, M. J. Costello, J. R. Hartley, D. J. Cleary and A. G. Schlag.

James, who was re-elected business representative, has held this office for several terms, is very popular in union circles. He has always worked for the welfare of the union and his untiring efforts have made it one of the best unions in Washington.

STUDY CO-OPERATION.

Chicago, Dec. 13.—"Every member of our association should make a study of the co-operative movement," is the editorial advice of the Union Leader, official paper of Chicago's organized street car men.

"We are all familiar with the value of organization along industrial lines, but we have never applied organization to our purchasing power. If organization is necessary to insure proper wages and conditions of labor, it should be apparent to all that it is equally necessary to secure full value for the money we spend.

"The times we are passing through are thought-producers. Theories are vanishing and cold facts coming to the front.

"The general establishment of the Rochdale system of co-operation in this country received a strong impetus when the A. F. of L. convention adopted the report of a special committee on co-operation, appointed at the Baltimore convention in 1916, to investigate the subject and make recommendations. The committee's recommendations provided for a practical plan of promoting the institution of co-operative societies throughout the country on the Rochdale plan.

"It may be news to many to know that there are now over sixty co-operative stores in Illinois, nearly all of which are operating on the Rochdale basis. All of these have been successful."

WHY ROADS ARE CLOGGED.

The railroads' war board publishes this information on troops transported since the war, and excludes reference to munitions, foodstuffs, etc.:

"Troop movement figures to date indicate that the railroads of this country have safely transported approximately 1,500,000 soldiers to training camps and embarkation points since August 1. Five hundred thousand of these men have made journeys necessitating overnight travel and have have been moved in tourist or standard sleepers furnished by the Pullman company.

"On one of the long hauls, 8,000 men were moved from a training camp on the western coast to a point on the eastern coast—a distance of 3,700 miles—in a little less than a week. The men traveled in sections, each section comprising 12 tourist and two baggage cars."

WISE ANTI-UNIONIST.

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—Coopers' union No. 65 has established a new wage scale which increases rates 50 cents a day. The first employer to sign this union shop agreement was the California Barrel company, of which Frederick J. Koster is one of the chief executives. This gentleman is president of the chamber of commerce, and as a member of that organization's "law and order" committee has been waging a fight on trade unionism, which he labels "the open shop."

But Mr. Koster is wise when confronted by a 100 per cent trade union organization.

TRIES TO EVADE PLEDGE.

Augusta, Ga., Dec. 13.—The Attempting to victimize striking rail- and Western Carolina railways are atlantic Coast Line and the Charleston way clerks. The clerks won their strike and on return to work were told, in many cases, that they would have to return as individuals.

"It would seem," says the Labor Review, "that the crafty railway officials, while eager to have the men return to work, are endeavoring to block the enforcement of the agreements with the government's representatives."

GAINS BY POLISHERS.

Cincinnati, Dec. 13.—Officers of the Metal Polishers' International union report the following recent gains:

St. Lois, Mo.—Wages increased from 40 to 50 cents an hour; work week reduced from 54 to 49 1-2 hours.

Rochester, N. Y.—Van Bergh Silver company raised wages 2 1-2 cents an hour.

New Bedford, Mass.—Pairpont corporation signed agreement for 10 per cent wage increase, time and one-half for overtime, double time for holidays, recognition of shop committee and a 54-hour week.

Springfield, Mass.—The Moore Dror Forging company raised wages 10 cents an hour.

YEAST WORKERS GAIN.

Sumner, Wash., Dec. 13.—Organized yeast workers employed by the Fleischman Yeast company, have secured an eight-hour agreement and wage increases that average $2 a week. Girls who now receive $10.50 a week will be paid $14 after six months.

MACHINISTS LOCKED OUT.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 13.—The Otto Eick Machine company has locked out its union machinists because they demanded that shop conditions be improved.

BUTCHERS WANT MORE.

Dallas, Tex., Dec. 13.—The Butchers' union has presented a new wage scale to employers. Higher rates are asked.

14 MEN FOR EVERY JOB.

San Antonio, Tex., Dec. 13.—Officials of the Carpenters' union report that since the cantonments have been completed there are 14 men for every available job.

$3 FOR CITY LABORERS.

New York, Dec. 13.—Organized workers are supporting pending legislation which would increase wages of city laborers to $3 a day.

OIL STRIKE IS SETTLED.

Announcement is made that the president's mediation commission has settled the southern California oil strike, which involved about 10,000 workers. The eight-hour day is provided. There shall be no discrimination and a minimum wage of $4 a day, to be effective as of December 1, is established.

This commission has succeeded in not only settling this strike, but several others. The Bisbee deportation on July 12 was declared illegal and without warrant in state or federal law.

On this commission is John H. Walker, president of the Illinois state rederation of labor, and E. P. Marsh, president of the Washington state federation of labor. Secretary of Labor Wilson is chairman.

WANT CHINESE LABOR.

Sacramento, Cal., Dec. 13.—In convention assembled, fruit growers of this state have declared in favor of the importation of Chinese "and other labor."

By this action the fruit growers ignore the findings of every investigator on this subject, who has denied that there is a shortage of labor.

Bt Chinese "and other" imported labor work cheap.

WANT MODERN TENEMENTS.

New York, Dec. 13.—Trade Unionists in this city ask municipal authorities to build modern tenemnets on land purchased at a cost of $12,000,000 for a court house. The site is now declared unsuitable. The investment is costing New York city $2,600 a day in terest charges.

METAL WORKERS WIN.

New Orleans, Dec. 13.—Sheet Metal Workers' union No. 196 has won its strike for wage increases, and these employes are better equipped to combat the H. C. of L.

MOLDERS WIN STRIKE.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 13.—Iron molders employed at the Tacoma foundry have secured wage increases

MILLIONAIRES INCREASE.

The annual report of the commissioner of internal revenue shows that in the last income taxing year, 1916, the number of American millionaires increased 7,925 over the previous year.

The income tax returns for the year ending with December, 1915, showed a grand total of 14,771 millionaires. The returns for the year, 1916, just published, show that there are 22,696 American millionaires.

These figures are not the result of a census, but are the returns that have yielded the government a very large revenue during the last year, and they may, therefore, be accepted as authentic. It is possible that they are rather under than over the actual number.

The class of multimillionaires is not so easily estimated. There are 10 persons in the country who have an annual income of over $5,000,000 each. Reckoned on the 4 per cent rate of income, they are worth $125,000,000 each. There are nine persons who were taxed last year for an income of $4,000,000 to $5,000,000. These may be regarded as having fortunes of about $100,000,000 each. There are 14 who have reported having an income of from $3,000,000 to $4,000,000 and 34 who enjoyed incomes ranging from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000.

STATE FIXES WOMEN WAGE.

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—The state industrial welfare commission has ordered that no experienced woman or minor employed in a California laundry or dry cleaning establishment shall be paid less than $10 a week. Hours of labor are limited to eight a day and 48 a week.

"Experienced" is defined as a person who has worked in th industries 15 or more months.

Learners must be paid not less than $8 a week for the first six months, $9 a week for the second and $9.50 for the ensuing three months.

All learners must be registered with the commission not later than two weeks after starting to work.

RING WORLD-WIDE DEMOCRACY!

Lyric, By HELEN DOOCY.

(Copyright applied for, Washington, D. C., Dec. 12, 1917.)

I'm thinking of my soldier tonight,
And the camps that are not in sight;
Where Jim, my soldier boy now dwells,
I pray for his victory to excel.
I'm longing for him day after day,
My heart wildly calls far away;
Come back to me, my Jim, my boy,
Let my heart's echo find our true joy.

I'm waiting for my soldier's return,
And dreaming my dreams by day;
That God at the helm, will keep our boys,
And please let no harm come their way.
My heart is aching, there is no joy
While my sweetheart, a soldier boy,
Fighting the demon somewhere, over there,
That democracy might rule the sphere.

REFRAIN.

Far away across the ocean,
The liberty bell is calling.
Hear its martial music falling,
Over hill and dale, land and sea.
God and our brave boys are with thee,
Answering the clarion call of democracy.
Ring sweet liberty! Freedom for all!!
Ring! America's true prophecy;
Ring for world-wide democracy!!!

WASHINGTON'S MOST RELIABLE

CUT PRICE JEWELERS

F Street Goods
G Street Prices

H M **JACOBSON** & SON

Reliable Jewelers for Quarter Century

929 G St. N. W.

Opt. Dept. in Charge of Dr. C. P. Rexon

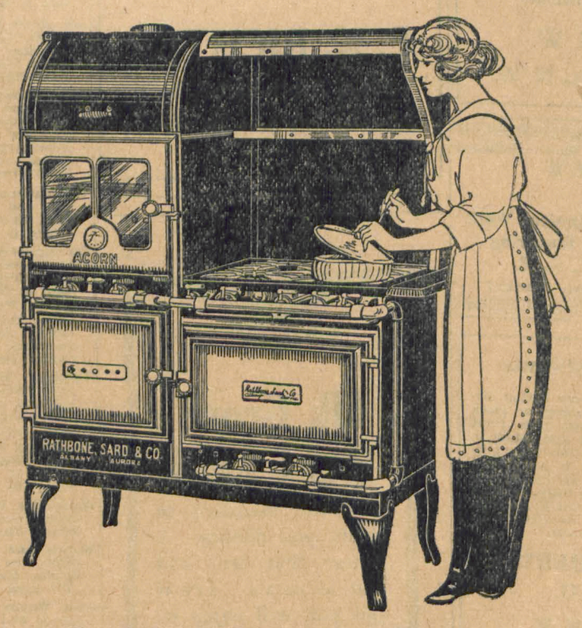
Cook Your Xmas Dinner on a

GAS RANGE

The Quick Way.

The Clean Way.

The Economical Way.



No Dirt

No Ashes

No Work

No Worry

ASK ABOUT OUR EASY PAYMENT PLAN

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50c RESERVES ANY ARTICLE FOR XMAS

Gold Filled Bracelet Watches	$7.50 Up
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The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 430 Seventh Street
Through to Eighth Street

PRINTERS' MEMORY HONORED

Part the Craft Took in Exercises—Burkholder's Address.

Printers and members of families of printers were prominent in the success of the impressive services of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, December 2, which has been held annually for fifteen years in honor of departed members of that organization. Besides the eloquent address of the Rev. Erle Wilfley, pastor of the Vermont Avenue Christian Church; the invocation by the Rev. Charles E. Foultz, pastor of the United Brethren Church; the benediction by the Rev. Hugh T. Stevenson, pastor of Bethany Baptist Church; musical number by noted soloists, and Harrison's orchestra, the contribution to the program by the Typos and members of their families were also distinctive features of the event. Chairman Edward Burkholder, of the memorial committee, in "introductory remarks," made an address of rare merit, which is herewith presented in full. The roll call by George G. Seibold, secretary of Columbia Union, showed that forty-six members had passed away in the year closing on the date of the services. Maurice Jarvis' reading of "30," composed by Philander Johnson for this occasion, was a beautiful tribute. Miss Richie McLean, whose father was one of the old-time printers and for years foreman of The Evening Star, and whose brother Will, is an active member of the Star advertising room, sang "God Shall Wipe Away All Tears," in a manner which caused her hearers to be visibly affected. T. W. McCullough, editor of the Omaha Bee, former delegate to the American Federation of Labor from the International Typographical Union, occupied a seat on the platform. Mr. Burkholder's address follows:

In conformity to an established custom, we have assembled this afternoon to pay our annual tribute to the memory of the departed members of Columbia Typographical Union.

The thought of death, when confined to the individuals who were our friends and associates, is so in wrought with our affections and sympathies as to incline one to extended eulogy. The limitations of time, however, prevent payment of those personal tributes which could so fittingly be bestowed.

As these friends have passed to "that undiscovered country from whose bourne no traveler returns," let us instead of tribute endeavor to draw from the pattern of their lives something to inspire us with hope and consolation.

Did you ever, standing by the rippling waters of a stream or lake, viewing the distorted reflections of the stately trees fringing the shore, stop to consider how conceptions formed of our fellows may be equally inaccurate if we fail to look up from the clouded pool of human frailty with inprefection mirrored, and view the beauty of character truthfully revealed?

This revelation of character is in some measure discerned in every holder of a I. T. U. card who realizes that certain undying principles which that card represents have been made the basis for an honorable life and conduct.

I say undying principles because they are founded on truth, and truth is eternal; and, as our departed associates subscribed to these truths, we feel that this memorial is not to honor dead, but rather absent, friends. The proverb says, "In the way of righteousness is life; and in the pathway thereof there is no death." And so they live today.

"Were a star quenched on high, for ages would its light,
Fast traveling downward through the skies, fall on our mortal sight.
So when a good man dies, for years beyond our ken,
The light he leaves behind shines on the paths of men."

Such is the influence of a life built on a true foundation.

The ancients held a belief that in order to insure the stability of a structure it was necessary to lay its foundation in blood, and therefore a human being was immured beneath the cornerstone when it was laid.

But human thought has changed. No longer does custom decree such sacrifice; but progress demands of us, as has been demanded of those whose feet no longer tread the stony path, that we must lay an enduring foundation in sacrifice if we expect to win for ourselves and transmit to the future the blessings of liberty and equity.

The foundation of our craft has been laid on the bedrock of wisdom and cemented with unity of purpose. Upon the rising wall the banners, planted by our departed, inspire us to renewed activity and greater achievement.

It is related that during an engagement of the Civil War, some one cried to the standard bearer, who was pushing on to a parapet faster than the ranks could follow, "Bring back the flag to the men." The heroic reply was returned, "Bring up the men to the flag."

Today we stand, not to bring back to our craftsmen aught of the accomplishment of those fallen, but to bring up the men to the goal of their attainment.

An Oriental myth records that the Creator first fashioned birds without wings. He afterwards made the wings and bade the birds take these burdens and bear them. At first they seemed a load, but as they carried them cheerfully and patiently, the wings finally grew fast. The burdens became pionions which bore them up to realms of cloudless day.

May we not hope that the burdens borne by those whose lives we today commemorate, will prove the pinions to lift us and our successors to realms of broader usefulness, loftier ideals, and enlightened freedom.

The nightingale will not sing in its cage unless blinded, and man can never be content with less than freedom unless he too is blind to God-given principles of human equality.

This zeal for freedom is one of the bequests of our departed friends. We honor them for their struggle and sacrifice, and in return repledge our faith in the fruition of their work.

Two clocks, with pendulums oscillating over similar arcs, will often start each other. The pendulum of our professions, swinging in an arc of equity, justice and liberty, will sooner or later cause the great pendulum of humanity's throbbing heart to vibrate in unison with those fundamentals of national stability.

Having consecrated their lives to such lofty ideals, we can truthfully say of our friends they have not toiled in vain. Each name on the roll of our departed is as a stone in the great temple of life's holiest aspirations. We lay it in its place with loving care and trace thereon, in sympathetic remembrance, the record of their lives. As peace comes to those of noble life, may each

"So live, that, when thy summons comes to join
The innumerable caravan, that moves
To that mysterious realm, where each shall take
His chamber in the silent halls of death,
Thou go not, like the quarry-slave at night,
Scourged to his dungeon; but sustain'd and sooth'd
By an unfaltering trust, approach thy grave,
Like one that draws the drapery of his couch
About him, and lies down to pleasant dreams."

"30"

(The symbol of the day's work well performed.)

Let us be mindful of the friends so dear
Who have departed.
Not only in the silences of grief
But in companionships they loved to share
Let us remember those who go before.
Their work is done. The life of each stands forth
Fair as the printed page on which he wrought.
From day to day their deeds and thoughts they placed
In a relationship correct and sure
To show more plainly than the types could tell
Their messages of Hopes and Helpfulness
To those they loved.
By their example we who linger here
May work with truer skill as we compile
The vast, mysterious universal book
To which all men must give, who pass this way.
Their Much, their Little—but their all in all.
And may we be like these, when we in turn
Complete The Task
And hear the Voices of Conscience gently say
"Your labor well performed
Has made you worthy of The GREAT REWARD."
The form is closed—the proofs are verified
And all is well.
Good Night
And Sweet Repose!

—By Philander Johnson.

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FURNITURE FOR EVERY ROOM IN THE HOUSE

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EYE STRAIN IS NOT A DISEASE

A person suffering from Eye Strain and at the same time enjoying the best of health is often at a loss to know whom to consult, and do not feel that they are in need of a physician, but know that they need relief.

If you are in doubt, consult our Specialist of 15 years' practice, who devotes his entire services to the eyes.

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Free Automobile from 9th and D Sts.

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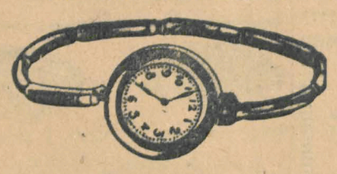

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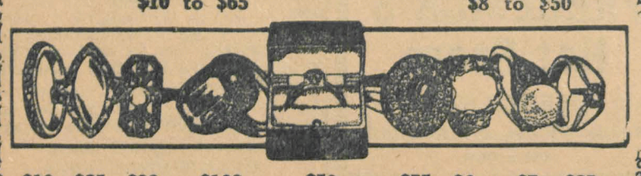
$8 to $50



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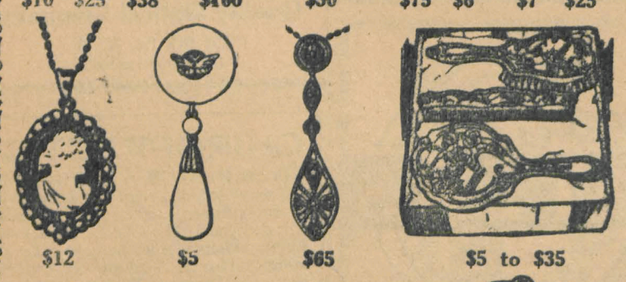
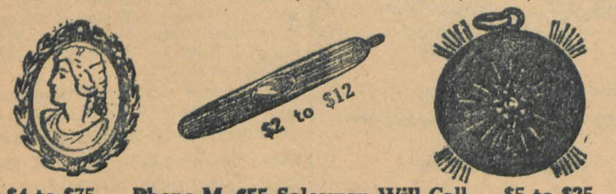


$12 $5 $65 $5 to $35



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Formerly in the LeDroit Bldg.
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64 STORES 64 STORES

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Let Kinney's save you as much as you spend on the following serviceable gifts:

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HOUSE SLIPPERS---SHOES---RUBBERS---HOSIERY

G. R. KINNEY CO., INC.
Largest Shoe Retailers in the World.
729 SEVENTH STREET NORTHWEST

64 STORES 64 STORES

$1 A WEEK $1

AT DODEK'S
WILL PAY FOR
CHRISTMAS CLOTHES

Distinctive Styles In Women's and Misses' SUITS and COATS

Many different and distinctive styles. Dodek's suits or coats keep you warm and give serviceable wear. You will look your best this Christmas if you buy your clothes at Dodek's. One dollar a week pays for them.

Men's Clothes With Plenty of "Pep" And Class

Every stylish model you can think of—Belt-all-around styles, in single or double-breasted, new military effects. Made from the finest fabrics obtainable. One dollar a week. Pay while you wear them.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHES AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES FOR $1.00 A WEEK

DODEK'S 827-829 7th St. N.W.

Goodyear MAN'F'G COMPANY

RAINCOATS AND OVERCOATS
—For—
MEN, WOMEN, AND CHILDREN
1004 F Street Northwest

MANY DRINKS ARE ON THE MARKET
Some Are GOOD and Some Are BAD
Do not Condemn All because some do not satisfy

--EXELSO--

HAS THE OLD TIME TASTE—
QUENCHES THE THIRST—
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If not on sale at your dealer's notify

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Our Agreement With Japan.

The American-Japanese agreement should be considered, not as a settlement that is to stand fixed and unalterable for a term of years, but as a declaration of two governments, slightly estranged, to clarify the air of present misunderstandings and to serve as bearings to mark future progress. The American government can consistently pledge itself, and receive pledges from other governments to respect the territorial integrity of China; but manifestly it cannot recognize the right of any nation to have "special interests in China," if by special interests is included anything that militates against the liberties of the Chinese people. The present agreement, therefore, is to be accepted by the people of this country only with the understanding that the fair words of Viscount Ishii, the special ambassador from Japan, express the dominant thought of that country. For it should not be forgotten that Japan, in common with all nations, has her reactionaries and her jingoes, and that a policy shaped by the liberals who are in accord with the democratic sentiment of Europe and America must be radically different from a policy laid down by reactionaries who take their cue from Berlin. The important thing to note at this time is that Japan has come under the influence of the democratic spirit to a degree that prompts her leading statesmen voluntarily to surrender military and commercial advantages she has in China. Should the democratic ideals of Europe and America prevail at the close of the war, Japan will be found fully abreast of her sister states. Should autocracy triumph; should the nations of the world feel obliged to maintain themselves by might, Japan will in all probability revert to her former position. She is now, as she has been ever since Commodore Perry's visit in 1852 awakened her to international life, shaping her course by the dominant thought of the world.

As for China, the agreement will give her a breathing spell. If she remains the helpless political entity that she has been heretofore she will enjoy the protection of sympathetic friends. Should she develop a national spirit she will herself resist encroachments upon her liberties. Meantime the atmosphere has been cleared. Suspicion, fear and misunderstanding have been removed. A kindlier spirit has been evoked. It is not too much to hope that this is the beginning of a policy that will unite the world in an effort to develop China and other semi-dependent countries with a view, not to conserving immediate particularist interests, but for the benefit of all.—The Public.

NATIONAL BANKS PROSPER.

Earnings of national banks for the fiscal year were $667,406,000, the greatest in their history, and $76,764,000, or 13 per cent. more than for the previos year, according to compilations made public by Controller of the Currency Williams. Net earnings were $194,321,000, an increase over the preceding year of $36,778,000, or 23 per cent.

On their capital stock the banks report net earnings of 17.96 per cent, the highest percentage ever reported. This compares with 14.78 per cent on stock the year before.

The amount distributed in dividends to stockholders was $125,538,000, or 11.61 per cent on their capital stock, compared with 10.76 per cent the year preceding.

The percentage of net earnings to capital and surplus for the past year was 10.52 per cent, the greatest shown since 1873.

OBJECT TO GUN MEN.

Oregon City, Ore., Dec. 13.—Striking paper mill workers have protested to Governor Withycombe against his appointment of gun men as special police. The strikers say:

"There has been no violation of law. We requested that our difficulties be submitted to your board of conciliation, we to abide by its decision. This was refused by companies. The mayor denies having requested appointment of special officers. Citizens feel it a disgrace to city and peace officers to have non-residents appointed to keep peace when there is no disturbance. Who requested appointment?"

DO WE EAT TOO MUCH SUGAR?

Surgeon General Blue of the United States public health service believes that the sugar shortage is a blessing in disguise, according to a local newspaper, which quotes this medical man:

"Some people seem to be under the impression that they are depriving themselves of a strength-giving food when they are asked to cut down their consumption of sugar or candy. That is incorrect. All starchy matter eaten is converted into sugar before it is absorbed by the system.

"Dr. C. E. A. Winslow, curator of the department of public health of the American museum of national history of New York, sized up the situation correctly when he said that the sugar shortage is a blessing in disguise, and that Americans eat too much sweets."

LYCEUM.

The Turkish Maids, with Oriental atmosphere, will be the attraction at the popular Pennsylvania avenue burlesque house this week.

"The Gold Dragon" is the title of the two-act bill to be presented by the Turkish Maids, and is full of funny situations, catchy music, dancing, special scenery, and electrical effects.

Charlie Graham will be the chief fun-maker, surrounded by a company of clever performers, including Blanche Wilcox, Queenie Powers, Mae Wilson, Gus Mortimer, Billy Benton, and Geo. Teeters, and a beauty chorus of girls who know how to dance and sing.

Many of the songs are left to Alice Hughes, who has pleased Lyceum audiences by her rendition of many popular songs. Queenie Powers is also a great favorite.

SANITARY GROCERY CO.

94 STORES—ONE NEAR YOUR HOME—94 STORES
All Quotations—"Cash and Carry."

Our Famous

Green Bag COFFEE

Can be secured only at our stores
It is sold nowhere else

Why continue paying higher prices for coffee until you have given GREEN BAG a trial?

OUR GUARANTEE—Buy one pound of Our Famous GREEN BAG COFFEE, use ONE-FOURTH of it, and if it doesn't please you as well as any you ever used, regardless of price, return the unused portion and we will refund you the entire purchase price.

One-Pound Bags, per lb., 22c

QUALITY, NOT PRICE, Is Our Sales Argument

STRIKE COST $5,000,000.

New York, Dec. 13.—Street car companies in this city broke last summer's strike of the Street Car Men's union but it cost them $5,000,000, according to a report issued by the public service commission. This only includes a loss of 100,000,000 passengers during August and September and makes no mention of strikebreakers, guards and private detectives who punched another big hole in the companies' bank rolls.

The strike, according to the commission, has educated many people to travel in the subways, and this income is a regular loss to the union-smashing surface lines.

WILL ARBITRATE.

Boston, Dec. 13.—Striking electrical workers employed by the Western Electric company have accepted the arbitration offer of Henry B. Endicott, general manager of the Massachusetts committee on public safety. The strike has been on for several weeks and could be avoided, reported the committee on public safety, if the company received a committee of its employes or expressed a willingness to adjust shop grievances.

WALFORD'S THE GIFT STORE

JEWELRY THE GIFT SUPREME

Men's Wrist Watches—radium dials, $4.50 to $15.

Ladies' Wrist Bracelet Watches—in gold and filled, $5 to $25.

Complete stock of Waltham, Hamilton and Howard Watches.

Diamond Rings—perfect cut stones, $10 up.

Diamond Ring—mounted with platinum, good values at $20 and $25.

Diamond Pendant and Lavalliers—extra good value at $15 to $25.

Cameo and Diamond Brooches, $5 to $25.

A large variety of Stone Rings and Emblem Rings at reasonable prices.

WALFORD'S, 909 Pa. Ave.
Jewelry Dept.

Open a Charge Account at Abramson's---Your Credit is Good

No need to deprive yourself of smart, stylish wearing apparel just because you lack the ready cash.

Come up to Abramson's and buy all you want and pay as little as

$1.00 a Week

Here you will find merchandise of quality, stylish, and at the right prices, linked with the privilege of credit.

H. ABRAMSON
7th and L Streets N.W.

Insure Xmas Cheer
--Next Year--
JOIN OUR
Xmas Savings Club

Opening Dec. 15, 1917 Closing Jan. 15, 1918
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OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

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INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 26 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1917 — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Women Convicts Sold For 15 Ceuts A Day

Birmingham, Ala.. Dec. 20.—Women convicts in this state are sold to contractors for 15 cents a day and are housed in filthy stockades while candidates for the governorship talk of the "gradual" removal of this glaring evil, declares the Monthly Bulletin of the Alabama state federation of labor.

This publication says:

"Under a recent date line, Escambia county, state of Alabama, rises to remark that Escamba county has made a most advantageous contract with a certain employing concern, where the county has leased its women convicts for two years for the munificent sum of 15 cents per day. Such things make us wonder if we are still in the dark ages, with all the blind ignorance of human instincts, with all the intolerant cruelty of the old savage slave dealer and buyer, and this happened in the enlightened state of Alabama. Women sold into slavery to the highest bidder, to do whatever that bidder desires; work, slave, toil through the days; rest in stockades, filthy and unfit, for the nights; truly a picture upon which every Alabamian should look with pride; and candidates for the governorship favor the 'gradual' removal of convicted persons from the mines and lumber camps.

"For years and years labor has fought this system of slavery in the state. Governors have promised to abolish it, legislatures have promised to abolish it; the people have demanded its abolishment, but when it comes to weighing the human soul against the almighty dollar, the dollar wins every time. Poor, indeed, must be that state which has to sell its legal slaves into involuntary servitude that it may use the revenue thus obtained to pay its teaches, to pay its officers, to pay its expenses in other ways, to pay the jurors who send the unfortunates to the mines; to pay the judges who pronounce sentence.

"And not a man offers for office in the state but who will wink at this inhuman traffic in human souls; not one of them will come out flatly for the abolition of this traffic."

OHIO ACCIDENTS INCREAS.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 20.—The state industrial commission reports that there were 185,223 accidents in Ohio this year, against 166,000 the year before.

The rush of work has resulted in many applications from employers for permission to get around laws limiting the hours of female labor. These requests have been especially numerous since the new law, further restricting the employment of female labor, went into effect. These requests, the commission says, have generally been denied.

UNIONIST DISMISSED.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 20.—Peter Campbell, secretary of the Kentucky state federation of labor, has been dismissed from the city fire department by the board of public safety because he organized a union of firemen. The trial was secret and Campbell was denied the right to have a record taken of the proceedings.

TO OUR BOYS AT THE FRONT.

If I would write a song of cheer
To doubly steel your patriot heart;
If I would make you scorn to fear
Tyrannic Teuton's wrathful part—
I'd mind you that Old Glory ne'er
Her master met on crimson field;
Nor brazen foe could ever sear
Her stars, nor make her craven yield.
Then 'tis for you, with valiant pride,
To still uphold her glorious past
And dauntless by your brothers' side
Sustain her honor to the last.

—JOS. W. M'CANN.

"Labor-To-Blame" Critics Should Read United States Reports

The federal bureau of labor statistics reports that union wages in 101 of the principal trades in 48 leading cities of the United States were 19 per cent higher in May, 1916, than in 1907. This report has just been issued in bulletin No. 214.

The same department of the government reported last October in its Monthly Review:

"Comparing prices the year before the war with prices in August, 1917, food as a whole advanced 47 per cent. Flour advanced 130 per cent, or more than two and one-fourth times the price in August, 1913; cornmeal advanced 120 per cent, or nearly as much as flour; potatoes, 87 per cent; sugar, 77 per cent; lard, 72 per cent, and pork chops, 58 per cent."

Despite these figures, issued by the government, there are editors and other citizens who tell the people that trade unions are responsible for present living costs.

OBJECT TO STATE POLICE.

Detroit, Dec. 20.—The local federation of labor protests against the governor of this state ordering state constabulary to the plant of the Linderman Steel and Machine company, Muskegon. Machinists employed on war work are on strike for extra pay for overtime, as provided by federal law.

A committee appointed by the federation of labor has investigated the strike and reports that military coercion has been supplied by the governor under the pretext of maintaining law and order when no disorder existed or was threatened.

LABORERS RAISE WAGES.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 20.—One hundred and fifty locals of the International Hod Carriers, Building and Common Laborers' union have raised wages $3,414,095 during the period between October, 1916, and October, 1917.

These workers might be classed as "unskilled," but they have set an example to higher-grade workers who talk of their "salary," and their "positions," while depending on the employer instead of helping themselves.

CAN'T EVADE TAX LAW.

New York, Dec. 20.—Theatrical managers in this city have abandoned the practice of putting a 10-cent value on seats allotted to critics and guests. As these seats are sold for $2 to other persons, the managers have been saving 19 cents war tax on each seat.

The government has notified the managers that it "will prosecute any person who evades or attempts to evade the law."

OPPOSE CHINESE LABOR.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 20.—The executive board of the Washington state federation of labor has recorded its protest "against any and all proposed amendments to existing immigration laws that will admit of any greater freedom for entry of Chinese labor."

The unionists also declare against any attempt to reduce present living standards.

JANITORS RAISE WAGES.

San Francisco, Dec. 20.—Theater managers have accepted the new wage scale of the Janitors' union. These workers are now paid $3.50 for an eight-hour day. The finance committee of the city's board of supervisors has recommended $100 a month for civil service janitors and the proposal is now before the mayor for apprival.

SATAN GIVES HONOR TO KAISER WILHELM

Iowa Man Writes Satire Which is Being Read All Over United States and Canada.

Louis Syberkrop, of Creston, Iowa, his written this satire. Requests for copies of the article have come to its author from people in every State in the Union and from Canada. It was first published in Ottumwa, Iowa:

The Infernal Region,
June 28, 1917.

To Wilhelm von Hohenzollern, King of Prussia, Emperor of all Germany and Envoy Extraordinary of Almighty God:

My Dear Wilhelm:

I can call you by that familiar name for I have always been very close to you, much closer than you could ever know.

From the time that you were yet an undeveloped being in your mother's womb I have shaped your destiny for my own purpose.

In the days of Rome I created a roughneck known in history as Nero; he was a vulgar character and suited my purpose at that particular time. In these modern days a classic demon and efficient super-criminal was needed, and as I know the Hohenzollern blood I picked you as my special instrument to place on earth an annex to hell. I gave you abnormal ambition, likewise an over supply of egotism that you might not discover your own failings; I twisted your mind to that of a mad man with certain normal tendencies to carry you by, a most dangerous character laced in power; I gave you the power of a hypnotist and a certain magnetic force that you might sway your people. I am responsible for the reformed arm that hangs helpless on your left, for your crippled condition embitters your life and destroys all noble impulses that might otherwise cause me anxiety, but your strong sword arm is driven by your ambition that squelches all sentiment and pity; I placed in your soul a deep hatred for all things English, for of all nations on earth I hate England most; wherever England plants her flag she brings order out of chaos and the hated Cross follows the Union Jack; under her rule, wild tribes become tillers of the soil and in due time practical citizens; she is the great civilizer of the globe and I HATE HER. I planted in your soul a cruel hatred for your mother because she was English, and left my good friend Bismark to fan the flame I had kindled. Recent history proves how well our work was done. It broke your royal mother's heart, but I gained my purpose.

The inherited disease of the Hohenzollerns killed your father, just as it will kill you, and you became the ruler of Germany and a tool of mine sooner than I expected.

To assist you and farther hasten my work I sent you three spirits, Nietzsche, Treitscke and later Bernhardi, whose teaching inflamed the youths of Germany, who in good time would be willing and loyal subjects and eager to spill their blood and pull your chestnuts, yours and mine; the spell has been perfected—you cast your ambitious eyes toward the Mediterranean, Egypt, India and the Dardanelles and you began your great railway to Bagdad, but the ambitious archduke and his more ambitious wife stood in your way. It was then that I sowed the seed in your heart that blossomed into the assassination of the Duke and his wife, and all hell smiled when it saw how cleverly you saddled the crime onto Servia. I saw you set sails for the fjords of Norways and I knew you would prove an alibi. How cleverly done, so much like your noble grandfather who also secured an assassin to remove old King Frederick of Denmark, and later robbed that country of two provinces that gave Germany an opportunity to become a naval power. Murder is dirty work but it takes a Hohenzollern to make way and get by.

Your opportunity was at hand; you set the world on fire and bells of hell were ringing; your rape on Belgium caused much joy, it was the beginning, the foundation of a perfect hell on earth; the destruction of noble cathedrals and other infinite works of are was hailed with joy in the infernal regions. You made war on friends and foe alike, and the murder of civilians showed my teachings had borne fruit. Your treachery toward neutral nations hastened a universal unheaval, the thing I most desired. Your under-sea warfare is a master stroke; from the smallest mackerel pot to the great Lusitania you show no favorites; as a war lord you stand supreme, for you have no mercy; you have no consideration for the baby clinging to its mother's breasts as they both go down into the deep together, only to be torn apart and leisurely devoured by sharks down among the corals.

I have strolled over the battlefields of Belgium and France. I have seen your hand of destruction everywhere; it is all your work, super-fiend that I made you. I have seen the fields of Poland; now a wilderness fit for prowling beasts only; no merry children in Poland now; they all succumbed to frost and starvation—I drifted down into Glacia where formerly Jews and Gentiles lived happily together; I found but ruins and ashes; I felt a curious pride in my pupil, for it was all above my expectations. I was in Belgium when you drove the peaceful population before you like cattle into slavery; you separated man and wife and forced them to hard labor in trenches; I have seen the most fiendish rape committed on young women, and those who were forced into maternity were cursing the father of their offspring; and I began to doubt if my own inferno was really up to date.

You have taken millions of dollars from innocent victims and called it indemnity; you have lived fat on the land you usurped, and sent the real owners away to starvation. You have strayed away from all legalized war methods and introduced a code of your own. You have killed and robbed the people of friendly nations and destroyed their property. You are a liar, a hypocrit and a bluffer of the highest magnitude. You are a partner of mine, and yet you pose as a personal friend of God. Ah, Wilhelm, you are a wonder. You wantonly destroy all things in your patch leaving nothing for the coming generations.

I was amazed when I saw you form a partnership with the impossible Turk, the chronic killer of Christians, and you a devout worshiper in the Lutheran church. I confess, Wilhelm, you are a puzzle at times. A Mohammedan army, commanded by German officers, assisting one another in massacreing Christians in a new line of warafer. When a Prussian officer can witness a nude woman being disemboweled by a swarthy Turk, committing a double crime with one cut of his saber, and stands calmly by and see a house full of innocent Armenians locked up, the house saturated with oil and fired, then my teachings did not stop with you, but have been extended to the whole German nation. I confess my Satanic soul grew sick and there and then I knew the pupil had become his mater. I am a back number, and my dear Wilhelm, I abdicate in your favor. The great key of hell will be turned over to you. The gavel that has struck the doom of damned souls since time began is yours. I am satisfied with what I have done; that my abdictation in your favor is for the very best interests of hell—in the future I am at your majesty's service.

Affectionately and sincerely,
LUCIFER H. SATAN.

Mooney "Frame-Up" Is Again Exposed By Witnesses For State

San Francisco, Dec. 20.—Mrs. Alice Kidwell, a principal support for the state against Mooney, Mrs. Mooney, Billings, Nolan and Weinberg, defendants in the preparedness day bomb cases, has confessed that her testimony and her daughter's, is false and that it was "framed" by District Attorney Fickert, his assistants and the police.

She swears that the man she identified as Mooney was not Mooney; that witnesses were offered large sums of money and that other witnesses, dug up from the underworld, were threatened with prosecution if they did not testify as Fickert and the police desired. The conspirators' incentive was a reward of $17,000.

The most sensational part of the Kidwell affidavit is the claim that a dentist, who is a friend of one of Fickert's assistants, conceived the story that the bomb throwers came to his office and hurled the bomb from the roof of his building. The dentist wanted to advertise his business.

The basis of the "frame-up" was the appearance of a woman and a man at the dentist's office the day of the preparedness parade. The women asked to use the ladies' retiring room and the man asked permission to get out on the roof to take some pictures. The prosecution built its case against the five defendants on the theory that the woman was Mrs. Mooney and the man was Warren K. Billings, and that their requests were only an excuse to confer.

Mrs. Kidwell was promised a pardon for her husband, who is serving a term in the penitentiary for forgery. Her daughter, Estelle Smith, who was arrested on murder charges four years ago, was threatened with prosecution for other offenses if she did not play her part, and Louis Rominger, whose conduct along social lines is not above reproach, was threatened with arrest if he did not identify Billings, who has been found guilty and sentenced to life imprisonment.

STAGGERING COAL WASTE.

New York, Dec. 20.—The assertion that 117,000,000 tons of coal, worth $250,000,000 could be saved by the United States every year by efficient management of boiler furnaces, was made by David Moffat Myers in an address before the thirty-eighth annual convention of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. Mr. Myers, in pointing out the advantage of saving fuel, declared that if only half the amount wasted were saved it would release a million freight cars a year for other service which are now employed in hauling coal.

"As a means of far-reaching economy," he said, "the government of the United States should at this time apply intelligent and direct-acting efforts to the conservation of fuel at the industrial plants which are responsible for its greatest consumption. It is unnecessary before a body of engineers to show proof that coal is wasted in vast quantities in the boiler furnaces of our plants."

NO LABOR SHORTAGE IN N. Y.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 20.—In spite of all reports about a labor shortage it will take another heavy military draft to materially affect the labor power of the state, says a report of the state industrial commission.

CUTTERS INCREASE RATES.

Cincinnati, Dec. 20.—Clothing Cutters and Trimmers' union No. 100 has raised wages $2 a week. These workers are affiliated with the United Garment Workers.

U. S. Supreme Court Weakens Labor Law

San Francisco, Dec. 20.—H. W. Hutton, attorney-at-law, and authority on marine law, has analyzed the recent decision of the United States supreme court that seamen are not laborers under the federal contract labor law.

Attorney Hutton reaches this conclusion, which is published in the Coast Seamen's Journal:

"It seems quite clear that there is now little but the name left of a law that on its face was passed to exclude every person, class or calling, except actors, artists, lecturers, singers, ministers, professors for colleges or seminaries, persons belonging to any recognized learned profession, and domestic servants."

The court's decision was made in a suit started by Paul Scharrenberg, secretary of the California state federation of labor, and member of the Seamen's union, for penalties against the Dollar Steamship Company, which was charged with having brought 19 Chinese to this country on a British ship for service on American ships. The court dismissed the plea on the ground that seamen are not laborers; that the Chinese were "not brought into this country," and that an American ship in foreign commerce is not a part of the territory of the United States in the sense that men employed on it can be said to be laboring "in the United States" or "performing labor in this country."

In reply to the latter portion of the decision, Attorney Hutton says:

"It has been generally supposed that the deck of an American vessel is at least a place 'subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.' We are engaged in a great conflict based partly upon that proposition."

SELF DENIAL URGED.

In urging the purchase of war certificates Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo jars those people who imagine the war will bring no change in their happy-go-lucky method of living.

"The wide spread practice of economy is absolutely vital to the success of the war," says the cabinet official.

"This war can not be financed unless the American people immediately stop waste, practice self denial, economize in every possible direction and lend the money they save thereby to the government."

FORD MUST DIVIDE PROFITS.

Detroit, Dec. 20.—The Ford Motor company has been ordered to declare a dividend of $19,275,385 as a result of a suit started by stockholders.

It has been suggested that Ford now declare for a $10-a-day wage, and use up his future surplus, as the court orders that hereafter the Ford Motor company shall not accumulate profits "in excess of such as may be reasonably required in the conduct of the business."

IRON MOLDERS WANT MORE.

Cleveland, Dec. 20.—Iron Molders' union No. 218 has adopted a new wage scale, to take effect the first of the year. Present rates of $4.50 for a nine-hour day are changed to read "$6 for an eight-hour day."

O. U. HOOVER.

My Tuesdays are meatless,
My Wednesdays are wheatless,
I'm getting more eatless each day;
My home, it is heatless,
My bed, it is sheetless,
They're all sent to Y. M. C. A.
The bar-rooms are treatless,
My coffee is sweetless,
Each day I get poorer and wiser;
My stockings are feetless,
My trousers are seatless,
Oh my! How I do hate the Kaiser!

—Author Unknown.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

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EMBLEM OF ... FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., DECEMBER 21, 1917.

WHAT LABOR MEANS IN STRUGGLE

"We declare that had there been a trade union movement in Russia it would have had a stabilizing force and a far-reaching beneficent effect in the crisis now resting so heavily upon the Russian people. The Russian people have lived for centuries in one of the most brutalized autocracies that has ever disgraced the pages of history; **they were denied the right of self government,** the right to congregate for any economic or political purposes, the right to attain an education, and because of these limitations there existed a lack of experience that would have been of priceless value won in stabilizing and maintaining their new-found freedom.

The trade union movement, had it existed in Russia, would have developed discipline and a central power not of an autocratic nature, but a power rather to execute and carry into effect the democratically expressed will of the majority of the people."—Extract from report of Committee on International Relations, adopted by American Federation of Labor Convention at Buffalo.

"After all, democracy is the first essential in the lives of the peoples of all nations. No movement of any nature can properly function without freedom of action and self-government, which are inseparably associated with democracy. The trade union movement, first in importance in the economic field, is necessarily dependent on democracy in the organic form of governments. **There was no real trade union movement in Russia, nor can there be in any other country that is burdened with autocracy.** Upon these fundamentals rest the successful achievements of human rights, freedom and liberty, economic, social and political justice."—Extract from report of Committee on International Relations, adopted by American Federation of Labor Convention at Buffalo.

MORE PRICE SETTING.

If congress acts on the suggestion of President Wilson in his message to the national lawmakers this week, America's plunderbund will pass through dark days.

The chief executive said: "Recent experience has convinced me that the congress must go farther in authorizing the government to set limits to prices. The law of supply and demand, I am sorry to say, has been replaced by the law of unrestrained selfishness. While we have elimniated profiteering in several branches of industry it still runs impudently rampant in others. The farmers, for example, complain with a great deal of justice, that, while the regulation of food prices restricts their incomes no restraints are placed upon the prices of most of the things they must themselves purchase; and similar inequalities obtain on all sides."

PREDICT IMMIGRATION RUSH.

A tremendous rush of immigrants after the war was the predicition of Frederic C. Howe, commissioner of immigration at the port of New York, in an address in Boston:

The amount of immigration after the war," he said, "will of course depend on economic conditions in Europe. If we have high wages here and good living conditions then there will be a rush of immigration. Many things in Europe will contribute to immigration. Taxes will be high, whole provinces have been devastated and the minds of millions of men have been made restless. I believe that thousands will come.

"On the other hand many will want to go back to their old homes to search for relatives whom they have not heard from since the beginning of the war. They will have money and they will want to buy homes. They cannot buy them here."

The speaker said the land question is a pressing problem in America.

BEWARE OF SPIES.

Renewed warnings against spies have been posted at all navy yards and stations. Placards headed "BEWARE OF SPIES" have been posted, reading as follows:

"Don't talk about what you have done or are going to do. The enemy has ears everywhere.

"Don't discuss naval affairs or movements of ships, their cargoes or courses with strangers or foreigners.

"Don't trust any one you do not know. Enemy spies at home and abroad will try to draw you into telling them about the movement of ships, their cargoes, the courses steered and the steps taken to defend our ships.

"Don't forget to report at once any person who tries to get information from you or any one else in your hearing.

"Don't forget that your want of care may help the enemy and lead to the loss of American ships and the death of their crews.

"SECRECY MEANS SAFETY."

Eventually the shoemakers will have to make shoes somewhat after the design approved by the Creator, and mankind will accept no substitutes from below.

Hawaiian music is said to be on the wane. But there are a few people who still believe their musical education is not complete without it.

Soldiers Looking

—for—

Necessities

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Swagger Sticks ..... 50c to $2.00
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Home - - C St. bet. 12th & 13th N.E.
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Lyric - - - 14th St. near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N.W.
"M" Street Theater - M St. near 32d
Navy - - 8th St. bet. D & E S.E.
Olympic - U St. bet. 14th & 15th N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Park View - - Ga. Ave. & Pk. Rd.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza - - - - 434 9th St. N.W.
Poli's Theater - - 15th & Pa. Ave.
Princess - - - - 1112 H St. N.E.
Raphael - - 9th St. bet. N & O N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd.
Savoy - - 14th & Columbia Rd.
Senate - - - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
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T. W. WOLTZ, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 604 Thirteenth Street N.E.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 Eleventh Street S.E.
L. LUEBKERT, Local 132, U. B., 1314 Kearney Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 1694, U. B., 1720 Thirty-fourth Street N.W.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1523 Eighth Street N.W.

BUSINESS AGENT

C. H. ADAMS, 425 G Street N.W.

WIRE MEN WANT MORE.

San Antonio, Tex., Dec. 20.—The Electrical Workers' union has prepared a new wage scale, which raises rates 12 1-2 cents an hour.

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GLASSES AT LOWEST PRICES

Save Your Eyes

BLOCK OPTICAL CO.

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Is a real drink—a fine, foaming thrist-quenching beverage, which by a secret process retains all the snappy flavor.

With the taste that's THERE.

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Leaves nothing to guess-work.

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Complete New Stock of Fall and Winter Goods

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WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF OUTFITTING OFFICERS AND MEN OF U. S. ARMY

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Special Jewelry Prices

For Early Xmas Shoppers

Gold Watch Bracelet $11.50

Men's and Ladies' Elgin Watch Bracelets, warranted 20 years. Special at $11.50. Others $2.50 to $100.

Diamond Lavalliere $15

Handsome 4 gem, full cut, solid gold Lavallieres, $15. Others $2 to $250

$25.00

Very handsome genuine diamond, set in solid gold, Tiffany or fancy setting, $25.00. Others $10 to $500

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EXCELLENT CUISINE
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---All made-up Furs selling at big discounts!

Entire stock included, but bargains such as these won't wait, so you'd better act quickly if your XMAS FURS are to come from these handsome Coats, Sets and Muffs.

A deposit reserves selections.

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EXCLUSIVELY FURS
Established Over 25 Years
1212 F Street

Speaking of Christmas reminds us that we are in a position to materially assist you in making this the Best Christmas, not only for the little folks, but for every member of the family. You can find presents for all in our well assorted stock. We invite you to come in and see just how many nice, pretty presents we have. Trusting we will have the pleasure of welcoming you to our store during the Holidays and with compliments of the season, we are, Sincerely yours

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Shoes Repaired
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COLLARS and SHIRTS
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ATTACK ANTI-FOOD SAVERS.

Herbert C. Hoover has answered the claim of members of the Illinois Live Stock association that there is no necessity for "meatless" and "wheatless" days.

The food administrator charges that these persons are "endeavoring to raise the price of meat" and that such actions "are comparable to opposition to the draft."

"No more foolish or unpatriotic utterance has been made than the statement referred to," he says.

WANT BETTER LAWS.

Boston, Dec. 20.—Representatives of Street Car Men's unions in this state have organized to secure remedial legislation for workers in this calling.

M. R. FILLIPPONE
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Shoe Repair Shop
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Wholesale and Retail
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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Masonic Hall, 9th and F Sts. N.W. Secretary, C. P. Reichel, 24 Myrtle St. N. E. Office of Business Agent, J. G. Schmidt, 512 F St., N. W., Third Floor.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 747 Varnum St. N.W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, 205 John Marshall Place at 10:00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E St. S. W.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G St. N.W.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 528: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Washington Hall, 3d and Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Harry A. Disney, 536 10th St. S.E.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

City Firemen's Union, No. 15665: Meets second Sunday of each month, hall, 1101 E St. N.W., 7:30 p.m. Sec., Wm. A. Smith, No. 2 Chemical Engine Co., Pa. Ave., S.E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northanagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Chas. F. Crump, Ballston, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Monday, 205 John Marshall Place. Secretary, David P. McCracken, 473 E St. S.W.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen and Oilers, Local 63: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays in each month, at Painters' Hall, John Marshall Place and Pennsylvania avenue, northwest. N. A. James, secretary and business agent, 606 Fifth street northwest.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th St. N.E.

International Jewelry Workers Local, No. 12: Meets every Friday night at 8 p.m., Flynn's Hall, Corner 8th and K Sts. N.W., Secretary, F. M. Leitheiser, 918 M St., N. W.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, W. N. Hattel, 1430 A St. N.E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 61: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 9½ Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary John E. Birdsel, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers: Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, 205 John Marshall Place. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 917 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46. Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N.W. Secretary, E. J. Tracy, 18 Girard St. N.E.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10:30 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Financial Secretary and Business Agent, J. H. Cookman, Room 412 Washington Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m the second Tuesday in the months of October December, February, and May. Secretary L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary Treasurer, Jas. H. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p.m., John Marshall Place. Secretary J. G. Schmidt, 722 6th St. N. E.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 816 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St., N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 480 Ninth St., N. W.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

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William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W

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J. McEltresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

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Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
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Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

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Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

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William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

8 HOURS FOR POLICEMEN.

Dallas, Tex., Dec. 13.—Policemen in this city have won their long fight for the eight-hour day. City officials announce that the new system will be put into effect the first of the year.

DON'T STRIKE TOO QUICKLY.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 20.—Under the above caption the Journal of the Electrical Workers, official magazine of the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, gives this advice:

"Do not be too hasty to strike; you may find it much harder to get a satisfactory settlement than it was to quit work.

"Today is the day of conciliation and arbitration; there is plenty of time to strike after they fail. Strikes should only be called as a last resort and only when in strict accordance with our laws."

WOULD CONSCRIPT WEALTH.

Middletown, Ohio, Dec. 20.—Conscription of wealth was favored by Charles A. Hinch, in an address before the Ohio State Bankers' association.

"The government would be right," he said, "in conscripting every bit of capital in this country necessary to win the war. When the government has the right to conscript young men to the army, often requiring the young man to give up his life, there is no one who can deny its right to take the property necessary to carry the war to a successful conclusion."

RAILWAY CLERKS WIN.

Richmond, Va., Dec. 20.—Clerks employed by the Atlantic Coast Line railroad system have won their six-weeks' strike and returned to work.

The management agrees not to interfere with employes if they desire to join the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks or any other organization.

TEACHERS' PAY RAISED.

Boston, Dec. 20.—Public school officials announce that the appropriation estimates for the coming year will include increases of $96 for elementary teachers and $120 for principals and sub-principals.

STATE SPEED LAWS GOVERN.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 20.—The state supreme court has ruled that state laws govern rather than local police ordinances in the matter of regulating the speed of automobiles.

SHORTEN WORK DAY.

Baltimore, Dec. 20.—Charles Zies & Sons have signed an agreement with Machinists' union No. 405, whereby these employes will receive a half-day off from June to September.

STRIKE FOR EIGHT HOURS.

New Bedford, Mass., Dec. 20.—Because the Morse Twist Drill company refused its workers an eight-hour day it is confronted by a strike of 800 machinists and other skilled employes.

When the men suspended work they were notified that if they didn't hurry back they'd lose their jobs, but the strikers ignored the threat.

FIRST AID TAUGHT MINERS.

In its annual report the federal bureau of mines says that more than 4,800 miners in 23 states were trained in mine rescue and first-aid work during the past year. The total number trained by the bureau since its organization is 56,873.

The bureau, it is stated, has no police powers such as are given to mining departments in other countries; consequently it seeks to advance its purpose by co-operating with all agencies working for the same ends, and welcomes the aid of all organizations, officials and individuals to establish safer devices and methods in mining and in the enforcement and enactment of better mining laws.

WHAT UNIONISM CAN DO.

Baltimore, Dec. 20.—While employers spend money without stint in anti-union campaigns, recent gains by the Dock Builders and Pile Drivers' union show, in a few words, why unionism is opposed.

Less than two years ago a handful of these workers united. They were working ten hours a day. They strengthened their union and now they are working an eight-hour day for 50 cents an hour.

A greater gain, however, is the spirit of independence and a voice in working conditions.

TEXAS WAITERS STRIKE.

Denison, Hex,, Dec. 20.—Waiters and waitresses have suspended work to enforce a nine-hour day and $6 a week against a work day of from 12 to 16 hours for $4 a week.

Cincinnati, Dec. 20.—Following conferences with employers, organized milk drivers have increased wages $2 a week. These workers are affiliated with the Brotherhood of Teamsters, and were assisted by officers of that organization.

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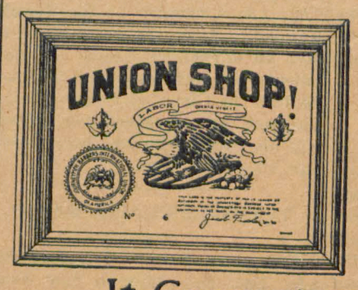

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CONVICTS FOR WAR WORK.

Senator Smith, of Georgia, has introduced a bill providing for the use of convicts on war work. The plan is an extension of the state use system in certain states, which employ convicts on goods used by the state instead of contracting them to private employers.

To protect state convict labor laws Senator Smith's proposal provides that these goods shall be subject to such laws upon arrival and delivery in such state.

The plan shall be effective only where private concerns cannot furnish supplies, and goods will be sold at the prevailing market rates. Wages and hours of the prisoners shall be based upon the standard hours and wages prevailing in the vicinity in which the institution is located, and the cost of maintaining the prisoner shall be deducted from his compensation.

Prisoners in any federal, state, county or other penal institution are included in the act, and the secretary of the navy and the secretary of war are empowered to establish in government prisons and disciplinary barracks factories for the manufacture of government supplies.

TO CONDEMN DON'T SOLVE.

New York, Dec. 20.—Contractors doing the work of clothing cutters is one of the problems confronting members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' union.

The official bulletin of Local No. 10 of this organization says one may use every possible means to put the contractor out of business, but he will not succeed.

"We know," says this publication, "what the ultimate result is—they are not forced out of business, they become an incorporated firm—and the union cannot lay its hands on them.

"The question is not, 'is day work constitutional?' but, "is hunger constitutional?' We condemn the evils borne of sub-factories—we condemn cutters for working day work in such shops, and we complacently rub our hands, feeling satisfied that we have performed our duty—disregarding the fact that only the result of the evil was condemned—but the evil itself is permitted to flourish.

"We must meet all issues squarely. Dodging them will not solve them. We have condemned, fined and sometimes suspended men for these violations—but many bosses still do the work of cutters."

WOMEN CONDUCTORS A BLUFF.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 20.—The Pittsburgh Railways company's attempt to exploit women by offering them positions as conductors has fallen as flat as the proverbial pancake, says the National Labor Journal.

There have been few applicants for the position of "conductoresses," and they have been mainly of the giddy, notoriety-seeking type of femininity, who think it "just too cute for anything" to have their pictures in the newspapers, says this publication.

Business Agent McGrath of Street Car Men's union No. 85 says all sorts of exaggerations are printed in the daily press, the latest stunt being an appeal for women to act as conductors on trailers. "This company pays the lowest wage of any traction company in America," said McGrath. "Last month 135 men left the service for more congenial employment and higher wages. Men start at 27 cents an hour and average $2.16 a day. They work from five to ten days, without pay, before they are put on a route. A badge, punch, cap and uniform costs them $22.50, and after five years their rate is 35 cents an hour or $2.80 a day."

FOOD BY WEIGHT.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 20.—Food sold by weight is favored by James Sweeney, chief of the state bureau of weights and measures.

Under the present law, he says, the purchaser is required to pay for material used in wrapping. This material is utterly valueless to him.

"The practice of giving short weight and measure, when persisted in, whether willfully or otherwise, is a crime and the laws should deal with the practice that the consumer may be protected. Faulty scales or measures in these days are no excuse," says this state official.

WOMEN SORT SCRAP IRON.

Zanesville, Ohio, Dec. 20.—"Woman's place is the home" means nothing to females who sort scrap iron for the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

The work is hard and is out in the open, and the railroad has raised wages to 22 cents an hour to stop the women from quitting.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—Commission Wagon Drivers' union No. 703 has raised wages $2.50 a week, after a two-days' strike.

Some Gift Suggestions of a Sensible and Practical Nature

¶ The thoughtful givers will exercise common sense and patriotism this Christmas season and give their friends and relatives remembrances that bring added joy to the home—gifts that mean comfort—that mean fewer hours of work and more of leisure for the housewife—gifts that endure—gifts that daily remind the recipient of your thoughtfulness.

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¶ Summing it all up, don't you think that your Christmas buying could be profitably and pleasantly linked with the Washington Gas Light Co.?

In the border of this announcement we illustrate a number of articles highly appropriate for gifts.

Christmas is only a few short days away, so it behooves you to hasten.

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COPPER BARONS BREAK WORD.

Phoenix, Ariz., Dec. 20.—The Arizona Labor Journal says the copper companies in the Globe-Miami district, with one exception, have failed to live up to any part of the agreement put into effect by President Wilson's mediation commission.

"There are hundreds of men idle in the district. The Lnspiration company, at the last checking, had in its employ 442 men, against about 1,500 during normal times," says this paper.

The so-called "Loyalty" league is again working with the copper barons and it is impossible for a miner to secure employment unless he is a member of that copper-controlled organization.

Applicants for work are first asked: "Are you a member of the 'Loyalty' league?" If not, the worker is told to sign an application blank. A known unionist is transferred to Miami, if he lives in Globe, and vice versa, in the hope that transportation expenses will discourage him and cause him to quit his employment.

TEAMSTERS RAISE WAGES.

Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, Dec. 20.—After a few hours' strike the Teamsters' union secured a union-shop agreement which provides for a nine and one-half hour work day and wage increases of 10 to 20 per cent. These standards will become general, as the agreement is signed by the General Cartage association.

WAGES STILL TOO LOW.

Boston, Dec. 20.—The editor of the Boston Globe says food prices have soared without warrant and that the cost of bare existence has become so great as to cause real suffering.

He makes this reference to so-called high wages:

"Bound up with the labor difficulties of the country is the problem of making even increased wages meet the requirements of a working man's table."

SILVER WORKERS UNITE.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 20.—Silver workers have organized under direct jurisdiction of the A. F. of L.

At the last convention of the Metal Polishers, Buffers, Brass and Silver Workers' Union of North America, it was voted to relinquish jurisdiction of the silver workers. Beginning with the first of the year this international organization will be known as the Metal Polishers' International union.

WANTS CHINKS LOOKED INTO.

United States Senator Gallinger has introduced a resolution empowering the committee on agriculture and forestry to "make careful investigation into the advisability of recommending legislation that will permit the importation of Chinese farmers into the United States under proper restrictions and regulations during the continuance of the war."

BREWERY WORKERS GAIN.

Cincinnati, Dec. 20.—In a report covering three years of progress officers of the International Union of United Brewery Workmen show that during this period wages have been increased $10,593,820 and the working time reduced 4,558,212 hours. These gains were obtained through the signing of 623 contracts for 579 unions located in 447 cities and affect 51,885 members.

In addition to the above, contracts were signed by 102 unions, representing 6,359 members. These unions failed to make proper reports to headquarters.

Membership gains during the three years are as follows: 1914, 2,933; 1915, 4,820; 1916, 6,004. Total, 13,757.

STREET CAR MEN STRIKE.

Charleston, W. Va., Dec. 15.—A refusal of the Charleston Interurban Railway company to treat with a committee representing the Street Car Men's union has resulted in a strike.

Although the system is practically tied up the manager told reporters that he knew nothing of a strike. "I haven't heard anything but rumors," he said.

The strikers are demanding a living wage.

Newark, N. J., Dec. 20.—Milk drivers to the number of 200 have organized and are chartered by the Brotherhood of Teamsters.

MUCH LABOR POWER WASTED.

Allentown, Pa., Dec. 15.—The Labor Herald says many workers come into its office and complain against conditions in the Bethlehem Steel company, located a few miles from this city.

It is stated that thousands of men leave the company because of petty persecutions.

"Labor turn over is one very great cause for lack of efficiency. Any big industry that annually lets more men walk out of its employ than it has employed at any certain time, is not being conducted efficiently and is causing a great waste of labor and a dead loss to society," says the Labor Herald.

"The Bethlehem Steel company has a great newspaper reputation for efficiency, but men employed there claim that it is only newspaper reputation. In reality, these employes say, a vast waste of labor power goes on in that plant because the men feel so bitterly toward the management. This is mostly due to the persecutions of the under foremen.

"Before the government allows this company to employ girls in its machine shops something should be done to prevent the driving away of skilled men.

"This community is suffering a loss every time a man leaves the Bethlehem Steel company's employ and goes to antoher town. It is vain for the government to seek to obtain men for the Bethlehem Steel company while the company, with its methods drives the men away in such numbers."

LET SEAMEN GO TO SEA.

New York, Dec. 20.—The objection of marine unions to the government's policy of conscripting skilled seamen for the army is indorsed by the New York Times, which says that "men as well as officers of steam and sailing vessels will be indispensable to the navigation of the shipping board's fleet."

"Crews must be found for the mobilized American merchant marine, and an effort should be made to sift out from the camps seamen who can be of more service on the decks of ships than in the armies of the United States. Some of them have been captains and mates, and other engineers. To send them to the trenches would be a poor use of good sea material. Technicalities should be swept aside and red tape cut to reclaim the trained sailors and turn them over to the merchant marine. It is not too late."

SHOP MEN RAISE WAGES.

Cumberland, Md., Dec. 20.—Federated shop men employed on the Western Maryland railroad have received wage increases the last few months that total 10 cents an hour. The rate is now 50 cents for boiler makers, machinists and blacksmiths. These workers are 100 per cent organized.

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Postal Chief Opposes A. F. of L. Post Office Unions

Thos. F. Flaherty, Secretary-Treasurer of the National Federation of Postal Employes, Replies to Mr. Burleson in Vigorous Fashion.

"Post office unions affiliated to the A. F. of L. are a menace and should be abolished," is Postmaster General Burleson's answer to organized labor's demand that working conditions in this branch of the government be improved.

Contrary to the policy of the war, navy and other departments, the post office refuses to recognize bona fide trade unions or the complaints of these workers' representatives. As a result complaints have multiplied and at the A. F. of L. convention, last month, Postmaster General Burleson's autocratic policy was condemned and the executive council of the A. F. of L. was instructed to co-operate with the postal organizations in presenting President Wilson "all the facts concerning the oppressive labor policy of Postmaster General Burleson."

Now Postmaster General Burleson declares for war, and in his annual report to congress asks for legislation that will make these unions mere hand-shaking outfits, with Mr. Burleson the custodian of all protests.

He refers to the A. F. of L. as "an outside organization" which has, for several years, been attempting to unionize government employes, and that "the advisability of permitting government employes to use the strike and boycott is seriously questioned."

In answer to this attack, President Gompers, in a public statement, said:

"Mr. Burleson cannot point to a single instance where an affiliated organization of postal employes has threatened to strike. He cannot name a single officer of these organizations who has remotely suggested such a course. Personally, in the many times I have addressed postal employes in all parts of the country, I have explained to them that legislation and not the strike was their weapon of last resort.

"I can see no danger of a strike of postal employes if they have free access to congress and public opinion to secure correction of their grievances. But I can conceive of serious trouble arising if the Burleson idea of repressing men and not giving them the opportunity to organize and to come in contact with their fellow workers in a sincere desire to make better the lot of all groups of workers is put into operation.

"To deny the right of workers in our largest governmental agency to organize is to make a mockery of our faith in democracy. If autocracy is harmful to the morals of our alien enemies abroad, then let us not introduce a species of it into our largest federal institution by attempting to disfranchise industrially the army of postal workers.

"The A. F. of L. stands prepared today to back up its position of 1906, when it fought for the rights of the government employe. We differ from Mr. Burleson in his view that the anti-gag law has operated to build up organizations of employes that are a menace. We fear that the menace lies, not in the employes' organizations, but in the denial to citizens of fundamental rights."

Thos. F. Flaherty, secretary-treasurer of the National Federation of Postal Employes, replies to Mr. Burleson in vigorous fashion and challenges the postmaster general to cite one instance where a strike of postal employes has been threatened.

"If the postal employes were not strike proof they would have long ago resented the repeated invasion of their rights by Mr. Burleson in his autocratic disregard of the existence of a human element in the service," is one of Flaherty's hot counters on the postal chief.

"If affiliation with the A. F. of L. is the menace that Mr. Burleson pictures," continues this unionist, "then he is largely responsible for this menace. It is a significant fact that more postal employes have joined the A. F. of L. in the past year of Mr. Burleson's administration than in all the preceding years since Benjamin Franklin established our postal service, 142 years ago. City carriers, railway mail clerks, post office clerks and even rural carriers are clamoring to join the labor movement. And why? Because they realize, after four and a half years of a Burlesonized service, that they must have some strong influence to offset the repeated encroachments upon their rights as citizens and wage earners. He views the service as a money grubbing institution and the employes merely as instrumentalities to pile up a larger money surplus.

"He personally lobbied against their small wage increase at the last session of congress and succeeded in excluding his employes from the raise the congress voted to other government workers. And now because the employes have the temerity to suggest that their decade-old wage standard is inadequate he reminds them that they are getting three times the wage of soldiers in the trenches.

"Mr. Burleson wants the congress to repeal the legislation granting employes the right to petition congress directly. It is a known fact that he is almost daily at the capitol in behalf of legislation in which the administration is interested. He would deny to the humble letter carriers and postal clerks the right he so freely exercises himself.

MUSICIANS HOLD ELECTION.

At the annual election held Sunday, December 16, by the Musicians' Protective Union, Local 161, American Federation of Musicians, the following officials were elected to serve for the year 1918:

A. C. Hayden, president; A. Celfo, vice-president; W. M. Lynch, secretary; W. W. Greenwell, treasurer; L. C. Newell, sergeant-at-arms. Directors were E. S. Bergh, J. E. Birdsell, Max W. Esberger, R. D. Schroeder, H. F. Smith and G. W. Vail. Trustees, Frank Fauth, W. A. Hoyberger and William Naecker. Delegates to the convention of the American Federation of Musicians, which will be held in Chicago, the second week in May, 1918, are J. E. Birdsell, A. Celfo and W. M. Lynch.

President Hayden was the unanimous choice of the organization and begins on January 1, 1918, his eleventh consecutive term as the presiding officer of the Musicians.

Mr. Lynch, the incoming secretary, was for five years chairman of the board of trustees, and has served one year as the secretary of the Federal Employees' Union.

REJECT NON-UNION SHOP.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 20.—By a referendum vote of eleven to one the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers has rejected a proposition submitted by the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph company that wages be raised and the non-union shop recognized.

Later President Wilson's mediation commission assisted in an adjustment of this dispute.

MATTRESS MAKERS WIN.

Newark, N. J., Dec. 20.—The members of Mattress Makers' Union No. 54 have won all their demands for improved working conditions after a 10-weeks' strike.

BARBERS RAISE WAGES.

Portland, Ore., Dec. 20.—The Barbers' union has secured a new union shop agreement with the Master Barbers' association.

The new wage scale provides for $18 a week minimum with 60 per cent over $20. The work day will be 10 hours with 12 hours on Saturday.

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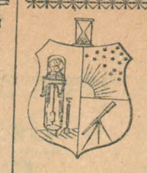
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OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

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POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
OF AMERICA
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
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IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING WET GOODS
AS A GUARANTEE THAT IT IS UNION

Here Is Your Gift Store

Use Your Credit

Give Jewelry, the Everlasting Gift

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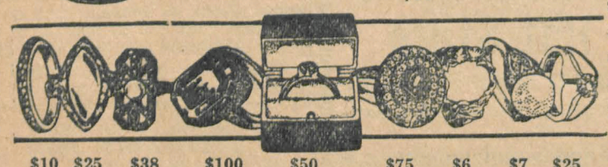

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64 STORES 64 STORES

Xmas Suggestions

Let Kinney's save you as much as you spend on the following serviceable gifts:

Men's, Women's and Children's

HOUSE SLIPPERS---SHOES---RUBBERS---HOSIERY

G. R. KINNEY CO., INC.

Largest Shoe Retailers in the World.

729 SEVENTH STREET NORTHWEST

64 STORES 64 STORES

$1 A WEEK $1

AT DODEK'S

WILL PAY FOR

CHRISTMAS CLOTHES

Distinctive Styles In Women's and Misses' SUITS and COATS

Many different and distinctive styles. Dodek's suits or coats keep you warm and give serviceable wear. You will look your best this Christmas if you buy your clothes at Dodek's. One dollar a week pays for them.

Men's Clothes With Plenty of "Pep" And Class

Every stylish model you can think of—Belt-all-around styles, in single or double-breasted, new military effects. Made from the finest fabrics obtainable. One dollar a week. Pay while you wear them.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHES AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES FOR $1.00 A WEEK

DODEK'S 827-829 7th St. N.W.

Goodyear MAN'F'G COMPANY

RAINCOATS AND OVERCOATS

—For—

MEN, WOMEN, AND CHILDREN

1004 F Street Northwest

MANY DRINKS ARE ON THE MARKET

Some Are GOOD and Some Are BAD

Do not Condemn All because some do not satisfy

--EXELSO--

HAS THE OLD TIME TASTE—

QUENCHES THE THIRST—

SATISFIES THE LONGING—

AND PLEASES ALL WHO TRY IT

If not on sale at your dealer's notify

National Capital Excelso Co.

TELEPHONE LINCOLN 1738 FIRST & EYE STS. S.E.

Tear Out This Coupon, Fill It In, and Send as Much Money as You Can Spare to Buy Tobacco for Our Fighting Men.

To The Central Labor Union Tobacco Fund

N. A. JAMES, Secretary, 604 Fifth St. N. W.

Enclosed find $.....cts. to send tobacco to our soldiers in France.

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U. S. Supreme Court Protects Non-Union Shop

President Gompers Makes Reply to the Public Statement on the Court's Decision in the Hitchman Case.

The United States supreme court has ruled that where an employer opposes trade unionism, and employes accept work under those conditions, it is unlawful to attempt to unionize the plant or solicit its employes to join a union.

The above is the "meat" of a decision made in the case of the Hitchmen Coal and Coke Company of West Virginia versus the United Mine Workers. Several years ago an injunction was issued against the miners by Judge Dayton, at the request of the company. The case was appealed to the federal court of appeals, sitting in Richmond, Va., and in May, 1914, that tribunal reversed the injunction on the ground that members of the United Mine Workers have the right to urge the company's employes to join their union.

The case has been pending before the United States supreme court since that time. Now the court of appeals is reversed.

The court says that when workers entered into employment with the coal company, with the understanding that the mines should be conducted on the non-union plan, the company must be protected. The fact that this working agreement established between the company and its non-unionists could be broken at any time, and the fact that the non-unionists had the right to quit at any time, makes no difference. The United Mine Workers could not solicit individuals to join the union as these workers, if they voted to suspend work as trade unionists, might force the company to change conditions.

The court makes this contribution to economic literature:

"What the defendants were endeavoring to do at the Hitchman mines and neighboring mines was not a bona fide effort to enlarge the membership of the union, since the new members were not desired or sought except as a means to the end of compelling the owners of the mines to change their methods of operation."

The court also declares that it is erroneous to assume that all measures which may be resorted to in the effort to unionize a mine are lawful if they are peaceful—that is, if they stop short of physical violence or coercion through fear of it; the court holding that any violation of plaintiff's legal rights contrived by defendants for the purpose of inflicting damage, or having that as its necessary effect, is as plainly contrary to law as if it involved a breach of the peace, and that a combination to procure concerted breaches of contract by plaintiff's employes constituted such a violation, the Clayton law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Summing up the matter the court holds that the purpose of defendants to bring about a strike at the mine in order to compel plaintiff, through fear of financial loss, to consent to the unionization of the mines as the lesser evil, was an unlawful purpose and that the methods resorted to by the organizer—the inducing of employes to unite with the union in an effort to subvert the system of employment at the mines by concerted breaches of the contract of employment known to be in force there—were unlawful and malicious methods, and not to be justified as a fair exercise of the right to increase the membership of the union.

The contract the court refers to was explained in an earlier part of the decision as simply an agreement to work in these non-union properties, and could be broken at will by either employer or employed.

The court took the same position in the case of the Eagle Glass company, of Wellsburg, W. Va., against the American Flint Glass Workers' union. This concern secured an injunction from Judge Dayton on July 28, 1913, prohibiting the glass workers from attempting to unionize the plant. The Richmond, Va., federal court of appeals set the decision aside, as it did in the Hitchman case, and on the company's appeal to the United States supreme court Judge Dayton is sustained.

In a public statement on the court's decision in the Hitchman case, President Gompers said:

"In its position the Hitchman Coal and Coke company did not have the temerity to claim that there was any violence or unlawful conduct on the part of the representatives of the union to organize the coal miners. No cognizance seems to have been taken of the fact that in the petition for the injunction the Hitchman company declared 'that the company would not allow any union,' and that 'no union man could remain in the employ of the company.'

"The scale of wages paid the miners in many of the mines or West Virginia is far below that prevailing in the entire competitive field, and the Hitchman company pays the lowest of them all, and yet in its petition the company said that the Miners' union aimed to have that company 'pay such scale of wages as said United Mine Workers of America arbitrarily fixed.'

"When the Clayton law was enacted a fact was declared, not merely for future guidance of the courts, but one founded upon the fundamental principle 'That the labor of a human being is not a commodity or article of commerce.' The declaration of that principle should certainly have had some weight with the court in determining whether a voluntary association of workers, organized not for profit, but for their personal protection, should not have been held as a conspiracy in its relations with a corporation or company which assumed a sort of proprietary right in the labor of workers as if that labor and labor power were a commodity or commerce.

"At the time when the injunction was issued John Mitchell was president and William B. Wilson secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers. The former is now food administrator of the state of New York. The latter is a member of the president's cabinet. And these men, with others of equal standing and character, are stigmatized by the court as conspirators. Terms of opprobrium, no matter by whom, will not deter right-thinking men from looking with favor upon the unselfish, humane, and patriotic work performed by the organized workers of America."

CAR MEN WANT MORE.

Toledo, Ohio, Dec. 20.—The local street car company is negotiating with its organized motormen and conductors on a proposed wage increase of 10 cents an hour. This situation is different from the days when officers of the Amalgamated Association of Street Car Men were slugged on the public streets when they attempted to interest Toledo street car employes in trade unionism.

GIVE RECORDS

Purchase one of our Xmas Record Certificates—give to your friends—and let them present certificates to us and select records of their own choice.

Don't Put Off—Come in Today and Select One of Our

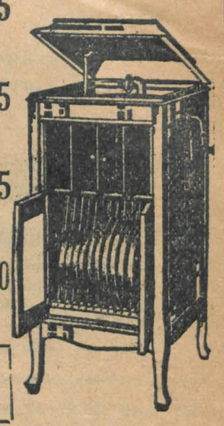
Special Xmas Grafonola Outfits

Grafonola—Style 18
In mahogany, and 10 selections (5 double-disc records at $3.75), and 500 needles at 50c; all for.. $22.25

Grafonola—Style 30
In mahogany, and 10 selections (5 double-disc records at $3.75), and 500 needles at 50c; all for.. $34.25

Grafonola—Style 85
In mahogany, and 10 selections (5 double-disc records at $3.75), and 500 needles at 50c; all for.. $89.25

Army and Navy Outfit—
Style 18 Grafonola—Talking-Machine Trunk—20 selections (10 double-disc records) and 500 needles; all for..... $38.50



The few days remaining before Xmas and the increasing shortage of machines makes an immediate selection imperative.

F. G. SMITH PIANO CO.

Bradbury Pianos and Players. 1217 F Street W. P. Van Wickle, Vice President.

Open a Charge Account at Abramson's---Your Credit is Good

No need to deprive yourself of smart, stylish wearing apparel just because you lack the ready cash.

Come up to Abramson's and buy all you want and pay as little as

$1.00 a Week

Here you will find merchandise of quality, stylish, and at the right prices, linked with the privilege of credit.

H. ABRAMSON

7th and L Streets N.W.

Phone Franklin 5849

DR. H. E. SMITH

WOULD LIKE TO SEE ALL HIS FRIENDS' AND PATIENTS' TEETH LOOK WELL AT XMAS

See him at once and have your teeth put in proper condition so you can smile all you want and have no fear of showing decayed teeth.

BRIDGE WORK, GOLD CROWNS, $3, $4, $5

GOLD SILVER FILLINGS, 75c up 50c up

My Famous SUCTION TEETH $5.00 A Single Set

DR. PIGEON, Dental Office 7th ad D Sts. N.W. Entrance, 401 7th St. N.W.

DR. H. E. SMITH, MGR.

SANITARY GROCERY CO.

95 STORES—ONE NEAR YOUR HOME—95 STORES

All Quotations—"Cash and Carry."

Our Famous

Green Bag COFFEE

Can be secured only at our stores

It is sold nowhere else

Why continue paying higher prices for coffee until you have given GREEN BAG a trial?

OUR GUARANTEE—Buy one pound of Our Famous GREEN BAG COFFEE, use ONE-FOURTH of it, and if it doesn't please you as well as any you ever used, regardless of price, return the unused portion and we will refund you the entire purchase price.

One-Pound Bags, per lb., 22c

QUALITY, NOT PRICE, Is Our Sales Argument

WEAR A BRODT'S

Incorporated

Union HAT Made

503-505 NINTH STREET NORTHWEST

419 ELEVENTH STREET NORTHWEST

DRY CLEANING

alone will remove most of the dirt, but where we find spots or stains that are particularly stubborn, we have our spotter remove them. Spotting is a science in itself, and is part of our idea of service to you.

The Hoffman Co.

CLEANERS AND DYERS

There is a Hoffman Branch in YOUR Neighborhood

AUTO DELIVERY SERVICE

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXII. NO. 27 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1917 — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Military Coercion Opposed by Baker

Secretary of War Baker opposes "universal training," the soft-pedal term of forcing all citizens into the military service.

In his annual report, the war secretary says:

"The department has not sought, and does not now seek, legislation on the subject, chiefly for the reason that the formation of a permanent military policy will inevitably be affected by the arrangement consequent upon the termination of the present war. Civilized men must hope that the future has in store a relief from the burden of armament and the destruction and waste of war.

"However vain that hope may appear in the midst of the most devastating and destructive war in the history of the race, it persists—perhaps because we are encouraged by the analogous substitution of courts for force in the settlement of private controversies; perhaps because all the perfections of nature teach us that they are the product of processes which have eliminated waste and substituted constructive for destructive principles.

"When a permanent military policy, therefore, comes to be adopted it will doubtless be conceived in a spirit which will be adequate to preserve against any possible attack those vital principles of liberty upon which democratic institutions are based, and yet be so restrained as in no event to foster the growth of mere militarist ambitions, or to excite the apprehension of nations with whom it is our first desire to live in harmonious and just accord."

URGES HIGHER RATES.

A. F. of L. Secretary Frank Morrison appeared before a congressional committee this week to urge higher wage rates for government post office employes, in line with recommendations by the Buffalo convention of the A. F. of L.

These workers include post office clerks, letter carriers, railway mail clerks and post office printers. The trade unionist urged that the spirit of the A. F. of L. resolutions be considered in the light of increased living costs and that the clerks, carriers and printers have not received the consideration due them. He showed that the post office department had a surplus of more than $5,000,000 for the year 1916, and that this year's surplus, according to a public statement by the postmaster general, is $9,836,211, "the greatest surplus in the history of the government."

LOW WAGES BRING DEATH.

In eight cities investigated by the federal children's bureau, 28 per cent of the fathers earned less than $50 a year and the death rate for their babies was 162.5, or one in every six. Only about one-eight, or 13.1 per cent of all the fathers earned $1,250 or more, and the death rate for their babies was 62.5, or one in 16.

The combined figures for the eight cities, which include industrial centers and fashionable residential sections, show that the mortality under one year of age among children born into families with incomes of $1,250 or over is less than two-fifths that of children whose fathers earn less than $550 a year.

R. R. KEY MEN GAIN.

With the aid of federal mediators, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad telegraphers have secured an eight-hour day and increased pay with pay for overtime. Other wage demands will be arbitrated. The decision affects 3,300 members of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers.

Denial of Unionism Leads to Violence

Where workers are denied the right to organize trade unions they are driven to revolutionary movements; if workers are to be conscripted, these plants should be seized by the government.

The above points are included in the annual report of Secretary of Labor Wilson, who deals with industrial unrest from the standpoint of fundamentals. He says:

"Almost insuperable obstacles arise, however, when labor disputes occur under circumstances in which employers permit organization by their Wworkmen only on pain of dismissal. Whether so designed or not, the tendency of this policy is to prevent organization of labor; and inasmuch as in such cases workmen have no responsible business representatives, only one party to controversies can be conveniently or satisfactorily heard. In such cases, also, the workers, being prevented by their employers from organizing on a business basis, tend to fall away from the pacifying influences of constructive and responsible labor organizations and to come under that of revolutionary groups. As most labor lawlessness is traceable to this cause, responsibility for it can not be wholly diverted from the policy—hardly patriotic in time of war—of arbitrarily obstructing organization of the conservative as distinguished from the revolutionary type.

"The department is, of course, aware of proposals, more popular earlier in the war than now, to settle labor disputes by coercing wage earners. But these proposals are both unfair and impracticable. They are also widely regarded, and not without reason, as unpatriotic. It is enough to say of them here that in the view of this department public sentiment can not be expected to tolerate conscription of labor for private profit. Should industrial conscription become really necessary in order effectively to prosecute the war, a policy less likely to be considered one-sided would be desirable. It would seem—that is, if workers were to be conscripted for industrial purposes—that the working opportunities to which they were assigned ought to be commandeered, so as to make such workers not coerced servants of employers but employes of the government itself."

DYERS TRICK THEMSELVES.

Sioux City, Iowa, Dec. 27.—Organized labor is aiding striking cleaners and dyers, who have been on strike for several weeks. These workers signed a contract prepared by their employers, but when the latter realized that they had accepted the union shop they abrogated the agreement.

7-DAY WEEK ABOLISHED.

Pittsburg, Kan., Dec. 27.—The city commission has ordered that the seven-day work week at the city water works be abolished. This action is the result of agitation by organized engineers and stationary firemen.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Beaver, Pa., Dec. 27.—Printing employers in this valley are accepting the new wage scale of Typographical Union No. 250. Wages are increased $2 to $4 a week and contracts will continue for three years.

R. R. STRIKERS ARE RARE.

The "railroad strike" bugaboo is discounted in a report by the federal board of mediation and conciliation, which says that interruption of interstate railroad service by labor disputes has been almost negligible since the board was organized four years ago.

A Well Deserved Promotion To A Faithful Worker

Hugh L. Kerwin Selected As Head of Conciliation Division of the Department of Labor.

HUGH L. KERWIN.
Assistant to Secretary of Labor.

In the recent promotion in which Mr. Hugh L. Kerwin was made assistant to the Secretary of Labor, Hon. William B. Wilson, another case of merit forging itself to the front took place. "Hughie" Kerwin, as he is familiarly known to a large number of prominent people of Washington, is a young man of exceptional ability, modest, unassuming and an indefatigable worker. Coming to Washington a few years ago to act as secretary to the Hon. William B. Wilson when he was a member of Congress and where he held the important position as chairman of the Committee on Labor, Mr. Kerwin, through his courteous and pleasing manner, won a large host of friends, and many a member of Congress was materially aided on proposed legislation affecting the interests of the working people from the fund of information which Mr. Kerwin posseses and which he is ever ready to cheerfully impart.

When the Department of Labor was established Mr. Wilson appointed Mr. Kerwin as his private secretary, which position he has filled creditably up to his recent promotion. In his new field of activities one of the most important works of the government comes under his direct supervision, that of the Division of Conciliation of the Department of Labor. The work of this division since it was established in 1914 has grown to such an extent as to make it impossible for Secretary Wilson to give it the close personal attention required, and the work is of such importance that in placing it under Mr. Kerwin a highly deserved honor was conferred. Since this country engaged in the war the Conciliation Division has been a very busy place, for strikes and threatened strikes which would have greatly hindered the work of an exceptional necessity for the needs of the government, required the close attention of this branch, and most of the work incident to the handling of this business has come under the supervision of Mr. Kerwin, which has brought him not only in close touch with the employers and employes, but also in active touch with the secretaries of War and Navy and with the White House staff and even the President, himself.

To those who have but a faint idea of the importance of conciliation work it would be an education in itself for them to read the report of the work of this division, which has just been made public through the annual report of the Secretary of Labor. During the three months just closed the Commissioners of Conciliation, under the direction of Secretary Wilson, assisted by Mr. Kerwin, have adjusted 107 controversies, involving directly 139,000 workers. In only nine cases the commissioners have been unsuccessful in securing adjustments, these involving less than 6,300 workers. There are pending at the present time about forty controversies, but at all of these plants concerned, the workers are remaining at work while conciliators are negotiating adjustments. Less than a score of strikes, none of a serious consequence, are now being handled by conciliators, and many of these are partially settled or in process of adjustment. For the most part the latter are made up of cases in which a comparative small number of workers are involved, such as the weavers' strike in Philadelphia, involving twenty-five concerns with less than 1,500 weavers out on strike.

We, together with his vast number of friends, wish Mr. Kerwin success in his new position and venture to predict that there are higher honors in store for him.

N. Y. Labor Shortage Denied by Official

New York, Dec. 27.—In a public statement, Henry D. Sayer, state industrial commissioner, makes flat denial that there is a labor shortage in this state and says that "the question is not so much one of labor shortage as it is one of poor distribution."

"There is plenty of labor," he continues, "but the labor does not happen to be in the places it is most needed. The fundamental difficulty at present is one of method of awarding contracts. It should be the effort to distribute contracts according to the labor market rather than to redistribute labor according to the ability of contractors to get fat contracts.

"The practice of advertising for more workmen than are needed is vicious in the extreme and in times like these should not be tolerated. The time and the productive labor lost through hundreds of men applying daily for jobs in response to such advertising is a source of great waste."

On the subject of the employment of women in industry, Mr. Sayer says:

"Neither the needy working woman, nor the working men, should be compelled to compete in the labor market with women who work for low pay because of the novelty of the job or because they have been led to believe that they are performing a patriotic service.

"The time may come, and we must be prepared for it when it does come, when the labor of women in industry must be used on a much larger scale than it is at present, but I venture the assertion that no women should be substituted for a man in an industrial process so long as there is available male labor to be procured.

"We will be very short-sighted if we permit our women to be exploited by factory owners, who, under the camouflage of an alleged labor shortage, seek to replace well paid men with underpaid women. There is no patriotism in that kind of shop management, and it contains the seeds of industrial unrest and disturbance."

TRY TO TRICK WORKERS.

Seattle, Dec. 27.—After forcing their employes on strike because of poor working conditions and low wages Frye & Co, meat packers, attempted to have employes sign a blanket pledge, which included the following:

"As your country needs all the assistance it can get in the production of foodstuffs, will you stand behind your government and your employer in meeting the country's urgent demands and needs?"

The workers objected to that portion of the pledge which would tie them to the employer, and they inquired if this pledge was issued by the federal government.

The government replied it knew nothing about the document.

45,093 WORKERS INJURED.

Hartford, Conn., Dec. 27.—The state compensation commission reports that 45,093 workers were injured in this state last year.

Liberty Loan Activities In the District

A conference was held in Washington during the week beginning December 10, which lasted several days, between Secretary McAdoo and other Treasury officials and representatives from Liberty Loan organizations all over the country, which included officials of the Federal Reserve Banks.

Plans for future Liberty Loan campaigns were perfected and an organization at once wider and closer was arranged for. Rural communities and small towns and small cities particularly will feel the effect of the new campaign plans.

Failure of rural communities to subscribe relatively as liberally as the metropolitan districts was generally ascribed not to lack of patriotism but lack of thorough organization and intensive campaigning. In future campaigns every agency will be used in the rural districts as well as in the cities. The women's organizations will be very active and hearty co-operation between them and the other organizations is assured.

Educational work in the schools of the country is to be stressed, and through the schools generally, therefore, educational campaigns are to be carried on all over the country not only during Liberty Loan campaigns but in the intervals between.

Enthusiasm, patriotism, and earnestness characterized the conference, which was composed of approximately one hundred delegates representing every Federal Reserve district and most of the States.

ASKS FOR FAIR TRIAL.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 27.—Peter Campbell, who was dismissed from the fire department for "insubordination" because he organized a city firemen's union, has asked the courts to issue an 2order compelling the mayor and board of public safety to accord him a public trial. Campbell is secretary of the Kentucky state federation of labor and has been connected with the fire department since 1894. When he organized the union, charges were preferred against him by the acting chief, who said Campbell took this action "without asking my permission."

BOOKBINDERS GAIN.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 27.—Organized bookbinders have adjusted differences with their employers, both parties signing a contract which provides for improved working conditions.

New York, Dec. 27.—Organized bindery girls are being assisted by the printing trades in their higher-wage campaign. The girls have been successful in increasing rates $2 a week in several instances.

AUGUSTA RAISES WAGES.

Augusta, Ga., Dec. 27.—The city council has raised wages 10 per cent for the police, fire, streets and scavenger departments.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., DECEMBER 28, 1917.

The Label

In a recent issue of this paper an editorial appeared exhorting the trades unionists to purchase goods bearing the union label and many of those labels were mentioned. One, however, escaped us in the mentioning of the others, and to rectify that oversight, we desire at this time to call particular attention to the labels that appear on clothing. The Journeymen Tailors have been reorganized in this city through the efforts of Organizer D. G. Biggs, and improved working conditions have been attained as a result thereof, and we wish to call your attention to the fact that the Journeymen Tailors' label can now be procured on custom made clothing, and when purchasing same, insist upon having this label or the label of the United Garment Workers. There can be no reasonable excuse offered for any member of organized labor of the District wearing clothing without the label.

Suffrage

Once again this important question has been brought to the minds of the residents of the District and concerted action looking toward this end is now being taken by the various civic, trades and citizens' organizations, aided by the daily press. We desire to call the attention of the trades unionists to the fact that this paper, your official organ, has repeatedly and consistently advocated suffrage for the residents of the District, and now that the whole community is being awakened to the need of making us vasals free and independent citizens of our country it behooves the committee of the Central Labor Union, who have been appointed to cooperate in bringing this result about, to attend the meetings of the joint committee having this matter in charge, and insist upon the full measure of suffrage being conferred upon us as residents. No half-way measure will suffice or satisfy, and we fail to see where any appreciable benefit will accrue unless we get the full measure, which to our mind means that we shall have the American right of electing the representatives of our city government. It may be all right from some peoples' standpoint to grant us a voice in Congress through a member of Congress, but what we would like to know, versed as we all are on the workings of Congress, where any improvement could come by having such a representative, for as you know as well as we do that we have several members of Congress now on both sides of the house that are staunch ardent friends of the District, and the acquisition of one man, even though he be a bona fide resident of the District, would have but little effect.

We believe that if the residents had their choice between representation in Congross or the control of our local government, that the sentiment is overwhelmingly in favor of the latter proposition. We agree and concur heartily in the attitude that The Washington Times has taken on this question, and if we will but take a leaf from the book of the prohibitionists and adopt their method of warfare, for it was no less than warfare the way they acted in getting the legislation which they did, we will undoubtedly gain that which should be ours, not by the gift of anyone, but by inalienable right.

Let us all put our shoulders to the wheel and our efforts will undoubtedly be crowned with success.

POOR ALWAYS PATRIOTIC.

In his report to the annual convention of the Missouri state federation of labor, at Jefferson City, Mo., President Wood treated the patriotism of workers as a matter of course.

"The czars and kaisers and lords of industry and commerce the wide world over," he said, "have been full of praise and love for the millions of poor and oppressed, and praised their loyalty and patriotism so long as they were ready and willing to sacrifice their lives and their families on the altar of the god of war.

"Since time immemorial the poor and the oppressed of the nations have always been loyal and patriotic, because they loved their countries and their homes.

"Since the days of ancient Egypt and Babylonia, from the days of glory and power of ancient Greece and Rome to the days of the great Napoleon, and down to this present world war, it has always been the great mass of the working men and women who were loyal and patriotic, carrying the burdens of all the wars, making all the sacrifices, enduring all the sufferings.

"Our American labor movement is pledged to democracy; its very foundation spells democracy; its aims and aspirations have never been anything else but the realization of the greatest extension of democracy in every avenue of human activity. At all times have we been fighting the battles of the poor and oppressed."

In these "do-your-bit" days no patriotic girl will blush because her sweetheart is a hoe beau.

Liberty was invented by Patrick Henry and was dreamed of in ancient times by millions of common people and practiced by few. It caused the Puritans to come to Boston and begin to practice tyranny. The brigadiers who landed at Charleston took all the liberty there was at that time. Most of us lost our liberty because we had to go to work for a living and others because they took too much liberty with things laying around loose.

LUCK.

By John Elmer French.

Some people say: "There's no such thing
As good, or evil luck;
Success, depends on labor, backed
by energy and pluck.
Just put your shoulder to the wheel
And lift with all your might,
From early in the morning, till
The stars come out at night."
They may be right;
But,
For forty years I've buckled down,
And nearly broke my back
A-tugging, still that pesky wheel
Is sticking in the track.
I haven't got it moved an inch,
From where it first was stuck.
The more I lift, the deeper down
It settles in the muck.
My kind of luck;
Yet,
I have a friend who never works—
I meet him every day—
He's neatly dressed and everything
Just seems to come his way.
If he should bet on politics,
A new and shiney hat,
He'd win, as sure as I'm alive,
No matter who's to bat.
Now think of that;
Well,
You never can make me believe
It all depends on work;
Success, sometimes, will pounce upon
The consummated shirk.
And so I take but little stock,
In all this silly truck,
About this tugging at the wheel—
The wheel that's always stuck.
I know it's luck.

—Westfield (Pa.) Press.

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[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Masonic Hall, 9th and F Sts. N.W. Secretary, C. P. Reichel, 24 Myrtle St. N. E. Office of Business Agent, J. G. Schmidt, 512 F St., N. W., Third Floor.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 747 Varnum St. N.W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, 205 John Marshall Place at 10:00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E St. S. W.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G St. N.W.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 528: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Washington Hall, 3d and Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Harry A. Disney, 536 10th St. S.E.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

City Firemen's Union, No. 15665: Meets second Sunday of each month, hall, 1101 E St. N.W., 7:30 p.m. Sec., Wm. A. Smith, No. 2 Chemical Engine Co., Pa. Ave., S.E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Chas. F. Crump, Ballston, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Monday, 205 John Marshall Place. Secretary, David P. McCracken, 473 E St. S.W.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Guard and Watchmen's Union, No. 14964: Secretary, Jacob D. Nelson, 1013 Maryland Avenue S. W.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen and Oilers, Local 63: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays in each month, at Painters' Hall, John Marshall Place and Pennsylvania avenue, northwest. N. A. James, secretary and business agent, 606 Fifth street northwest.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th St. N.E.

International Jewelry Workers Local, No. 12: Meets every Friday night at 8 p.m., Flynn's Hall, Corner 8th and K Sts. N.W., Secretary, F. M. Leitheiser, 918 M St., N. W.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1433 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S.E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N.E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. T. Hoff, 2227 10th street northwest.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 8 p.m. Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 814 Pa. Ave. S.E. Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, 205 John Marshall Place. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, Jas. H. Godsey, 1741 S street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 436 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographica Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N.W. Secretary, E. J. Tracy, 18 Girard St. N.E.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10:30 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Financial Secretary and Business Agent, J. H. Cookman, Room 412 Washington Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association
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Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary Treasurer, Jas. E Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p.m., John Marshall Place. Secretary J. G. Schmidt, 722 6th St. N. E.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St., N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 480 Ninth St., N. W.

MATTRESS MAKERS UNITE.

Dallas, Tex., Dec. 27.—Mattress makers in this city have organized and affiliated with the Upholsterers' International union.

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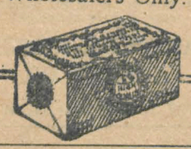

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GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

Old Time Printer in Retrospective Mood.

In its earlier history the Government Printing Office was an open door to printers and compared more than now with the largest private establishments of the country in the ease with which one might find employment. Within the recollection of the older employes it was only necessary to saunter in, take a seat and await the verdict of the foreman, who was authority as to whether more help was needed. In those days the job and the man were looking for each other, so that if the printer in search of work did not find it in one place he moved on with abiding faith that he would meet with success before the day was over.

The Old-Time Printer.

That was before the introduction of typesetting machines, which have so revolutionized the printing business that hand composition and the men with "stick" and "rule" are not in great demand. Nevertheless, there is and always will be a reverence for the pioneer printer who took his place at the foot of the ladder, and under strict discipline, plodded patiently along and in many instances achieved distinction, as did Franklin, the philosopher and diplomat, and Greely, the great editor, and others of their day, and as Edison, the inventor and benefactor, and Clemens (Mark Twain) of our day, who made the world laugh and wonder. Both were trained apprentices and skilled as craftsmen in the "art preservative."

A Civil Service Recruit.

For some time previous to the introduction of typesetting machines employment in the Government Printing Office was desirable for various reasons, mainly because of the eight-hour work-day, the legal holidays, with pay, the annual leave, and the certainty of cash in the envelope at stated intervals. The desire for employment here became so great that members of both houses of Congress were besieged and constantly importuned to intercede in behalf of a home constituency until the practice came to be a tributary to the great stream of political patronage and grew to such proportions as to take much of the time of Congressmen who objected to running errands in answer to every personal appeal. This attitude of the lawmakers became general, for they were appealed to by place-seekers, not for the printing office alone, but throughout all the departments of the government. It was from this cause more than any other that the patronage system was placed under civil service regulation. While the system may not be perfect, it is safe to say that never by consent of a majority of Congressmen will there be a return to the old system, for, differ as they may on tariff schedules and protection as a governmental policy, neither party will be willing to sacrifice the "protection" now enjoyed by taking the responsibility from the Civil Service Commission, which acts as sort of clearing-house and which is empowered to issue credentials and fill vacancies on demand. So it has come to pass that all—printers as well—must come armed with credentials which bear the signature of Uncle Sam's most capable inspectors, and once in there is nothing to do but "make good."

In this economic shuffle the old man becomes a relic of other days with naught but good wishes for those who must serve as recruits to fill the broken ranks, and who, by reason of improved methods and machinery, will never experience many of the hardships endured by those who labored happily together in an age more crude and which exacted longer hours as the measure of a full day's work.

OLD TIMER.

PAINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Rochester, N. Y., Dec. 27.—Organized painters and paperhangers have prepared a new wage scale to take effect April 1, 1918. Rates are $5.20 a day with a work week of 44 hours.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Memorandum of appointments, separations, promotions, etc., in the Government Printing Office for week ending Wednesday, December 26, 1917:

Appointments.

Jesse E. Melton, emergency compositor, 50c ph. Henry Spriggs, skilled laborer, 25c ph, reinstated. Miss Dora M. Yates, skilled laborer (f) 25c ph., reinstated. Fred W. Brown, probational machinist, 60c ph. James S. Smith, Leroy M. Ruthall, George W. Brow, Charles M. Jones, Arthur R. Cloey, Timothy D. Daly, emergency messenger boys, 15c ph. James H. Mitchell, Richard Brown, Robert L. Woods, Jeremiah J. Hurley, Thomas F. Welch, John E. Jones, Ernest L. Harrison, Edward Ayers, Frank A. Murphy, emergency skilled laborers, 25c ph.

Separations.

Joseph A. Burch, Charles F. King, emergency messenger boys. Owen A. McArdle, Hurst G. Neal, emergency skilled laborers. George A. Maynard, unskilled laborer, resigned. Sherman T. Jacox, probational lintotype operator, resigned. William J. Kemler, emergency pressman, resigned. Frederick G. Wolfe, emergency pressman. Mrs. Mary C. Ford, folder. Miss Ethel L. Turner, probational skilled laborer (f), resigned. Robert K. Parker, Frank J. Corsa, skilled laborers, resigned.

Promotions, Etc.

William J. A. Connors, messenger, 25c ph., to machine helper, 35c ph. Charles E. Kendrick, probationary messenger boy, 15c ph., to $420 pa. Thomas S. Pitt, probationary messenger boy, 15c ph., to $500 pa. Benjamin W. Butler, skilled laborer, 25c ph., to helper, 30c ph. Harry E. Libert, emergency to probational compositor, 50c ph. Mrs. Minnie U. Burton, clerk, $840 pa., to $900 pa. Timothy M. Ring, compositor, 50c ph., to reader, 60c ph. Frank A. Goebel, caster helper, 35c ph., to helper, 40c ph. James I. Nelson, Rufus W. Wren, skilled laborers, 25c ph., to caster helpers, 35c ph.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS

By CYCLE.

There'll be plenty of Sunday work when Billy comes to town.

• • •

The War Savings Stamp is the country preacher's opportunity.

• • •

What will the new year bring forth is now the paramount question.

• • •

In war fields the harvest of death depends somewhat on the weather.

• • •

Government ownership, as a scarecrow, does not scare as it once did.

• • •

The confirmed pessimist now points to th fact that even the sun is getting higher.

• • •

Miss Law has been denied the right to risk life in the aviation service. No law for it.

• • •

World-wide democracy will follow when Kaiserism is knocked into a "cocked hat."

• • •

Among the good resolutions for the new year there should be one to keep away from Baltimore.

• • •

Some people there are who claim to be friendly to union labor—"but," and that's where they get off.

• • •

A CHRISTMAS SCENE.

Tears won, as usual.

• • •

The German government is throwing out some "feelers" for peace, which are regarded as so many "scraps of paper," or a case of varioloid of the milder form.

• • •

With grateful hearts all Government employes of Washington recognize the courtesy extended by the Executive order granting a holiday vacation the day before Christmas.

• • •

There are a number of pro-Germans in town who would do anything to help the Kaiser, except to shoulder a gun. Anxiety to keep on the payroll is their greatest hindrance to honest expression of opinion.

• • •

The great army of organized labor, under the superb leadership of Samuel Gompers and his able assistants, furnishes ample proof of the wisdom that gave it inception and from which has grown a legion of workers willing to make any honorable sacrifice, and who are loyal to every appeal in support of the flag. In union is strength.

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The insurance offered by the United States Government to members of its military and naval forces has been called the most just and humane provision ever made by any nation for its soldiers and sailors.

That its value and advantages are appreciated by the Army and Navy is evidenced by the extent which it has been availed of. Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo officially announced on December 14 that 238,924 applications had already been received, representing $2,073,728,500 of insurance.

The average amount for applicants is $8,679, which is very little less than the maximum of $10,000. The American forces in France were prompt in availing themselves of the insurance, Gen. Pershing himself subscribing to the maximum of $10,000.

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